THE PALMER JOURNAL.

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THE PALMER JOURNAL;
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GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

TRAGEDY OF ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S DAY.

THE scenes in the bloody drama of St. Bartholomew are memorable in Hugenot and Protestant history. As not unfrequently allusion has been made in our Excursion Letters, to Catherine de Medicis, the Queen Mother, and Charles IX and others, the guilty authors and actors in this dreadful tragedy, we quote the following brief sketch as a reference for those of our readers who may have the record within reach.—*N. Y. Evangelist.*

At length Charles IX, casting his half closed eyes on the floor, gave the fatal order for the murder of his subjects. The alarm-bells of St. Germain were instantly rung, and in a moment the Palais, the Tuileries, the banks of the river, the public places, the streets, the churches and edifices of Paris were brilliantly illuminated.

Guided by those terrible lights, which enveloped the capital as in a circle of fire, they distinguished the dwellings of heretics by the fresh made marks. "*Open by command of the King*," was the order given by the murderers. Some hastened to obey, and their lives were extinguished with the lights which they brought to see who called them; others, opening their windows to discover who knocked at so unseasonable an hour, fell struck by twenty balls at once; another, burying himself in the bed-clothes, would pretend to be fast asleep; his door was shattered in pieces, and two or three assassins, separating from the rest, ran and slaughtered him in his bed. Sometimes they left the house unstained with blood; but, dragging the victim from his couch into the street, they gave him up to the weapons of the populace. As the spoils of the doomed were to belong to those who should despatch them, a thousand blades were raised at once over the unfortunate wretch, whose death, swift as lightning, left no time for pain. Happy they who were thus surprised in their sleep; but when the hands of the murderers became wearied with slaughter, the agony of the sufferer was prolonged for hours.

While blood was thus spilled in torrents before the eyes of the queen mother, (Catherine de Medicis) the bell of the Palais rang, and the general massacre began. At this signal, Tavennes and the Duke of Nevers drew their swords, crying, "Kill! kill!" The night guard, the citizens among whom arms had been distributed, the whole tribe of murderers sallied forth from their lurking places, repeating, "Kill! kill!" The shrill sound of the bells, the clatter of arms, the vagabond tramp of the assassins, the flickering glare of torches, mingled with shouts, which the night echo rendered more horrible still.

The massacre then became general;—there was no pity for sex, age or condition; no blood came amiss provided that it circulated in heretic veins; and these were the signs by which the heretics were distinguished: Whoever shuts his door at the approach of an armed band, is a heretic; whoever refuses to answer, or begs his life, is a heretic; whoever does not come when the murderers call, is a heretic. The assassins had no need to speak: here were no judges; all were executioners; but if words did now and then drop from their lips, it was to complain to one another of their fatigue, or to insult the sufferer; nay, it was often an infernal laugh, that greeted his last sigh.

Pursued on all sides by those insidious flames with which the capital was lit up, driven like a flock of sheep, tracked like deer, in vain did the Protestants endeavor to flee from fate. If they would have sought refuge in the Catholic churches, armed men guarded the doors of the sanctuary; if they approached the Louvre, the Swiss awaited them with presented muskets; if they burst open the prison doors, to conceal themselves among the malefactors, whom the justice of men had condemned, the jailers denounced, or drove them back by main force. If they attempted to gain the banks of the river, the implements of destruction were quite ready; boat-hooks to catch them in their flight and to knock them on the head, poles to thrust them into the water. If they took shelter in the dark, they fell into the clutches of an assassin lurking for human prey; if they sought the light, the light was as deadly as the darkness;—death was everywhere—in their beds, in their house-tops, within, without, in the public places and in the very waters of the river.

Such were the last scenes of the ever memorable drama of St. Bartholomew.—A month after St. Germain hall had given the signal, all the dead had not been buried. Some were yet floating on the Seine, to which fishermen resorted for the purpose of picking them up and selling them to any who choose to buy them.

For a long time there was an auction of corpses on both banks of the river, which was publicly cried, and at which the lots were adjudged to the highest bidder. Some buyers buried their purchase by night, in sequestered spots; others burned those whom they loved while living, and collected their ashes in urns, which afterwards constituted ornaments of their habitations. For above a year, people durst not pass at night along the banks of the river; some said they had seen the earth quake there; others beheld spectres gliding along the water; fishermen had asserted, that invisible hands loosed, after dark, the boats moored to the shore, and propelled them toward the islets in the Seine, which sent forth moans like those of human voices. In some old historians we read, that young females murdered on St. Bartholomew's day, wandered about after dusk in Paris, covered with long veils, which they lifted when they perceived the murderer, showing him the wound still fresh, and calling him by his name.

There is no reason to doubt, that the Pope was privy to the intended massacre. Cardinal Alexandrin, nephew of the late Pope, had made no secret of expecting intelligence of a great victory gained over the heretics, and exclaimed when it arrived, "The King of France has kept his word!" "Good news! good news!!" cried Gregory XIII, who had been crowned about two months before the catastrophe—all the Lutherans are massacred except the *Vendomets*, whom the King has pardoned for his sister's sake."

That term he applied contemptuously to the three princes of the house of Bourbon Vendome, the King of Navarre and the princes of Conde and Conti. At night the guns of the Castle of St. Angelo were fired, and bon-fires blazed in every street in Rome. The Pope ordered a jubilee and solemn procession, which he accompanied himself, to thank God for his glorious success. He sent a Nuncio extraordinary to France, to congratulate the King on having so easily caught all the heretics in the same net.

Medals which I have seen were struck at Rome, in approbation of the massacre, and to perpetuate the memory of the happy event: on one side was the portrait of the Pope; on the reverse the destroying angel, holding a cross in one hand and in the other a sword, with which he is slaughtering the Frenchmen called Protestants, and having this legend—HUGONRTRUM STRAGES—The Slaughter of the Hugenots.

What are Printers made of?

MORE than once we have had occasion to regard printers as strange and more than ordinary men. An experience of some fifteen years with the craft, has offered innumerable opportunities to find them out, and study, in a measure, their "natural history." Printers are, to a greater extent than any other class of *professional* men, migratory. The printing office of itself being a literary institute, few can abide and labor long in it without getting somewhat enlightened upon the historical, scientific and general intelligence of the day, and about as soon as the apprentice gets into his freedom suit, or his head crammed with knowledge of the craft, his ambition tends to go out into the wide, wide world, and see the works of art and nature he had read and enabled others to read about. Few, seemingly bent on settling down to make a fortune, and the expense of a professional fit-out being a mere song, or rather a piece of brass-rule, which serves as a sort of cabalistic sign to the brotherhood scattered over creation, a clean dickey, light heart, and an equally hefted pocket-book, the printer goes on his way of exploration and adventure. Posted up in "private currents," he can talk business with the merchant or planter; versed in general statistics of the nation, he can hold his own with our country politicians and for whom, if he takes a notion, he can sit down in a flourishing settlement, start a paper, replenish his purse and wardrobe, write and set up patriotic *leaders* and irresistable puffs, which sends his patron to Congress, or the Legislature. He has long been accustomed to "tattle," "squibs," "poetic gems," the "ladies' department" &c., and proves quite at home in conversational circles, where he can illuminate old ladies, girls and children, equal to a pedagogue, on Hood's Works, Baron Munchausen, or Robinson Crusoe.

He can talk of horses, or horned cattle, and all over the fields of agriculture. He has many cases to attend to, such as law reports and wonderful cures, and hence, is somewhat versed in law and physic. Having set up and proved astronomical tables, he knows something of the starry heavens, the waters and winds. And, indeed, not to be prolix, the printer, if a thorough one, is a man of science as well as art, and backed by his collegiate education, his views expand by travel, and himself made practical by the vicissitudes of a miscellaneous and peregrinating life, he is often a living wonder, and most always a whole history of human nature—under a hat.

In a certain office are some twenty printers engaged; only look at them!—In ages ranging from twenty to forty: in size and complexion, from ordinary stout, (we never saw a fat printer), to some that might crawl through a greased flute;—some as white as Circassians, and others brown or rosy—your "Georgia cracker," or Pennsylvania publican. Some bearded like the bard, others smooth faced as the Greek slave.

One has traveled all over the North American continent, hunted bears in Arkansas, and the wild horse on the pampas of South America; another has been out on the broad ocean, and seen life before the mast; another graduated at West Point, served in the army and accompanied Colonel Doniphan in his Xenophenic grand campaign all over New Mexico. What a book he can write!—Another has kept a tavern, sold goods at auction, traveled over the United States several times, and been broken—often.—Two have been on the stage, a profession that printers are much addicted to; for about half the actors on the American boards are printers. One, we believe, has preached sermons; another has lectured to crowded houses.

Another has served in Mexico with General Scott. A sixth has been a stump orator, member of the Legislature "out West," and fought a duel, we believe.—Three have practiced medicine, kept store, dealt in horses, cotton and negroes.—Two have held municipal offices. Four or five have been officers and privates in various military companies. One served Gen. Houston in the Texan Revolution, one was in the Canadian Rebellion. Six or eight have edited and published newspapers in various parts of the United States. One has been first officer of a packet on the "ragin' canawl." One was wounded—leg off—at the storming of Monterey. Another has clerked it on a Mississippi steamer, was blown up and slightly killed. Some are, or have been married; some are old bachelors. All have seen more or less of life and its changeable scenes. They are all live men, good practical printers, speak various languages and form a newspaper corps hard to surpass or equal.

☞Nature is man's religious book, with lessons for every day.

Russia.

THE progress of Russia during the last hundred and fifty years, is strikingly shown, by the following facts, which we condense from the London *Economist*:—

"Her population, mainly arising from increase of territory, has augmented thus:—At the accession of Peter the Great, in 1689, it was 15,000,000; Catherine II, in 1762, 25,000,000; Paul, in 1796, 36,000,000; Nicholas, in 1825, 58,000,000. By the treaty of Nenstadt, in 1721, and by a subsequent treaty in 1800, she acquired more than half the kingdom of Sweden, and the command of the Gulf of Finland, from which before she was excluded. By the three partitions of Poland, in 1772-'93-'95, and by the arrangements of 1815, she acquired territory nearly equal in extent to the whole Austrian empire. By various wars and treaties with Turkey, in 1774-'83 and 1812, she robbed her of territories equal in extent to all that remains of her European dominions, and acquired the command of the Black Sea. Between 1700 and 1814, she acquired from Persia districts at least as large as the whole of England, and from Tartary a territory which reaches over thirty degrees of longitude. During this period of one hundred and fifty years she had advanced her frontier five hundred miles towards Constantinople, six hundred and thirty miles toward Stockholm, seven hundred miles toward Berlin and Vienna, and one thousand miles toward Teheran, Cobool and Calcutta. One only acquisition she has not made, though steadily pushing toward it, earnestly desiring it, and feeling it to be essential to the completion of her vast designs, and the satisfaction of her natural and consistent ambition—the possession, namely, of Constantinople and Roumelia—which would give her the most admirable harbors, and the command of the Levant, and would enable her to overlap, surround, menace and embarass all the rest of Europe.—Did she possess these, the geography of all the other great States—England, France, Spain, Sweden, Austria and Prussia—might be thus simply defined:—"Bounded by the sea on one side, and by Russia on the other."

A DUEL IN CALIFORNIA.—The Sacramento Union contains a humorous account of a duel which occurred at Rattlesnake Bar. Two individuals had quarrelled, and at the friendly instance of their friends, resolved to fight with pistols.—The pistols were accordingly procured and loaded with *cork bullets*, of which interesting fact but one of the principals was aware.

Silence reigned. The pistols were placed in their quivering hands—the handkerchief fell—a loud explosion ensued, and of the belligerents—the one who was in the secret—turned partly round and fell on his face, while the other stood like a statue, a perfect picture of amazement, at the groans and contortions of his antagonist, and no wonder—for his pistol had *missed fire!* This 'let the cat out of the bag,' and such a roar of laughter went up as made the hills echo again. On the return of the spectators, they appeared as if all of them had been shot in their sides, from the manner in which they were holding on them with their hands. Thus ended the ever-to-be-remembered conflict between two 'Rattlesnakes.'

SEVEN FOOLS.—Although the following list does not comprise all the fools in the world, yet we imagine, that the very greatest fools of the age are included in the catalogue:

1. The envious man—who sends away his mutton, because the person next to him is eating venison.
2. The jealous man—who spreads his bed with stinging nettles and then sleeps on it.
3. The proud man—who gets wet through, sooner than ride in the carriage of an inferior.
4. The litigious man—who goes to law in the hopes of ruining his opponent and gets ruined himself.
5. The extravagant man—who buys a herring and takes a cab to carry it home.
6. The angry man—who learns the ophiclede, because he is annoyed by the playing of his neighbor's piano.
7. The ostentatious man—who illuminates the outside of his house most brilliantly and sits inside in the dark.—*Punch.*

Of all the annoying men in the world, deliver us from him who thinks himself more righteous than his neighbors—who imagines that his way to heaven is the only true way, and that those that won't believe in him disbelieve God.

Nothing sets so wide a mark between a vulgar and a noble soul, as the respect and reverential love of woman-kind. A man who is always sneering at woman is generally a coarse bigot.

If every man was in reality as bad as some persons at some times think him, the world would be much worse than it is.—Again, if every man were as he sometimes thinks himself, the world would be much better than it is.

Written for The Journal.

Nebraska Bill.

If the soil of the Free should be sold,
What will Enterprise do for a friend?
Who the Artizan then will uphold?
Who the Rights of the poor will defend?
Of its birthright, if Freedom be robbed,
Lawless Might will the peaceful assail—
Quiet citizens then will be mobbed
And the framers of mischief prevail.
But, shall Equity cringe like a slave,
And in bondage to Perfidy be?
Shall the reckless infringe on the brave?
Shall the riotous wrest from the free?
Shall the dexterous add labor to skill,
And tribute to Violence pay?
Plighted Faith's trait was bidding fullfil,
And Iniquity's mandate obey?
Shall the toiling and temperate man
For the heady and dissolute plough?
Shall, for churls, Magnanimity plan?
Shall the meek to Cupidity bow?
Shall gold *buy* Humanity's pow'r
To labor, to think and invent?
Shall Avarice the needy devour?
Shall their goods by Extortion be rent,
Or shall muscles and mind to the use
Of effeminate lordlings be *given?*
And shall both, to their cruel abuse,
Unavenged and unpitied be driven?
Shall Virtue be treated with scorn?
Shall the lowly be spit in the face?
Shall Truth be a victim forlorn,
And kindness exposed to disgrace?
Or shall Freedom, triumphant o'er all,
In its vast undertakings be blest,
And our nation, exempt from its thrall,
On a basis immovable rest?

EZEKIEL CHEEVER

THE BRIDE.—Weddings seem to be "as plenty as blackberries" in these days—and the custom of having the ceremony performed in a church is becoming more frequent every year. Irving, whose writings abound in pictures, which for delicacy, truth and taste, have never been surpassed, thus describes the appearance of the bride on one of these interesting occasions:

"I know of no sight more charming and touching than that of a young and timid bride, in her robes of virgin white, led up trembling to the alter. When I thus behold a lovely girl, in the tenderness of her years, forsaking the house of her father, and the home of her childhood—and, with the implicit confidence and the sweet self-abandonment, which belong to woman, giving up all the world for the man of her choice—when I hear her in the good old language of the ritual, yielding herself to him 'for better for worse, for richer for poorer, in sickness and in health, to love, honur, and obey, till death us do part'—it brings to mind the beautiful and affecting devotion of Ruth—'Whither thou guest I will go, and where thou lodgest I will lodge; thy people shall be my people, and thy God my God.'"

A LOST GLASS.—Coming hastily into a chamber, I had almost thrown down a crystal hour-glass—fear lest I had, made me grieve, as if I had broken it. But, alas! how much precious time have I cast away without regret! The hour-glass was but crystal, each hour a peril; that but casually, this done wilfully.—A better hour-glass might be bought, but time once lost is forever. Thus we grieve more for toys than for treasure.—Lord, give me an hour-glass, not to be by me, but to be in me. "Teach me to number my days." An hour-glass to turn me, "that I may turn my heart to wisdom."—*Fuller.*

A Rhode Island clergyman lately illustrated the necessity of corporeal punishment for the correction of juvenile depravity, with the remark that "the child, when once started in a course of evil conduct, was like a locomotive on the wrong track, it takes the *switch* to get it off."

"In short, ladies and gentlemen," said an overpowered orator, "I can only say—I beg leave to add—I desire to assure you—that I wish I had a window in my bosom that you might see the emotion of my heart." (Vulgar boy from the gallery)—"Wouldn't a *pane* in your stomach do this time?"

☞The surest way to fill a private apartment, whether in a printing office, a cotton factory, or sausage shop, with visitors, is to place over the door a placard, bearing the inscription, "No admittance." No person ever read that prohibition over an entrance without instantly being attacked by an ungovernable desire to rush right in.

☞INK AND IRON MOLD may be taken out by wetting the spots in milk, then covering them with common salt. It should be done before the garments are washed. Another way to take out ink is to dry it in melted tallow. For fine, delicate articles, this is the best way.

The editor of the *Scranton* Herald having received a paper of cabbage seed in his exchange copy of the St. Albans Tribune, considers it as an intimation that cabbage heads control the editorial department of that sheet, and that they have gone to seed.

There are some that live without any design at all, and only pass in the world like straws on a river; they do not go, but are carried.

A "Free Fight."

The following amusing apologue, from a southern paper, written some time since, is intended, we suppose, to apply to the Turkish disaster at Sinope—the Russian "bear," the British "lion," the "French "cock," and Turkish "turkey," being respectively typified.

Once thar was a bar tuck a phansy that he'd like to eat a gang of turkeys, so he sot to work to pick a quarrel with the head gobbler of the flock about some of his domestic affairs. The gobbler 'lowed it was none of his business, and said he'd not be dictated to, not by no bar that ever walked on 4 legs. The bar said he did'nt want to make no disturbance, and he hoped the turkeys wouldn't oblige him to ring none of their necks off, but they must do as he wanted 'em to, or he'd make 'em see sights. The turkey said he was willen to do what was right, and that he'd never done nuthin else; but he would be hurried under his own roost-pole before he'd allow the bar or anybody else to interfere with his concerns.

About this time along cum a lion and a rooster. They sed it wouldn't do for them to let the bar eat up the turkeys, or the next thing they'd know he'd be pitchin' into them. So the lion ax'd, "is this a free fight?" The turkey told him "it are." He said he was imposed upon by the bar, and if they thought he was right, they might see him out. "Stand your ground, old hoss," ses the lion, and "count me in." The rooster jined the lion, and bristled up on the side of the turkeys. With that the bar, not mindin' either of them a feather, just jumps right over into the turkey pen, and opened his mouth wide enough to swallow the whole party.

The lion hacked himself up in the corner, and drappin' his tail between his legs, ax'd—"are this a free fight?" and the bar told him, "yes it ar."

"Waal," ses the lion, "count me h'out."

What become of the turkeys nobody don't know yet; but if the bar didn't eat 'em up, neck and gizzard, it was because he found 'em tuffer than he thought they war.

The lion and the rooster made a terrible to do about the circumstance; but they tuck monstrous good care to keep out of the reach of the bar.

There is considerable point in all this.

Thoughts on Editorial life.

"It's hardly in a body's power
To keep at times from being sour."—*Burns.*

Job is recorded in Holy Writ as a model of patience, whom Satan, with all his wiles, could not drive from integrity yet there was one test to which Job was not subjected. He never, for one hour, was an editor.

An editor! A being whose hands and heart must never fail; a piece of machinery, which however badly used, must never stop working—a sort of "perpetual motion," which is never to wear out.

An editor is a Hercules, before the might of whose achievements the labors of the far-famed hero of mythology sink into utter insignificance.

Our modern Hercules must strangle every poisonous serpent bred in the rank and miry places of human wickedness.

He must turn back the river of political pollution, purify its turbid waters, and cause them to seek another channel, while suffering in his own person the effects of disturbing the mass of noisome reptiles which feed and fatten on its slimy bed.

He must know things by intuition, which others require years to understand, and if thro' haste or weariness some error or misstatement occur, the critic birds of ill omen seize upon it, and the literary puppies bark at him.

He must have purse and ready pen for every beggarly applicant for alms or a "puff," and a conscience as elastic as India rubber, to meet the demands of many very conscientious and honest patrons.

No time is allowed him for social pleasure or domestic happiness; the dear public never think of such 'luxuries' as appropriate for an editor. He is never to have a house of his own, with some fair spirit for a minister.

Clergymen get bronchial affections and are sent to Europe to recover; lawyers, merchants, physicians, &c., have a respite from toil; but seldom does an editor escape from thraldom.

We have often heard of the bear with a sore head. If the Russians continue to be defeated by the Turks, we shall soon hear of the bear with a sore *tale!*

☞Dr. Samuel Johnson well understood the principle of entire abstinence. He replied to a lady, who urged him to take a glass of wine "abstinence is easy, moderation impossible."

PASSION.—Nothing doth so fool a man as extreme passion. This doth make them to be fools which otherwise are not, and show them to be fools which are so.

☞"Does smoking offend you?" asked a landlord of his newly-arrived boarder. "Not at all, sir" "I'm very glad to hear it, as you will find your chimney is given to the practice."

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, MAY 6, 1854.

Adjournment of the Legislature.

The General Court of Massachusetts adjourned on Saturday, after a protracted session of four months, lacking two days. The Legislature has passed 454 bills and 86 resolutions. The pay-roll of the House amounted to $112.106; that of the Senate $14,579—total $126,685. From $500 to $1,000 more have been appropriated to pay the expenses of sick members. The session has not been so long as that of 1853, but its cost to the State is larger than either of the long sessions, during the past few years. This is owing to the increased pay of the members from $2 to $3 per day. The members seemed to think that their wages ought to be advanced, as well as the wages of other people, and having the power to regulate this matter they only added the modest sum of $1 a day to the old price, saying nothing about "roast beef."

The session has been quite active and considerable business of importance has been transacted. All attempts to alter the Liquor Law of 1852 have failed. The subject has been a prominent topic of discussion and an amendatory bill was introduced and passed in the House; to which the Senate passed an amendment, making the bill apply to impure and adulterated liquors only. The House refused to accept the amendment and the Senate insisting, the bill fell through.

Among the more important acts passed at this session are the following: An act loaning the credit of the State to the amount of $2,000,000, in aid of the Hoosac Tunnel;—changing the mode of electing members to Congress, making a plurality elect on the first trial instead of the second, as heretofore; establishing the city of Fall River; providing for the annexation of Charlestown to Boston, subject to the ratification of the two cities; establishing tolls on Charles River and Warren bridges; appropriating $1000 in aid of the erection of a monument at Philadelphia, in commemoration of the Declaration of Independence; to apportion and assess a tax of $300,000, and to authorize the business of loan and fund associations.—Nineteen new banks of deposit and discount have been incorporated at this session, and fifteen savings banks, viz: "Five cent savings banks," as they are termed in the acts of incorporation, in Boston, and one in each of the cities of Newburyport, Charlestown, Lowell, Springfield, East Cambridge, and Worcester, and one in the town of Woburn. Besides these "five cent savings banks," banks for savings have been incorporated in Boston, Chelsea, Amherst, North Brookfield, and Millbury. Only three railroad charters have been granted at this session, aside from charters for Metropolitan, or horse railroads, viz: the Hopkinton branch, Easton branch, and Chebacco branch.

Resolves have been passed, protesting against the passage of the Nebraska Bill and in favor of cheap postage. Resolves have been initiated providing for the amendment of the constitution by districting the State for the choice of Senators and Representatives; prohibiting the appropriation of any portion of the school fund for the support of sectarian schools; making plurality elect, in all cases; changing the day of election so as to make it conform to the day of Presidential election; making the councillors elective in single districts and making the Attorney General, Secretary, and Treasurer elective by the people.

These resolves must be passed by the next Legislature and then be accepted by the people before the amendments can be incorporated into the Constitution.

BENTON AGAINST THE NEBRASKA BILL.—Old Bullion has been dealing the Nebraska Bill a powerful blow, in the U. S. House of Representatives. He arrayed argument, history, ridicule, and eloquence against it, overwhelming the whole bill in a volume of irresistible truth and reasoning. It is the most powerful and convincing speech that has been made in Congress during the present session, and while it gives courage and hope to the opposers of the bill, it causes its friends to tremble for its safety.

SUPREME JUDICIAL COURT.—The Supreme Judicial Court, Judge Dewey presiding, commenced a sitting for Hampden Co., in Springfield, on Tuesday. Eliphalet Tenney is on the jury from Palmer. Horace Sands, colored, was arraigned for the murder of his brother in Springfield, and Hugh Smith for the murder of his wife at Chicopee. The 30th of May is assigned for their trial in Springfield.

☞ The closing hours of the Legislature were spiced with a little humor, among which was the following:

Ordered, That the report of the judiciary committee, upon the order introduced by the gentleman from Beal, in reference to mad dogs and sick, be taken from the table and committed to Mr. *Barker* of Palmer, Mr. *Bowers* of Carver, and Mr. *Currier* of Newburyport, with instructions to report a handbill.

☞ Lightning went down the old-fashioned rod on the Congregational Church in Ware during one of the thunder storms last week, and then came up through the floor, doing but little damage. Jonathan J. Harwood's barn, in the same town, was struck by lightning on Thursday evening, but very little damage was done.

THE MISSING STEAMER.—Nothing has yet been heard of the missing steamer "City of Glasgow," and it is supposed, that she has been crushed by some of the large fields of ice lately seen in the Atlantic, and, that all on board, nearly 400 in number, have perished.

GOING UP.—The adventists in Salem have appointed June 10, as the "finality" of this earth;—and have just bought a church to hold their meetings in.

Execution of James Clough.

On Friday forenoon, April 28th, James Clough was executed, at Taunton, for the murder of Gideon Manchester, at Fall River on the 16th of July, 1852. Clough had committed burglaries at Fall River, and on being pursued by Manchester, shot him with a revolver. The unfortunate man met his fate with that same spirit of firmness which has characterised him ever since his conviction.

In accordance with his own request, that there should not be a word said to him after he left his cell—and as little delay as possible on the scaffold—sheriff Sherman took his leave of him in his cell. His arms were bound and he was immediately removed to the corridor of the prison where a procession was formed, which proceeded to the scaffold, which was erected in the jail yard, directly in the rear of the jail building. The prisoner ascended the platform with a quick and firm step, and took his stand on the fatal drop without the slightest emotion. While standing on the drop he looked up to the grated windows of the jail and bowed and smiled to some prisoners who were looking at him. When the rope was put around his neck his countenance changed from an ashy paleness to a deep purple. Sheriff Sherman then read the death warrant, the cap was drawn over the prisoner's face, the spring was pressed, the drop fell, and the soul of James Clough was ushered into the presence of its Maker. After hanging twenty minutes, Drs. Dickinson and Hubbard of Taunton, pronounced him to be dead—the body was lowered and placed in a plain black coffin for interment.

The scaffold was the one used at East Cambridge some years since for the execution of Pearson. The instrument of death was conveyed to Taunton and erected under the superintendence of Mr. O. Clark of East Cambridge, in the eastern part of the jail-yard, and around it was erected a board fence, forty feet high, to shut out the "moral effect" of the death penalty upon the men, women and children, that lined the fences and crowded the windows of the houses in the vicinity.

WILD ANIMALS IN MINNESOTA.—Two hundred miles from the bed of the Father of Waters, toward the head streams of the Missouri, buffaloes are still found in almost incredible numbers. Gov. Stevens, during his survey last summer, of the Northern Pacific Railroad route, passed droves, which he estimated to comprise several hundred thousand buffaloes. In some instances they were forty or fifty miles in length, and extended on either side beyond the reach of vision. Several mules and horses became so mingled with the droves, that it was found impossible to retake them, and they were consequently abandoned. In the territory ot Minnesota, elks are found occasionally, and deers exist in great abundance. Grizzly bears are few and far between; but the common black bears abound in all parts of the region—although their numbers are slowly diminishing from year to year before the inroads of civilization. Wolves, wildcats, and various smaller animals, valuable for their furs, exist in almost inexhaustible profusion.

ATTEMPTED MURDER.—Joseph Paine, one of the editors of the *Yankee Blade*, came near being assassinated at West Newton, about 4 o'clork on Tuesday morning. The assassin got into Mr. Paine's bed-room, when the latter, who heard him, and had secreted himself behind the door, sprang upon the intruder. A sharp scuffle ensued, during which Paine was stabbed seven times with a dirk knife. The assassin also fired a pistol at Paine, without hitting him. Paine succeeded in giving the ruffian two stabs, but he escaped, leaving a pistol and his knife behind. It is thought Mr. Paine will recover.

THE Amherst *Express*, or *Distress*—it matters little which we call it—must be short of Roman letters, as it publishes about half of an article taken from the *Journal* in Italics. We can't really understand what our neighbor means by doing so, and how should we? since we don't live in the shadow of a College, and have but a poor knowledge of "*hog Latin*," and the scientific properties of "chick-week" or "skunk's-cabbage."—Had we, like the editor of that paper, been reared "from boyhood" under the "fertilizing action of *plaster*," we presume we should not be so dull in our understanding.

BEAUTIES OF MORMONISM.—Utah must be a favorite place with the ladies. There no foul-mouthed slanderer dares to speak ill of the fair sex, if we may believe the following from the Utah *News*:

"It is too well known to need repeating, that if a son of Belial shall defame one of our fair wives or daughters, his head must pay the forfeit, without judge or jury, in the most public place; and he must get his recompense for the loss of his heart's blood where he can find it, which will be in Tophet."

☞ We learn from the Amherst *Express* the important fact, that barn and chimney swallows, "with *troops* of other *birds*," made their appearance in that place on Tuesday and Wednesday, last week, and that *toads* were first heard by the Express editor on Tuesday evening.

A NEW INSTRUMENT OF DEATH.—The English are making a new kind of bomb, to be used in the war with Russia, which will be more destructive than any engine of war now in use. One of them will destroy a man-of-war, or demolish a fortress.

SUICIDE.—Wm. Allen, a young man 22 years of age, committed suicide in Andover last week, by taking poison. Domestic troubles caused the rash act.

Great Storm and Flood.

It commenced raining on Thursday evening of last week, and continued almost without intermission till Monday morning.—Streams rose rapidly, overflowing their banks and causing much damage in many places. The Connecticut Valley was particularly the scene of a destructive flood—the largest ever known, the water rising from 15 to 17 inches higher than it did in the great "Jefferson flood" of 1801. A large portion of West Springfield was completely submerged on the fore part of the week, and many families were driven into the second stories of their houses The *Republican* says:

On Sunday, every accessible point on the Springfield bank of the river, was crowded with spectators, eagerly watching the progress of the flood. The basements of shops and dwelling-houses along the banks were filled with water, and several Irish families were driven out with their pigs and other live stock.

At Windsor Locks, Ct., midway between here and Hartford, the upper locks of the canal had been carried away Sunday afternoon, and the valuable factories and other buildings along the canal banks were seriously threatened by the flood of water that poured down the canal.

A great amount of damage has been done to the river railroads. On the Hartford and Springfield road, two and a-half miles below Springfield, an embankment was washed away for a distance of 15 to 20 rods, and further south, through Longmeadow, the track was four feet under water, and the damage could not be ascertained, but must necessarily be very great, especially at places further down the river, towards Hartford.

The trains of the Connecticut River Railroad are unable to pass between Holyoke and Northampton, and the connection is supplied by stages, the track being submerged and badly damaged at many places between those points.

The New York passengers, mails and express packages were forwarded from this city by the Western Railroad to Albany, and from thence down the Hudson. While the communication by railroad north of this city is only partially interrupted, that to the south is entirely suspended, and it is impossible to say when it will be resumed. Little can be done towards repairing the track until the water largely recedes. No trains have passed between Springfield and Hartford since Saturday night.

The whole Farmington Valley in Connecticut, is the scene of an unprecedented freshet, and fences, culverts, railroad abutments and almost every description of out door property have been carried away.

At Hartford the water was two feet higher than in the memorable flood of 1801, having reached to a height of 30 feet above low water mark. In the lower part of the city all the houses are full of water to the second story, including Colt's Armory, Tracy & Phail's car shop, Woodruff & Beach's machine shop, and all other manufacturing establishments in their vicinity. Houses, barns, and every description of property, are bound down the stream. Portions of the New Haven and Springfield Railroad are three to four feet under water and of course impassable.

At Albany the freshet has been as great as here. The lower portions of the city were flooded and the destruction of property was but the repetition of scenes witnessed in this valley. In northern New York and as far west as Ohio the storm was unparalleled for the season.

N. E. METHODIST CONFERENCE.—The N. E. Conference of Methodist Clergymen, was held in Westfield, last week. One hundred and eighty clergymen were in attendance, and the proceedings were of a very interesting nature. The following appointments were made for the ensuing year:

Springfield District.—Thomas Marcy, presiding elder; Springfield, Union st., Charles P. Bragdon; Pynchon st., Fales H. Newhall; Chicopee, Wm. H. Hatch; Chicopee Falls, David H. Sherman; Holyoke, Rodney Gage; West Springfield—1st Church and Agawam, David Todd; 2nd Church, John Goodwin; Westfield, Mark Trafton; West Parish, Ephraim Scott; North Blandford, Geo. Mc Namara; Southampton, Edward S. Best;—Northampton, Wm. C. High; Williamsburg, Simon Putnam; Chesterfield, Claremont and Rowe, John Moore; Cummington, John Middleton; Leyden and Bernardstown, John Jones; Shelburne Falls, Philander Wallingford;—Buckland, Austin F. Herrick; Greenfield, Linus Fisk; South Deerfield and Conway, Randall Mitchell; Pelham, Franklin Fisk; Enfield, David Kilburn, supernumerary; Gill and Northfield, Amherst, Granby, Locke's Village, Prescott, West Orange, South Hadley Falls, Southwick, Blandford, Chester, Montgomery, Cummington and Savoy, to be supplied

Worcester District, (in part).—Jonathan D. Bridge, presiding elder; Warren, Geo. M. Steele; Munson and Wales, John Paulson; South Wilbraham, Geo. E. Chapman; East Longmeadow, David R. Merrill; Wilbraham, Gilbert Haven, Jr.; Ludlow and Jenicksville, Kinsman Atkinson; Three Rivers, Erasmus E. Morgan; South Belchertown, to be supplied; Ware, Newell S. Spaulding; Hubbardston and Rutland, Charles Baker;—Winchendon, Angelon S. Flagg.

ACQUITTED.—Ward, who murdered Prof. Butler in his school-room, last fall, at Louisville, Ky., has been tried and acquitted of murder. The wealth of the Ward family has been the means of screening this murderer from the gallows. Had Ward been a poor man, he would have been hung before this time.

☞ The Southbridge *Press* is already talking about a Fourth of July Celebration in that place. Wonder if the citizens of Palmer will even *talk* about a Celebration this year.

HARVARD.—A correspondent sends us a glowing description of the Spring Exhibition at Harvard College, on the 2nd inst., but its details would not be of much interest to the majority of our readers.

GOOD.—An old coot named McCormick in Alleghany county, Pa., upon whose empty pate the snows of seventy winters have descended, had the folly to promise to marry a Dutch girl in those diggings, and the still greater folly to break the promise. The deserted fair one sued him, and twelve righteous men decided that he should pay her $1500.

ANOTHER REVEREND SCAMP.—Last autumn, there appeared in Henniker N. H., a man calling himself Rev. G. N. Adams, about 35 years of age, whose professed object was to stir up the people of that section of the Granite State to a proper sense of the value of religion, education and temperance. He represented himself as a clergyman in the M. E. Church in regular standing, and exhibited credentials, forged, of course, to that effect.

He soon commenced paying his addresses to a daughter of the resident Congregational minister of the place, whose affections he won, and whose peace of mind and reputation he succeded in destroying. To do this, however, he had promised marriage to his victim, and made ostentatious preparations for the nuptial ceremonies.

While thus engaged, he became acquainted with Mrs Emma G. Templeton, whose husband and one child were killed at the Norwalk bridge catastrophe in May. For this sad bereavement she was awarded $5000 by the railroad company, and word was sent that the money would be paid in the city of New York. Of course a circumstance like this would not be likely to escape the recognizance of so busy a man as the "Rev G. N. Adams," and he volunteered his services in getting the money. The necessary papers for this purpose were made out, and away went the volunteer to New York, where he drew the money, put it in his pocket, and suddenly disappeared from public view—thus robbing a lone widow of nearly all her reliance for subsistence, and leaving behind a duped young woman, exposed to the pitiless peltings of an unforgiving world.

The Sunday preceding his departure, he officiated in one of the pulpits in Henniker, and in his selection of texts seems to have copied somewhat from a performance known as the Life of Stephen Burroughs. He selected as a text for his morning's discourse Numbers 32d chapter and last clause of the 23d verse: "And be sure your sin will find you out." This doubtless was designed to strike home to the heart of the woman whom he had ruined, and was about to abandon. In the afternoon he grew waggish, as his selection of a text would seem to imply. It was found in John, 8th chapter, 21st verse: "I go my way, and ye shall seek me." No doubt he thought this an excellent joke to perpetrate upon those who had so kindly dealt by him.

This graceless scoundrel embodies in himself a varied and deeply dyed history. His father was a resident of Chautuque county, highly respected by the community in which he dwelt. But it was his misfortune to have one son—the rascal in question—who gave early indications of an infamous manhood, which his subsequent acts have but too fully verified. He served a term of three years and a half in the State Prison for counterfeiting, and on his enlargement got married to a woman named Smith, and who was residing in Chautuque county at the time her husband was at his labors in New Hampshire. He is a pompous, brazen-faced scoundrel, and was last seen in Castleton, Vt.

TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Hampden County Teachers' Association will hold its thirteenth semi-annual meeting in Wilbraham, on the 12th and 13th instant. Lectures will be given by J. M. Freeman of Amherst, Wm. H. Wells, Principal elect of the State Normal School in Westfield and by A. Parish, Principal of the Springfield High School. Entertainment will be provided without charge for all who may attend. Return railroad tickets will be furnished free to those who attend the Convention.

ACCIDENT TO THE ERICSON.—The Caloric ship Ericson, with invited guests on board, went down the New York harbor, on Tuesday. On her return, before she reached her landing place, the storm of Tuesday night struck her, flooded her with water, and rendered her unmanageable. She finally drifted on the Jersey flats and sunk, her upper deck being about four feet under water. All on board were rescued by boats from the shore.

DEATH TO BED-BUGS—A NEW DISCOVERY.—The editor of the *New York Evening Post* has found a remedy for the little pest known as bed-bugs. We copy the receipt for the benefit of the *habitus* of boarding houses:

"Many persons complain of being pestered by bed-bugs—it is easy to avoid the inconvenience. On going to bed, strip off your shirt, and cover yourself from head to foot with boiled molasses. Let every part of the body be thickly covered with it. On coming to bite you, the bugs will stick fast in the molasses, and you can kill them in the morning."

ARRAIGNMENT FOR MURDER.—At Manchester, N. H., last week, Luke Curtice of Windsor was arraigned on an indictment for the murder of Lemuel Curtice, his father, some two months since, by poison. He plead not guilty. He was remanded to jail, and will have his trial next October. He was arrested at New Britain, Conn., where he has two brothers living.

A SINGULAR CASE.—The *Worcester Transcript* says that the blade of a penknife, one and a quarter inches long, was on Monday taken from the hand of Mr. Frederick E. Abbott of that city, where it had been for about six years. It had caused him so little inconvenience that he was not certain it was there until the surgeon found it.

DECISION IN A LIQUOR CASE.—A liquor case came before the Supreme Court in Rhode Island on Monday, in which it was decided that the validity of the law was not affected by submitting to the people the question of its repeal. On the general question of the validity of the law the Court did not pronounce an opinion.

LOCAL MATTERS.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—The barn on the Poor Farm was struck by lightning on Wednesday evening, last week. The fluid shattered one end of the barn considerably, but did not set it on fire. A tree in that vicinity was also struck by lightning during the same shower.

BODY FOUND.—The body of the crazy Scotchman, which people were hunting after in a pond, last week, has been found. It was discovered on Saturday at Three Rivers, where it exhibited so many symptoms of life, that it was thought advisable not to inter it. The fellow hadn't any notion of being drowned so easily.

LIQUOR CASES.—Otis Wallace of the Union House, was up before Justice Collins of Thorndike, on Saturday and Monday, charged with two separate sales of liquor. On the first day he was acquitted, but on Monday, one sale was proved to the satisfaction of the Justice, who fined him $10 and costs, from which decision Mr. Wallace appealed.

HIGHLY HONORED.—A special train, consisting of an *engine* and *tender*, went down to Monson on Monday evening to take home Mr. Reynolds, Senator from this county, who was returning from Boston.

ELOPEMENT.—A fifteen years old girl named Julia Rider, and a chap named Luther Butler, with whom "the course of true love did not run smooth," took it into their silly heads to astonish the people of the quiet town of Wales last Sunday evening, by an elopement. Notwithstanding the rain and mud, they ventured into the moral town of Monson, and by a spurious certificate of permission from the girl's parents, succeeded in getting themselves tied up, "for better or for worse," and have now an opportunity to rejoice or repent over their folly.

TEN or a dozen paupers, including one "gemman ob color" and two idiots, have been brought to the State Alms House the present week.

SIGNIFICANT.—Three barrels of liquor were carried into the tetotal town of Monson on Thursday evening.

CHARGED WITH MURDER BY A GHOST.—Laban Mercer was put on trial in Wetzel county, Va., on Wednesday last, charged with the murder of John Gamble. The murder was committed in 1850, and subsequently the body of the deceased was found floating in the Ohio river, but no clue was had to the author of the deed until last fall, when a respectable citizen of the county went before a magistrate and made affidavit that a ghost had met him night after night, in the woods, and told him that Mercer was the murderer of Gamble. This, with other suspicious circumstances, led to the arrest of the accused, who is now on trial. Whether what the "ghost" is alleged to have stated will be considered legal evidence has not been decided. Other witnesses, having no connection with the ghost story, have, so far, occupied the time of the court in giving in their evidence.

RATHER FUNNY.—In Albany one evening last week, a happy bridegroom was so happy on the arrival of the night that had been assigned for his wedding, that before the interesting ceremony he stepped out with a few friends and got "jolly tight," was arrested and taken off to the watch house, where he was locked up for the night, the expectant bride being left a prey to the most horrid fancies in the mean time. He got two walking tickets the next morning—one from the Police magistrate, and the other from the bride elect.

SUDDEN MARRIAGE.—A gentleman and lady were recently united in bonds of wedlock at Fairview, in this county, under rather peculiar circumstances. It is said they met at church for the first time, last Sunday week; and as the Girard Express has it, the man, impressed with the fitness of the maid to become his "life partner," he at once made a proposition to her to become his wife. She very modestly asked him to wait for an answer until divine service was over, when she said "yes," and they were married instanter.—[Erie Gaz.

PATRIOTS PASSING AWAY.—The Salem Gazette informs us of the death, on the 24th instant, of Mr. Daniel Ross, of Ipswich, a man nearly ninety-seven years of age, the oldest inhabitant of Ipswich, and the only surviving soldier of the Revolution in that town.

The Pawtucket Gazette chronicles the death in North Providence, on the 7th of February last, of a revolutionary veteran by the name of Salisbury Freeman, aged 95 years. He served throughout the war of independence, was present at the surrender of Cornwallis at Yorktown, and took part in many of the battles of the revolution.

☞ The Angel Gabriel (so called) received $15 last Sunday for preaching in Roxbury, and also quite a sum in Charlestown. It is not so true now as it was when Rev. Mr. Cotton, or some one else, said, "All things are expensive now except milk and ministers."

☞ The dwelling house of Joseph F. Spear, of Shutesbury, was last week totally destroyed by fire, which probably took from a defect in the chimney, under the roof, where it first appeared, consuming the building in a short time. Insured at the Conway office for $600.

☞ In the Superior Court, New York, on Saturday, in the case of Newall against the New Haven Railroad, for injuries received at Norwalk, the jury returned a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $5,600 damages. It is said the company had offered $7,000 to settle.

☞ The impression prevails at Washington that the Nebraska bill will be abandoned.

New Publications.

SPIRIT MANIFESTATIONS EXAMINED AND EXPLAINED.—By John Bovee Dodd, New York: De Witt & Davenport.

The author of this attempted exposition of the spiritual manifestations rejects the odic theory of Reichenbach, and Dr. Rogers, and accounts for the manifestations on magnetic and psychological principles. It is said to be the best explanation of the spiritual manifestations that has ever been published.

The Connecticut Valley Farmer and Mechanic has just entered upon a new volume, with a new Editor—J. A. Nash. Quite an improvement is visible in its columns, and we trust it will receive the patronage it merits. We sold a single number of the Valley Farmer, last week, for 25 cents, from which fact our readers may judge of its value. Terms only 50 cents a year. S. Bowles & Co., publishers, Springfield.

The People's Journal.—The second volume of this most excellent periodical commences in May. We know of no magazine afforded at $1 a year, that begins to compare with it. It treats of subjects of a practical character, and each number is profusely illustrated. It is eminently the People's Journal and the people should ensure its success through a liberal patronage. Published by Alfred E. Beach, 86, Nassau st., N.Y.

Godey's Lady's Book for May, has 74 contributors, and 51 engravings. It contains a variety of interesting matter for the ladies, and they know how to appreciate it. Godey will send this number to any person, on receipt of 25 cents.

Ladies' Wreath and Parlor Annual.—This is a very pretty magazine for families. Its articles are of a high moral character and cannot fail to exert a beneficial influence in the household circle. A new volume begins with the May No. Price $1 a year. Burdick & Scoville, publishlishers, New York.

Putnam's Monthly.—The May number is on our table. It has articles of power and ability on "Nebraska," "The Czar and the Sultan" and "What have we to do with the Eastern Question." Putnam's is the gem of American monthlies. For sale in this place by Bowles.

The Rookseller's Trade List is a new semi-monthly publication, by D. Hanegan, N. Y. It is designed to keep people posted up on new works, as they are issued from the press.—Price 25 cents a year.

Arthur's Magazine for May, is made up of excellent material and handsomely embellished.—We always take up this magazine with pleasure, sure of being well rewarded for our pains. The topics are judiciously diversified and never offend against morality, or good taste. For sale by Bowles.

Graham's Magazine.—The May number comes fully up to the preceding ones. It is finely illustrated and contains much valuable reading. For sale in Palmer by Bowles.

CRITICISM.—The Editor of the Amherst *Express* seems to misunderstand the article in the *Journal* to which he alludes. The Journal has not been in the habit of correcting other papers for *real*, or *supposed* errors in grammar or style, which the *Express* has frequently done. When, therefore, we hinted, that even so great authority as the *Express* might *sometimes* err, we hardly hoped that even that small point would be granted. We make no pretentions to great learning—we humbly confess to being "amazed," weekly, at the *profound* wisdom and *wit* of our neighbor—

——"And still our wonder grows,
That one *small* head can carry all he knows."

Did we consider the matter of much importance, we would suggest, that some authority besides that of the *Express* be given to *prove* that the expressions and words quoted by the Journal were elegant and "*common*" English. Considering the fact, that the Journal's article only called the attention of the Express to its own faults, there was no originality in the strictures on the Journal—we had the start in that game.

As has been said before, the Journal does not claim perfection, or even make large pretentions; however, we are willing to submit its "leaders," together with the "*local intelligence*" of the Express, to any number of sensible men, and let them decide whether the former, with all their faults, are not better adapted to the mass of readers than the "*astutely unique*" style of the Express, with its columns of long words, thick-sprinkled Latin quotations, and showy parade of "much learning."

☞ Rev. John W. Sullivan, having been elected a constable at Aurora, announces in a card to the voters that he respectfully declines accepting the office. How strange it is, however, that a minister should refuse to be in a position where he could run down the *sinners*.

EMIGRATION—It is estimated that 14,000 persons will come to this country this year from Norway and Sweden. These emigrants are generally substantial agriculturists, and the emigration is so great as to seriously affect the value of farms there.

☞ The city government of New York has passed resolutions of sympathy with the relatives and friends of the firemen who were killed at the recent fire, and have appropriated $1500 to defray the funeral expenses of the deceased.

MAN DROWNED.—An unknown man, supposed to be an Irishman, was found drowned near the gas works in Chicopee on Wednesday. It was supposed that he fell from the railroad track into the water.

SMALL POX.—Mr. LeFeve, who lately came from Lake Superior, reports that the small pox is making fearful havoc among the Chippewa Indians, and that the lodges were filled with the dead and dying.

☞ A tavern keeper in Woodbury, Vt., was convicted by a jury last week, of *twenty-one* different offences for selling liquor.

FIGHT WITH INDIANS.—Intelligence has been received from New Mexico, of a great battle between United States troops and the Indians. A detachment of some fifty troops were attacked by a large number of Indians, and some thirty or forty of the troops were killed in the battle which ensued. No further particulars.

SIGNS OF A BUSY SEASON.—A Pittsburg newspaper states that forty-three steamboats are now in process of construction at or near that city. But three of these are side wheel steamers, and of the stern wheeled boats many are from 800 to 1000 tons burthen.

LAND SLIDE.—On Saturday afternoon a portion of Brooklyn Heights, opposite Cranberry street, gave way, owing to heavy rains, and fell on a frame building on Furman street, completely covering it. Seven or eight persons were inside at the time, two of whom have been taken out dead.

☞ John Marble, of Sutton, has obtained a verdict of $1600 against the city of Worcester, for damages received by being knocked down in the street by a runaway horse which took fright in consequence of a defect in the highway.

HORSE SHOW.—The managers of the Rhode Island Society for the Encouragement of Domestic Industry propose to hold a Horse Show, on a grand scale. It is to take place in the Trotting Course on the Pawtucket road, in the latter part of June.

DROWNED.—A little son of F. H. Axtell of Chester Village, aged four years, fell into the river at that place on Saturday and was drowned. The body was recovered.

☞ A cow belonging to Robert E. Carpenter of Orange, gave birth to a calf on Saturday, the 22d ult., which weighed on the day of its birth *one hundred and forty pounds.*

TWO ITEMS.—The Crystal Palace was reinaugurated on Thursday. The Parliament House at Quebec was again destroyed by fire on Wednesday evening.

THE ERIE GAUGE WAR.—The senate of Pennsylvania has passed the bill conferring the franchise of the Franklin canal road, declared forfeited by the Legislature, upon the Sunbury and Erie railroad. The latter is to pay a bonus of $250,000.

Jeffersonville, Va., must be a happy place for poor people. The price of provisions there now is as follows: Bacon 9 to 10 cents, butter 10 cents, eggs 6 1-4 cents per dozen, flour $2 50 per barrel, dried apples 75 cts,. dried peaches $1 to 1 50 per bush., corn 50 cts.

SPUNKY.—The Hon. Thomas H. Benton notifies his friends and constituents in the City of St. Louis that he will not receive letters through the St. Louis Post-Office because an anti-Benton man is Postmaster. He tells his correspondents to use Adams & Co.'s Express.

☞ A patent has just been taken out in France for making sugar from pumpkins. The quantity produced will be at least as great as could be obtained from an equal quantity of beet root.

☞ Mrs. Wilson, who was rescued from the Camanches, denies that she has given birth to a half-breed boy. She says it is white, and the child of its father.

A man named Washburn Ashbury, belonging to New York, has been arrested in Richmond, Va., and committed for trial on the charge of tampering with slaves.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills, the most Effectual Remedies ever known, for gout and Rheumatism.—Extract of a letter from Mr Thomas Wyborn, druggist, Eton, dated April 26, 1853. "To Professor Holloway.—Sir.—A case lately came under my notice, which I think should be publicly known. It is that of a poor man who suffered so dreadfully from chronic rheumatism that he lost the use of one side of his body, and endured incessant pain.—He was under different medical treatment, and at Westminster Hospital the faculty pronounced him incurable; however, by the use of your ointment and Pills, he has been restored to health and strength."

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering surpot, by the public of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New Englaad States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Hulbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that *"the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him,"* and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

"I DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figureof the Ox, in another part of the paper.

BORN.

In Brimfield, 1st, a daughter to Wilson Hosmer; 2nd, two sons to Patrick Finerty.
In Warren, a son to J. K. Makpeace.

DIED.

In this town, April 28th. Thomas Pepper, 75.
In this village, April 30th, Augusta, 40, wife of Ruel Nelson, of Brooklyn, N. Y.
In Belchertown, May 2nd, Franklin A. 12, son of Arba J. Cleveland.
At Monson, 25th, Sarah Vaill, 66, relict of the late Joel Norcross, and eldest daughter of Joseph Vaill, deceased, for many years pastor of the church at Hadlyme, Ct.
At Belchertown, 28th ult., James Walker, 16, son of Orin Walker.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I shall pay no debts contracted by my daughter, Ann Maria Hattin, or pay any charges made for her by her mother, as I have offered to take the child and support it, but her mother refuses to give her up.
2 HIRAM M. HATTIN.

To Rent!

A Good Shop for a Tailoring and Clothing Store; 1 shop, 50 feet wide, with 10 horse water power; 1 Grist Mill, 3 runs stones; 2 good Tenements; 1 store, calculated for dry goods groceries, crockery &c.—large and convenient—best location in town; 4 rooms suitable for offices, millinery &c; 1 good wheelright, or wagon shop; all in good order. Possession given immediately.
☞ Pasturing for 25 heads of Cattle—cheap.
E. BOND.
Bondsville, May 6, 1854. 3w2

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain for a while longer in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisaction to all who may favor us with a call.
Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.
No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, May 6th, 1854. 3t2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HAMPDEN ss.
At a Probate Court, holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the fourth Tuesday in April A. D. 1854.
A certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Alonzo Mixter, late of Palmer, in said County deceased, being now presented to me for Probate, by Nancy L. Mixter, of said Palmer, it is therefore ordered, that the consideration of the Probate thereof be referred to the Probate Court next to be holden at the Probate Office in Springfield, in said County on the first Tuesday in June next, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be given by the said Nancy to the heirs of the deceased, that they may then and there appear, and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should or should not be proved and allowed, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in The Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to the time of holding said last mentioned Court. And also to give written notice thereof, by mail or otherwise, to all persons known to be interested in the estate of said deceased, not resident in said County of Hampden, whose residence is known to said Executrix. OLIVER B. MORRIS,
Judge of Probate.
Copy—Attest— HENRY SMITH,
2 Reg. of Probate

IF A YOUNG GENT, by the name of a small town adjoining this, will call and pay for doing his washing, he will much oblige
HARRIET S. KENDALL.
my 5 1w

Tailoring Establishment.

THE subscriber having taken rooms in the building occupied by M. W. FRENCH & Co. and having also *filled* them with an entirely

New assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,

with all appropriate fixings, in a style never excelled! would respectfully say to this community, that he is prepared to make as good a

Suit of Clothes

and for as small a sum of money as can be got from any other man or men in this vicinity.
In connection with my stock of cloths &c., Messrs M. W. French & Co. keep an unrivaled variety of Ready Made Clothing, all of which is offered

CHEAP!

By this, the naked community will discover, that by calling at the

BRICK STORE,

near the R. R. Bridge, they can buy a suit that will fit them, all ready made, or have one made exactly to their taste, from any style color, or quality of goods, from which they may be pleased to order.

Exact fits Warranted, or no Sale!

I spare no pains in getting the LATEST and all reports of Fashions. I intend to keep up a tip-top assortment of Tailoring Goods, sell them middling cheap and do about as I agree.—The above is my platform. I shall be pleased to demonstrate my faithfulness to its principles to all who may be disposed to give me a chance.
H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

SILKS, black and fancy, striped and plain, at *NEWTON'S.*
Monson, April 29, 1854.

DE LAINES and Challies just received at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

MERRIMACK Prints—9 yds for $1, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

ALPACCAS, from 14 c. to 83 c per yd., at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Molasses, Syrups, Oil, Lard &c., call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR nice Ladies' Gaiters, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR any Dry Goods or Groceries, which you want, or may have wanted, or your friends want, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Colored Carpet Warp, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a bbl. Xtra Flour, at the lowest price, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice all-wool Table Spread, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice Poplin, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

ROCKWOOD & CO., Have opened the *SPRING FASHIONS of MILLINERY*, at the Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 516w

MONSON BANK!

THE Stockholders of the Monson Bank, having chosen a Board of Directors, the Subscriber would inform the Public that he has on hand and will constantly keep a good assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

which will be sold at low prices, for Cash, or approved credit. I can, and will sell goods as cheap (and may be cheaper) as my neighbors. My expenses being small, I can afford and *will* sell at a small advance from *first cost.* For the truth of this assertion please call and examine my stock and compare prices.
G. H. NEWTON.
Store nearly opposite Needham's Tailoring Establishment.
Monson, April 29, 1854. 1.

BURNING Fluid, for sale by *G. H NEWTON*, Monson.

TAPIOCA, Citron, Mace, Raisins &c., at *NEWTON'S*, Monson

TEA, good enough for a King, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Hampden SS.

At a Probate Court, holden in Springfield, within and for said County, on the fourth Tuesday in April, A. D. 1854.
A certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Catharine Snow, late of Ludlow in said county, deceased, being now presented to me for Probate, by David Tenney, the Executor therein named; it is therefore ordered, that the consideration of the Probate thereof be referred to the Probate Court next to be holden at the Probate Office in Springfield, in said county, on the first Tuesday in June next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon and that notice thereof be given by the said Executor to the heirs of the said deceased, that they may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should, or should not be proved and allowed, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in *The Palmer Journal*, a newspaper printed in Palmer, three weeks successively, previous to the time of holding said last mentioned Court.
OLIVER B. MORRIS, Judge of Probate.
Copy—Attest—
HENRY SMITH, Reg. of Probate.
3wl.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
—AND—
ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
—ALSO FOR THE—
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield,
will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is a cent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by 22 E. B. MILES, Agt.

WOOLENS Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by 52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines, new styles just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by
E. B. MILES. Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—for sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.
Apr 22, '54. 52.

Window Glass!

150 Boxes American and German Glass, assorted sizes, for sale by
apr 22 52 E. BROWN.

Paints and Oils.

2000 lbs. Lewis' Pure Lead,
1000 " Jewett & Sons' do.,
1000 " Boston and Atlantic Pure do.,
1000 " No. 1 Zinc,
500 galls. English Linseed Oil.
For sale low by E. BROWN.
April 22, 1854. 52

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

100 Rolls Carpetings.

ROCKWOOD & CO., Have in Store New Patterns, Velvet Tapestry, Brussels, 3 ply superfine, fine and common Carpetings, Bockings, Rugs, Oil Cloths and Straw Mattings, making a complete assortment, unequalled out of Boston, which we offer at the *lowest prices.*
J. T. ROCKWOOD.
HORACE C. LEE.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

Ladies' Shoes and Rubbers.

A Complete assortment just received and for sale low by W. CONKEY. jan7 3w

A Card---Removal.
BARGAINS.

TWO years ago, we made our humble bow to this purchasing community, pledging truthful representation and fair dealing, and solicited trade If to the minutest transaction, such a course has not been carried out, it has not been because of any counter intention of ours. Our success has been such, that there is no chance for "halting between opinions," and we return grateful thanks to our friends.
Without further preamble, we beg leave to announce, that we have moved to the Brick Store, near the bridge, it having been enlarged and re-fitted in MODERN STYLE. We would call the attention of purchasers to a FRESH STOCK of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Crockery, and Glass Ware, Groceries, Paper Hangings, Boots and Shoes, &c. &c.

feeling confident that an examination of QUALITY and PRICES, will ensure a sale. In the

DRY GOODS

line, we offer in part, Rich Blk Silks, Striped, Plaid, Changealde, and Amure do. Mouss. and Persian, De Laines, Challies, Challi Berages, Messina Cloths, Ginghams, Lawns, Muslins, English and American Prints, all seasonable, and in pretty styles—also, Cashmere, Thibet and Brocha Shawls, Shirts, Curtain Muslins, Gloves and Hosiery, Edgings and Insertings, Threads, Flannels, Cambrics, Linens, Handkercheif's, Sheetings, bleached and Brown, Tickings, Stripes, Denims, &c. &c. with many other articles that we have not space to enumerate.

Ready Made Clothing.

A large assortment, and worthy the attention of buyers. Also, a large lot of
BOOTS and SHOES, marked ☞ *LOW*, together with PAPER HANGINGS, including a variety of patterns, at cheap prices.

Crockery and Glass Ware,

to which we invite attention, *CALL and SEE.*

GROCERIES,

comprising Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Soaps, Fish, Ham, Pork, Lard, Dried Beef, Tobacco and Snuff, Sugars, Flour, Oil, Pepper Sauce, Mustard, Cocoa, Broma, Chocolate, Raisins, Starch, Saleratus, &c. &c. with many things not mentioned.
*** We do not suppose, that we have any EXTRAORDINARY FACILITIES for buying or selling. We have no idea that we can sell goods LESS THAN COST, and make money, but we CAN and WILL sell for a SMALL ADVANCE. We shall adhere to former pledges, and strive to serve you acceptably, hoping that the result will be mutually beneficial.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, April 15, 1854. 51tf

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

Collector's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the following described non-resident persons were assessed on Real Estate in the town of Palmer, Hampden County, Mass., in the Tax Bills for the year 1853, and committed to the subscriber for collection in the sums annexed to their respective names, and that said taxes are now unpaid—

1853,	Wm. T Walker, St Louis Miss.,	$ 0,30,
"	Sam'l Backus, Brooklyn, N. Y.,	6,33,
"	Ira Bascom, Ware, Mass.,	1,20,
"	Josephus Lamberton, Ware, Mass.,	1,80,
"	Dr. Sumner, Warren, "	2,40,
"	Lewis Moore, " "	1,20,
"	Otis Company, Boston, "	1,24,
"	Alfred Converse, Brimfield, "	2,40,
"	Ephraim Allen, Hartford, Ct.,	4,80,
"	P. A. Adams, Belchertown, Mass.,	0,30,
"	N. L. W. & P. R. R. Corporation,	12,00,
"	Solomon Shaw, Troy, N. Y.,	1,95,
"	Wm. T. Ingraham, Springfield, Ms.,	3,65,
"	Sam'l C. Marsh, Spencer, Mass.,	0,30,
"	David Gould, Ware, Mass.,	3,65,
"	Submit Smith, Ludlow, "	3,00,
"	Jason Jones, Stafford, Ct.,	0,12,
"	Geo. P. Shoales, Easthampton, Mass,	6,00,
"	Abraham Warner, Meriden, Ct.,	0,30,
"	Levi H. Moulton, Pelham, Mass.,	1,20,
"	Heirs of James H. Gray, Springfield,	11,40,

—And if no person shall appear to discharge the same on or before Monday the 15th day of May next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, I shall proceed to sell at public auction at the Tockwotton House in said Palmer, so much of said Real Estate as shall be necessary to pay the taxes assessed thereon, together with all necessary intervening charges. DAVID KNOX,
Collector of Taxes in the town of Palmer for 1853. 52.

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

Plows! Plows!!

RUGGLES, Nourse, Mason & Co., Whittemore, Squier & Co., or Belcher's. The Subscriber has now in stock a full assortment of

Plows, Shares and Cultivators,

from the above celebrated manufacturers, and for sale at factory prices.
E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854.

Hardware and Cutlery.

THE largest stock, the best assortment, and for sale on the most favorable terms ever before offered in Eastern Hampden—by
E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags
Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.
Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.
Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.
H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 24,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain.*
CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.
Sold at wholesale by Wrcks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.
Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.
☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Billious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.
Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astooished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by my medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.
For sale by the above named Agents.
N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

"Eureka, Eureka."

We have found it at last. Now for the little ones. Why will parents waste hours and days in fruitless endeavors to get perfect pictures of their children, and after all get nothing but a poor miserable caricature? We would say, come to our *Excelsior Gallery*, and we will guarantee to make you a perfect picture, by our *Electro Chemical* process, that works in from 1-2 to 2 seconds
We defy any Daguerrian in Springfield or elsewhere to compete with us, as we are the ingentors, and the process is used only in our different establishments in the United and Middle States. For pictures of adults, the Silver Medals we have received from the American Institute, New York, and Franklin, Philadelphia, together with hundreds of premiums from county fairs is sufficient proof that they are the *"ne plus ultra"* of perfection.
We have at great expense procured the *exclusive right* of Hampden Co., for the

VIGNETTE OR CRAYON PICTURES,

The most beautiful and brilliant production of the art. We caution all operatives from any infringement of the same.
Prof. D. C Collins, who is pronounced the best practical operator in the United States, has charge of the Chemical department.
Howard Peal, an *artist* by profession, has charge of the *artistical*
This establishment, connected as it is, with the world renowned and celebrated artist Verno of *Paris*, and Mayall of *London*, has facilities of receiving all the late European improvements.
We would call particular attention to our *Talbotypes* in *Oil.*
COLLINS & CO.
Main st., opposite Site late Hampden House, Springfield. Collin's buildings, Westfield.
No. 100 Chestnut st. Philadelphia.
March 12th, 1853. 47tf.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by O. H. BIDWELL.
Apr 1st, 1854. 50

300 Pieces

BERAGES, Tissues, Donna Marias, Lawns, Muslins, Jaconets, French Prints, Brilliantes, Ginghams, Poplins, Raw Silk Plaids, embracing the best makes and Styles, ever brought to Springfield.
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

100 Pieces Dress Silks.

CONSISTING of Black Silks, best makes, Plaid, Stripes, and Brocade of every desirable color, some of which were bought at Auction, and will be sold *VERY CHEAP*
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),
—DEALERS IN—
Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.,; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,
44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Nails! Nails!!

100 Casks, assorted sizes—for sale low by E. BROWN.
apr 22, 51.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.
Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

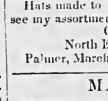
Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mathew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepaed to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omnibusses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG.
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf54

REMOVAL.

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Spring Styles of Hats and Caps!!



JUST received, a large and well selected Stock of Caps and soft Hats, of various shapes and qualities I am manufacturing Hats from Beebee's fashion for Spring and Summer, which are decidedly pretty.
Hats made to order at short notice. Call and see my assortment before purchasing elsewhere.
CHARLES M. GARFIELD,
North End of Nassowanno House.
Palmer, March 18th, 1854. tf48

MARRIAGE,

HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.
Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.
What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or being still,—not incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence on which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.
In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, by the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S
Private Medical Companion,

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.
One Hundredth Edition. 12mo., *pp.* 250. *Price,* 50 *cts.*
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]
First published in 1847, and it is not
SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,
Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, should acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly
HALF A MILLION COPIES
should have been sold.
It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.
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LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!
No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.
To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Title-page and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be *sent free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.
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☞ A correspondent of the Brattleboro' Eagle says that there are now resident in the village of St. Johnsbury, a husband and wife, who for sixty-eight years have lived together in the holy bonds of matrimony.

Solomon was right when he said that of making books there was no end. Many, indeed, are made for no end, and many that are made soon come to an end, but literature itself is inexhaustible.

☞ A New Orleans editor, recording the career of a mad dog says: "We are grieved to say that the rabid animal, before it could be killed, severely bit Dr. Hart and several *other* dogs."

Ladies who have a disposition to punish their husbands, should bear in mind that a little warm sunshine will melt an icicle much quicker than a regular northeaster.

☞ Saw-dust pills would effectually cure many of the diseases with which mankind are afflicted, if every invalid would *make* his own saw-dust.

Why cannot a gentleman legally possess a short walking stick? Because it can never be *long* to him.

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☞ Trifles make perfection, but perfection itself is no trifle.

The weapon that no enemy can parry is a bold and cheerful spirit.

The soul, by an instinct stronger than reason, ever associates beauty with truth.

It is good to know a great deal, but it is better to make a good use of what we know.

A word of kindness. It is a seed which, even when dropped by chance, springs up a flower.

Whatever the wind may do in winter, it cannot be denied that in spring it "turns over a new leaf.

Why should money not be called "*blunt*" Because a man can "cut a dash" with it.

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STACY & ALLEN,
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ALL kinds of Cooking, Parlor and other Stoves, Tin-Ware, all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.
☞ Roofing and Job work done promptly and in the best manner
Shop in Strong's brick Block.
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A rich and *varied* Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
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Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
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An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
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—DEALERS IN—
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SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞ Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order. jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!
ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S
HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN
Are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instantrelief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.
Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Camochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City..
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

THE RENOWNED REMEDY

THE FAR-FAMED MEDICINE!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
The Pills being composed entirely of medicinal herbs are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Billious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persons who persevere in using them in accordance with the directions, seldom fail in being restored to health.

WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,—RESTORATION TO HEALTH OF A GENTLEMAN, AGED 45, WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR
Copy of a Letter from the Rev. Charles Smith, dated Newton, St Phillips, near Bath, Somersetshire, 17th August, 1853.
To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,
Sir:—A Mr. Joseph Puxton, formerly a resident of this place, had been in a declining state of health for upwards of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends, as he had consulted various medical men in Bath, without effect. He at last used your Pills, and under providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstance. I ought also to mention, that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of your Pills.
I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,
CHARLES SMITH, Dissenting Minister.

A PERMANENT CURE OF A DISEASED LIVER OF MANY YEARS' DURATION.
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Gamis, Chemist, Yeovil, to PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY.
Dear Sir —In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Billious Complaints I may mention the following case:—A lady of this town with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and digestive organs; her medicinal attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months. This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relations, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure. This is twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly
July 23d, 1853. (Signed) J. GAMIS.
These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficatious in the following complaints:—
Ague, Asthma, Billious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary, Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Sold at the Establishment of Prof. Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, Eng., and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37 1-2 cents, 87 cts. and $1,50 cts. each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm Holbrook.

Fire! Fire!!
THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at tf50 CONKEY'S.

HORACE C. LEE, having discontinued business on his own account, has an interest in business from March 1st, with Mr. J. T. ROCKWOOD, under the firm of
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 1, 1851. 6w51

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!
MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas
One to two bottles are warranted to cure *all* humors in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrotula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, worny looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.
AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!
THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *J. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Dentistry.
J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public, as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞ Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.
THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of
Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.
ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.
☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

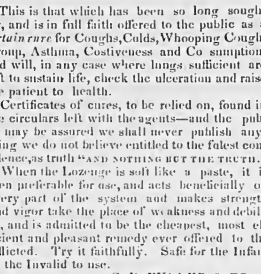
Time is Money.
THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.
Certificate.
I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.
Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4 7tf

Try it! Try it!!
IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!
AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the
SOVEREIGN REMEDY!
This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will, in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fullest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.
The Depot for Dr Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm. Fowler's "Macaonick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1853-4.
LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT
7,30 *A. M.* Norwich, 8,12 and Willimantic, 8,55 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with a train from Hartford, and for Hartford and Bristol; and at Palmer, for Amherst and Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.
* 10,30 *A. M.* and Norwich at 11,30 *A. M.* for Willimantic, connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester and Boston.
*2,00 *P. M.* Norwich, 2,40 and Willimantic. 3,30 P. M., connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester; at Willimantic for Hartford, and at Palmer for Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.
LEAVE PALMER, AT
6,00 *A. M.* Willimantic, 8,55 and Norwich, 9,40 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with train for Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with Steamers for Stonington.
3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.
LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT
* 1,30 *P. M.* and Norwich at 3.10 *P. M.* connecting at Norwich with train for Worcerter and Boston.
*Freight trains with Passenger cars attached.
Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.
A disconnt from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.
Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.
Through Tickets,
From Palmer to New York via Steamer from
New London, (Cabin) $3,00.
" " (Deck) 2,50.
Stonington, 2,50.
WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, December 1, 1853.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
Dr. J. S. HOUGHTON'S


THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.
Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations*. Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Coffins.
THE Snuscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf29

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.
CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently curing the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
—AND—
Blood Purifier.
DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for
Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.
The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles.
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.
For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.
Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease
FOR DYSPEPSIA.
A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.
For Cancerous Humors,
It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.
FOR COSTIVENESS.
One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.
For Kidney Difficulties,
It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier. For Chills and Fever, Mercurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.
Full Directions on the Bottle.
☞ *PRICE* $1,00.
HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,
Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure
☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.
This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.
☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

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Pain Killer.
This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.
☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*
Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.
ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

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RAILROAD HALL,
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Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—
Superior and medium Velvet Pile,
" " Brussels,
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Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.
We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3 m48.

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100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

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Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

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The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

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Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in our name:

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MISCELLANEOUS.

Death-Bed of Washington.

PROCEEDING still farther over a very bad road, we came suddenly in view of the Potomac; and Mount Vernon, with its mansion-house and smooth, green lawn, was before us. Having sent in our address, we received permission from the courteous branch of the family, who now hold the estate, to enter and survey the interior. We were struck with its extreme simplicity, the lowness of the walls and ceilings, and the bare floors, which were waxed, not as with us, carpeted.

Passing through the great hall, ornamented with pictures of English hunting-scenes, we ascended the oaken stair-case, with its carved and antique balustrade; we stood at the door—we pressed the handle—the room and the bed where he died, were before us. Nothing in the lofty drama of his existence surpassed the grandeur of that final scene;—the cold that he had taken from exposure in overseeing some parts of his grounds, and that had resisted the earlier domestic remedies that were applied, advanced in the course of two short days into that frightful form of the disease of the throat—*laryngitis*.

It became necessary for him to take to his bed. His valued friend, Dr. Craik, was instantly summoned, and assisted by the best medical skill of the surrounding country, exhausted all the means of his art, but without affording him relief. He patiently submitted, though in great distress, to the various remedies proposed; but it became evident, from the deep gloom settling upon the countenances of the medical gentleman, that the case was hopeless;—advancing insidiously, the disease had fastened itself with deadly certainty. Looking with perfect calmness upon the sobbing group around him, he said: 'Grieve not, my friends; it is as I anticipated from the first; the debt which we all owe, is now about to be paid—I am resigned to the event.' Requesting Mrs. Washington to bring two wills from his escritoire, he directed one to be burned, and placed the other in her hands, as his last will and testament, and then gave some final instructions to Mr. Lear, his secretary and relative, as to the adjustment of his business affairs. He soon after became greatly distracted; and as, in the paroxysms which became more frequent and violent, Mr. Lear, who was at his side, assisted him to turn, he, with kindness, but with difficulty articulated, 'I fear I give you great trouble, sir—but—perhaps it is a duty which we all owe one to another—I trust that you may receive the same attention when you shall require it.'

As the night waned, the fatal symptoms became more imminent—his breath became more labored and suffocating, and his voice soon failed him. Perceiving his end approaching, he straightened himself to his full height; he folded his own hands in the necessary attitude upon his chest—placing his finger upon the pulse of the left wrist; and thus calmly prepared, and watching his dissolution, he awaited the summons of his Maker.—The last faint hope of his friends had disappeared; Mrs. Washington, stupefied with grief, sat at the foot of the bed, her eyes fixed steadfastly upon him; Dr. Craik, in deep gloom, stood with his face buried in his hands at the fire—his faithful servant, Christopher, the tears, uncontrolled, trickling down his face, on one side, took the last look of his dying master; while Mr. Lear, in speechless grief, with folded hands, bent over his pillow on the other.

Nought broke the stillness of his last moments, but the suppressed sobs of the affectionate servants collected on the staircase; the tick of the large clock in the hall, as it measured off, with painful distinctness, the last fleeting moments of his existence, and the low moan of the winter wind, as it swept through the leafless, snow-covered trees. The labored and wearied spirit drew nearer and nearer to its goal; the blood languidly coursed slower and more slowly through its channels—the noble heart stopped—struggled—stopped—fluttered—the right hand slowly slid from the wrist, upon which its finger had been placed—it fell at his side—and the manly effigy of Washington was all that remained extended upon the death-couch.—*N. Y. Cour. and Enq.*

The Duel in the Bush.

IN the story of 'Emily Oxford: or Life in Australia,' we find the following incident of George Flower, a famous mounted policeman, who was sent out to hunt up a notorious bush-ranger named Millighan:

He met Millighan as a fellow ranger, and who supposed Flower to be dead.—After some conversation, Flower said:—'Now suppose a mounted policeman, or thief-taker—a fellow of real pluck—was to come upon you when you were alone, and was to challenge you to surrender, what would you do? Would you draw your trigger at once, and not give him a chance?'

'No,' cried Millighan, 'I'd tell him to stand off and have a fight for it.'

'Millighan,' said Flower, still keeping his eagle eye fixed on him, 'are you speaking the truth?'

'Yes, so help me Heaven!'

'Now let us suppose,' continued Flower, 'that such a man as that fellow, Geo. Flower—the fellow that was drowned the other day—was to be in the same position with you as I am now?'

'I'd tell him,' said Millighan, 'that one of us must die, and challenge him to fight fair.'

'How fight fair?'

'Why, I'd ask him to measure off fifty yards, to walk backwards five and twenty paces and let me do the same.'

'And do you think he would do it?'

'Yes, I do, for I think he is a man. I have often wished to meet that fellow in the field, for what I most want in this life is its exeitement and to be killed by the hand of a man like Flower, or the eseape by killing him in a fair fight—either way would be something to suit me.'

'Millighan,' said Flower slowly, 'I believe every word you utter. Now listen to what I am going to tell you. *I am George Flower!*'

Millighan started. He gazed on Flower, whose eye was now riveted on that of his adversary. Millighan's carbine dropp from his hand, but he did not change color or betray any alarm.

'Pick up your piece,' said Flower, pointing to the carbine, and assuming a proud and careless attitude. 'I am all that you have said of me, Millighan. I might have shot you like a dog before I spoke to you just now; but I could not do that, for you are a man as well as myself, and you are as brave as generous.—Pick up your piece and walk backward five and twenty paces; but let us shake hands first.' Millighan took Flower's hand and sighed heavily as he shook it.—'Do not surrender, suggested Flower, half fearing that Millighan would do so and break the very charm that bound him to the man.

'Surrender!' cried Millighan, with a smile and a sneer, 'no? I'll never do that. And knowing you to be a brave foe, I have still a chance; for I shoot as straight as you do. But tell me in earnest; are you George Flower? Yes, you must be. But hear this—his blood began to warm—if you are not, we must fight this day, for we cannot after this live together.' And Millighan took up his carbine and satisfied himself that there was powder in the pan, and with his left thumb he pushed the corner of his flint round so as to insure ignition when he drew the trigger.

Flower placed his carbine against a huge stone, then put his hands into his pockets and looked at Millighan; 'I *am* George Flower,' said he, 'and who but George Flower would deal with you as I do? Don't let us talk much, or I may forget my mission and become a bush-ranger myself.' And Flower took up his carbine, examined the powder in the pan and touched the flint as Millighan had done.

'Flower! for Flower you must be,' said Millighan, 'grant me, if you shoot me, one desire that has haunted me. I do not dread death, but I have a horror of burial. If I fall, suffer me to lie on the very spot. Let the eagle come, and feast upon my carcass, pluck these eyes from their sockets and the skin from this brow; let me lie here in this lonely region, and let my bones bleach in the sun and the rain fall, and the moon and stars shine upon them.'

'My God!' exclaimed Flower, seizing Millighan by the arm, 'the same dread of being buried has ever haunted *me*. If I fall by your hand, let me rest here, with my head pillowed upon this carbine. Let no man living be shown the spot where I fell.'

'Take your ground,' said Millighan—'I am ready.'

'There is my hand,' said Flower, 'and should we meet in another world we shall not be ashamed of one another, my boy.'

Tears were standing in the eyes of both Flower and Millighan, when they parted. Each stepped backward, pace for pace, Millighan followed by his little terrier, Nettles. When they were about fifty yards apart, they halted and looked at each other for several minutes. Both simultaneously levelled their carbines, but each was indisposed to be the first to fire. At last Millighan discharged his piece.—He had aimed at Flower's heart. His bullet whizzed past Flower's head and carried away part of his left whisker.—Flower fired, and Millighan fell flat on his face. The ball had entered his left breast. Flower ran to the spot to catch any last word Millighan might desire to breathe. Millighan was dead.

KNOW-NOTHINGS.—The *Herald* has been looking into "scripture" to prove the existence of the order of know-nothings from a very long time ago, and judges that Absalom was the leader of the first party, from what it finds recorded in 2nd Samuel, xv: 2, which says:

"And with Absalom went two hundred men out of Jerusalem, that were called—and they went in their simplicity and they *knew not anything*."

THE PRESENT MOMENT.—There is no moment like the present; not only so, but, moreover, there is no moment at all, that is, no instant force and energy, but in the present. The man who will not execute his resolutions when they are fresh upon him can have no hope from them afterwards; they will be dissipated, lost and perished in the hurry and scurry of the world, or sunk in the slough of indolence.—*Self-culture*.

TAKE NOTICE.—When a girl's mind has begun to run on bed-quilts, whiskers, wicker-carriages and "sich like" tandem luxuries, the best way is, to tell young Mr. Smith, that parson Slicer wants to have him bring Miss Pennyroyal right down to his house. The fact is, Miss P. has arrived at that state when she must up and "jine," or hollyhock straight off.

☞Elihu Burritt calls California "God's bank of uncoined specie." Well said, Mr. Blacksmith, your hammer never knocked out a brighter spark than that. But don't you think, that a great many draw wealth therefrom, who never give thanks to the owner, nor lend of his substance to the poor.

☞Madame Tussaud, the Jarley of London, has added to her other curiosities the veritable guillotine which severed the heads of Louis XVI, Marie Antionette, and a hecatomb of other revolutionary sacrifices. It was purchased of a man by the name of Samson, who had it, as an heirloom, from his father, the celebrated revolutionary Jack Ketch.

☞If you would be healthy don't take to pills, oil, senna, powder and similar four-horse weaknesses, but to the saw-horse, axe, coal-shovel and kindred styles of exercise.—Nature and not the pestle and mortar were made to cure folks. Try a gallon and see.

FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS.—A German Roman Catholic having been ordered by his priest to walk a number of miles with peas in his shoes, as a penance, wished to obey the injunction and yet not undergo any suffering, and accordingly *boiled the peas*.

Written for the Journal.

To a Sister on her Nineteenth Birth-day.

How oft, dear sister, wrapped in some bright vision,
We let the hour unheeded pass away,
And only waken from our dreams Elysian,
When on the bell the noisy hammers play.

In Life's brief day, years are like hours, swift fleeting,
And birth-days are like hammers, whose loud ring
Upon the silver cords of Memory beating,
Brings back our thoughts from their wild wandering.

Methinks to-day I see thee backward flinging
The dark locks from thy brow; mid smiles and tears,
To hear thee varying chimes, so sweetly ringing
Through the bright galleries of thy sunny years.

Oh! may our Father grant each birth-day chime
May find thee nearer still to Heaven, thy home,
Clothed in that beauty that yields not to time,
And sheds a radiance even o'er the tomb

X. Y. Z.

The Mysterious Travelers.

IN ancient times there lived at Manheim, a young man called Otto, who was brave and intelligent, but incapible of bridling his desires.

When he wished for anything he spared no effort to obtain it; and his passions were like the storm-winds, which cross rivers, valleys, and mountains, erushing everything in their passage. Tired of the quiet life he led at Manheim, he one day formed a plan to set out on a long journey, and the end of which, he hoped to find fortune and happiness. Consequently he put his best clothes in a bundle, placed in his girdle all the money he possessed, and started, without knowing whither he was going. After walking along for several days, he found himself at the entrance of a forest, which extended as far as the eye could reach. Three travelers had stopped here, and seemed, like himself, to be preparing to cross it. One was a tall, haughty woman, with a threatening mien, holding in her hand a javelin; the second, a young girl half asleep, reclining in a chariot drawn by four oxen, and a third, an old woman in rags, and with a haggard air. Otto saluted them, inquiring whether they were acquainted with the forest; they replied in the affirmative, and he asked for permission to accompany them, that he might not loose his way. All three consented, and they set out. The young man soon perceived that his companious possessed supernatural powers; but he was not afraid, and continued his walk, conversing with the three strangers.

They had already pursued for several hours the path marked out among the trees, when the sound of a horse's footsteps was heard behind them. Otto turned and recognized a citizen of Manheim, who had always been his greatest enemy, and——had hated for many years. The citizen overtook the passengers, smiled insolently, and went on. Otto became very angry. "I would give all I possess, and almost all I ever expect to possess, to revenge myself on the pride and haughtiness of that man."

"I can satisfy thee," said the tall lady with the javelin. "Shall I make of him a blind and lame beggar? You have only to pay to me the price of the transformation."

"And what is the price?" asked Otto, eagerly.

"Thy right eye!"

"I would willingly give it, to be revenged."

The young man had scarcely finished speaking, when the transformation promised by his companion took place, and he found himself blind of an eye. He was at first a little surprised, but consoled himself with the thought, that the other was left and that he could still see the misery of his enemy. Meanwhile, they continued to march several hours without reaching the end of the forest, the road becoming steeper and more difficult. Otto, who began to be fatigued, looked with envy on the chariot in which the young girl was half reclining. It was so skilfully constructed, that the deepest ruts scarcely jolted it.

"All roads must seem very smooth and short on this chariot," said he, approaching, "and I should like such a one myself."

"Is that all?" replied the second traveler. "I can this instant procure for you what you desire."

She struck with her foot the chariot on which she rode; it seemed to become double, and Otto perceived a second equipage drawn by a couple of black oxen. Recovering from his astonishment, he thanked the young girl, and was about to enter in, when she stopped him by a gesture. "I have fulfilled your desire," said she; "but cannot make a worse bargain than my sister has made. You have given her one of your eyes; I demand one of your arms!"

Otto was at first a little disconcerted; but he was very tired, the chariot was before him, and as I have already said, he had never known how to conquer his desires! so, after a short hesitation, necepted the proposals and found himself seated in his new carriage, but deprived of his right arm. The journey continued thus some time. Meanwhile, Otto began to suffer from hunger and thirst. The old woman who was walking beside him seemed to perceive it.

"You are sad, my boy," she said, "when one is hungry, one is easily discouraged; but I possess a certain remedy against faintness."

"What is it?" asked the young man.

"You see this flask, which I have in my hand and often carry to my lips," replied the traveler; it contains joy, fulness of trouble, and all hopes of earth. Whoever drinks of it finds himself happy; and I will not sell it to you more dearly than my sister; for I ask in exchange only half of your brain.

The young man this time refused. He began to be frightened at these successive bargains. But the old woman made him taste of the liquor in the flask, which appeared to him so delicious, that after having resisted some time, he again consented.

The promised effect soon took place—he had scarcely drank, when he felt his strength revive. His heart became joyous and confident; and, after having sung all the songs he knew, he slept soundly in the chariot, without caring what became of him. When he awoke, the three travelers had disappeared, and he was alone at the entrance of a village. He tried to rise, but one side of his body was immovable; he tried to look, but the only eye he had left was dim; he attempted to speak, but his tongue stammered; and he could collect only half his ideas. At last he comprehended the greatness of the sacrifices he had so lightly made; the three traveling companions whom fate had sent him, had left him no resource but to beg his bread until he died.

Would you know the names of these companions? The woman with the javelin was Hatred, the young girl reclining in the chariot, Indolence, and the woman with the flask, Intemperance.

WIFE, MISTRESS AND LADY.—This paragraph from the German most happily hits the attributes of wife, mistress and lady. It is just as true as writ:

"Who marries for love takes a wife, who marries for consideration takes a lady. You are loved by your wife, regarded by your mistress, tolerated by your lady. You have a wife for yourself, a mistress for your house and its friends, a lady for the world. Your wife will agree with you, your mistress will accommodate you, your lady will manage you. Your wife will take care of your household, your mistress of your house, your lady of appearances. If you are sick, your wife will nurse you, your mistress will visit you, your lady will inquire after your health. You take a walk with your wife, a ride with your mistress and join parties with your lady.—Your wife shares your grief, your mistress your money, and your lady your debts. If you are dead, your wife will shed tears, your mistress lament, and your lady wear mourning."

HOW TO MOUNT A HORSE.—A letter from an officer on board the U. S. ship St. Mary's, dated at St. Mary's, Huacho, Peru, published in the *Burlington Free Press*, gives the following description of an entirely original and indecorous mode of mounting a horse:

"The women do all the work here, and the men are a good-for-nothing set of gamblers and thieves. The women ride on the hind-quarters of their horses without a saddle, cross legged, with the lead on the horse in front. They mount the animal by taking hold of his long tail and making a loop by doubling it up and clasping with one hand the upper and lower parts of the tail, and then putting one foot in the loop and the other foot on the joints of the horse's leg, they ascend as if going up stairs. They usually stand erect on the horse before sitting down. The horses never kick or stir."

☞To constitute a perfect gentleman, the best attributes of the heart and head must be combined. He who would indeed deserve that proud epithet, must be devout, courteous, and accomplished, gentle, generous, and brave; pure in word and deed, disinterested, philanthropic, and, above all, incessant and intrepid in charitably succoring the weak, the lowly, and the poor.

SMART.—In one of her recent lectures, Rev. Antoinette Brown said "whoever would make a mark in the world must make his own mark, not the mark of another. It is more noble for a goose to hiss like a goose, than to make a miserable imitation of a nightingale."

OF all learning, the most difficult department is to unlearn; drawing a mistake or prejudice out of the head is as painful as drawing a tooth, and the patient never thanks the operator.

☞Punch defines a Coutthouse as a place where a penny's worth of justice is purchased with a shilling's worth of law.

The Grave.

"Tis cold—dark—dreary. A place where we are shut out from the world and all the busy scene of life. There we shall have no more thrill of the warm blood though our veins, imparting joyousness to the soul and life and animation to the body; no more listening to topics of interest and discussing the news of the day; no more greeting of friends; no more social intercourse; no more gazing upon the beauties of nature; no more breathing the balmy air of Spring, or listening to the sweet carol of birds; no more wandering beside the meadow stream and admiring the inhabitants of the silvery brook; no more ranging through the mighty forests, and looking upon the giant monarchs that have stood for ages there; no more viewing the sun in his noonday splendor, nor the moon in her evening glory; no more of these—but death and the grave. When we think of these things a sadness and gloom comes over us. What is the end of life, we enquire, what is our course and to what are we tending? The answer comes back like a death-knell upon us—the grave—'tis the grave; the charnel house of the world; the resting place of millions; the gateway to eternity!

But this is the dark side of the picture; there is another and brighter side to the grave. It is not all darkness and gloom to those who view it aright, for the star of hope still shines and its rays penetrate there. It is a place of repose—a rest from the weary labors of life. Our trials and our sorrows will then be over; our earthly pilgrimage at an end. We shall not go there alone; there will be many to accompany us. Great and good men have gone before us, and great and good men will come after us. The patriarchs and prophets have long since laid their bodies in the grave. The lost are there. Christ was there. The martyrs are there. Luther, Melancthon, Howard, Whitefield, Baxter, Bunyan, Wesley, Fletcher, and a host of other noble men are there. They repose beneath the sod, and their names are written in the Book of Life.

EASTERN ALLEGORY.—A rich youth in Rome was suffering from a dangerous illness; at length he recovered, and regained his health. Then he went for the first time into the garden, feeling, as it were, born again; and he was full of joy, and praised God with a loud voice. He turned his face to heaven and said: "O thou all-sufficient Creator, could man recompense Thee, how willingly would I give Thee all my possessions."

Hermas, who was called the herdman, heard this, and said to the rich youth: "All good gifts come from above; thither thou canst send nothing. Come, follow me."

The youth followed the pious old man, who took him to a dark hut, where was nothing but misery and wretchedness. The father was stretched on a bed of sickness, the mother wept, the children were destitute of clothing, and crying for bread.

The youth was deeply touched. Hermas said: "See here an altar for thy sacrifice. See here the Lord's brethern and representatives."

Then the rich youth assisted them bountifully, and provided for the sick man's wants. And the poor people blessed him, and called him the angel of God.

Hermas smiled, and said: "Thus turn always thy grateful countenance first to heaven and then to earth."

☞Compliments cost little, and come to much. Call a plain woman "the gem of her sex," and your shirts for the next year and a half won't cost you a penny. The way to open a woman's affection and similar luxuries, is to tickle her ears. Try a dozen for experiment.

NICE MACHINERY.—In the weaving of brocatelles at Humphreysville, Ct., the machinery is so nicely balanced that the breaking of a single thread, scarcely larger than a twisted spider's web, throws the whole machinery out of gear, and all the wheels, shuttles and pulleys are brought to a dead stand, that the thread may be mended.

A huge anchor, lying high and dry on a hill three hundred feet high and one thousand feet from the sea, at Sinope, fearfully records the terrific explosion of one unfortunate ship, while the half finished framework of a new Turkish covertte on the stocks, which escaped all damage during and after the action, forms a strange contrast with all this havoc and ruin.

A man, in California, under sentence of death, by hanging, asked the Sheriff, on the evening previous to his execution, I say Sheriff, what hour is that little affair of mine coming off?'

WANTED.—A thin man, who has been used to the business of collecting, to crawl through key holes, and find debtors who are never at home. Salary, nothing the first year, to be doubled each year afterwards.

'I believe that mine will be the fate of Abel,' said a devoted wife to her husband, one day. How so?' inquired the husband, 'Because, Abel was killed with a club, and your club will kill me, if you continue to go to it every night.'

There is a man in the city of Washington, who is such a strict sectarian, that he won't go to a fire, unless the alarm is given by the bell on his church.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, MAY 13, 1854.

Public Vengeance.

Law is but the instrument, which public sentiment makes use of, to punish crime and cultivate a healthy state of society. But when this weapon is disregarded, or when entrusted to the hands of a few individuals, it is allowed to be trampled upon and used as a mockery, public feeling most keenly realizes the outrage, and public sentiment rises up in indignation, seeking to be its own avenger.

Most clearly has this fact been illustrated in the case of Ward, the murderer of Butler, in Kentucky. He was tried and acquitted by a jury sworn to give an impartial verdict. The guilt of the murderer was too clear to be doubted by the public, and notwithstanding the verdict of innocence given by the jury, the verdict of the people is, that Ward is a murderer and should suffer the penalty prescribed by law. No revengeful motives moved the people of *Louisville* to ask for the conviction of Ward—they did not ask it, but with a belief that a Court of Justice would give a verdict in accordance with the evidence presented, like law-obeying citizens they awaited the result. But when a verdict of "not guilty" was rendered, contrary to all the evidence produced on trial, the public were seized with feelings of horror and they unanimously declared the trial to be a farce and an outrageous subversion of Justice.

The indignation at this judicial farce is not confined to the people of *Louisville*, or even to the State of Kentucky. It extends throughout the country; it follows the murderer in his endeavor to escape public notice, and no sooner does it become known, that he has entered a town or city, than demonstrations of violence are sure to follow. This exhibits a healthy state of public morals, instead of the reverse, as some might suppose. It shows conclusively, that the criminal, though pronounced innocent by the law, cannot escape the indignation of a justly incensed people. Shunned, scorned, and detested by all persons who realize the enormity of his guilt, he must feel through life the resentment of society and the pangs of a guilty conscience.

The result of the Ward trial indicates the influence of wealth over justice—shows how the millionaire may defy the laws of the land, while the poor man must walk in obedience to them, or suffer. This, it must be confessed, is a sad state of society. It goes to substantiate the saying, that laws are made for the poor and not for the rich. Many will point to the case of Prof. Webster as one in which law triumphed over distinction; but Webster was poor; he was in bad repute with the wealthy; he had no millions with which to bribe jurymen, or to stimulate his counsel. His victim was wealthy—was one who moved among the rich men of Boston. How could the poor murderer of a rich man escape? Had the murdered man been a poor laborer, the heavy reward which Littlefield obtained would not have been offered for the conviction of the murderer. But the evidence which convicted Webster was not half so conclusive as that in the recent Kentucky case. The jury, however, in the latter trial acted under far different influences than did the Suffolk jury who convicted the murderer of Dr. Parkman. It is no wonder, therefore, that the people everywhere are loud in their demonstrations against the court that acquitted the murderer of Butler. Some idea of the indignation felt by the people of *Louisville* may be drawn from the following:

Soon after sundown on Saturday evening, an immense throng of people, from 7,000 to 10,000 in number, gathered in and about the court house; meetings were held in the large court room, and in the square, both of which were addressed by eloquent and effective speakers. A series of strong resolutions declared Ward to be guilty of murder, condemning the result of the trial as subversive of public justice, testifying to the excellent character of the deceased and promising to erect a monument to his memory, were unanimously passed, and as unanimously ratified by the more numerous gathering below. Resolutions were also passed requesting the two Wards to leave the city, inviting Senator Wolf to resign his seat in the Legislature and follow them, and inviting Mr. Crittenden also to resign his seat in the U. S. Senate.—Wolf and Crittenden were the counsel for Ward, the latter volunteering his services.

After the passage of the resolutions, fifteen effigies were hung upon a cord, stretched between two trees, representing the jurymen, Mr. Wolf, Matthew Ward, and Geo. D. Prentice, and they were all consigned to the flames, together with a representation of Mr. Crittenden and a hideous figure designed to represent Barlow, the swift witness, who is believed to have committed perjury. While this was going on, a small jury, 2,000 in number, assembled at the house of Ward, and finding it deserted, hung effigies of the brothers to the portico and set them on fire. The house soon caught, but the engines assembling, subdued the flames.

The people of Elizabethtown, where the trial was held, have held an indignation meeting. Resolutions were passed, execrating the jurors and holding their action up to public scorn. Great excitement prevailed in the village and it was rapidly spreading throughout the country.

☞ Neighbor Porter, of the Westfield News Letter, who is now traveling at the South, finds the cars so low there, that he can't stand up in them without *bumping his head.* Rather guess friend Porter is growing *tall.*

THE GREAT FLOOD in the Connecticut valley has abated and those who have been drowned out of their houses are returning to occupy them.

Another Legal Murder.

John Hendrickson, Jr, was hung in the jail-yard, at Albany, on Friday, last week, for the murder of his wife. He was convicted on the testimony of an eminent chemist, who detected poison in the stomach of Hendrickson's wife, and notwithstanding numerous endeavors were made to obtain executive clemency, the Governor refused to interfere with the case. Several chemists have stated,—and some of their statements have been published,—that the tests which were used to detect poison in the stomach of Mrs. H., were insufficient, and the conviction of a man upon such testimony would be downright legal murder.

But law has no heart to feel, no ears to listen to appeals for mercy. Its agents ask God to have compassion upon the condemned, yet they will show him none. Hendrickson was, therefore, executed at the appointed time, and in the following manner:

At 11 27, Hendrickson came in, accompanied by one or two officers of the prison, and took his seat in a chair underneath the rope. He was dressed in a suit of black with patent leather boots. His hair was carefully combed and curled, and his countenance was sallow, but indicated no unusual emotion. The noose encircled his neck; the end which was to be attached to the gallows rope, hung over his breast. He took his seat; he cast his eyes rapidly over the crowd present, looked upward, also at the galleries which overlooked him.

D. C. Sears, Esq., Deputy District Atty., proceeded to read the death-warrant, which, as it recapitulated the efforts made to secure a new trial, was quite long—occupying six or eight minutes in the reading. During its progress Hendrickson evinced but very little emotion.

When the reading of the warrant was closed, he was asked by Mr. Sears, if he had anything to say. He replied, 'All I have to say, I have said to Rev. Dr. Kennedy, and he will make it public.' Dr. Kennedy, the prisoner rising from his seat, proceeded to offer up a most solemn and impressive prayer for the unfortunate young man, who, however, seemed less affected by it than the most careless spectator. Neither tear nor movement indicated either repentence or fear.

During the progress of the prayer, deputy Gallup adjusted the knot, and the rope was attached to the gallows-hook, and the moment the prayer was closed, the black cap was drawn over the face of the prisoner.—Nor was there yet signs of emotion—the doomed man remained wholly unmoved.—There was not even the perceptible agitation of a muscle.

In less than one minute after the prayer was closed, the rope was cut in the private office of the sheriff, the weight fell, and the living body of John Hendrickson, Jr., was snatched up to death. At the instant, there was an exclamation of 'Oh!' heard throughout the hall, which, it was thought, was uttered by him.

Death, the physicians reported, was caused by strangulation—there being no dislocation of the vertebræ of the neck. After hanging sixteen minutes the body was cut down, placed in a coffin and passed over to his friends, who were awaiting it on the outside of the prison.

The unhappy man declared himself innocent of the crime of murder up to the last moment.

RIOT IN CHELSEA.—The "angel Gabriel" has been raising a fuss in Chelsea, as we learn from the Boston papers. He went there last Sunday with the intention of preaching against Catholicism, when he and his friends were attacked by a party of Irishmen and severely stoned. The Americans rallied and drove the Irish into their houses, and the police arrested several of them, among whom was a woman who had fired a pistol into the crowd. An attempt was made to pull down the Catholic Church, but the active exertions of the citizens prevented the rioters from carrying out their design.

This "angel Gabriel" is a street preacher, who carries a horn, which he blows when he wishes the people to assemble to hear him preach.

HEAVY ROBBERY.—Edward Bush of Suffield, Mass., was robbed of $1875 at Salem, N. Y., on the 23rd ult. Mr. B. was buying cattle in that region and had laid his money under his pillow for safe keeping. During the night a man came into the room with a light and stating, that the landlord had sent him, to occupy another bed in the same room. Mr. Bush did not think it unusual and the stranger went to bed. In the morning, Mr. Bush found that the stranger was missing, as well as the pocket-book containing the $1,875. Another pocket-book containing $3000 was under Mr. B.'s pillow, but the robber did not discover it.

MRS. JAMES YOUNG of Chester Village, divested herself of clothing, on Friday morning of last week, and suddenly disappeared, from which fact it is supposed, that she has committed suicide by drowning. She was probably deranged at the time, as she had been unwell for several days. She was an estimable lady, about 42 years of age.

☞ On Monday, Jerry Sullivan of Springfield, was convicted of a violation of the liquor law, for which he paid a fine of $10 and costs. By way of variety in the usual routine of business, Andrew Dooley and Catharine Hall were married—under the force of circumstances. So says the *Republican.*

A WARNING.—A little girl in Newark, N. Y., came to her death last week, from jumping the rope. She jumped four hundred times in succession, when she fell to the ground insensible, and died in forty-eight hours afterwards.

VETOED.—President Pierce has vetoed the bill passed by Congress, appropriating 10,000,000 acres of land for the relief of indigent insane.

☞ The lawyer who opened an argument is endeavoring to shut it up.

WARM WEATHER.—Warm weather has arrived. Throw open your doors, raise your windows and let the invigorating air enter your dwellings. There is nothing in the world which so refreshes the depressed senses and gives life and energy to the hived-up invalid as the morning air of a bright, warm day. You who have, for the past six months, been baked and smoked in hot, unventilated rooms, walk out into God's pure sunshine and breathe the uncontaminated air, which inspires the birds with happy songs and bears health and bloom upon its healing wings.—Go into the fields when morning dews sparkle upon the grass; inhale the odors of early blossoms; listen to the hum and music of all animated creation by which you are surrounded. See life, energy, beauty and happiness all about you, and if you do not feel better in mind, purer in soul, healthier in body, make up your mind, that you are a confirmed misanthrope—past all hope of recovery.

AN "ESTABLISHMENT."—Webster has failed to give us the meaning of an "establishment," as the word is understood by Young America. Ask any of the "fast young men" of our time for a definition and they will tell you, that an "establishment" is a collection of about a half dozen watch-keys and seals, three or four Cornelian crosses, hearts &c., attached to a gold or plated chain of a size suited to the taste of the owner, and worn by *gentlemen* who carry watches. It is getting quite *fashionable* for young men to "sport an establishment," and though it may seem to them very genteel, it is a practice which sensible people consider decidedly ridiculous and silly.

FEMALE MILITARY COMPANY.—A Company of Female Infantry and Lancers, from Pennsylvania, and New Jersey, visited New York on Tuesday. The Company is called the 'Fairy Light Guard,' and is said to be composed of some of the best educated and most esteemed young ladies of Peterson, and Elizabethtown, N. J., and of Harrisburg, Pa., and all its members between fourteen and eighteen years of age. A daughter of a late Governor of New Jersey is one of the Company. What in the world are we coming to? When the women take up *arms*, is it not time for the men to be looking to their rights?

P. S. The Company didn't visit New York as announced and the thing proves to be a humbug. Just as well!

EXECUTIONS IN MASSACHUSETTS.—Since the adoption of the Constitution of the State in 1780, there have been 87 individuals hung on the gallows, viz: 27 for murder, 16 for burglary, 9 for highway robbery, 6 for rape, 4 for arson, 2 for robbery, 1 for piracy—total 65 under State authority; under authority of the United States, 15 for murder, and 7 for piracy and murder. There are now 4 criminals under sentence of death; one in the State Prison, one in Worcester, one in Greenfield, and one in Taunton. Thomas Casey is the next criminal to be executed.—His year expires on the 15th inst.

A NOVEL RECEPTION.—The reception of Messrs Fillmore and Kennedy at Atalanta, Geo., was of the most exalting kind. It appears the citizens had arranged to have all the locomotives in the place fired up, and when the engine of the Augusta train, which had brought these gentlemen gave the signal, one of the loudest sort of *whistlings*, that ever chorussed a welcome to mortal man, took place. A very large concourse of people was present, who responded in one loud and long shout, which eclipsed the locomotives.

DISTURBANCE IN SHUTESBURY.—Four persons, viz: John O. Reed, Wm. Stetson, John Huskins, and John Winter, of Shutesbury, were arraigned before Justice Newcomb of Greenfield, on Thursday last, for making disturbance at a singing-school. The Baptists have had a singing-school for some time, and it has often been annoyed in its exercises by noisy persons. The school is kept by Mr. Marshall, who taught a singing-school in this place last winter.

LIBERAL.—Mr. Hiram Hutchinson, President of the Bank of Hamburg, S. C., has given $5000 to the South Carolina College, for the purpose of founding a scholarship to aid in the education of indigent young men of merit.

PRESENT FROM THE QUEEN.—A fugitive slave in the employ of Clark & Pond, millers at Fulton, N. Y., was sent to the State Fair last autumn, with a barrel of specimen flour for exhibition. It drew the first premium and was then given to the fugitive, who sent it to Queen Victoria. A few days since he received an autograph letter from the Queen, acknowledging the receipt of the flour and enclosed was $300 in return.

☞ The N. Y. Central Railroad Company on the 1st inst., established a new and important regulation—the recording of every check given for baggage, the destination, number, etc.

☞ A young lady, says one of our exchanges, remarked to a male friend that she would make a poor sailor. The gentleman promptly answered, "Probably—but I'm sure you would make an excellent *mate.*"

☞ Rev. Cyrus Yale, of New Hartford, has had a shock of paralysis, and it is not probable that he will be able to preach any more.

☞ Benjamin Kelley, a lad of six years, had his right hand cut off by a circular saw in a planing mill at South Boston on Friday.

☞ The Holyoke Carson League, with the aid of its friends, has raised a fund of $100,000 to be assessed one per cent per annum, if need be.

☞ The workmen on the Hampshire and Hampden railroad struck for higher wages, on Monday, when the contractors immediately discharged them and started for a new supply.

From California.

The steamer Star of the West, and Geo. Law, arrived at New York on Monday night. We have California dates to the 15th of Apr. The Star of the West brought $1,116,947 on freight, and $800,000 in the hands of the passengers; and the George Law brought $847,573 on freight—making an aggregate of nearly *three millions* by the two steamers. The two steamers also brought upwards of 1200 passengers.

The produce of the mines continues to be very large; a fact of which suspicions may be entertained on the Atlantic, by reason of the small export during the past quarter, but of which there is no doubt here, among those conversant with the general condition of the mines.

It appears, that there is to be no end to the Indian difficulties. In the South particularly, at the Indian Reserve on the Tejon, the red men are in peace, but in the North, on the Pitt and Mc Cloud rivers, there is a continued state of hostility. A battle, or rather a massacre occurred lately, in which 15 Indians were killed. Since the beginning of winter, 65 Mc Cloud Indians and 49 Pitt Indians have been shot down. Their offence was stealing.

The news from Lower California is, that the remnant of Walker's party was in full retreat for Texas, by way of New Mexico.—The whole force is now reduced to a total of 70—50 officers and 20 men, making just two and a half officers to a man, or two-fifths of a man to the command of an officer.

INDIAN HOSTILITIES.—An extra from the office of the San Antonio *Ledger*, dated the 17th April, gives intelligence that Mr Gallagher's ranch, about 23 miles from that city, had been attacked by a party of Comanche Indians, who killed an American named Forrester, knocked his wife down with clubs, and probably killed their four children. They also killed, or carried off, a man named Shepperd and his wife, and a large number of sheep. Parties had been sent out in pursuit of the Indians.

HIS CONSCIENCE TROUBLED HIM.—A man named John C. McKenzie, who was implicated with some seven others in the alleged killing of Eben Floyd, in Clinton county, Ohio, over four years ago, and who left the State at that time, returned on Saturday the 15th ult., and gave himself up to the Sheriff, declaring that he would rather suffer whatever penalty the law might inflict upon him, than to remain any longer a wandering outcast, away from his friends and his home.

THE TREATY WITH MEXICO.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y Journal of Commerce says the Mexican treaty will be sent, on Saturday, to Mexico, via. New Orleans, by the Mexican Minister, who has appointed Mr. Atocha as his special messenger. The packet which will take Mr. Atocha and the treaty will on the 14th. Gen. Gadsden is expected to go out in the same steamer. It is understood that the new project of a treaty leaves the President in the form in which it came out of the Senate.

ANOTHER MURDER IN KENTUCKY.—The *Louisville Democrat* relates the circumstances of another aggravated murder in Kentucky. In Scott county, two young men, James Toppass and Henry Glass, had quarrelled, and Toppass sent a challenge to Glass, coupled with a declaration that if he would not fight he would kill him on sight. After sending the challenge he started for home, and while passing by Glass's house was attacked by him and mortally wounded, being shot in three places.

SUDDEN DEATH.—The Woonsocket Patriot mentions the death under singular circumstances of Mr. Brian Sheridan, of that village. Mr. Sheridan was walking with a friend at the time, and looking round thought he saw a man following them. His friend endeavored to persuade him that he was deceived by his imagination, when he suddenly fell to the ground and expired almost instantly.

☞ At Erie, Pa, on Sunday last, during the morning service, the Catholic Church was so very crowded, in consequence of the presence of the Bishop, that the gallery gave way, precipitating the occupants to the ground. One person was instantly killed, and several others very badly injured, three of whom are not expected to recover.

LYNCHING A HANGMAN.—A man who was employed by the Sheriff of Franklin parish, Louisiana, to hang a convicted criminal, was, after the execution, seized by a mob, badly beaten, tarred and feathered, his right ear cut off, and in all probability he would have been killed, but for the arrival and interference of the Sheriff and his Deputy. The affair has since been undergoing a legal investigation.

SINGULAR.—The Patterson, N. J., Intelligencer gives a curious incident, connected with a late thunder storm, that we should be inclined to discredit if it came to us on any other than newspaper authority. A little girl was standing at a window before which was a young maple tree. After a brilliant flash of lightning, a complete image of the tree was found imprinted on her body.

OVER THE FALLS.—The Manchester Mirror says that a boat with a man in it was carried over Hooksett Falls, in the Merrimack river, on Saturday evening last, and the man was drowned. There were two men in the boat before it reached the Falls, one of whom jumped out and swam ashore.

WHO HAS LOST A PULPIT?—The Bridgeport Standard says that among the many articles which came floating down the Naugatuck river during the freshet, was a pulpit. It lodged near one of the Bridgeport depots.

☞ One thousand dollars were collected in Rev. Mr. Chapin's Church, New York, Sunday evening, to erect a monument to the late Rev. Hosea Ballou.

LOCAL MATTERS.

POLICE.—For violating the fourth commandment, Daniel and Patrick Dwyer were up before Justice Allen on Tuesday, and fined $5 and costs, amounting in all to $14,25.—They belong at Duckville.

On Wednesday, Phillip Lamb was tried before the same magistrate for drunkenness, for which offence he was fined $2 and costs, the whole sum amounting to $8,52.

On Tuesday, William F. Felton was arraigned before Justice Torrey for petty larceny and fined $7 and costs—the latter, of course, being a larger sum than the fine.

On Thursday, Hiram Bryant, employee in the Livery Stable of Mr. Durant, was up before Justice Ward, on two complaints—one for an assault upon Ezra Walker of Belchertown, and the other for stealing his hat. The circumstances of the case are these:—On Wednesday evening Walker hired Bryant to carry him home, but a dispute arose between them on reaching Boudsville, as to the pay and the distance he was to be carried. The dispute led to the summary ejection of Walker from the wagon, and, as he testified, to several blows from Bryant. The latter turned about, took Walker's hat—probably for pay—and came home. Bryant was fined $1 and costs on each complaint, the whole amounting to about $16. Wm. Benzer was arraigned on a charge of participating in the assault, but was discharged.

CONCERT.—The Union Singing School, at Warren, assisted by a company of "Antiquarian Vocalists," gave a concert on Thursday, the 4th inst., and repeated the same on Friday evening, under the direction of Mr. J. Waters. The pieces selected were of a high order, and the performance was very acceptable to a numerous and attentive audience. Few who heard it will ever forget the "Anthem for Easter," performed by the "old folks," or the spirit and zeal with which it was sung. Everything passed off well, and the whole affair was highly creditable to all concerned.

ACCIDENT.—A freight engine, followed by two or three cars, ran off the track near the depot at Warren, early on Saturday morning last, in consequence of a misplaced switch. The fireman was slightly injured. The engine was half buried in the sand-bank and a new track had to be laid, to permit the morning trains to pass.

CHARLES DWIGHT of Belchertown fell down in Brown's Hardware Store last Wednesday afternoon and was taken into the Tockwotton House in a state of insensibility. He recovered so as to be able to proceed home the same day.

DEDICATION.—The Methodist Church in the south part of Belchertown, having been repaired and essentially altered in the interior, was dedicated with appropriate services, last Wednesday. We believe meetings have not been held regularly in the church for a year or more.

REV. SILVESTER HINE, of the Congregational Church at Thorndike, has asked for a dismission. Ill health and insufficiency of salary are the reasons for this request.

PAUPERS arrive daily at the State Alms House, from all directions. On Tuesday a new born infant presented itself to the institution.

THE GREAT MENAGERIE.—We have heard of imposing Menageries in our time, and we have seen not a few that professed to be among the wonders of the age, but the Grand Combination Menagerie coming here, composed of Raymond's, Weeks' and several others, surpasses anything of the kind we have yet witnessed. Its collection of Animals is perfectly enormous; among them are some of the rarest character, and many that have not their parallel in this country. The Two Living Giraffes, imported from Egypt, last fall, by P. T. Barnum, form part of this famous Caravan. They are the only creatures of the sort in America, and are Colossal in their height as well as exquisite in their symmetry, their gentleness and beauty.—They cost $30,000, to get them here, and are esteemed as the "stars" even of this inimitable Menagerie. A visit to this Exhibition is a thing to be remembered for a lifetime.

☞ Some three years since a man named Clark Hubbard, of Walpole, N. H., wandered off in a fit of derangement, and no traces of him were discovered until last week, when his skeleton was found in a little clump of trees near the main road where he was last seen alive. The body was recognised by the clothing.

☞ A Mr. Henry Birchaid, feeling himself aggrieved by a newspaper paragraph in the *Milwaukie Free Democrat*, attacked the editor of that sheet with a large club, hit him on the head, threw him against a casing of a door with such force as to nearly break his arm, pulled his hair, scratched his face, &c, for which agreeable pastime he was fined $50.

DANGEROUS FALL.—A stage loaded with passengers, ran off an embankment twenty or thirty feet high, making a complete somerset in its descent, between Waterbury and Cheshire, Ct., on Wednesday last. Strange to say, none of the passengers were injured, although one of the horses was killed.

☞ On Friday night, steamer Pennsylvania collapsed a flue near Bordentown, N. J, killing a fireman named William White, Owen O. Malley, drover, and two others names unknown, and badly scalding several others. Several horses and mules were also killed.

☞ Tearing down show-bills is attended with a heavy penalty in New York, as a person was recently sentenced to the Penitentiary for three months for maliciously obliterating the show bills of a Broadway Theatre.

☞ In Philadelphia, during one of the thunder storm last week, a little boy was beating an iron hoop on the pavement in the neighborhood of Christian and Second streets, when a flash of lightning struck and beat it and threw it half way across the street. The boy was not injured. Calvin E. Nye was walking in one of the streets of Northampton during the thunder shower on Thursday of last week, when the lightning shivered a tree near by, prostrated him to the ground and instantly killed a dog by his side.

BURGLAR SHOT.—A burglar named Palmer was shot by a little negro boy, on the 1st instant, while robbing the house of Mrs. Arnett, in Augusta, Georgia. The boy, waking up in the night found the door open, and seizing the gun, gave the alarm, and shot the robber as he rushed down stairs. Palmer was dangerously wounded.

COMMITTED FOR TRIAL.—Mrs. Baker, the woman who shot Wm. O. Hoffman in a store at St. Louis several weeks since, has been examined and committed to jail for murder, to await the action of the Grand Jury. The prisoner has published a statement in the St. Louis papers, which it is thought palliates in some degree the magnitude of her crime.

A CLERGYMAN ARRESTED FOR MURDER.—We learn, says the *Catskill* (N. Y.) *Whig*, that Johnson, the Saugerties clergyman who has recently been deposed by his church, has been arrested and committed to prison, for drowning his wife and child last fall. Circumstances are brought to light which render the case clear enough to warrant a commitment.

ANOTHER FIRE IN NEW YORK.—A fire broke out at noon on Tuesday in Forsyth street, New York, which destroyed twenty buildings, an extensive brewery and a soap and candle factory. About fifty families were burnt out. Loss from $80,000 to $100,000.

☞ Another suit against the Providence and Worcester Railroad, brought by Jonathan C. Richmond of Harvard, to recover $5,000 for injuries received by himself at the Valley Falls collison, is pending in the Supreme court at Worcester. Mr Richmond's wife was killed by the same collison.

☞ At Ossipee, N. H., on Friday last, in the suit of Sanborn E. Carter vs. Boston Concord and Montreal railroad, for injuries received in September, 1852, the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff in the sum of $6,600. The case goes up on exceptions.

☞ The body of F. J. Wortman, of Green Bay, was found in the Fox river, on Saturday, 23d ult., where it had been since last fall. He was the private secretary of Rev Eleazer Williams, claimant to the throne of France.

DIVORCES were granted by the supreme court in Springfield on Friday, to Orrin Barton of Belchertown, from his wife, Mary E. Barton of Springfield; to Elizabeth H. Benway of Springfield, from her husband, Jerome Benway of Ludlow; and to Mary Jane Wolcott of Springfield, from her husband, Æneas Wolcott of parts unknown.

LOCKED UP.—A Mrs Coughlin of Chester persisted in violating the liquor law, notwithstanding she had been twice convicted and paid the penalty awarded by the court. She is now in the Hampden house of correction on a sentence of three months, with $20 fine and costs attached, for a third conviction.—*Rep.*

☞ A few days since, some workmen in Poughkeepsie engaged in sawing a locust log, which was perfectly sound, and probably one hundred years old, found a cavity in the center, containing a live toad seven pounds in weight.

☞ The American Association of Science has come to the conclusion that the phenomenon of "Spirit Rappings" is an epidemic governed by the same natural laws as the cholera, yellow fever, or any disease of like nature! What is the cure?

☞ In the Supreme Court at Lowell, on Tuesday, the owner of the Museum buildings, destroyed by fire, recovered $2000 of two Concord (N. H.) insurance companies, who refused to pay their risks upon technical grounds.

☞ Charles Goodwin has been fined $1 and costs, amounting to over seven dollars, for passing the toll bridge of the Cabot and West Springfield Bridge Co., with intent to evade paying toll.

☞ An only child of Robert Pomeroy of Westfield, aged two years, was scalded to death last Saturday by pulling over a kettle of boiling water.

CAT FIGHT.—In Holyoke, Mary Barry has been fined $2 and costs, in all $7,79, for spitting in the face of Hannah Foley.

THE *Hampshire Gazette* is endeavoring to interpret the "scientific" language used by the Amherst *Express*, for the benefit of the world in general and the readers of the *Express* in particular. The *Gazette's* last issue lets us into the secret of "*Hylodes Gryllus*" as follows:

A large bull-frog (*Hylodes Gryllus Bovinus*) was recently seen in the act of swallowing an enormous striped snake (*Storyca Striata*); when first seen, the frog had *bolted* nearly one-half, but could only get down the rest by beginning again at the tail end (*storycæ cauda*) and thus accomplished the feat!

EUROPE.—The latest arrival from Europe, brings no news in regard to the Eastern war. Cotton and breadstuffs had declined in price

☞ A man named James McKee, lately committed suicide by starvation, in the County jail at Minesville, Va., where he was confined for assault upon his wife with intent to kill. He had wilfully refused all nourishment for ten days.

NEW HUMBUG.—Hydroscopia is the name of a new species of humbug introduced into France; it is the art of evoking phantoms by means of a pail of water. It is quite popular in Paris, and has caused the degeneracy of Spiritual Rappings into mere divination.

☞ The *Roanoke Republican* states, that in the depot recently consumed by fire, at Weldon, N. C., while tobacco boxes, fish, lime, ploughs and iron boilers were consumed or spoiled, over 200 bags of guano were unscorched.

MARVIN FOSTER, a healthy farmer of Springfield, died almost instantly in his chair last Wednesday.

A drunken woman named Abby Keene, fell into the canal lock in Woonsocket, Sunday night and was drowned.

Andrew Williams has been arrested in New York for murdering his wife Rose.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills Wonderfully Efficacious in Curing a Scorbutic Eruption of Ten Years Standing.—Mr. Mackridge, ship's store dealer, of Prices-street, Liverpool, was afflicted for upwards of ten years with a violent scorbutic affection in the hand, which gave him so much pain and agony that his bodily health became affected. During this period he had the advice of several eminent practitioners but without obtaining the slightest relief. He then purchased of Mr. Thompson, chemist, Stanhope-street. Liverpool, some of Holloway's Ointment and Pills, and by perseverance in their use, he was very shortly cured of the disease, and restored to perfect health and strength.

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New Englaad States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

BORN.

In this place, 9th inst., at the Alms House, a daughter to the State.

At Belchertown, 23ult., a son to Francis Bishop.

MARRIED.

In Stafford Springs, Ct., 1st, by Rev Mr. Day, Lyman O. Nye and Harriet S Parkhurst, both of Barre.

At West Brookfield, 27th ult., by Rev S. Byington, Amasa Towne of Belchertown, and Mary Caroline, daughter of the late Rev W. W. Hunt of Amherst.

At Warren, 4th, by Rev G. M. Steele, William H. Lumbard of Brimfield,and Olive M. Baker of W.

DIED.

In this Village, 9th inst., Thomas Marshall, 62, late proprietor of the Union House.

In this Village, 4th inst., Richard, 3, son of Patrick Kelley.

In Monson, May 5th, Mrs. Mary Chandler, 79.

In New Salem, May 3d, Mrs. Lucy H. Pond, 65, wife of Prentice Pond.

In Enfield, May 2d, Mrs. Clementine, 49, wife of the late Horace Cutler.

At Amherst, 30th ult, John H. Bardwell, 34, son of Simeon Bardwell of Belchertown.

In Amherst, March 31, 1854, Sarah D., eldest daughter of James and Fidelia Kellogg, aged 31 years.

N. S. BARNES,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.
Rooms at the Nassowanno House.
Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

STACY & ALLEN,
——DEALERS IN——
Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware,Cooking and Parlor Stoves,Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS.
Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.
Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.
GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.
my 13 3tf

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,
Importers, and Jobbers
——OF——
English, Scotch, French, and German
DRY GOODS.
——ALSO——
Dealers in American Goods, in great variety.
Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.
47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street,
BOSTON.
my 13 tf3.

ALPACCAS,
Berages,
Cambrics,
De Laines,
English &
French Prints,
Gloves &
Hosiery,
Inserting & Edging,
Jeans & Linings,
Knitting Cotton, &
Linens White & Brown,
Muslins & Lawns,
Needles & Pins,
Oil Silks &
Poolins, Parasols &
Quality, & best quality of
Ribbed Silks,
Silk Shawls &
Tickings, Threads &
Undersleeves, Umbrellas,
Whalebones & Working Cotton,
Xtra Black Silk,
Yarn, Cotton & Wool,
Zunder's Worsted,
& lots of
Other Goods
CHEAP at
G. H. NEWTON'S.
Monson, May 13th, 1854. 3w3.

FOR a bbl. Xtra Flour, at the lowest price, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice all-wool Table Spread, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice Poplin, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

GREAT BROADWAY MENAGERIE!
FROM the City of New York. The most Magnificent and Extensive in the known World!

BEING accompanied by the two LIVING GIRAFFES! lately imported from Egypt, by way of Bremen, for P. T. Barnum,Esq., will be exhibited to the public, at PALMER DEPOT, on

Wednesday May 17th.
☞ Doors open at 1 o'clock P. M.

THE GIRAFFES
COLUSSUS and CLEOPATRA, male and female—the male being 18 feet in height, the female some 16 feet—are pronounced by competent judges more superior in size and formation to any before seen in Europe or America. These interesting animals will be exhibited in connection with the largest collection of living animals ever offered for inspection: consisting of two Elephants, Lions,Tigers, Zebras, Leopards, Llamas, and every species almost of prominent imported animals and birds, for the small charge of

25 CENTS.

No money taken at the door of the Menagerie. ☞ Admission only by Ticket, to be obtained at the office on the ground.

In this extensive collection of animals will be found 2 living Giraffes, or Cameleopards, male and female Elephants, Hannibal and Queen Ann —the former weighing 11,320 lbs., African Panther, Java Tiger, Brazilian Tigers, 2 Asiatic Lions and Lioness, African Lions, Black African Leopard, Asiatic Leopards, So. Am. Panther, African Zebra, Royal Tiger and Tigress, American Bears, Poonah Bear of Hindostan, the great Russian Bear, Burmese Cow, Llama, or Alpaca, English Stag, Chinese Sheep, Gazelle, Monkey's &c.; together with a large variety of birds,viz: Macaws, Storks, Crown Cranes, Cockatoos, Parrots, Silver and Golden Pheasants, Pegee Owl &c.; also the performing animals of HERR DRIESBACH and MR. LANGWORTHY! viz: Pair of Lions and Lioness, pair of Royal Bengal Tigers, Jaugar, Cougar, Leopards, Tiger, and Panther.

The Royal Bengal Tigers are the finest specimens ever exhibited, and the great feat of entering their dens has never before been performed by man.

Mr. Langworthy will introduce and perform the Elephant Ann, as well as the ponies and monkeys. Elephant Hannibal will be introduced with the Hoodah, or Saddle.

NOTICE
IS hereby given, that I shall pay no debts contracted by my daughter, Ann Maria Hattin, or pay any charges made for her by her mother, as I have offered to take the child and support it, but her mother refuses to give her up.
2 HIRAM M. HATTIN.

To Rent!
A Good Shop for a Tailoring and Clothing Store; 1 shop, 50 feet wide, with 10 horse water power; 1 Grist Mill, 3 runs stones; 2 good Tenements; 1 store, calculated for dry goods groceries, crockery &c.—large and convenient—best location in town; 4 rooms suitable for offices, millinery &c; 1 good wheelright, or wagon shop; all in good order. Possession given immediately.
☞ Pasturing for 25 heads of Cattle—cheap.
E. BOND.
Bondsville, May 6, 1854. 3w9

Daguerreotypes!
THE subscriber, having decided to remain for a while longer in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.
Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.
No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, May 6th, 1854. 3tf2

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
HAMPDEN ss.
At a Probate Court, holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the fourth Tuesday in April A. D. 1854.
A certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Alonzo Mixter, late of Palmer, in said County deceased, being now presented to me for Probate, by Nancy L. Mixter, of said Palmer, it is therefore ordered, that the consideration of the Probate thereof be referred to the Probate Court next to be holden at the Probate Office in Springfield, in said County on the first Tuesday in June next, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be given by the said Nancy to the heirs of the deceased, that they may then and there appear,and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should or should not be proved and allowed, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in The Palmer Journal,a newspaper printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to the time of holding said last mentioned Court. And also to give written notice thereof, by mail or otherwise, to all persons known to be interested in the estate of said deceased, not resident in said County of Hampden, whose residence is known to said Executrix. OLIVER B. MORRIS,
Judge of Probate.
Copy—Attest— HENRY SMITH,
2 Reg. of Probate

SILKS, black and fancy, striped and plain, at *NEWTON'S.*
Monson, April 29, 1854.

DE LAINES and Challies just received at *NEWTON'S*,Monson.

MERRIMACK Prints—9 yds for $1, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

ALPACCAS, from 14 c. to 83 c per yd., at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Molasses, Syrups, Oil, Lard &c., call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR nice Ladies' Gaiters, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Colored Carpet Warp, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

MONSON BANK!
THE Stockholders of the Monson Bank, having chosen a Board of Directors, the Subscriber would inform the Public that he has on hand and will constantly keep a good assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

which will be sold at low prices, for Cash, or approved credit. I can, and will sell goods as cheap (and may be cheaper) as my neighbors. My expenses being small, I can afford and *will* sell at a small advance from *first cost.* For the truth of this assertion please call and examine my stock and compare prices.
G. H. NEWTON.
Store nearly opposite Needham's Tailoring Establishment.
Monson, April 29, 1854. 1.

BURNING Fluid, for sale by *G. H NEWTON*, Monson.

TAPIOCA, Citron, Mace, Raisins &c, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson

TEA, good enough for a King, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
Hampden SS.
At a Probate Court, holden in Springfield, within and for said County, on the fourth Tuesday in April, A. D. 1854.
A certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Catharine Snow, late of Ludlow in said county, deceased, being now presented to me for Probate, by David Tenney, the Executor therein named; it is therefore ordered, that the consideration of the Probate thereof be referred to the Probate Court next to be holden at the Probate Office in Springfield, in said county, on the first Tuesday in June next, at ten of the clock in the forenoon and that notice thereof be given by the said Executor to the heirs of the said deceased, that they may then and there appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should, or should not be proved and allowed, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in *The Palmer Journal*, a newspaper printed in Palmer, three weeks successively, previous to the time of holding said last mentioned Court.
OLIVER B. MORRIS, Judge of Probate.
Copy—Attest—
HENRY SMITH, Reg. of Probate.
3wl.

INSURANCE.
Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
——AND——
ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
——ALSO FOR THE——
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield, will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR,from the highest to lowest grades,by E. B. MILES, Agt.
22

W 1 Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines,new styles just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by E. B. MILES. Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Salt! Salt!!
50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—for sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.

Lime!
A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.
Apr 22, '54. 52.

Window Glass!
150 Boxes American and German Glass, assorted sizes, for sale by
apr 22 52 E. BROWN.

Paints and Oils.
2000 lbs. Lewis' Pure Lead,
1000 " Jewett & Sons' do.,
1000 " Boston and Atlantic Pure do.,
1000 " No. 1 Zinc,
500 galls. English Linseed Oil.
For sale low by E. BROWN.
April 22, 1854. 52

Peas! Peas!!
MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

100 Rolls Carpetings.
ROCKWOOD & CO., Have in Store New Patterns, Velvet Tapestry, Brussels, 3 ply superfine, fine and common Carpetings, Bockings, Rugs, Oil Cloths and Straw Mattings, making a complete assortment, unequalled out of Boston, which we offer at the *lowest prices.*
J. T. ROCKWOOD.
HORACE C. LEE.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

ROCKWOOD & CO., Have opened the *SPRING FASHIONS of MILLINERY,* at the Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 516w

A Card---Removal.
BARGAINS.
TWO years ago, we made our humble bow to this purchasing community, pledging truthful representation and fair dealing, and solicited trade. If to the minutest transaction, such a course has not been carried out, it has not been because of any counter intention of ours. Our success has been such, that there is no chance for "halting between opinions," and we return grateful thanks to our friends.
Without further preamble, we beg leave to announce, that we have moved to the Brick Store, near the bridge, it having been enlarged and re-fitted in MODERN STYLE. We would call the attention of purchasers to a FRESH STOCK of
Dry Goods, Clothing, Crockery, and Glass Ware, Groceries, Paper Hangings, Boots and Shoes, &c. &c.
feeling confident that an examination of QUALITY and PRICES, will ensure a sale. In the
DRY GOODS
line, we offer in part, Rich Blk Silks, Striped, Plaid, Changeable, and Amure do. Mouss. and Persian, De Laines, Challies, Challi Berages, Messina Cloths, Ginghams, Lawns, Muslins, English and American Prints, all seasonable, and in pretty styles—also, Cashmere, Thibet and Brocha Shawls, Shirts, Curtain Muslins, Gloves and Hosiery, Edgings and Insertings, Threads, Flannels, Cambrics, Linens, Handkerchief's, Sheetings, bleached and Brown, Tickings, Stripes, Denims, &c. &c, with many other articles that we have not space to enumerate.
Ready Made Clothing.
A large assortment, and worthy the attention of buyers. Also, a large lot of
BOOTS and SHOES, marked ☞ *LOW.* together with PAPER HANGINGS, including a variety of patterns, at cheap prices.
Crockery and Glass Ware,
to which we invite attention, *CALL and SEE.*
GROCERIES,
comprising Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Coffees, Spices, Soaps, Fish, Ham, Pork, Lard, Dried Beef, Tobacco and Snuff, Sugars, Flour, Oil, Pepper Sauce, Mustard, Cocoa, Broma, Chocolate, Raisins, Starch, Salaratus, &c. &c. with many things not mentioned.
*** We do not suppose, that we have any EXTRAORDINARY FACILITIES for buying or selling. We have no idea that we can sell goods LESS THAN COST, and make money, but we CAN and WILL sell for a SMALL ADVANCE. We shall adhere to former pledges, and strive to serve you acceptably, hoping that the result will be mutually beneficial.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, April 15, 1854. 51tf

Grand Opening of New Spring Goods AT WILSON & CO.'S Great Dry Goods Warehouse,
THE largest and most elegant stock of ☞ *DRY GOODS* ☜ *Ever exhibited in Springfield, or this region.*
We cannot here enumerate, but suffice to say, that EVERY DEPARTMENT is full of
NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS.
SILK DEPARTMENT.
SHAWL DEPARTMENT,
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,
EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT,
Are worthy the particular attention of purchasers, while the *HOUSEKEEPING and DOMESTIC GOODS* department, are not wanting in goods of every kind, in this line. Hosiery, Gloves, with all the small wares usually found in Dry Goods or Fancy Stores.
MILLINERY ROOMS.
The best in New England, with help fully competent to compete with any in or out of New York. Ladies will always find the latest
Paris and New York Fashions
at our rooms. MANTILLAS and VISITES, the best assortment in the city, or made to order.
CARPET ROOMS
filled with the largest stock ever shown in the city, from the cheapest Cotton to the richest Velvet.
OIL CLOTHS,
ALL WIDTHS MATTINGS.
Best Live Geese Feathers,
BEST HAIR MATTRESSES.
We also keep every other description of Mattresses.
PAPER HANGINGS.
A very large and entirely new Stock of every style of papers.
The whole comprising as before stated, the
☞ LARGEST STOCK OF DRY GOODS ☜
ever offered in Springfield, at prices defying all competition at home or abroad. We have so far endeavored to serve our customers to the best of our ability, by offering at all times a very large stock, at reasonable prices. We take this occasion to return our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received since our removal to our present store one year since, and will say that no effort will be spared to merit its continuance and increase. We invite the particular attention of purchasers of Dry Goods from abroad, to the advantages we can offer them, both in selections and prices.
Great Dry Goods Warehouse,
the largest, best lighted, and most convenient and elegant Store in New England out of Boston.
WILSON & CO. Proprietors.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 3weow51
☞ In the New York state lunatic asylum last year, there were 14 admissions from the effects of spiritual rapping.

Paper Hangings!
GREAT STOCK!
THE LARGEST and BEST assortment of *FRENCH & AMERICAN PAPERS*
ever offered in Springfield—all new—direct from the importers and manufacturers, embracing the most beautiful styles
FOR ROOMS OF EVERY DISCRIPTION,
in the lowest and high cost papers, also
BORDERS IN GREAT VARIETY,
—also—
FIRE-BOARD PAPER & TRANSPARENT CURTAINS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
GILT CORNICES, &C., &C.,
wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, at
WILSON & CO.'s
Great Dry Good Store.
Springfield, March 11, 1854. 6teow 47.

STUART'S Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.
MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.
Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:
Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.
H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.
Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 20,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate,* and *absolutely certain.*
CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.
Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.
Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.
☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Billious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.
Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.
CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!
The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.
For sale by the above named Agents.
N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!
A general assortment—for sale by O. H. BIDWELL.
Apr 1st, 1854. 50

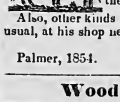
300 Pieces
BERAGES, Tissues, Donna Marias, Lawns, Muslins, Jaconets, French Prints, Brilliantes, Ginghams, Poplins, Raw Silk Plaids, embracing the best makes and Styles, ever brought to Springfield,
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

100 Pieces Dress Silks.
CONSISTING of Black Silks, best makes, Plaid, Stripes, and Brocade of every desirable color, some of which were bought at Auction, and will be sold *VERY CHEAP*
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

J. PARKER, & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),
——DEALERS IN——
Foreign and American Marble,
MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.,; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,
44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Nails! Nails!!
100 Casks, assorted sizes—for sale low by E. BROWN.
apr 22, 51.

Horse Shoeing.



THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner. at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

Wooden Ware!
FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Plows! Plows!!
RUGGLES, Nonrse, Mason & Co., Whitemore, Squier & Co., or Belcher's. The Subscriber has now in stock a full assortment of
Plowb, Shares and Cultivators,
from the above celebrated manufacturers, and for sale at factory prices.
E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854.

Hardware and Cutlery.
THE largest stock, the best assortment, and for sale on the most favorable terms ever before offered in Eastern Hampden—by
E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51.

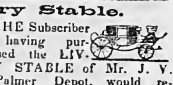
Grass Seed!
CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

FOR any Dry Goods or Groceries, which you want, or may have wanted, or your friends want, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

A CARD.
THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.
Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.
E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

Livery Stable.



THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mathew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepaed to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omnibusses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. 1tf51.

REMOVAL.
J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

MARRIAGE,
HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?
That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.
Many of the cause of her sufferings at first perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,
When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.
What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING
To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still,—not incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER
Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,
And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that consperience which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS
By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.
In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.
BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.
One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., *pp.* 250. *Price,* 50 cts.
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]
First published in 1847, and it is not
SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,
Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly
HALF A MILLION COPIES
should have been sold.
It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.
UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES
Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.
BE NOT DEFRAUDED!
Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.
LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!
No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.
To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Title-page and Index of Contents,* together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.
When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be Ignorant.
☞ On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition extra binding,) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*until ordered to any part of the United States.* All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publication Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.
For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Breare, Marblehead; Bullard & Meesenger, Clinton; H. T Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 13 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 128 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,
FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,
for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags.
Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.
Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

Just Received,
A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.
AT - - - J. BOWLES,
tf48. Nassowanno Block

Written for the Journal.

The Dying Girl.

In a rustic woodland cottage, half hid among the trees,
Where nought is heard save bubbling brooks and sighings of the breeze,
A little child once gay and blithe, now agonizing lay,
Beneath Consumption's mighty hand, which claimed her as its prey.

Scarcely four summer suns had passed since to her friends was given
The trust of her immortal soul, to fit for bliss and Heaven;
But now the solemn hour had came when God recalled the prize
To deck the bower of angels bright, beyond the sunny skies.

'Twas at the hour of twilight, when we stood beside her couch,
Where the bright, bright rays of sunset dwelt with a lingering touch,
As we gazed, a silent whisper from her white lips seemed to come—
O, I am very weary; mother, may I go home?

Bright angels heard that whisper; and on their wings of love
Had borne the simple message to the heavenly courts above—
Then from the realms of glory celestial seraphs came
To answer the petition; yea, to bear her spirit home.

The spirit left the body, and with the angelic band
Soared to the fadeless pleasures of the celestial land,
Where, freed from sin and sorrow, she sings the rapturous song
Of salvation and redeeming love, with all the blood washed throng.—[EMERANCY.

Thorndike, May, 1854.

Written for the Journal.

The First May-Flower.

Meek and innocent it looked,
Just peeping from the ground,
And methought as it I plucked
From off the leafy mound,
How like "the pure in heart" it seem'd;
The white and spotless part,
That from its petal sprang, I deem'd
Was like the Christian's heart.

Far sweeter than the rosy tint
Upon the maiden's cheek,
Far purer 'twas and innocent,
More lovely and more meek;
'Twas like a child upon its knees,
With eyes upturn'd to Heav'n,
Imploring Him, who all things sees,
Its sins might be forgiv'n. E. E. F.

Palmer, May 8th, 1854.

☞An excellent writer has very truly said that 'looking at a map of the United States, one might almost fancy ancient history and modern geography had been chopped up and put in a bag, and then scattered abroad over the land.'

☞"Sonny do your know your letters?" "Yes, sir, two of 'em." "Possible! what are they?" "Let 'er go and let 'er rip!" "Smart boy; go to the tub and wet your hair- a brain of such fertility can't be kept too moist."

☞Mr. Aaron Howe of Springfield, has been taming a rat. The little fellow is as harmless and playful as a kitten.

☞ANOTHE BEARDED LADY.—A bearded woman, a native of Hardin County, Ky., is about to be exhibited at Louisville.

☞Our possessions are wholly in our performances. He *owns* nothing to whom the world *owes* nothing.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(*Nassowunno Block.*)

A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Store Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 29. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.

An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,

SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order.
jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

THE RENOWNED REMEDY

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

This extraordinary Ungent is compored of the most healing Balsams, and when used in accordance with the directions which accompany each pot, will insure cures when all other means fail. Cases of the most desperate Skin diseases readily yield to its efficacy. It is famous when used in cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Contracted or Stiff Joints. In Asthma it will do wonders f well rubbed into the Chest.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFULOUS ULCERS—A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON, ENGLAND.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor o Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir:—Mrs. Sarah Dixon of Liquorpond Street, Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers on her arms, feet, legs and other parts of her body; and although the first of medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of suffering, but gradually grew worse.

Being recommended by a friend to try your Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of the Pills, and before that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the medicines for a short time longer, according to the directions, and strictly adhering to your rules as to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health.

I remain Dear Sir, yours truly.
J. NOBLE.
Dated Aug. 12, 1853.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near Begnor, Sussex, dated Jan. 12, 1853.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir:—I suffered for a considerable period from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at leng h settled in my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. My sufferings were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pills. I did so without delay, and am happy to say the result was eminently successful, for they effected a radical cure of my leg, and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in the neighborhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.

I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful Servant.
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Coco boy, Chigo foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns(Soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin diseases, Scurvy, Sore heads Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 cents, 87 cents and $1.50 each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.

☞There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
Dr. WM. HOLBROOK, agent for Palmer.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.

PULVERMACHER'S

HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAINS are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases—

Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Hysterics pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Cannochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.

Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at 1?50 CONKEY'S.

HORACE C. LEE, having discontinued business on his own account, has an interest in business from March 1st, with Mr. J. T. ROCKWOOD, under the firm of
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 1, 1854. 6w51

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!

MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrotula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it smiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.

DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.

AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Willbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium*, *Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs and Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

Prepared by *A. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.

NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.

Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G. A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. tim36.

Dentistry.

J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.

In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.

His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.

The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.

☞Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Inviolable Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs;
Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards:
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4 7tf

Try it! Try it!!

IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.

Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."

DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!

The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the

SOVEREIGN REMEDY!

This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will, in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.

Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."

When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.

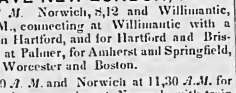
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.

The Depot for Dr Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macaronick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.

Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.

AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Willbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1853-4.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 *A. M.* Norwich, 8,12 and Willimantic, 8,55 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with a train from Hartford, and for Hartford and Bristol; and at Palmer, for Amherst and Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

*10,30 *A. M.* and Norwich at 11,30 *A.M.* for Willimantic, connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester and Boston.

*2,00 *P. M.* Norwich, 2,40 and Willimantic, 3,30 P. M., connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester; at Willimantic for Hartford, and at Palmer for Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE PALMER, AT

6,00 *A. M.* Willimantic, 8,55 and Norwich, 9,40 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with train for Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with Steamers for Stonington.

2,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 *P. M.* and Norwich at 3,10 *P. M.* connecting at Norwich with train for Worcerter and Boston.

*Freight trains with Passenger cars attached.

Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

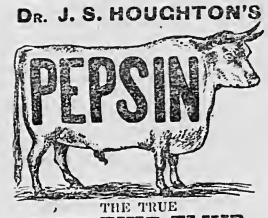
A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from New London, (Cabin) $3,00.
" " (Deck) 2,60.
Stonington, 2,50.
WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, December 1, 1853.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.

This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations* Pepsin is *not a Drug*.

Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.

AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf29

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently enring the worst nervous diseases.

The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer.
sept 24. 1y33

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
AND
Blood Purifier.

DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.

The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.

If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles.
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.

Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,

It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,

It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier. For Chills and Fever, Mercurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.

Full Directions on the Bottle.

☞ *PRICE* $1,00.☜

HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,

Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.☜

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.

This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.

No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.

☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*☜

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Killer.

This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.

☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*☜

Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.

ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms.,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—

Superior and medium Velvet Pile,
" " Brussels,
" " Tapestry Brussels,
" " Kiddermaster,
Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.

We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3m48.

Flour and Grain!

50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Dress Making.

HAVING secured the services of two experienced Dress Makers, we feel confident of suiting all who may want any work done in that line. MRS. W. CONKEY.
Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 5. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1854. NUMBER 4.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—The space occupied by 100 words, or that occupied by 14 Brevier lines, constitutes a *square*. One square one week 75 cents; 3 weeks $1. Each insertion afterwards 20 cents. One square 6 months $5—one year $9. One-half square or less—1 week 50 cents; two weeks 75 cents. Each after insertion 15 cents. One-half a square 6 months $3—1 year $5. Twenty-five per cent advance for continuance inside, after one week. Legal advertising of all kinds, such as Insolvent and Probate Notices, Sales on Execution &c., not less than 25 per cent in advance of ordinary rates. Special notices 33 1-3 per cent advance of ordinary rates.

Cards of acknowledgement, religious notices and the like, one insertion, 50 cents per square. Political notices, calls for conventions and semilar meetings to be charged the same as other notices or advertisements similarly published. Notices in news columns 10 cents per line, one insertion, but no charge made of less than 50c.

Discounts will be made to merchants advertising at the above rates to the amount of $20 pr. annum, of not more than ten per cent; $30—15 per cent; $40—20 per cent; $50—25 per c.; and on $75, or over, 33 1-3 per cent.

Births, marriages and deaths inserted without charge; but all additions to the ordinary announcements, as obituary notices, funeral appointments &c., charged at 4 cents per line—no charge being less than 25 cents.

☞From transient advertisers and patent medicine agents, cash will be demanded in advance, save in cases of special arrangement, or where a local reference is given.

***The above rates are adopted by all weekly newspapers published in the five Western Counties of the State.

The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in our name:

Three Rivers, A. Shumway,—Thorndike, A. R. Murdock.—Bondsville, N. D. Wight,—Belchertown, H. A. Longley,—Collins' Depot, W. Collins,—Monson, T. F. Packard,—Monson, *South Factory*, W. Converse,—Monson, *North Factory*, F. S. Smith,—Wales, J. C. Royce,—Stafford Springs, J. H. Nutting,—Stafford Hollow, H. A. Converse.—Warren, T. H. Knight,—Palmer Centre, E. Turner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Guilty Phantom.

SIR Walter Scott tells the following singular story of a guilty phantom. Sir Walter was a believer in ghosts. It is said his "Tapestried Chamber," which appeared originally in the London *Keepsake* and which is now embodied in all the complete editions of his works recently published, he assures his readers, was founded on fact. So he believed to be the basis of the Guilty Phantom.

"I cannot forbear giving you an instance of a guilty formed phantom, which made considerable noise some twenty years ago, or more. I am, I think, tolerably correct in details, though I have lost the account of the trial. Jarvis Matcham—such, if I am not mistaken, was the name of my hero—was pay-sergeant in a regiment, where he was so highly esteemed as a steady and accurate man, that he was permitted opportunity to embezzle a considerable part of the money placed in his hands for pay of soldiers, bounty of recruits—then a large sum—and other charges which fell within his duty. He was summoned to join his regiment from a town where he had been in a recruiting service, and this, perhaps, under some shade of suspicion. Matcham perceived that discovery was at hand and would then have deserted, had it not been for the presence of a little drummer lad, who was the only one of his party appointed to attend him. In the desperation of his crime he resolved to murder the poor boy and make his escape. He meditated this wickedness the more readily, that the drummer, he thought, had been put as a spy on him. He perpetrated his crime; and, changing his dress after the deed was done, made a long walk across the country to an inn on the Portsmouth road, where he halted and went to bed, desiring to be called when the first Portsmouth coach came. The waiter called him accordingly; but long after remembered, that when he shook the guest by the shoulder, his first words as he awoke, were, 'My God, I did not kill him.'

Matcham went to the seaport by the coach and instantly entered as an able bodied landsman or marine, I know not which. His sobriety and attention to duty, gained him the same good opinion of the officers in his new service, which he enjoyed in the army. He was afloat for several years, and behaved remarkably well in some actions. At length the vessel came into Plymouth, was paid off and some of the crew, among whom was Jarvis Matcham, were discharged as being too old for service. He and another seaman resolved to walk to town and took the route by Salisbury. It was when within two or three miles of this celebrated city, that they were overtaken by a tempest so sudden and accompanied by such vivid lightning and thunder so dreadfully loud, that the obdurate conscience of the old sinner began to be awakened. He expressed more terror than seemed natural for one who was familiar with the war of the elements and began to look and talk so wildly, that his companion became aware that something more than usual was the matter. At length Matcham complained to his usual companion, that the stones rose from the road and flew after him; he desired the man to walk on the other side of the highway, to see if they would follow him when he was alone. The sailor complied and Matcham still complained that the stones still flew after him, but did not pursue the other. 'But what is worse,' he added, coming up to his companion and whispering in a tone of misery, and fear, 'who is that little drummer boy and what business has he to follow us so closely?'

'I can see no one,' answered the seaman, infected by the superstition of his associate.

'What! not see that boy with the bloody pantaloons!' exclaimed the secret murderer, so much to the terror of his comrads, that he conjured him, if he had anything on his mind, to make a clear conscience, so far as his confession could do it. The criminal fetched a deep groan and declared, that he was unable longer to endure the life which he had led for years. He then confessed the murder of the drummer and added, that, as a considerable reward had been offered, he wished his comrads to deliver him up to the magistrates of Salisbury, as he would desire a shipmate to profit by his fate, which he was now convinced was inevitable.

Having overcome his friend's objection to this mode of proceeding, Jarvis Matcham was surrendered to justice accordingly and made a full confession of guilt.—But before the trial the love of life returned. The prisoner denied the confession and plead not guilty. By this time, however, full evidence had been procured from other quarters. Witnesses appeared from his former regiment to prove his identity with the murderer and deserter, and the waiter remembered the ominous words which he had spoken when he awoke him to join the Portsmouth coach. Matchem was found guilty and executed. When his last chance of life was over, he returned to his confession, and with his dying breath averred, —and truly, as he thought,—the vision on Salisbury Plain.

OLD HICKORY.—George Lippard thus sets up General Jackson. The portrait is good:

He was a man! Well do I remember the day I waited upon him. He sat there in his arm-chair—I can see the old warrior's face, with the snow white hair, even now. We told him of the public distress—the manufacturers ruined, the eagles shrouded in crape, which were borne at the head of twenty thousand men into Independence Square. He heard us all. We begged him to leave the deposits where they were, to uphold the great Bank of Philadelphia.

Still he did not say a word. At last one of our number, more fiery than the rest, intimated that if the Banks were crushed, a rebellion might follow. There is the old man—I can see him yet.

'Come,' he shouted in a voice of thunder, as his clenched right hand was raised above his white hairs, 'come with bayonets in your hands instead of petitions—I am ready for you all! by the Eternal! with the people at my back, whom your gold can neither buy nor awe, I will swing you up round the Capitol, each one of you, on a gibbet as high as Haman's.'

NEVER TOO OLD TO LEARN.—Socrates, in extreme old age, learned to play on musical instruments; Cato, at 80 learned the Greek language; Plutarch, at 70 began Latin; Boccacio, at 52 began to study polite literature; Sir Henry Spellman began scientific studies between 50 and 60; Colbert renewed his studies in Latin and law at 60; Dr. Johnson engaged in the study of Dutch a few years previous to his death; Ludovico Monaldesco, at the age of 115 wrote the memoirs of his own times; Ogelbi, translator of Homer and Virgil, knew nothing of Latin and Greek till past 50; Franklin's philosophical pursuits were not fully commenced till his 50th year; Dryden, in his 67th year, began the translation of the Illiad.

A Touching Relic of Pompeii.

IN digging out the ruins of Pompeii, every turn of the spade brings up some relics of the ancient life—some witness of imperial luxury. For far the greater part, the relics have a merely curious interest; they belong to archaeology and find appropriate resting places in historical museums.

But there are some exceptions. Here, for instance, the excavator drops in, an uninvited guest, upon a banquet; there he unexpectedly intrudes himself into a tomb. In one place he finds a miser cowering on his heap; another shows him bones of dancing girls, and broken instruments of music lying on the marble floor. In the midst of painted chambers, baths, halls, columns, fountains—among the splendid evidences of material wealth—he sometimes stumbles on a simple incident, a touching human story, such as strikes the imagination and suggests the mournful interest of the great disaster—as the sudden sight of a wounded soldier conjures up the horrors of a field of battle.

Such, to our mind, is the latest discovery of the excavators in this melancholy field. It is a group of skeletons in the act of flight, accompanied by a dog. There are three human beings—one of them a young girl, with gold rings and jewels still on her fingers. The fugitives had a bag of gold and silver with them—snatched up, no doubt, in haste and darkness. But the fiery flood was on their track—and vain their wealth—their flight, the age of one, the youth of the other. The burning lava rolled above them and beyond and the faithful dog turned back to share the fortunes of his mistress—dying at her side.

Seen by the light of such an accident, how vividly that night of horror looms upon the sense! Does not imagination picture the little group in their own house, by the side of their evening fountain, languidly chatting over the day's events and the unusual heat? Does it not hear with them, the troubled swell of the waters in the bay? See as they do, how the night comes down in sudden strangeness? How the sky opens overhead and flames break out, while coræ, sand, and moulten rocks come pouring down? What movement—what emotion—what surprise! The scene grows darker every instant—the hollow monotone of the bay is lifted into yells and shrieks—the air grows thick and hot with flames—and at the mountain foot is heard the deadly roll of the liquid lava. Jewels, household gods, gold, and silver coins, are snatched up on the instant. No time to say farewell; darkness in front, and fire behind, they rush into the street—streets choked with falling houses, and flying citizens. How find the way through passages, which have no longer outlets? Confusion, danger, darkness, uproar everywhere; the shouts of parted friends, the agony of men struck down by falling columns; fear, madness, and despair unchained; here penury clutched gold it could not keep—there gluttony, feeding on its final meal, and frenzy striking in the dark to forestall death. Through all, fancy hears the young girl's screams—the fire is on her jeweled hand. No time for thought—no pause—the flood rolls on—wisdom, beauty, age, and youth, with all the stories of their love, their hopes, their rank, wealth, and greatness—all the once affluent life gone forever.

When unearthed after many ages, the nameless group has no other importance to mankind than as it may serve to point a moral, or adorn a tale.

THINGS I HAVE SEEN.—I have seen the most worthless and lazy fellows dress the most fashionably.

I have seen the most talented young men turn tipplers and die drunkards.

I have seen men who made much noise about bravery and daring exploits: and

I have seen the same men run away from a goose.

I have seen men run in debt without any probability of being able to make payment.

I have seen a man urging another to become a candidate for office: and

I have seen the same fellow vote against him at the election.

I have seen parents urging their children to marry against their inclinations: and

I have seen a lovly young girl marry a rich old bachelor merely for his wealth: and

I have seen the same girl die, broken hearted, within a year.

I have seen the young and beautiful, the talented, marry a dashing, brainless fop, because he, too, was rich: and

I have seen them ever after, drag out a wretched, miserable life.

☞An attorney, about to furnish a bill of costs, was requested by his client, a baker, "to make it as light as he could." "Ah!" replied the attorney, "that's what you may say to your foreman, but it's not the way I make my bread."

THE QUESTION.—Who was Richard, just before he was "himself again?" Answers to be returned in a one horse market basket.

Wonderful Works of the Creator.

THE mariner who first crossed the Central Atlantic in search of a new world was astonished when, on the 19th of September, 1492, he found himself in the midst of that great bank of sea-weed—the sea-weed meadows of Oviedo—the Saragosga sea, which, with a varying breadth of one hundred to three hundred miles, stretches over twenty-five degrees of latitude, covering two hundred and thousand square miles in surface, like a huge floating garden, in which countless myriads of minute animals find food and shelter. Now, it is the eddy of numerous sea rivers, which collect in one spot, and the cold water of the Northern Atlantic mixing with the warm streams of the southern and western currents, which produce the temperature most fitted to promote this amazing developement of vegetable and animal life. What becomes of the dead remains of this vast marine growth? Do they decompose as fast as they are produced?—or do they accumulate into deposits of peculiar coal, destined to reward the researches of future geologist and engineers, when the Atlantic of our day has become the habitable land of an after time? In the chart of the Pacific Ocean we are presented with another remarkable instance of the influence of sea rivers on vegetation.

From the shores of South Victoria, on the Antarctic continent, a stream of cold water, sixty degrees in length, (the reader will recollect, that in high latitudes the degrees of longitude are very narrow), drifts slowly along in a north-east and easterly direction across the Southern Pacific until it impinges upon the South American coast to the south in Valparaiso. There it divides into two arms, one of which stretches south and east, doubles Cape Horn and penetrates into the South-western Atlantic; the other flows north-east and then north-west along the coast of Chili and Peru, carrying colder waters into the warm sea, and producing a colder air along the low plains which stretch from the shores of the Pacific to the Andes. This current, discovered by Humboldt and called after his name lowers the temperature of the air about twelve degrees, while that of the water itself is sometimes as much as twenty-four degrees colder than that of the still waters of the ocean through which it runs. The cold air seriously affects vegetation along the whole of the coast;—at the same time that the cold stream raises fogs and mists, which not only conceal the shores and perplex the navigator, but extend inland also, and materially modify the climate.

The beautiful and benificent character of modifying influence becomes not only apparent, but most impressive when we consider, as the rain-map of the world shows us, that on the coast of Peru no rain ever falls; and, that like the Desert Sahara, it ought therefore to be condemned to perpetual barenness. But in consequence of the cold stream thus running along its borders "the atmosphere looses its transparency, and the sun is obscured for months together. The vapors at Lima are often so thick that the sun seen through them with the naked eyes assumes the appearance of the moon's disc. They commence in the morning, and extend over the plains in the form of refreshing fogs, which disappear soon after mid-day and are followed by heavy dews, which are precipitated during the night." The morning mists and evening dews thus supply the place of the absent rains, and the verdure which covers the plains is the offspring of a sea-river. What a charming myth would the ancient poets have made out of this striking condensation!—*Edinburgh Review.*

SHAWLS.—An Ohio paper says that the fashion of dandies wearing shawls had origin in that State, and in the following manner:—A swell who had attended a party, got so much intoxicated that he could not tell a cloak from a shawl, and therefore, on retiring, took a shawl, supposing he had his cloak, and marched with it though the streets. The small fry seeing what was done, thought a new fashion had come, and fell in with it at once.

GIFTS.—The best thing to give your enemy, is forgiveness; to your opponent, tolerance; to a friend, your heart; to your child, a good example; to a father, deference; to your mother, conduct that will make her proud of you; to yourself, respect; to all men charity; to God, obedience.

☞General Hayne, the great antagonist of Webster in Congress, was buried in the cemetery of St. Mitchael's Church, Charleston. A plain white marble monument marks his grave, that, together with the gravestones of his family, is enclosed within a hedge of neatly clipped low cedar bushes, ever fresh and green.

☞The guilt that feels not its own shame is wholly incurable. It was the redeeming promise in the fault of Adam, that with the commission of his crime, came the sense of his nakedness.—W. G. Simms

Hollow.

I stood beneath a hollow tree—
The blast it hollow blew—
I thought upon the hollow world,
And all its hollow crew;
Ambition and its hollow schemes,
The hollow hopes we follow,
Imagination's hollow dreams,
All hollow, hollow, hollow!

A crown it is a hollow thing,
And hollow heads oft wear it;
The hollow title of a King,
What hollow hearts oft bear it!
No hollow wiles, or honeyed smiles
Of ladies fair, I follow;
For beauty sweet still hides deceit,
All hollow, hollow, hollow!

The hollow leader but betrays
The hollow dupes who heed him;
The hollow critic vends his praise
To hollow fools who feed him;
The hollow friend who takes your hand,
Is but a summer swallow;
Whate'er I see is like this tree,
All hollow, hollow, hollow!

"Look on the Bright Side."

There is in earth enough of beauty to warm, to cheer and enliven the heart, were it but looked upon with an eye to see, a mind to feel it.

Look on the bright side. Surround yourself with forms and hues of beauty—"a thing of beauty is a joy for ever." Thus, if you would be joyous, and who would not, cultivate a taste for the beautiful; and what so beautiful—ever renewing their youth and beauty—as the things with which God has surrounded us?

Then let that majestic elm wave its branches in lofty freedom. Suppose it would make so many feet of boards, let it stand, as you would be happy in a shady, beautiful home. Leave that little patch for wife and children to scatter flower-seeds in the spring time. Suppose you could raise so many potatoes upon it; leave it if you would meet joyous, smiling faces.

Indeed, surround, in country and city, your homes with the beautiful, that your eye, resting upon it, may be insensibly but surely attracted to that perfect beauty of soul which, if you make it yours, shall one day bear you where none will say, "look on the bright side," since every side will be bright with purity; bright with love, for "God is love."

VERY PRETTY.—We don't know who is the author of the following little bit of music. It is rather pretty, however, and quaint enough to have been written before the days of 'Good Queen Bess:'

Spring is coming! Hear the drumming of the pheasant, all so pleasant, 'mid the budding of the trees, and the singing of the bees in the distant, quiet wildwood, where the steps of childhood seek, in summer's sultry hours, cooling shades beneath the bowers, formed in arches wild and grand by the God of nature's hand; where the tiny and the sturdy (if my music be not too wordy) both unite in one acclaim, singing on in nature's name, and fulfilling each their mission, live, but only in tradition. Spring is coming—coming, coming.—On every side, scattering wide, see the farmer cast the grain; for he knows he throws the seed upon the ground so well prepared around, that, with sunshine and with rain, the harvest will appear as in each former year.

APPARENT DEATH BY LIGHTNING.—E. Merriam, the meteorologist, in a letter to the *New York Herald*, renews the recommendation to apply cold water freely to persons who have been struck by lightning. He says:

"In all cases where persons are struck down by lightning, use cold water upon the body for hours; don't be discouraged if immediate success is not attained, but continue to persevere; and if, after three or four hours drenching, animation is not restored, add salt to the water, and continue the drenching. I have an account of a person struck down by lightning on Staten Island, several years ago, who was restored after several hours drenching with cold water. This case alone is sufficient to prompt exertions in all cases beyond the time usually devoted to restoration of animation in cases where persons have been struck down by lightning."

A REMNANT OF ANCIENT SUPERSTITION.—A German, known as Dutch Charlie, was recently murdered in Colorado county, Texas. As the body was surrounded by people, an Irishman proposed that those present should successively place their hands upon the body of the deceased—believing that whenever the murderer touched it the wounds would commence bleeding anew. The suggestion was acted upon, and, says a correspondent of the Richmond (Texas) *Inquirer*, as soon as a man named Hiltebrant applied his hand, the blood began to flow. Hiltebrant was arrested, and shortly afterwards committed suicide by hanging himself.

☞Whenever we find our temper ruffled towards a parent, a wife, a sister, or a brother we should pause and think, that in a few more months or years they will be in the spirit land, watching over those left behind.

The Fourth of July will be celebrated in grand style in Woonsocket.

VENEZUELA.—The 19th of April was the day fixed for the abolition of slavery in Venezuela.

Dark Hours.

There are dark hours that mark the history of the brightest year. For not a whole month in any of the millions past has the sun shone brilliantly all the time. And there have been cold and stormy days in every year. And yet the mists and shadows of the darkest hours were dissipated, and flitted heedless away. The cruelest of ice fetters have been broken and dissolved, and the furious storm looses its power to harm.

And what a parable is this all, of human life, of our inside world, where the heart works at its destined labors. Here, too, we have the overshadowing of dark hours, and many a cold blast chills the heart to its core. But what matters it? Man is born a hero, and it is only by darkness and storm that heroism gains its greatest and best development and illustration—when it kindles the black cloud into a blaze of glory, and the storm bears it more rapidly to its destiny. Despair not, then. Never give up: while one good power is yours, use it. Disappointment will be realized. Mortifying failure may attend this effort and that one; but only be honest, work on, and all will be well.

Mineral Wealth of Egypt.

William C. Bryant, in one of his letters published in the Evening Post, says:—

When I was in Upper Egypt, I fell in with an Indian who was employed to obtain sulphur from a mine among these mountains. They are incredibly rich, said he, in beds of ore of various metals and other mineral productions; but these cannot be worked for want of fuel. Egypt has no mines of coal—all that is used in her steamers and her manufactures is brought from England. She has springs of mineral oil, the indication of beds of coal, and wherever they are to be found, the government has made excavations to a great depth and at a great cost, but without success. An Arab, in wandering among the mountains at the Red Sea, not long since, found a little pool of quicksilver where it had flowed from the rocks. He attempted to scoop it up with his hands, but it slid through his fingers. He then drew it up in his mouth, filled with it the leathern bottle in which he carried water, and brought it home. He was taken ill immediately afterward and died, probably from the effect of the quicksilver he had swallowed, so that the spot where he found it is still unknown, though diligent search has been made for it.

A LARGE PRIZE OFFERED.—The United States Department of State has published a letter from that indefatigable Frenchman, Mr Vattemare, addressed to John Y. Mason, which the latter gentleman transmitted to Secretary Marcy, accompanied with a letter from himself. Mr Vattemare by his will leaves $100,000 to any person who discovers the "means of curing Asiatic cholera or of the cause of the pestilence."

TEN HOUR LAW.—The legislature of Pennsylvania has passed an act limiting the work of minors absolutely to ten hours a day. An attempt to stipulate that those over sixteen years of age might contract to work eleven hours, was sanctioned by the Senate, but the House refused to concur, and the Senate receded.

TUNNEL AT CHICAGO.—The city of Chicago has just decided by a popular vote, to have a tunnel constructed under the river there, to supersede the bridges at present used. The latter cost $12,000 to build and the expense of repairs, &c. for 1853, was about $2000 for each. It is thought that in ten years the tunnel will prove a saving of money to the city, besides abolishing the bridges.

REVOLUTIONARY SOLDIERS.—There were 231,791 soldiers engaged in the Revolutionary War. Of this number there are now less than fourteen hundred living, whose ages must average nearly ninety years.—Seventy-three have died during the past year. A few years more, and these venerable octogenarians will only be known in the pages of history.

A BEARDED MINISTER.—A clergyman of Newark, N. J., has fallen in with the beard movement, and adopted the plan of allowing his capillary attachments to grow unchecked by scissors or razor. A portion of his congregation are highly scandalized. The clergyman has determined to adhere to the beard, and the objectors among his congregation talk of agitating his dismissal.

LIQUOR LAW IN OHIO.—The Ohio Legislature passed a stringent liquor law on the 20th ult., and it only requires the signature of the Governor to become a law. It provides for punishing by fine and imprisonment for selling liquor to parties intoxicated, or who are in the habit of getting intoxicated. It also renders them liable to civil suits for damages.

☞Mr. Jenkins says it makes all the difference in the world whether you go to a ball, or a ball goes to you. Jenkins is one and a half of 'em.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1854.

Nebraska Struggle at Washington.

The grand contest has at length arrived—a contest between liberty and slavery—between men who wish to secure free soil and free labor to their posterity, and those who wish to blot and blacken the fairest and richest part of our country with perpetual bondage. The Nebraska plot is now ripe; Douglas, the administration, and the slave-fire of the South have conspired to press the scheme through the U. S. House of Representatives as soon as possible, and they mean to do it—we fear they *will* do it.

For the last six or eight days a contest unequalled in the annals of legislation has been going on at Washington. The slave power, with all its horde of hungry aspirants, Northern dough-faces, and nurselings of public favor, have fought desperately against the few who have nobly battled for right and justice. The heat and excitement of debate have often been of an alarming character and disgraceful in many respects to an American Congress. On Friday of last week, H. A. Edmunson, a member from Virginia, under the influence of liquor, made an outrageous attack upon John Wentworth, from Ill.:

Mr. W.'s seat is on the outer row of seats, and next to the centre aisle of the hall. Immediately on taking his seat, Edmunson passed over to Mr. Wentworth, and raising his cane and shaking it within a few inches of his nose, exclaimed, 'You d—d scoundrel! You d—d infernal scoundrel! You G—d d—d infernal scoundrel!' Mr. Wentworth refused to notice him, further than to tell him to go away and keep cool. Edmunson started to leave him, but had proceeded only a short distance before he returned, and reassuming his threatening attitude in front of Mr. Wentworth, said: 'You d—d infernal, *sneaking* scoundrel!'

This reckless inebriate next made an outset upon Mr. Sage of N. H., and Mr. Wright of Miss. He stepped up to them, and after interrupting their conversation called Sage 'A d—d liar!' He made an attack upon Mr. Campbell of Ohio, which is described as follows in the *Tribune*:

Mr. Campbell was making some remarks in reply to Mr. Stephens. Edmunson, armed to the teeth, and under the influence of liquor, came up and demanded what right he had to declare his course of action—that if he, Campbell, wanted to make any further opposition to the bill, he was the man who would meet him personally. Campbell indignantly repelled his interference, when Edmunson began to unbutton his vest, for the purpose, it is supposed, of getting out his bowie-knife, when Campbell, who was unarmed, threw his arms behind him, and defied him to lay his finger upon him. At this juncture an immense crowd had rushed to the scene, and several persons had got between the two, and immediately the Sergeant-at-Arms rushed up with his mace.—Had Edmunson laid the weight of a feather upon Campbell the result would have been deplorable. A general fight would have ensued, and Heaven knows with what result. No man could have displayed more nerve and cool determination than Mr. Campbell did on the occasion.

Other scenes similar to the above have been enacted in the House. On Monday, Mr. Craig of N. C., denounced Mr. Hunt of La., as a factionist, in the midst of great confusion. Hunt, after learning what was said arose to speak, amidst loud cries of order.—He said, 'If the gentleman stigmatizes me as a factionist, before God and man I pronounce it false.' There were more cries of order, order, and a great tumult, and members running all about the hall. The Sergeant-at-Arms with his mace at length restored order. It is understood that notes have passed between Hunt and Craig, and a duel is expected.

It has been the object of the Douglas faction to hurry the bill through the House, without allowing time for debate upon it, but the opposers of this plan have succeeded in getting the time for debate extended till to-day. It is doubtful whether they will be successful in defeating the measure. The odds against them are fearful, and though they may fight manfully for liberty and free territory, they cannot be expected to triumph over a superiority of numbers.

THE D—L AMONG THE MINISTERS.—For the past few months we have chronicled almost weekly the licentious conduct of clergymen—wolves in sheep's clothing, who go about destroying the peace of families, and bringing disgrace upon their profession.—These hypocrites are turning up thicker and faster all around us, and their principal business seems to consist in seducing the wives and daughters of their church members.—Among the greatest of these Reverend scoundrels may be mentioned G. N. Adams, whose history we published a fortnight ago. He ruined another clergyman's daughter and cheated a poor widow out of $5000—the money a railroad company paid for killing her husband. He was a married man. Another minister who flourishes under the head of several *aliases* has just married a fifth wife, all the others being alive; another one in Saugerties, N. Y., has recently been arrested for the murder of his wife and child, and the Manchester Mirror states that Rev. John C. Webber, a traveling preacher of N. H., who has a wife and seven children in Manchester and is 55 years old, has been arrested for adultery with Miss Nancy Mead, to whom he promised marriage.

DANGEROUS.—The highly polished enamel on visiting cards is a deadly poison, yet ladies carry this poison around with them when making calls, often leaving it at the houses of their friends.

D. C. DALIY of Nedham has recovered $210 of A. Smith and others, for searching his dwelling house without having first armed themselves with a search warrant.

Hampden County Teachers' Association.

The semi-annual meeting of this Association was held in the Academy hall at North Wilbraham, on Friday and Saturday of last week. The number present was large, tho' many towns were not represented. The exercises were opened by prayer from Rev. Mr. Raymond. A lecture followed from J. M. Emerson of Springfield, upon Mathematics. The lecturer thought that this branch did not occupy its proper place in our college courses, though his audience did not generally sustain him in this opinion. He proceeded to give a rambling, disconnected mass of facts relating principally to Arithmetic, which, with a brief notice of some distinguished mathematicians, and a few remarks upon the importance of the study as being directly useful, and a valuable means of discipline, completed his discourse, which seemed better adapted to an audience of young pupils, than to an assembly of practical teachers. After the lecture, remarks were made by several gentlemen upon "The systematic developement of character." A subject so ample and so vague, of course, was not satisfactorily settled, though the discussion was highly interesting. A lecture upon Astronomy was given in the evening by Mr. Wells, lately of the Putnam Free School at Newburyport—principal elect of the Westfield Normal School. A brief, but interesting history of the progress of this science was given, bringing it down to the present time.

After the close of the lecture, an Essay, for which a prize of twenty dollars was offered at the last meeting, was read by the author, A. Parish, principal of the Springfield High School, on "The mutual relations of parents and teachers." The following morning was spent in discussing the questions of the preceding day, and in hearing a lecture from Mr. Parish, on Instinct and Reason.—(The subject is given in the Republican of Monday, 8th).

The thanks of the Association were presented to the lecturers, for their services; to the officers of the Academy, for their liberality in giving the use of their buildings; to the citizens, for their hospitality, and to the Railroad Companies, for their offer of return tickets free of charge, to members of the Association. It was also voted that the Essay by Mr. Parish be printed in such form as the Executive Committee deem best, for gratuitous distribution to every family in the county, and, that all School Committees be invited to further the objects of the Association, by giving teachers opportunities of attending.

On the whole, the exercises were highly interesting, yet most seemed to feel that something was wanting. Everything was crowded for time. The ground gone over was too wide to be well examined; and most of the exercises were better adapted to general audiences, than to the wants of teachers. Those who went to learn *how* to teach, heard in general only *what* to teach. It is to be desired that a longer time, and a connected course of lectures, or addresses may be given to another similar meeting.

BOMBARDMENT OF A RUSSIAN CITY.—The French and English fleets in the Black Sea, bombarded Odessa, on the 24th of April, silencing the batteries on shore, and destroying a portion of the city. The city was garrisoned with 60,000 troops.

The Turks have taken three important points at Kalafat, and were marching upon Krajova, which was evacuated by the Russians in great haste on the 24th. Ailistria had been vigorously attacked, and the Russians badly defeated. Scoumla is likely to be the scene of important operations, and Omar Pacha will there make a stand against the Russians. Thirty thousand Russians attacked Silistra, but the occupants resisting vigorously, the Russians lost. The evacuation of Wallachi by the Russians is confirmed.

GIRLS, BEWARE.—A nice young man who flourishes under the title of Foster, *alias* Darling, and who is said to have lived in Stafford, Ct., has succeeded in marrying *four* girls in different parts of the country, his last victim being a very pretty girl in Vernon, N. Y. In 1852 he married a beautiful girl of 16 in Chelmsford, Mass., and left her in a short time afterwards. He was at one time a preacher in Woodstock, Vt. Girls should be careful about marrying on a short acquaintance. Appearances, as well as young men, are deceitful, and many a confiding daughter has consigned herself to a life of disappointment by a hasty marriage.

A GREATER PUNISHMENT THAN INTENDED.—An Irishman named Keenan, committed to the Bridewell in Pawtucket, on Friday afternoon last, for drunkenness, was taken out dead in the evening, from suffocation. The room in which he was confined had taken fire; supposed from the prisoner's pipe.

ROPE JUMPING.—Ellen Mc Grath, a girl 9 years of age, nearly killed herself jumping rope, in Northampton, on Tuesday. She jumped 554 times in succession. It is tho't she will recover.

FORSAKING THEIR PROFESSION.—The Cleveland *Plaindealer* publishes the names of ten ministers in that vicinity who have forsaken their profession and adopted other business for a livelihood.

WARE.—A. L. Devens, agent of the Otis Manufacturing Co., gave a supper to three fire companies of that village last Saturday evening. John Wolcott, while repairing a loaded revolver, was shot through the hand.

☞ Five persons will be hung within the present month, in as many States.

The Japan Islands.

The latest advices from Japan flatter us to believe the ports of that empire are to be thrown open to all the world, "and the rest of mankind." Russian ships of war have visited the waters of Japan since Commodore Perry first "astonished the natives" with his steam vessels, and the result has been very satisfactory, if we may believe the accounts sent to this country.

The Japanese officials met the Russian Admiral, and in substance they stated very candidly, that the Japanese Government, seeing the earnest desire of foreign nations to hold intercourse with them, and their own people being anxious to trade, it had been resolved to open the commerce of Japan to all nations. In this spirit all the ports of Japan might at once be considered as accessible to foreign vessels, requiring to refit or take in supplies of wood and water; but, to avoid disturbance, the crews must not be allowed to land. This, however, in only confirming what foreigners have already enjoyed, without always fairly acknowledging.—With regard to commercial intercourse, the Japanese officers stated, that after centuries of seclusion, some preparations were necessary, and a year must therefore elapse before any treaty or privileges to trade could come into operation.

We have dates from the American expedition as late as Feb. 6th. The correspondence says: We have been here now over a fortnight, and during that time have been mostly engaged in taking in coal and refitting the ships, four of which have gone to Yedo, leaving the steamers to convey and escort the Commodore. We have had considerable intercourse with the rulers, and more with the people, who are rapidly becoming familiar with us. The familiarity of the children in the streets is one of the most apparent signs of progress; for while they ran away from us before in every direction, they now come about us and seem under no restraint. The Commodore went to Shui last Friday, with a large escort where he was entertained by the Regent, and feasted with a dinner of fifteen courses.

THE FIRST FRUIT OF WAR.—A letter from the Rev. Wm. G. Shauffler of Constantinople, draws a melancholy picture of the distress which the Eastern war has already occasioned among the poorer classes of Constantinople. He says that there is no commerce, no business going on, but little money to be seen, and thousands of human beings are dying of hunger, thirst, nakedness, and disease. Rats and mice are eaten by many to allay the cravings of hunger, and people who but a few months since were comparitively rich in worldly goods, now beg for bread. Mr. Shauffler states that although he has resided twenty years in Constantinople, through all the horrors of war, plague, famine, and fire, he never saw so much distress as now exists. It is hoped that the present state of things will prove but temporary. The Journal of Commerce says to those who are disposed to contribute to the relief of the suffering poor in Constantinople, that all donations sent to David Hoadley, No. 78 Broad st., N. Y., will be applied to that object.

THE GREAT ECLIPSE.—At 4 o'clock on Friday afternoon, next week, there will be an eclipse of the sun, the like of which has not been seen since 1806, and its equal will not be witnessed again by the present generation. The eclipse will be central and largest in Canada West, and in the north-eastern counties of New York, in Vermont, and in the southern part of New Hampshire. A bright ring of light, one-third of a digit wide, will be pictured on the sun along where the central eclipse passes. This will cover a strip of country one hundred miles wide, in the section above described. The next return of *this* eclipse will be June 5th, 1872, but will not be visible in this country. Its last return will be Aug. 17th, 2573. The next eclipse of the sun, of note, will be on the 15th of March, 1858.

SUPPLY OF MINISTERS.—It has been clearly shown by recent publications, that there are needed annually in this country, to supply vacancies made by death and otherwise, some two thousand new preachers, besides a thousand each year made necessary by the increase of the population. By the last published returns of all the theological schools in the United States, there are but 1,351 students. If one-third of these graduated at the end of the year, the supply would be 450 new ministers. Notwithstanding the large classes in American colleges, the past few years, the number of the theological students in 1852, was only 300 more than it was in 1838.

CASEY TO BE HUNG.—Casey, the Natick murderer, it is said, will be executed. His term of imprisonment—one year—in the State Prison, at hard labor, expired Monday. Gov. Washburn, under the construction given to the law against capital offenders by Gov. Clifford, must either commute Casey's sentence, or issue a warrant for his execution. There is no question that the framers of the law referred to, intended it as equivalent to the abolition of the death penalty. Mr. Clifford sought to have it otherwise.

DEPRAVITY.—The Albany *Atlas* says a gentleman from the country applied to the Sheriff for permission for his wife to be present at the execution of Hendriekson. The Sheriff was compelled to reply that the law forbid him the pleasure of gratifying so ladylike a curiosity.

LARGE MILL.—A new factory is being put up in Biddeford, Me., larger than any single mill in the country. The foundations are already being laid for a building, from 400 to 500 feet in length, by 80 feet in width, and five stories in height, capable of containing 50,000 spindles.

THE SCHOOLMASTER ABROAD.—A town meeting in Wareham recently took action upon the dog question, and according to the town records it was voted, "That all persons within the town, owning dogs, shall be muzzled."

A DISTINGUISHED physician of Paris announces that a shock of electricity, given to a patient dying from the effects of chloroform, immediately counteracts its influence, and returns the sufferer to life.

Loss of the Ship Winchester!---Eight Hundred Lives Saved.

The steamer Washington arrived at N. Y. on Sunday, bringing with her about five hundred of the passengers, and the crew of the Boston ship Winchester, which was wrecked at sea on the 17th of April. The Washington fell in with the Winchester on the 2nd of May, and after laying by her 36 hours, succeeded in rescuing every soul on board. In an hour after the last boat, containing Capt. Moore and the first mate of the ship, had left her, the Winchester sank beneath the waves. The Winchester started from Liverpool with a living freight of eight hundred human beings. Previous to falling in with the Washington, she had transferred three hundred to the ships Paragon, and Mury, and Caroline, and the brigs Anne, Robt. Bruce, and Edward, bound to Quebec. She lost four seamen overboard, and had several others disabled, at the time of the disaster. Seven emigrants died from exhaustion after being taken on board the Washington.

MONEY BY MAIL.—It has been decided that a postmaster is not obliged to register money letters deposited in his office for transportations by mail. But the department advises that all postmasters shall keep some memorandum of them, so that in case of subsequent loss, the investigation it will occasion may be more easily made, provided it can be done without extra expense.

☞ A singular abuse of the franking privilege and fraud upon the Post Office has come to light in Washington. A packer for two members of Congress, and authorized to use their names for franking documents has been detected selling franked envelopes at fifty cents per hundred. A claim agent purchased a lot, and enclosed eleven hundred circulars, to pass through the city post office.

THE MURDERER—The Louisville *Democrat* says that one of the jurors in the Ward trial took his plows to a blacksmith of Stephensburg, and offered him the money to do the work needed on them, but the latter refused to work for him at all. One of the merchants of the town refused to sell one of the jurors goods for cash.

ACCIDENTAL DEATH.—Miss Mary Zollars visited the drug store of Dr. Artar, in Carrollton, Ohio, on the 2d instant, and going behind the counter, took down a vial containing powder strychnine, and touched a particle of the deadly poison with her tongue. The taste being disagreeable, she immediately spat it out. But too late; death ensued in a quarter of an hour.

DIVORCE.—A good deal of alarm was felt recently because eighty-three divorce cases were before the Superior Court of New Hampshire at the late sitting in Concord. But if the reports be true, nearly half that number of cases were upon the docket at the present term of the Supreme Court holden in Worcester.

DROWNED.—At Fall River, Sunday, a party of eleven persons were out in a boat on a fishing excursion, when the boat was upset by a squall, and two of the number were drowned, viz: John Appleton, 30 years old, and master workman in a linen manufactory, and Thomas Dalton, weaver, aged 51 years. The others were saved.

☞ At a Whiskey Manufacturers' Convention held in Cincinnati last week, twenty-three establishments, mostly in Ohio, were represented, the whole of which are said to consume over 14,000 bushels of grain daily, or upwards of four millions per year, out of which ten million gallons of whiskey are produced.

☞ An old lady whose son was about to proceed to the Black Sea, among her parting admonitions, gave him strict injunctions not to bathe in that sea, for she did not want to see him come back a "nigger."

☞ The Wisconsin Daily Sentinel reports a sale of 5,500 bushels choice white wheat in store in that city, at $1 53 per bushel.—This, the Sentinel says, is the highest figure ever paid for wheat in Milwaukie.

☞ It is stated that the verdict against Bennet of the N. Y. Herald, for $10,000 is worthless—the sheriff having made return that the said Bennett has no attachable property. Does this indicate poverty or roguery?

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A little son of Orin C. Andrus of Brimfield, aged seven years, was instantly crushed to death at his father's saw mill on Friday last, by getting upon the water wheel just as it was set in motion.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—HAMPDEN COUNTY.—The May term of this court for the trial of criminal cases, Judge Byington presiding commenced its session on Tuesday.

☞ In Pittsburgh, N. Y., on the 28th ult., John Wilson, a porter at Fonquet's Hotel, while undertaking to ford a creek with a team, was engulfed in a quicksand, and both horses and driver perished.

☞ John O'Sullivan who killed his wife at Fort Hamilton, near New York, in October last, has been convicted of manslaughter in the first degree, and sent to Sing Sing for twenty years.

☞ The Willimantic Medium says that Mr. Ebenezer Tilden, of Lebanon, dropped dead while out in his field plowing, on Tuesday the 25th. His son was with him driving for him.

☞ The flouring mills of Henry French, formerly Wm. H. Imlay's, a few rods south of the depot in Hartford, were destroyed by fire, on Sunday morning.

MARRIAGE IN THE CRYSTAL PALACE.—A marriage was solemnized in the picture gallery of the Crystal Palace on Thursday.—Merrit Smith of Mount Washington, Berkshire county, and Elizabeth Dingman of Stuyvesant Falls, N. Y., after looking at the pictures a while, joined hands and dropped into the blissful current of matrimony without so much as an "oh!" or an "ugh!" and are now quietly floating down the stream together. Happiness attend them!

ANOTHER SHIP WRECKED AT SEA.—The ship Currituck from Antwerp, arrived at New York on the 17th, reports having taken off part of the crew and passengers, eight hundred in all, of the clipper ship Black Hawk, Bunker, from Liverpool for New York, lost at sea. The Currituck fell in with the Black Hawk on the 21st of April, dismasted and leaking badly. The rest of those on board the Black Hawk were taken off by other vessels before the Currituck left her.

TERRIBLE EXPLOSION.—A terrible explosion occurred at the English coal pits, fourteen miles from Richmond, Va., on Monday. Twenty men were in the pit at the time, and all were killed but one, who was taken up dreadfully injured. The pit is over six hundred feet deep. Several explosions have occurred heretofore. The bodies were terribly mutilated by the explosion. The accident was caused by leaks from old damps.

INDIAN REMAINS.—In excavating the canal of the Hadley Falls Co., just below the machine shop, last week, the workmen exhumed the skulls and other bones of several Indians, who were found to have been buried there in a sitting posture. The Mirror says the recent freshet has also washed out from the bank in that vicinity, some Indian's bones, together with Indian implements, such as a mortar and pestle, a wooden bowl ornamented with hieroglyphies (?,) a stone hatchet, arrow heads, &c.

A MATCH FOR WILLIAM TELL.—The great match by Mr. Travis of New Orleans, to shoot an apple from the head of a gentleman, has been decided, Mr. Travis winning the money ($1000) upon the first shot. An orange, five inches in circumference, was substituted for the apple, and the distance was thirty-six feet. Half the bullet went through the orange. Both gentlemen displayed great nerve upon the exciting occasion.

LETTER FROM HENDRICKSON.—Hendrickson, who was recently executed at Albany for the murder of his wife, left a letter addressed to his parents, containing the unqualified denial of any knowledge whatever of the cause of his wife's death. He not only affirms his own innocence, but says he did not know what aconite was, and had no reason to doubt that his wife died a natural death.

RECOVERED.—On Saturday afternoon the dead body of Mr Samuel Hunt, late Secretary of the Manufacturers' Insurance Company, was found on the flats of Charles River, near Collego Wharf, Cambridge. He is supposed to have committed suicide by drowning, on the 9th of November last, near Braman's baths.

STATE PAUPERS.—The selectmen of Northampton have sent the paupers in that town, who are entitled to support from the Commonwealth, to the state alms-house at this place, and among them, says the Gazette, is "old Primus," a colored man, who, according to the best information, is at least 100 years old.

OH, LUCY.—The ladies of Maysville, Ky., recently presented a pair of pantaloons to Miss Lucy Stone in due form. Miss Lucy accepted the pants, but says she would have done so with a much better will if they only had a man in them. We shouldn't wonder.

☞ At Westbrook, Me., on Wednesday last, three children of Mr. Louis A Woodbury underwent inoculation for the small pox; the same evening their arms began to swell, and they were attacked with vomiting. On Friday one of them died, but the others will doubtless recover.

AN AMERICAN WHALER SEIZED.—The American whaleship Hudson has been seized at Falkland Island by the British, on a pretence so frivolous as to require the interference of U. S. sloop-of-war Germantown. The papers in the case have been forwarded to the Government.

Mrs Lyon of Black Rock and her child were drowned in crossing the Ningara river on Saturday. A flaw of wind struck the boat and it capsized. Her last words were—'Leave me and save my child,' but the little one perished with her. The ferryman was picked up by another boat.

☞ A very large eagle was shot in Petersburg, Va., last week, after it has destroyed eighteen lambs on one farm. The bird proved to be what is known as the American Eagle, of great dimensions, measuring six feet and eight inches between the tips of his wings.

☞ Leonard Housler shot himself dead at Hameltown, near Cincinnati, in his rage because the moulds in which he was running candles leaked. His wife was present, but was petrified by the man's horrible curses.

HORRID.—In Norristown, Pa., on Saturday, a woman named Marie Daley, killed her infant, six weeks old, by cutting its head from its body with a razor. The woman was of intemperate habits.

FAMILY OF SUICIDES—James Land, who cut his throat at Hudson, N. H., had two brothers who also committed suicide; and he has a sister in an insane hospital; another brother was killed on the railroad.

SUICIDE OF A YOUNG WIFE.—The New Orleans *Delta* records the suicide of a beautiful and interesting young wife in that city. The name of the unfortunate woman was Mariana Lowe. She was about sixteen years of age. About a year since she married a man named Lowe. They lived unhappily together, and she has had reason for believing that her husband had ceased either to love her or to remember and respect the vows he had made in marriage, and had transferred his affections to another woman, who resided in the immediate neighborhood. Day before yesterday, the young wife (her husband having been absent from her for several days) repaired to the house of this woman, and inquired if her husband was not there. She was answered by the woman, "I don't know anything about your husband: but there is my husband," pointing to a gentleman seated in the room, in whom the young wife recognised her truant lord. She uttered not a word of complaint, but, returning to her home, despatched the servant to a drug-store in the vicinity for an ounce of laudanum. She wrote a long and extremely pathetic letter, and then, taking laudanum, laid herself down on her unbonored bridle couch and died.

Yesterday morning her mother visited the house very early, and found her daughter dead. She stated, "that having nothing more to live for, deserted by him she loved, and robbed of all hopes of happiness in this world, she preferred death to the miserable existence which lay open before her, and she calmly and deliberately destroyed her own life by taking laudanum. She would not upbraid her husband; she had ever and still dearly loved him—forgave him all the wrongs she had suffered through his cruel, cold neglect and desertion. She hoped, too, that God would forgive him, as she did; and that he might live long and happily." The husband came in while the inquest was being held, and appeared a good deal affected, and expressed sorrow for the loss of his youthful and beautiful wife. He, however, denied the charges of infidelity and neglect made against him by the letter of his wife, as well as by the testimony of several witnesses.

VELOCITY OF THE WIND.—Professor Stoddard in a lecture recently delivered upon the hurricane in Knox county, Ohio, stated that in one town a grove of oak trees was almost entirely blown down. The trunk of one of these trees was about three feet in diameter. Assuming, however, its diameter to be but two and a half feet, a force of 147,000 pounds would be required to break it. The surface of the tree exposed to the action of the wind was about 1000 feet, which would give a pressure by the wind of 147 pounds per square foot, or a velocity of not less than 171 miles per hour, which is nearly one-fourth the initial velocity of a cannon ball. Allowing the height of the hurricane, or whirlwind, to have been sixty feet the whole force exerted at one time, along its track, was five thousand million pounds, or a working power equal to more than half the steam power of the globe.

MAY WEATHER.—May is always a fickle month, smiling and weeping as though hope and disappointment ruled her disposition.—She must feel awful bad this year, for she has cried almost all the time, and her tears have been most copious. One Mr. Winter has treated her rather coldly, we suspect, or she would not be in such a tearful mood;—but never mind that, Miss May. Give us your sweet smiles, breathe on us your balmy breath, permit us to kiss your rosy cheek, and, though a tear glistens in your eye occasionally, all the young men in the world can't help loving you, and extolling your excellencies.

FOUND.—The body of Mrs. James Young, who suddenly disappeared from Chester Village a week or two ago, was found in the river, on Thursday. She leaves nine children, the oldest of whom is but sixteen years of age.

New Publications.

"THE SACRED CIRCLE."—This is a new magazine, to be published monthly by Partridge & Brittan, New York, at $2 per annum in advance. It is edited by Judge Edmonds, Dr. Dexter, and O. G. Warren—a very able set of writers on the new Spiritual theory. The present number has a very neat appearance, and contains several interesting articles on Spiritual topics.

"CHRISTIAN SPIRITUALIST."—This is another new spiritual publication, in the form of a newspaper, "published by the Society for the diffusion of Spiritual knowledge," at New York. Terms $2 per year.

☞ It is said that a wreck and tug boat has been fitted up in Buffalo, provided with a steam pump which is capable of throwing out a quantity of water per hour sufficient to empty a large steamer.

☞ A State Temperance Convention will be held at Lowell, commencing on Tuesday evening, June 20, and continuing though Wednesday the 21st, day and evening.

☞ There are seven hundred and nineteen lawyers in Wisconsin, one hundred and thirty six of the number being in Milwaukie county alone.

☞ The free soilers will hold a state convention at Worcester, on the last day of the present month, to consider in relation to their political prospects for the fall campaign.

SNOW—In the woods only one hundred miles north of Bangor, the snow is about three feet deep, and there is now good moose hunting in that region.

☞ The Ericsson has been raised and towed into dock. It will probably take a month or two to get her in good running order again.

☞ An Irish boy four years old was run over by the cars at New London on Thursday, last week and one of his legs was cut off.

☞ The packet ship Montezuma, from Liverpool, with 400 passengers, is ashore at New Inlet, below New York.

LOCAL MATTERS.

In the vicinity of Duckville are many Millerites, who for several week past have been holding meetings in order to get ready for the grand ascension which they supposed would take place last Wednesday. It looked rather smokey in that direction on the day named, and we fear our friends have taken their departure, as we have not heard from them since. Is brimstone cheap in Duckville?

THORNDIKE CEMETERY.—The first grave was opened in the cemetery at Thorndike, three years ago last Tuesday; the number it now contains is 50. Of those interred, 23 were males, 27 females, ranging in ages from 80 down to less than a year. Twenty-three of the interments, or nearly half, were children under one year of age. Two bodies have been moved from other yards—one from Oatfield, Wisconsin, and the other from Ludlow.

REV. S. P. COLLINS delivered his farewell discourse at the Baptist Church in this village last Sabbath. We understand that Rev. Mr. Hine of Thorndike, will preach his farewell sermon to-morrow.

EAGLE SHOT.—Otis Wiley of Belchertown, recently shot a bald headed eagle which measured five feet six inches from the tip of one wing to the tip of the other.

THE morning train from Palmer to New London now leaves here at 7 1-2 o'clock, instead of at 6 o'clock as formerly. There will be an alteration in the running time of the trains on the Western railroad next week.

PEACHES.—The crop of peaches in this vicinity next fall will be very small, most of the peach trees having been killed the past winter.

FRANCIS S. SMITH of Monson, has been appointed a Justice of the Peace.

MARRIED.—At the residence of John Walter Esq., in the vicinity of Wooster, Ohio, on Thursday, April 27, at 3 o'clock P. M., by the Rev. J. H. Jones, Herr Driesbach, the celebrated "Lion King," to Miss Sallie A. Walter.

And the Lion-*tamer* and the lamb shall lie down together."—*Wooster Democrat.*

Don't mutilate the scriptures! You left off "and a *little child* shall lead them!"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

MEXICO—Santa Anna and Alvarez are fighting at Acapulco. The harbor is blockaded by Santa Anna's ships. The John L. Stephens was not allowed to land there. The force on each side was three thousand men. The agent of the Nicaragua Company thought that Alvarez was getting the advantage of Santa Anna.

SQUEAMISH!—The *Albany Register* says that on Wednesday last a maiden lady fell from a ferry boat while crossing the river opposite that city, and upon being rescued by the ferryman, immediately began to scold him for taking such liberties with her as to put his arm round her waist in order to lift her from the water!

☞Serious apprehensions are entertained respecting the safety of Capt Collinson, who went out to Bhering's Straits in company with Capt McClure, to search for Sir John Franklin. Search is now being made for him as well as for the long lost Sir John, both on the eastern and western coast of North America.

☞It is expected that the contribntion taken up in the churches in England on the occasion of the late national Fast, in behalf of the wives, widows and children of the soldiers and sailors in service in war with Russia, will amount to $500,000. About $40,000 was contributed in London.

FROM MEXICO.—The *N. O. Picayune* has advices from Mexico to the 1st inst., which report the revolution at Acapulco as still unchecked. Santa Anna was near Acapulco, with three to five thousand men, and Alvarez, with a large force, was in the mountain passes.

THE suit of Edwin Forrest against N. P. Willis for libel, came to trial in New York last week, and resulted in a disagreement of the jury. Forrest has once had satisfaction for alleged libel out of Willis's hide, and it is very possible that some of the jurors thought that sufficient.

☞Rufus Choate has resigned the office of Attorney-General of Massachusetts.

Holloway's Pills for Cure of Bile, Sick Headache, and Bowel Complaints.—Mr. John Anderson, general merchant, of Ballymoney, county Antrim, has written to Professor Holloway the following statement of a cure by the use of his Pills:—"Rose M'Clure, residing at Balnagashal, Ballymoney, was afflicted for five months with headache, sickness, and violent pains in the stomach and bowels. She had advice from several skilful surgeons in Coleraine, Ballymoney, and other places, but they could give her no relief whatever. At length she was recommended to try Holloway's Pills, and after using them for a short period these invaluable medicines restored her to perfect health, and enabled her to resume her daily labour."

Devine' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that "*the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him,*" and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

"I DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figure of the Ox, in another part of the paper.

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

DIED.

In Belchertown, May 4th, Julia, A., 28, wife of H. A. Longley; 5th, the wife of Elijah M. Pepper, 62; 11th, a daughter of George O. Cook, 2.

In Springfield, 16th, Hosea Putney, 37. At Holland, 12th, Lucretia, 84, relict of the late Willard Wood.

MARRIED.

In this village, 17th, by J. G. Allen Esq., Asa D. Howard, and Irene E. Kibbee.

At South Wilbraham, 14th, Nathaniel H. Patten of Somers, Ct., and Mary E. Langdon of S. W.

In Chaplin, Ct., May 16, E. D. Grant of Palmer, and Miss Cordelia Martin, of C.

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also Panamas, Legborn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Corn! Corn!!

800 bnshels good Northern Corn just received, and for sale by

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the NEW STORE.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 20th, 1852. 4tf

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &., by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by

M. W. FRENCH.

IN consequence of unexpected sales, I have been compelled to go to market sooner than I intended. I would therefore say I have just returned with such additions to my former stock, as to render it

Certainly unequalled in this vicinity!

My assortment of

Linens and Summer Goods!

generally, is completed.

I want

3 or 4 Good Workmen

to work in shop, or will give to any good Pant or Vest maker all the work they want at home. If they are

Tip-Top Workmen,

(I want no others) call at the BRICK STORE, near the R. R. Bridge.

H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4.

Notice to Road Builders.

THE Selectmen of Palmer give notice that they will let at auction, on Monday, the 22 inst., at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, to the lowest bidder, the building of a new road, laid out and ordered by the County Commissioners, leading from Thorndike Village, by Elihu Smith's and Samuel Henry's to the road leading from Roswell Hastings' to Bondsville, the same to be made to the acceptance of the County Commissioners.

Further particulars made known at the time and place above mentioned.

GILBERT BARKER, GEORGE MOORES, JOHN A. SQUIER, } Selectmen of Palmer.

Collector's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the New London, Willimantic and Palmer Railroad corporation was assessed on Real Estate, in the town of Palmer, Hampden county, Mass., on the tax bill for the year 1853, and committed to me for collection, the sum of $18; and if no person shall appear to discharge the same on or before Tuesday, the 13th day of June next, at 2 of the clock in the afternon, I shall sell at public auction, at the Tockwotton House, in said Palmer, the following described Real Estate belonging to said corporation, for the payment of said taxes, and all necessary intervening charges, viz:—A tract of land situated in said Palmer, on the road leading from Palmer to Monson, by the house of E. Valentine, and about 10 rods easterly of the Station House of the said N. L., W. & P. R. R. corporation, in said Palmer, bounded north-westerly by said road leading to Monson, south-westerly and south-easterly by land belonging to the heirs of John Watson, late of said Palmer, and north-easterly by land belonging to said corporation, and used as a road, leading from the road first mentioned, to their brick freight house, containing 20 rods more or less, together with the house and barn thereon standing, known as the Watson house; said property being, in the opinion of the subscriber, incapable of being divided, or a part thereof set off without injury to the residue.

DAVID KNOX, Collector for 1853.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. 3w4

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office at Palmer, May 15th, 1854.

Ashton Mr	Harvey Emulus 3
Boot Susan Mrs	" Edwin 4
Ball Hnldah	Jenks David
Barker Franklin	Leavins Jedediah
Boltwood Henry L	Mahony Mary Miss
Bacon Albert H	Minot & Co Messrs
Chamberlain J R	Newton Jos W
Coleman James	Putnam Mary A Miss
Chase E T	Panel Acutain
Chapman Electa P Mrs	Pierce Rebecca Mrs
" Livona Q	Stephens H Mrs
Duncan Leander	Thompson Asa
Drummond Lucinda	Tener Wm
Follansbe Wm Q	Taylor Samuel
Gates Josiah	Williams Joseph
Hargadin Ellen Miss	Whiting Delia M Miss
Heurlihey John	Weaver J E
Hartwell De Witt	Walker Anson
Ilonis Thomas	Wales Sarah Ann

Persons calling for the above letters will please say advertised.

A. C. BILLINGS, P. M.

NOTICE

IS hereby given, that I shall pay no debts contracted by my daughter, Ann Maria Hattin, or pay any charges made for her by her mother, as I have offered to take the child and support it, but her mother refuses to give her up.

2 WILSON M. HATTIN.

To Rent!

A Good Shop for a Tailoring and Clothing Store; 1 shop, 50 feet wide, with 10 horse water power; 1 Grist Mill, 3 runs stones; 2 good Tenements; 1 store, calculated for dry goods groceries, crockery &c.—large and convenient—best location in town; 4 rooms suitable for offices, millinery &c; 1 good wheelright, or wagon shop; all in good order. Possession given immediately.

☞Pasturing for 25 heads of Cattle—cheap.

E. BOND.
Bondsville, May 6, 1854. 3w2

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain for a while longer in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

Children taken at any age. Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.

No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, May 6th, 1854. 3tf2

SILKS, black and fancy, striped and plain, at *NEWTON'S.*
Monson, April 29, 1854.

DE LAINES and Challies just received at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

MERRIMACK Prints—9 yds for $1, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

ALPACCAS, from 14 c. to 83 c. per yd., at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Molasses, Syrups, Oil, Lard &c., call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR nice Ladies' Gaiters, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR Colored Carpet Warp, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

N. S. BARNES,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House.
Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

STACY & ALLEN,

—DEALERS IN—

Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift-Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS

Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.

GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.
my 13 3tf

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,
Importers, and Jobbers

—OF—

English, Scotch, French, and German

DRY GOODS.

—ALSO—

Dealers in American Goods, in great variety. Carpetings, Mattiugs, Oil Cloths, &c.

47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street.,

BOSTON.

my 13 tf3.

ALPACCAS,
Berages,
Cambrics,
De Laines,
English &
French Prints,
Gloves &
Hosiery,
Inserting & Edging,
Jeans & Linings,
Knitting Cotton, &

Linens White & Brown,
Muslins & Lawns,
Needles & Pins,
Oil Silks &
Ponlins, Parasols &
Quality, & best quality of
Ribbed Silks,
Silk Shawls &
Tickings, Threads &
Undersleeves, Umbrellas,
Velvets & Veils,
Whalebones & Working Cotton,
Xtra Black Silk,
Yarn, Cotton & Wool,
Zunder's Worsted,
& lots of
Other Goods
CHEAP at
G. H. NEWTON'S.
Monson, May 13th, 1854. 3w3.

FOR a bbl. Xtra Flonr, at the lowest price, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice all-wool Table Spread, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

FOR a nice Poplin, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

New Carpets!
WILSON & CO.

ARE now receiving their Spring Stock of **CARPETINGS,**

and offer the largest assortment in this city or county. Purchasers from abroad are invited to examine this Stock.

N. B. New Spring Goods now opening at WILSON & CO.'S

Great Dry Good Store, Opposite Hampden Hall
mch 11 6teow 47. Springfield.

STuart's Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

MONSON BANK!

THE Stockholders of the Monson Bank, having chosen a Board of Directors, the Subscriber would inform the Public that he has on hand and will constantly keep a good assortment of

Dry Goods and Groceries,

which will be sold at low prices, for Cash, or approved credit. I can, and will sell goods as cheap (and may be cheaper) as my neighbors. My expenses being small, I can afford and *will* sell at a small advance from *first cost.* For the truth of this assertion please call and examine my stock and compare prices.

G. H. NEWTON.

Store nearly opposite Needham's Tailoring Establishment.
Monson, April 29, 1854. 1.

BURNING Fluid, for sale by *G. H NEWTON*, Monson.

TAPIOCA, Citron, Mace, Raisins &c, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson

TEA, good enough for a King, at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the

HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL *INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,*
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
—AND—
ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
—ALSO FOR THE—
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield, will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.

Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '54. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
22

W. I. Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

PLAID, Striped and Figurd De Laines, new styles just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by E. B. MILES. Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—for sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.
Apr 22, '54. 52.

Window Glass!

150 Boxes American and German Glass, assorted sizes, for sale by
apr 22 52 E. BROWN.

Paints and Oils.

2000 lbs. Lewis' Pure Lead,
1000 " Jewett & Sons' do.,
1000 " Boston and Atlantic Pure do.,
1000 " No. 1 Zinc,
500 galls. English Linseed Oil.
For sale low by E. BROWN.
April 22, 1854. 52

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

100 Rolls Carpetings.

ROCKWOOD & CO., Have in Store New Patterns, Velvet Tapestry, Brussels, 3 ply superfine, fine and common Carpetings, Borkings, Rugs, Oil Cloths and Straw Mattings, making a complete assortment, unequalled out of Boston, which we offer at the *lowest prices.*

J. T. ROCKWOOD.
HORACE C. LEE.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

HAMPDEN ss.

At a Probate Court, holden at Springfield, within and for said County, on the fourth Tuesday in April A. D. 1854.

A certain instrument purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Alonzo Mixter, late of Palmer, in said County deceased, being now presented to me for Probate, by Nancy L. Mixter, of said Palmer, it is therefore ordered, that the consideration of the Probate thereof be referred to the Probate Court next to be holden at the Probate Office in Springfield, in said County on the first Tuesday in June next, at 10 of the clock in the forenoon, and that notice thereof be given by the said Nancy to the heirs of the deceased, that they may then and there appear, and show cause, if any they have, why the said instrument should or should not be proved and allowed, by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in The Palmer Journal, a newspaper printed in Palmer, three weeks successively, previous to the time of holding said last mentioned Court. And also to give written notice thereof, by mail or otherwise, to all persons known to be interested in the estate of said deceased, not resident in said County of Hampden, whose residence is known to said Executrix.

OLIVER B. MORRIS,
Judge of Probate.

Copy—Attest—
HENRY SMITH,
2 Reg. of Probate

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 20,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain.*

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Bilious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.

Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for **CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER.** All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by O. H. BIDWELL.
Apr 1st, 1854. 50

300 Pieces

BERAGES, Tissues, Donna Marias, Lawns, Muslins, Jaconets, French Prints, Brilliantes, Ginghams, Poplins, Raw Silk Plaids, embracing the best makes and Styles, ever brought to Springfield.

ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

100 Pieces Dress Silks.

CONSISTING of Black Silks, best makes, Plaid, Stripes, and Brocade of every desirable color, some of which were bought at Auction, and will be sold *VERY CHEAP*

ROCKWOOD & CO.
Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 6w51

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),

—DEALERS IN—

Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.,; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,
44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Nails! Nails!!

100 Casks, assorted sizes—for sale low by E. BROWN.
apr 22, 51.

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.

DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Plows! Plows!!

RUGGLES, Nourse, Mason & Co., Whitemore, Squier & Co., or Belcher's. The Subscriber has now in stock a full assortment of

Plows, Shares and Cultivators,

from the above celebrated manufacturers, and for sale at factory prices.

E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854.

Hardware and Cutlery.

THE largest stock, the best assortment, and for sale on the most favorable terms ever before offered in Eastern Hampden—by

E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

ROCKWOOD & CO., Have opened the *SPRING FASHIONS of MILLINERY,* at the Corner Store.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 516w

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mathew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.

Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.

Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omn busses and faithful drivers, at short notice.

By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.

HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. 1f51

WANTED!

BY the subscriber, 1000 bush. Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid.
m20tf O. H. BIDWELL.

MARRIAGE,
HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin as light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still—most incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that experience which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.

In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglects to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, by the means, of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with health minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., *pp.* 250. *Price,* 50 cts. [ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage, but are female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Title-page and Index of Contents,* together with extracts from the book, will be *sent free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein

When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignorant.

☞On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Extra Binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*mail free*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, box 824, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Breare, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T. Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S. Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P. Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 18 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 128 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. 4t52.

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.

AT J. BOWLES,
tf48. Nassowanno Block

WOMAN.—Do you love her? Has she left home, her parents, her sisters, brothers, her friends, all, all for you—do you love her?—has familiarity induced you to carelessness?—have you forgotten the vows you made her before heaven's tribunal?—has time and the troubles incident ou all life made her physically less favorable in your eyes?—have you forgotten that her youth, her hopes her aspirations for that sphere that all honorable women covet was pledged to you?—and have you cherished her, and are you still to her all in all? If you are, then she is happy, and you have acted a part to be applauded by your fellow-men, and you will receive one day your recompense of reward.

But, on the other hand, have you become satisfied?—have you forgotten the being you swore to cherish?—have you left her to her own resources, and by your continual absence, caused her to pine in solitude, like a meek, yet gentle sufferer? If you have, remember, oh, man! you will one day pay the penalty of your neglect.—*Exchange.*

HOME, SWEET HOME.—Home—Home, how sweet, how tender the word! How full of the associations that the heart loves! How deeply interwoven are the golden filaments of these associations with all the fibres of our affectionate natures forming the glittering web of the heart's golden life! Here are father, mother, child, brother, companions, all the heart loves—all that makes earth lovely—all that enriches the mind with faith and the soul with hope. What language is meet for home use, to bear the messages of home feelings, to be freighted with the diamond treasure of home hearts! Should it be any other than that breathing the sacred chastity of affection?

☞The man who can pass without emotion by the play-place and study-place of his early years, must have a heart thoroughly petrified by worldy cares or worldy pleasures.

☞The mind must have strength and cultivated taste, and then it is like a language from Heaven. We are astonished at its power and magnificence.

☞There are two classes of people who are to be avoided, viz: those learning to play spavined clarionets, and single dinnity when it has got father side of 40. Folks will please to chalk it down and put it up.

☞Precept is instruction written in the sand—the tide flows over it and the record is gone. Example is as graven on the rock, and the lesson is not soon lost.

☞A genius down East has invented a spy-glass of wonderful power. He said he looked through it at a third cousin, and it brought him relatively nearer than any of his brothers. It is made of gold.

☞The small yacht which in 1810 was used by the Emperor Napoleon I. and the Empress Maria Louisa, at Havre, has been ordered to be brought up to Paris to be preserved as a relic.

☞Young ladies, like front seats, are often reserved. Mr. Jenkins adds they often break down by the weight of folly upon them.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Nassowcanno Block.)
A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.
Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.
Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.
An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,
SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order. jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!
ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

THE FAR-FAMED MEDICINE!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
The Pills being composed entirely of medicinal berbs are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Billious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persand disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persons who persevere in using them in accordance with the directions, seldom fail in being restored to health.

WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,—RESTORATION TO HEALTH OF A GENTLEMAN, AGED 45, WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Copy of a Letter from the Rev. Charles Smith, dated Newton, St Phillips, near Bath, Somersetshire, 17th August, 1853.

To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,
Sir:—A Mr. Joseph Puxton, formerly a resident of this place, had been in a declining state of health for upwards of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends, as he had consulted various medical men in Bath, without effect. He at last used your Pills, and under providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstance. I ought also to mention, that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of your Pills.
I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,
CHARLES SMITH, Dissenting Minister.

A PERMANENT CURE OF A DISEASED LIVER OF MANY YEARS' DURATION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Gamis, Chemist, Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.

Dear Sir —In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Billious Complaints I may mention the following case :—A lady of this town with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and digestive organs; her medicinal attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months. This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relations, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure. This is twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly.
July 23d, 1853. (Signed) J. GAMIS.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficatious in the following complaints:—

Ague, Asthma, Billious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary, Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.

Sold at the Establishment of Prof. Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, Eng., and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37 1 2 cents, 87 cts. and $1,50 cts. each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm Holbrook.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S
HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatice, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Carnochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!
THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cottou and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at u50 CONKEY'S.

HORACE C. LEE, having discontinued business on his own account, has an interest in business from March 1st, with Mr. J. T. ROCKWOOD, under the firm of
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 1, 1854. 6w51

Whale Oil.
THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

FOR any Dry Goods or Groceries, which you want, or may have wanted, or your friends want, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!
MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrotula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.
AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!
THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium*, *Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots*, *Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *J. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Dentistry.
J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.
THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of
Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.
ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.
☞Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.
THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every commnnity, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soaps.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.
Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!
IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!
AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the
SOVEREIGN REMEDY!
This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will, in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferrable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.
The Depot for Dr. Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macaronick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.

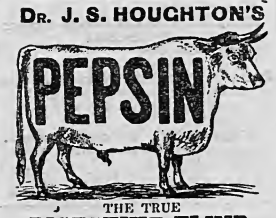
WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1853-4.
LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT
7,30 *A M.* Norwich, 8,12 and Willimantic, 8,55 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with a train from Hartford, and for Hartford and Bristol; and at Palmer, for Amherst and Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.
*10,30 *A. M.* and Norwich at 11,30 *A.M.* for Willimantic, connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester aad Boston.
*2,00 *P. M.* Norwich, 2,40 and Willimantic, 3,30 P. M., connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester; at Willimantic for Hartford, and at Palmer for Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.
LEAVE PALMER, AT
6,00 *A. M.* Willimantic, 8,55 and Norwich, 9,40 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with train for Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with Steamers for Stonington.
3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.
LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT
*1,30 *P. M.* and Norwich at 3,10 *P. M.* connecting at Norwich with train for Worcerter and Boston.
*Freight trains with Passenger cars attached.
Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.
A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.
Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from	
New London, (Cabin)	$3,00.
" " (Deck)	2,50.
Stonington,	2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, December 1, 1853.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.
Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations*. Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Coffins.
THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black. Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shronds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.
CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently cures the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country. Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
—AND—
Blood Purifier.
DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.
The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint.—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles.
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Cauker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.
Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,
It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,
It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier. For Chills and Fever, Murcurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.
Full Directions on the Bottle.
☞ *PRICE* $1,00.☜
HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,
Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure.
☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.☜

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.
This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.
☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Killer.
This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.
☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*☜
Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.
ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—
Superior and medium Velvet Pile,
" " Brussels,
" " Tapestry Brussels,
" " Kiddermaster,
Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.
We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3 m48.

Flour and Grain!
50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Dress Making.
HAVING secured the services of two experienced Dress Makers, we feel confident of suiting all who may want any work done in that line. MRS. W. CONKEY.
Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 5. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1854. NUMBER 5.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞ All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞ Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞ No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—The space occupied by 100 words, or that occupied by 14 Brevier lines, constitutes a *square*. One square one week 75 cents; 3 weeks $1. Each insertion afterwards 20 cents. One square 6 months $5—one year $9. One-half square or less—1 week 50 cents; two weeks 75 cents. Each after insertion 15 cents. One-half a square 6 months $3—1 year $5. Twenty-five per cent advance for continuance inside, after one week. Legal advertising of all kinds, such as Insolvent and Probate Notices, Sales on Execution &c., not less than 25 per cent in advance of ordinary rates. Special notices 33 1-3 per cent advance of ordinary rates.

Cards of acknowledgement, religious notices and the like, one insertion, 50 cents per square. Political notices, calls for conventions and secular meetings to be charged the same as other notices or advertisements similarly published.—Notices in news columns 10 cents per line, one insertion, but no large made of less than 50c.

Discounts will be made to merchants advertising at the above rates to the amount of $20 pr. annum, of not more than ten per cent; $30—15 per cent; $40—20 per cent; $50—25 per c.; and on $75, or over, 33 1-3 per cent.

Births, marriages and deaths inserted without charge; but all additions to the ordinary announcements, as obituary notices, funeral appointments &c., charged at 4 cents per line—no charge being less than 25 cents.

☞ From transient advertisers and patent medicine agents, cash will be demanded in advance, save in cases of special arrangement, or where a local reference is given.

*** The above rates are adopted by all weekly newspapers published in the five Western Counties of the State.

The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in our name:

Three Rivers, A. Shumway,—Thorndike, A. R. Murdock.—Bondsville, N. D. Wight,—Belchertown, H. A. Longley,—Collins' Depot, W. Collins,—Monson, T. F. Packard,—Monson, *South Factory*, W. Converse,—Monson, *North Factory*, F. S. Smith.—Wales, J. C. Royce,—Stafford Springs, J. H. Nutting,—Stafford Hollow, H. A. Converse.—Warren, T. H. Knight,—Palmer Centre, E. Turner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEWLY MARRIED:
OR
A GOOD LESSON.

BY MRS. EMELINE P. PLUMMER.

"Oh, DEAR! this weather is cold enough for November," said Mr. Ashton. "I wish you would order some fire made. I cannot keep a limb of my body still."

"Well," said the wife, "I think that would be superbly ridiculous, to have my grates soiled, after they have been cleaned so nicely, and my summer blowers up."

"Oh, nonsense! what are the grates made for, but to use? If they are so very nice, why cover them up with these blowers?"

But the wife remained immovable and inflexible.

"Say, Emily; may I ring the bell, and order a fire?"

"No, no," quickly interposed his wife, "I have just got my rooms cleaned for the summer and I won't have them touched."

"Cleaned for the summer! I wish I could live in a place where they would consider it a crime to clean house more than once in twelve years."

"Then I should be more particular than I now am," said Emily, "for fear I might get poisoned before my time came. Men seem not to have any perception of dirt. It is fortunate that somebody has."

"I don't care, it is unreasonable to close up the fire-frames so soon," muttered her husband.

"What! at this season of the year, almost the middle of June? We had ought to expect summer weather by this time."

"Suppose we should have callers to-day."

"No one will call to-day, I should not readily imagine. I think the clouds predict a storm."

"In doors, or out?" inquired her husband roguishly.

Just at this moment the door-bell rang, which betokened something more than an errand boy, or peddler. Presently a visitor was ushered in.

"Ah! good morning, Mr. Norris," said Mr. and Mrs. Norris; "when did you arrive?"

"About an hour ago," replied the visitor. "This is singular weather for June," he continued; it's more like November."

"It is indeed. I have been telling wife that we ought to have a good coal fire. Emily, dear, don't you think I had better ring the bell, and order a fire?"

Emily frowned and cast an impatient look at her husband. Mr. Norris quickly read the answer.

"O, I am not cold," protested Mr. Norris, with shivering limbs; "do not have a fire built for me. I have called rather early. I am already aware—hope you will excuse me—but as I had some particular business with Mr. Ashton, I concluded you might be at home at this hour."

"I am glad to see you," said Mr. Ashton.

After a short time, Mr. Norris took his leave.

"Small favors received, acknowledged, and gratefully accepted, and larger ones in proportion," said Emily, as soon as the visitor had closed the door. "I gave orders to the servants this morning to say, if any one came and inquired for us, that we had gone into the country."

"For my part, I was glad to see Norris," said Mr. Ashton, "as well as mortified at the cool reception we gave him.—Poor fellow! he had the blue shakes when he went out. I must ask him to tea to-morrow. Say, shan't I, Emily?"

"Well," if you must, why, you must, I suppose; but"———

"But what? Have you any objections?"

"Nothing, only I have just got my table service nicely cleaned and polished, and my table-cloths all put away, with the exception of those we have for our own use."

"Capital!" said Mr. Ashton. "How proud I shall feel, to have things look so nice! I don't doubt if Mr. Norris takes tea here, that he will be a married man in less than a year. What do you think, Emily, eh?"

At this pleasant turn of affairs, Emily did not make much reply. Mr. Norris was invited to tea; everything, to all appearances, passed off well; and Mr. Norris concluded, that if he could get married, and get such a wife as Mrs. Ashton it would not be such a dreadful thing after all. Everything looked so nice—the table-cloth especially.

Emily took things hard. Everything in housekeeping appeared burdensome to her. She trusted nobody; she was continually finding fault. Servants were a continued 'thorn in her flesh,' flies a source of irritation, moths were horrible and all the daily vexations of life tended to make this a world of tribulations and anguish.

She had been married about two years and wanted to be considered an excellent housekeeper. So she was, so far as neatness and punctuality were concerned; but when we consider comfort and happiness in another point of view, she missed it decidedly. When her husband came home, she would commence repeating in detail all her little trials with her domestics during the day, with which she wo'd generally conclude with the sorrowful reflection, that she should not live long, and he might see whom he could get that would keep things in as nice order as she did.

"Well, why don't you dismiss them?" said Mr. Ashton impatiently.

"What would be the use of it? I cannot do the work. I did not get married to make a slave of myself, or to put my hands out of shape by doing housework. There is Tom—he came with recommendations full a yard long; and Susan did the work for one family thirteen years; she, too, came to me highly recommended; and another thing, she will come and go when she pleases, and say what she pleases."

"She is punctual to duty, is she not?" inquired Mr. Ashton.

"Oh, yes; she does her work quickly and neatly; but she will not allow me to give her any advice about it—is even saucy enough to tell me sometimes, that if she were to follow my directions in cooking, she would have nothing fit to set on the table."

"I am very sorry that you have so many trials, my dear. I have a great many in my business, and have secretly hoped that you might be spared all these little trials, that you might feel like diverting my mind in an agreeable chit-chat when I return home weary and dispirited."

"Have you seen Mr. Barre to-day?" inquired Emily.

"No, I have not," replied Mr. Ashton, glad to turn the conversation.

"Come, tea is ready," said Emily.

They both sat down in silence, and appeared to be wrapped in their own tho'ts.

Soon after tea, the door bell rang, and visitors were announced. The evening passed off in lively conversation. The hour for retiring came. Both went to bed with a resolution that nothing should occur to cloud the sky of their matrimonial life. For many times, our young wife had contrived to feel sad, and make her husband as gloomy as if some real misfortune were hanging over them.

"What say you, Emily, to giving up housekeeping, and going out to board?" said Mr. Ashton, after another chapter of the servants' deficiencies, and short-comings, and overgrown ideas as to 'what was their place, and what was not." "I should like to try it, at any rate," continued he.

"Why, Mr. Ashton! I thought you wished to keep house, because you could have so much more liberty, and"———

"Well, Emily, so I did; but it is more for your sake than my own that I would make the change. I see your housekeeping is a source of torment to you. It has been nothing but one uninterrupted chain of complaints ever since we were married. Precious little comfort do I see!"

These remarks sank heavily into the heart of the young wife, and she could not refrain from weeping passionately over them, when she was alone. One day, while conning over the ills of life, she said—"I know what I'll do; I'll just run over and see my good and valued friend, Mrs. Wilson. And so she went. Mrs. Wilson was a friend from infancy; to her she unfolded the whole matter—her whole heart and all her troubles.

"My dear child," said Mrs. Wilson, smiling kindly, "you are young yet, that is all."

"Well, dear Mrs. Wilson, is there no hope, while I am a young housekeeper, to make my husband happy? Still, I would like to have everything in perfect neatness, more in perfect system, and yet have quietness and ease."

"In the first place, the object of good housekeeping is comfort, and comfort implies quiet and ease. Always try to have everything pleasant for your husband. If you have any trials of a trivial nature, never mention them. With youth, health and means, and last, though not least, a husband whom you dearly love, what right have petty trials to intervene between you and happiness?"

"Oh, well! but I have the worst domestics in the world. They will not let me instruct them at all, and nothing is done as I should do it."

"I think I heard you say, not long since, that they were neat and prompt," said Mrs. Wilson.

"Oh, yes; but they will not let me command them at all. I cannot exercise any dignity whatever in my own house."

"Do not exact too much," said Mrs. Wilson.

"Yes; but they are so obstinate."

"Don't you think, by your own short experience, that perfect obedience is the most difficult of human virtues?"

"Well, perhaps so," said Emily. "But how is it that you take everything so easily, Mrs. Wilson?"

"By keeping a general superintendence; by not interfering too much with my servants; encouraging them when I have an opportunity, and sympathizing with them in their trials; in short, by endeavoring to make everything as pleasant as possible by an even course daily with my husband and servants. Don't let little difficulties grow into larger ones. You will find them much easier to conquer. One must pass through much, to get through life happily."

Emily went home, firmly resolved to put in practice the good advice given her.

Mr. Ashton soon observed the change, and, with great delight remarked, that he did not envy a man his 'single blessedness,' while he had such a sure resource for crushed spirits—a pleasant wife, and, in short, a HAPPY HOME.

JUST SO.—We find the following paragraph floating about on the sea of newspaperdom, without an owner; but it tells the plain truth, and we copy it for the benefit of all interested—

Have you ever observed how soon a man assumes the starchiness of his dickey when the people elevate him a little?—The lower the office, as a general thing, the more insolent you will find the occupant. Some of our local pet bank cashiers put on more airs than the Governor of the State; while we have seen the boss of a two-horse railroad line more difficult to come at, than the Judge of the Supreme Court. President Pierce is far more accessible than the Secretaries;—while the Secretaries are far more accessible than the Clerks. The most insolent man we ever found at the White House, was a footman. The fact is, the more buckwheat a man's head contains, where brains ought to be, the more he runs away with the idea, that being 'sassy,' and keeping his hair slicked up, is being dignified. Did you ever notice the matter?

ALL IN ONE NIGHT.—A German in this city probably experienced a greater variety of important events in one night last week, than any other man that ever lived. He was coerced into matrimony, presented with a son four months old, had the delirium tremens, and paid the great debt of nature between eight o'clock at night and five in the morning. He did not survive the great events!—*Albany Transcript.*

☞ Mr. Simple, on being advised to "file" his newspapers, proceeded at once to Dock Squire, and ordered a large sized "rat-tail" instrument.

The Last Look.

A WIFE lay dying. Suffering had wasted her beauties—but from the wreck of her former charms, through the meek and sweet medium of her faded eye, was peering the lustre of a soul preparing to go—as through the crevices of some hoary and crumbling bastion, shoot the rays of the evening moon. And as the earth grew darker, and the dash of the sullen waves of death began to reach her ear, she turned her pale face to him who was weeping beside her—the object of her first and latest love—and with one long glance—one beaming smile—one lingering kiss—departed to a better country.—And he went forth a mourner—but that last look mingles in his duties and controls his visions.

A youth left his early home for the active theatre of the world. Standing upon the hill beyond the brook, he cast his eye backward upon the picture from which he would soon be separated forever. There stood the cot, green with the woodbine; his parents and his darling sister looking through misty eyes after their departing idol. He gazed but a moment—such scenes are too tender for the stontest hearts—and casting silent kisses towards the group of beloved ones, he dashed down the hill and returned no more.

An old man whose hair was thin and white, like the hoary frost, was summoned from the council-chamber of the nation, to enter "a way in which he had not walked before." The sage sunk down within the halls that had so often reverberated with his fervid eloquence, and, looking around him, murmured, "*I am content.*" And his last look is like a living picture, inscribed with those sublime last words, even to this present, upon the bosoms of men.

A lover lost his idol. Beneath the trysting tree of earlier hours, there went they for their parting. With promises strong as oaths—with kisses sweet as honey—with tears as plentiful as rain—they tore their hearts asunder. The last look was exchanged, and the sickness of absence commenced. The maiden dreams there after of the [illegible] companionship. Alas! for her, when she awakes from that delusive vision.

'Every beginning hath an end.' The most painful ingredient in the cup of life, is its uncertainty. A parting with the assurance of a re-union, would not seem so grevious—it is a sting of such an hour—that we may not meet again.

We do not possess life but by a precarious tenure. Each look may be our last. Each day may be next to eternity. The morning begun amid those who love us, amid the busy haunts of men, may terminate in the loneliness and silence of the country beyond. And only can he be at peace who carries in his heart the assurance, that the last look is at the gorgeous beauties of Heaven. With such an assurance, one may smile at dangers, and sleep upon a bed of flowers.

"I Still Live."

LORD BACON once remarked, "Glory consists in being shot in battle, and having one's name reported wrong in the dead and wounded list."

We were never more strongly reminded of the truth of this assertion, and how little the great are remembered after their death, than on hearing, a few days since, the following anecdote of an Eastern farmer, trying to repeat the last words of the "Godlike Webster," "I still live!"

A gentleman remarked, "Life is very uncertain."

"Ah, yes," replied the farmer, "that's true, every word of it; and by the way, Captain, that makes me think of what one of your big Massachusetts men said when he died a spell ago."

"Who was it?"

"Well, I don't jest call his name to mind now, but at any rate he was a big politicianer, and lived near Boston somewhere. My newspaper said, that when he died, the Boston folks put his images in the windows, and had a funeral for a whole day."

"Perhaps it was Webster," suggested the Captain.

"Yes, that's the name! Webster—General Webster! Strange I could n't think on it afore. But he got off a good thing afore he died. He riz up in bed, and says he, '*I ain't dead yet!*'"

AN ANCIENT PRODIGY.—Theophanes, and other Greek historians, tells us, that in the year 447, and during the earthquake at Constantinople and other places, which continued at intervals for six months, a child was taken up in the air and heard the angels singing the Trisagion, or triple doxology. So well known, or at least, so fully believed was this fact, that St. Proculus, who was then Archbishop of Constantinople, made it the occasion of a recommendation to his people to sing frequently the same, or a similar chant, in deprecation of the impending dangers of the earthquake.—*Butler's Lives of Saints, Vol. 4, p. 282.*

☞ Always act and speak as if in the presence of God.

For the Journal.

Matthew F. Ward.

BY Y. S. D.

Rejoice not in thy freedom,
Murderer of deepest dye!
Though the law pronounce thee guiltless,
Thou knowest 'tis but a lie;
And upon thy brow thou bearest
The dreadful brand of Cain,
And thou canst not meet with boldness
The gaze of fellow men.

The wide world's hate and curses
Shall thrill thy aching brain;
Never shall clasp of friendship
Press that red hand again;
With thee his fire and water
No friendly host shall share—
Lest the murderer, like the plague-struck,
Poison the vital air.

The earth cries out against thee
Where'er thy foot hath trod,
And stained by thee with bloodshed, calls
For vengeance unto God.
Fly! and in some lone forest
Where the panthers make their den,
Dwell like a leprous outcast,
Far from the sight of men.

Alas! what frightful visions through
Thy dreaming hours shall fly!
What streams of blood!—what ghastly forms
Shall throng before thine eye!
Beside thee oft, thy victim,
Reeking in gore, shall stand,
And thy frame shall thrill with horror,
Beneath his icy hand.

Life shall become a burden,
Greater than thou canst bear,
And but for the dread hereafter,
For death would be thy prayer;
Yet the love of God is boundless,
And His mercies never cease—
Oh! confess thy guilt before Him—
Repent, and die in peace.

MAY.—May is considered an unfortunate marrying month. A country editor says that a girl was asked recently to unite herself in the silken tie to a brisk chap, who named May in his proposals. She tenderly hinted that May was an unlucky month. "Well, make it June, then," honestly replied the swain, anxious to accommodate. The damsel paused a moment, hesitated, cast down her eyes, and with a blush said, "would not April do as well?"

☞ The Hessian fly has become a terrible scourge in Illinois, and, in a manner, destroyed the wheat crop. Death, in a winter, makes a room-mate of him for some months. This seems out of order to us; but when you come to reflect that people "keep" in Russia, and that the ground is so frozen in mid-winter that digging graves is tantamount to hewing granite, the practice assumes a degree of reasonableness that excuses its want of decorum.

INDELIBLE INK.—Durable or indelible ink may be made by dissolving 2 drachms lunar caustic and half an ounce of gum arabic, in a gill of rain water. Indelible red ink is made by mixing and reducing to a fine powder, half an ounce of vermillion, a drachm of the salt of steel, and mussed oil enough to render it of the consistency of black durable ink.

☞ The Herald tells a story of a certain deacon, whose sight began to fail him, who one evening, as he was reading about "the angel that came down from heaven, and took a live coal from off the alter"—rendered the passage thus: "An angel came down from heaven and took a live colt by the halter!"

☞ "Dear children," once said a considerate mother," you must always remember the poor; after you and I and father have feasted, and you have fed the chickens, the pig, and cat, if there is anything left that ain't fit for soap-grease, give it to the poor; it's despot good to be charitable and prudent, and feed the hungry with what's left."

☞ A well-kown political economist says, We pay best, first, those who destroy us, generals; second, those who cheat us—politicians and quacks, third, those who amuse us—singers and musicians; and least of all, those who instruct us—authors, schoolmasters and editors."

SHOULD'T WONDER.—Punch says that the reason why editors are so apt to have their manners spoiled is, because they receive from one correspondent and another such a vast number of evil communications.

☞ The Cleveland *Hearld* thus addresses old bachelors: "If our Maker thought it wrong for Adam to live single when there was not a woman on the earth, how criminally guilty are old bachelors, with the world full of pretty girls."

☞ A sick man was told that nothing could cure him but a quart of catnip tea.—"Then I must die," said he, "I don't hold but a pint."

☞ A down-east editor says that modesty is a quality that highly adorns a woman, and suits a man.

☞ Jeems says that the quickest way to reach the seat of war is to set down on a hornet's nets.

☞ A fop is like a cork tree—his outside is all there is of value about him.

☞ The heart that beats for no woman, is a niche without an image.

The Age of Patriarchs.

SOME have not hesitated seriously to ascribe to our forefather Adam, the height of nine hundred yards, and the age of almost nine thousand years. But the accurate and rational investigation of modern philosophy, has converted the bones of giants, found in different parts of the earth, into those of the elephant and rhinoceros, and acute theologians have shown that the chronology of the early ages was not the same as that used at present. Some, particularly Hensler, have proved, with the highest probability, the year, till the time of Abraham, consisted only of three months; and it was not till the time of Joseph that it was made to consist of twelve. These assertions are, to a certain degree, confirmed by some of the Eastern nations, who still reckon only three months to the year; and besides it would be altogether inexplicable why the life of man should have been shortened one-half immediately after the flood.

It would be equally inexplicable why the patriarchs did not marry till their sixtieth, seventieth, and even hundredth year; but this difficulty vanishes when we reckon these ages according to the before mentioned standard, which will give the twentienth or thirtieth year; and consequently the same period at which people marry at present. The whole, therefore, according to the explanation, assumes a different appearance. The sixteen years before the flood will become four hundred and fourteen, and the nine hundred years which Methuselah lived, will be reduced to two hundred—an age which is not impossible, and to which some men in modern times have nearly approached.—*Dr. Van Ordan.*

The Process of Coining Gold.

A United States mint has been completed in San Francisco, and is probably ere this time in active operation, coining down daily vast treasures of golden ore. It was intended that it should be prepared to coin thirty million dollars yearly. The following description of the system which is about to be established there, will afford a good

The metal, after being received in the deposit room, is carefully weighed and a receipt given. Each deposit is then melted separately in the melting room, and moulded into bars. These bars next pass through the hands of the assayer, who with a chisel chips a small fragment from each one. Each chip is then rolled into a thin ribbon, and filed down until it weighs exactly ten grains. It is then melted in a little cup made of calcined bone ashes, and all the base metals, copper, tin, &c., are absorbed by the porous material of the cup, or carried off by oxydation. The gold is then boiled in nitric acid, which dissolves the silver which it contains, and leaves the gold pure. It is then weighed, and the amount which it has lostgives the exact proportion of impurity in the original bar, and a certificate of the amount of coin due the depositor is made out accordingly.

After being assayed, the bars are melted with a certain proportion of silver, and being poured into a dilution of nitric acid and water, assume a granulated form. In this state the gold is thoroughly boiled in nitric acid, and rendered perfectly free from silver or any other baser metals which may happen to cling to it. It is next melted with one-ninth its weight of copper, and, thus alloyed, is run into bars, and delivered to the coiner for coinage. The bars are rolled out in a rolling mill until nearly as thin as the coin which is to be made from them. By a process of annealing they are rendered sufficiently ductile to be drawn through a longitudinal orifice in a piece of steel, thus reducing the whole to a regular width and thickness.

A cutting machine next punches small round pieces from the bar, about the size of the coin. These pieces are weighed separately by the "adjusters," and if too heavy are filed down—if too light they are re-melted. The pieces which have been adjusted are run through a milling machine, which compresses them to their proper diameter and raises the edge. Two hundred and fifty are milled in a minute by the machine. They are then again softened by the process of annealing, and after a thorough cleaning are placed in a tube connecting with the stamping instrument, and are taken thence one at a time by the machinery, and stamped between the dies. They are now finished, and, being thrown into a box, are delivered to the Treasurer for circulation.

The machinery, of course, for all these processes, must be of the nicest kind. The weighing scales alone, in the deposit room of the California Mint, cost $1000.

☞ When Trinity Church in New York City, was completed, there was considerable dispute among the Deacons, as to what should be the color of the Church. After holding seven meetings, the committee voted unanimously to have it *whitewashed brown.*

☞ A wicked man is like one who hangs over a deep pit by a slender cord with one hand, and is cutting at it with the other.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1854.

The Nebraska Iniquity Triumphant!

Few have entertained hopes for the past fortnight, that the Nebraska bill would be defeated in the House. It has seemed to gain friends daily, notwithstanding the almost superhuman efforts made by the opposition to prevent its passage. Executive influence has had much to do towards forcing this unpopular measure through Congress, and we are sure that the people will hold the administration responsible for this outrage upon the liberties of the country.

On Monday, at 11 o'clock a. m., the bill was passed to be engrossed by a vote of 109 ayes to 99 nays. Although the bill has not yet become a law, there can be but little doubt that the Senate will concur in the only important amendment to the bill, as it originally passed that body, viz:—the striking out of the Clayton proviso. The Nebraska bill has taken up a large portion of the time of this session, and there have been no less than one hundred and twenty-eight set speeches made upon it—28 in the Senate and 100 in the House.

The passage of the Nebraska bill annuls the Missouri Compromise and gives a wider range to the slave power of the South. The Missouri Compromise was a settlement of the conflicting claims of the two sections at the time of its adoption. It was a settlement binding upon both parties. It was understood to be an adjustment of the whole question, and was considered a fair and equal settlement between the two sections. But this outrage dissolves the solemn compact; it violates a pledge which the North and South have considered sacred for many years; it shakes the confidence of the free States in all compromises entered into by the South, besides widening the breach which the slavery question has made between them).

The only hope of saving Nebraska and Kansas from slavery is, that emigration from the free States will give to those territories a character which will speak out for freedom, when they come to be admitted into the sisterhood of States. They present a boundless field for enterprise and ambition, and the future alone can demonstrate whether these stimulants of American prosperity will be encouraged by free labor or hampered by the galling fetters of slavery.

The Dark Day.—Seventy-four years ago Friday, last week, occurred the famous dark day, which is described as follows by a writ- at that time:

"The 19th of May, 1780, was coming on cloudy, attended with a little rain. Between eleven and twelve o'clock the darkness increased, and it began to assume the appearance of evening. Fowls went to roost, and cattle collected round the barn-yards, as at the approach of night. Before noon it became so dark, as to be difficult to read without a candle, and lights were necessary at dinner, and to transact the work of a family throughout the afternoon. The evening was enveloped in total darkness; the sky could not be distinguished from the ground. The clouds began to separate, and the vapors to disperse a little before midnight, and some glimmerings of light appeared. The next morning was cloudy, but not unusually dark.

Various theories have been advanced to account for the dark day, but the most plausible one is the following:

For several weeks previous there had been extensive fires in the woods, and the westerly wind, had driven the smoke and cinders, with which the air was charged, all over the country. On the morning of the 19th, the wind came in various directions, but principally from the eastward, and brought with it a thick fog; these counter currents meeting, stopped the progress of the clouds, and formed different strata of them; and as light is always reflected from the surface, they become more impervious to it than a more dense cloud, which presents only one surface. The atmosphere was likewise filled with clouds of smoke and cinders, as well as with vapor, which gave them a dirty, yellowish hue. Pieces of burned leaves were continually falling, and the rain water was covered with a sooty scum. The darkness extended throughout New England, and was observed several leagues at sea.

Horrible Situation.—A man named Girard, while working with another man in a well near Lyons, France, was buried with dirt and stones for several feet, and the nature of the soil was such, that all efforts to remove him was baffled for nearly three weeks. Giraud was kept alive by food communicated to him through a tube, but his companion was killed by the falling of stones. Great interest was manifested for the poor man, and the Empress Eugenia was telegraphed to daily, concerning him. Before he was rescued the dead body of his companion had become partially decomposed, and bags of quick-lime were let down to disinfect the atmosphere.

A Canadian Baby Show.—Following the illustrious example set by Palmer, the Canadians held a Baby Show in Bytown, on the 2nd inst., but the babies were not so plenty there as at the Show in this place. The prizes were $60 each to the three largest, fattest, and handsomest in the town of March. There were but two babies presented, one 16 and the other 17 months old, each of whom received a prize. After some appropriate speeches by the judges, one of the lucky mothers made the announcement, that she should have another baby to show at the same time and place next year, if there was a premium to be given,' which caused peals of applause.

Resigned.—Edward Everett has resigned his seat in the U. S. Senate.

The Murderer, Ward.

Shooting Yankee Schoolmasters at the South appears to be a lawful business. In speaking of the Ward trial and Yankee Schoolmaster, the Richmond *Examiner* very mildly remarks:

So odious are some of these '*itinerant ignoramuses*' to the people of the South; so full of abolitionism and concealed incendiarism are many of this class; so full of guile, fraud and deceit, that the deliberate shooting of one of them down, in the act of poisoning the minds of our slaves, or our children, we think, if regarded as homicide at all, should always be deemed *perfectly justifiable*; and we imagine, that the propriety of *shooting an abolition Schoolmaster*, when caught tampering with our slaves, *has never been questioned by any intelligent Southern man.—This we take to be the unwritten common law of the State.* We repeat, that the *shooting of itinerant abolition Schoolmasters*, is frequently a creditable and laudable act, entitling a respectable Southern man to at least, a seat in the Legislature, or a place in the Common Council.

The very law is set at defiance in Kentucky, by men occupying an elevated position in society, as thus stated by the Louisville *Journal*:

We do not think, that an instance can be named where a *man of social position* in Ky., has ever been hung or sent to the Penitentiary for killing a man in open daylight, tho' there have been what seemed to be very aggravated cases of such killing; *and so far as we know this is true of the whole South.*

Ward has left Louisville and gone to his plantation in Arkansas, where he intends to remain until the public excitement against him in Louisville shall have subsided. He publishes a card in the *Delta*, addressed to the "Editors of the United States," asking a suspension of opinion in regard to the murder of Mr. Butler, until a full report of the trial, now in press by the Messrs Appleton of New York, is published. The public seem more inclined to ask for a suspension of the murderer.

The Insane.—Dr. Kirkbride, the physician of the Pennsylvania Hospital for the Insane, gives a tabular statement in his last annual report of the age, sex, occupation, condition, and cause of all the cases which have been admitted into that institution since 1841. Of the 1,299 males, the farmers take the lead, numbering 188, and there were also 27 physicians. The number of females treated was 1,099.

Lola and her Bear.—The following epigram, apologetic for the bear that bit the hand of Lola Montez, is from the Marysville *Herald*:

When Lola came to feed her bear
With comfits sweet, and sugar rare,
Bruin ran out in haste to meet her,
And seized her hand because 'twas sweeter.

☞ If the Journal wishes to know "where ly say "Editors go Free."—*Westfield News Letter.*

If we could say as much, we should be tempted to make a visit to Washington—or somewhere. But don't you have to "stand treat," friend Porter?

An Incident of the Late War.—*Respectfully dedicated to the Amherst Express.*—In the battle of Buena Vista the Mississippi regiment was exposed to the severest fire of the enemy. General Taylor was astonished at the result. Said he, "*They were fairly whipped at least three times, but they* DIDN'T KNOW IT, *and kept right on bravely, and won the victory.*

A Nice Place to Live in.—The gnats of Arkansas seem to be as bad as the fabulous musquitoes of that State. The *Young America* states, that not less than one hundred horses have been killed in Union Co., in the vicinity of the river, by the gnats, within the past two or three weeks.

There, Now!—A writer in the Amherst *Express* says that Amherst is "the sent of the Muses!" This information added to the *Express'* opinion, that Amherst is exactly in the centre of the world, must have great effect on the outsiders.

The "Angel Gabriel" has been blowing his horn in Springfield, and preaching to a crowd of men and boys on the evils of Popery and the manner in which he has been persecuted at Worcester and Boston.

☞ A long word, which many persons should learn the meaning of—Mindyourownbusiness!

☞ A building in New York was blown up by gas on Saturday last. The damage done was about $2000.

☞ A German named Leonard Witimar was killed recently on the branch of the New York and Erie Railroad, near Newburg. He was intoxicated and was dancing on top of one of the cars, the train being in motion, when he lost his balance and fell upon the track.

☞ Rev Edward Farrelly, a Catholic priest of Saxonville, has sued the Boston Bee for libel, laying his damages at $5,000. The libel consists in the charge that the reverend gentleman had stolen or kidnapped the children of a man named Casein.

Salaries of Clergymen.—The protestant Episcopal Convention, in session at Philadelphia, have passed resolutions fixing the minimum salary at $500 for single, and $750 for married clergymen.

Cruelty.—John Taggart and his wife have been arrested in New York for cruelty to a brother, 15 years of age, whom they have kept bound hand and foot in a dark room for nearly a month beating him every day until his body has become completely scarified.

Death of a Legislator.—Oliver Smith 2d, of Middlefield, a member of the last Legislature, died on the 12th inst.

For the Journal.

Be Short.

The day for folio volumes, twelve-hour speeches, and three-hour sermons has gone by forever. People now-a-days are busy, bustling, eager and impatient—they want learning, but they have no time to spare.—Truth, in order to do good, must be brief, pointed, and suggestive. Americans particularly, demand brevity. Whoever attempts to advise, instruct, guide, or influence them must be brief, else his audience will leave him alone, or study their watches too impatiently to attend to anything he says. They prefer an outline sketch to a finished picture—an idea suggested to think out for themselves, to one elaborately wrought out with a profusion of words. The pulpit, the bar, the Senate chamber, the stage, and the press, all demand the power of saying much in few words. Nowhere is brevity more important than in newspaper articles. The newspaper is the business man's assistant and companion—it enters his workshop, or his counting-room as a silent, though active partner, and it must be prompt and business-like in its teachings. No time for anything lengthy—short, clear and expressive must be the articles which attract an active man's attention.

No art is more difficult to acquire than that of being short. Before any one can speak clearly and briefly on any subject, he must have a thorough, practical knowledge of it; while it requires very little art or knowledge to say a great deal. A writer who is not clear leads you along like a blind guide—dragging you after him into all the by-ways and cross-paths, where he himself is groping for the true course; while one who is really able to guide you, leads you by a straight path. Study conciseness then—whether you teach, preach, plead, make a speech, or write, and you will benefit yourself, and be agreeable to others. Y. S. D.

A Protest.—In the name of common sense and in behalf of thousands of people who feel deeply interested in the matter, we protest against the present mail arrangement on the Western Railroad. Since the change in running trains over the road, the only mail we get from the West is at 10.10 A. M., excepting the New York mail at 2.10 P. M. By this arrangement it takes two days to get mail matter from above Northampton; the same time to get an Albany mail. Heretofore we could send by mail to Springfield and get a return the same day; under the new order of things it takes two days to perform so simple an operation! This inconvenience is felt by many towns along the road, and the call for a return of the old mail system is heard on every hand. It is undoubtedly much easier for the route agent to carry the mails in the way he now does, but it sadly disappoints the public. We ought to have two mails a day to and from Boston, and, what is more, we *mean to have them.*

Where 's Barnum?—Collins assures us, (and NO ONE will doubt his veracity), that he daguerreotyped a child, a few days since, but 13 months old, that weighed 45 pounds (*before dressing*).—*Westfield News Letter.*

Do you mean that Collins daguerreotyped the child "*before dressing?*" If so, some people will be inquisitive to know whether it was a girl or a boy.

Murder and Suicide in Haverhill.—The wife of a Mr Loud of Haverhill left her house on Monday morning, taking with her a daughter eight years of age, and proceeded to a pond in the neighborhood, where she lashed the child to herself and then plunged into the water. Both mother and child were drowned. The mother had exhibited symptoms of insanity.

Lucky.—The New York Spirit of the Times tells a story of a sportsman who was recently shooting ducks in North Carolina; and when wading through the reeds he saw six ducks. He waited for a good shot, when a 'coon came paddling along, and the ducks pitched into him to fight him away. At this interesting time, the sportsman fired his two barrels and bagged three ducks and one 'coon.

☞ The late Father Mathews, of Washington, has left a fortune of $200, 000, a portion of which is bequeathed to his nephew, Hon. D. W. Merrick, of Maryland, and a large portin to the Catholic church. A Cathedral will be erected in Washington city, on the site of St Patrick's, from his bequest.

☞ Three cent pieces of the new coinage have been issued from the mint. It is of standard purity, and heavier than the old coin.—In appearance it is distinguished only by a minute wreath above, and a bunch of arrows below the character "111."

Heavy Pair.—An Irish mother, at West Rutland, gave birth to a pair of twins on Monday last, that weighed respectfully 11 lbs. 4 oz., and 10 lbs. and 6 oz.

Terible Earthquake.—Advices from San Salvador, Central America state that a severe earthquake occurred there on the 16th of April; many of the buildings, and 600 families were buried in the earth.

☞ It is ruled by the Post Office Department that postmasters on returning papers to publishers not taken from the office, must frank them as "on post office business."

☞ The "fly" is ravaging the tobacco crop in different portions of Maryland, and already it is said that serious damage has been done.

☞ More than one hundred persons from the age of eighty down to ten years, have been the subjects of a late revival in Castleton, Vt.

☞ Hon Thos H. Benton is again a candidate for Congress from the St Louis district.

Review of the Week.

The success of the Nebraska scheme is the crowning topic of discussion the present week. The Missouri Compromise is killed, and all Northern men should now give the South to understand, that they will consider the Compromise of 1850—that despicable, slave-hunting act—as killed also. Let all Slavery Compromises die with the old standard Missouri compact.

From Europe we have further news of the progress of the Turkish war. The particulars of the bombardment of Odessa, inform us, that all the military defences of the port were destroyed, 12 Russian ships of war were sunk and 13 vessels loaded with ammunition. An important battle was fought by Omar Pacha on the 18th and 19th of April, with 70,000 men, which resulted disastrously to the Russians. Other reports indicate, that decisive advantages have been obtained by the Turks, both against the Russians and Greeks. There is a report that an American privateer has been committing depredations on French commerce. The Russians are reported to be fitting out a formidable fleet of gun-boats against Sir Charles Napier's fleet in the Baltic. The movement of the Russians, in evacuating Lesser Wallachia which borders on Austria, is thought to indicate apprehensions from the Austrian armies, which are gathering in that vicinity.

We have news from the sea of more vessels foundering, and, in several cases, their freight of living men and women going down to the bottom. The steamer Glasgow is still unheard from, and without doubt she is lost, with all on board—nearly 400 souls.

Market and monetary affairs continue nearly as they have been for several weeks.—Money is quoted "tight," and flour "high" Provisions, however, are declining in price.

The weather for the past week has been cool, yet beautiful. Vegetation has rapidly advanced, and though the season is considered very "late," we believe grass and the foliage of the trees are as far advanced as they were at this date of the month last year.—Weather seers predict a frost about this time—in consequence of the eclipse of yesterday.

From California.—By an arrival at New Orleans, we have two weeks later news from California. The French Consul at San Francisco, who was concerned in the matter of raising troops for the army of Santa Anna, has been brought before the courts, where he hauled down his flag, and will wait for order from his Emperor. Two shipwrecks are reported, by one of which 13 lives were lost. A steamer exploded on the Columbia river, killing 25 persons, and wounding 50 others. We have no account of the shipment of gold for the fortnight, although mining is said to be as prosperous as ever.

Big Lump of Gold.—The San Francisco *Herald* states that a poor Italian, while out prospecting at Yankee Hill, near Columbia, on the 28th ult., found a lump of nearly pure gold, weighing twenty-seven pounds! The lump lay about eighteen inches below the surface, and has the appearance of having been exposed to the action of fire, the outside being both black and burnt. The lump is quadrangular in shape, and rather flat. The Italian who found the prize was only the day before begging for the necessaries of life, but by this lucky strike is in the possession of thousands of dollars. This is one of the largest nuggets of pure gold ever discovered in California.

More Indian Outrages.—A government train of fourteen wagons was attacked by the Indians near El Paso, on the 2d instant, and six men were killed and scalped, the remainder succeeded in making their escape. One hundred mules were stolen from the wagons, and goods to the value of $40,000 were destroyed. The commanding officer at Fort Elwell, immediately sent out five different parties of riflemen. The wagons belonged to Major Chapman's train. There was a great excitement, and the citizens were calling on the Governor to order out the volunteers.

Horrible Superstition.—In Jewett city on the 8th inst., the dead bodies of Horace Ray and his two sons, who died one after another of consumption, were taken from their graves and publicly burned, in conformity with an ancient superstition that the life of the third son, who is now afflicted with the same disease of which the others died, might be saved thereby, the theory being that the deceased in their graves preyed upon their living relation.

Rescue of a Fugitive Slave.—James Worthington, a colored barber, was arrested at Akron, Ohio, on Tuesday, on a charge of counterfeiting but it being ascertained that the real cause of his arrest was that he was a fugitive slave, the citizens turned out in great force and prevented his removal.—Considerable excitement prevailed, and trouble was apprehended.

☞ Mrs. Newcomb, wife of Dr. Newcomb, of Lansingburg, died suddenly on Monday afternoon, in the stage, while on her way from Troy to her residence. She had been to Albany on business, and on her arrival at Troy, walked from the depot to the omnibus. The verdict of the jury was—"Death from over exertion after eating a meal."

☞ The *New York Express* of Monday records three suicides, and one attempt at suicide, together with the finding of three dead bodies in the water, and all within forty-eight hours.

Poisoned.—On Sunday morning, Mr. Henry Quinn, keeper of a boarding house in Nashua, swallowed a dose of bed-bug poison by mistake, and died shortly after.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The "Crazy Scotchman" Drowned after all.—A few weeks since we stated, that a small pond in this village was dragged to find the body of a crazy Scotchman, whose bundle of clothing was found in the water, and the following week we stated that the fellow had "turned up" at Three Rivers.—This latter statement was made on the authority of those who said that they had seen him at the above named village. The poor fellow was drowned, as at first surmised, and his body was discovered floating in the pond on Tuesday last, having lain in the water for nearly a month. He was about five feet eight inches in height, had on a black leather cap, a brown sack coat, black vest, brown pants, striped shirt, and blue woolen undershirt, and was judged to be about 40 years of age. An empty wallet and tobacco pipe were found in his pockets. While wandering about the village he stated, that he was a flax dresser, and had a wife and three children, but declined giving any information as to his name or place of residence. He probably had the delirium tremens.

Coronor Newton of Monson, was called, and a jury summoned to sit on the case. The verdict of the jury was, that "The person above described, came to his death on or about the 25th day of April last, by accidental drowning, and, that said person was partially insane, from some cause to the jury unknown."

Late in the evening he was buried in the churchyard of this village, by direction of the Selectmen.

Time Table of the Railroads.—Since our last issue quite an alteration has taken place in the arrival and departure of trains at Palmer. For the benefit of the public we publish the following summary of arrangements:

For the East—Passenger trains leave Palmer at 7.46 and 10.10 (Express) A. M., and at 2.10 (Express)—2.20 and 9.50 (Express) P. M. Freight train with passenger car attached, leaves at 5.40 A. M. and 6.39 P. M.

For the West—Passenger trains leave Palmer at 11.10 and 11.39 (Express) A. M., and at 4.49 (Express)—6.39 (Express) and 8.05 P. M. Freight train with passenger car attached, leaves at 2.06.

For the North—Leave Palmer at 2.20 and 8.10 P. M. Arrive from Amherst and Belchertown at 9.30 A. M. and at 1.45 P. M.

For the South—Leave Palmer at 7.50 A. M. and 3 P. M. Arrive from New London at 10.30 A. M., and at 6 P. M.

Bitten by a Mad Dog.—Daniel Cummings of Ware, was bitten by a dog supposed to be mad, on Thursday evening of last week. The dog bit a hog belonging to Hascal Cummings, and one or two calves in the same vicinity. The hog died in twenty-four hours after. Mr. Cummings is considerably advanced in years. He heard the dog among his geese and went out to drive him away, when he was bitten in the hand. Another man who was fishing by torch-light on the bank of the river, was attacked by the dog, but he succeeded in driving him away. The dog was subsequently killed.

School Troubles.—We have the particulars of a case of excessive child-whipping, by the school teacher in district No. 5, Monson, but think it best not to publish them.—The law allows a teacher to inflict punishment upon a scholar to the same extent that a parent would be justified in applying to an own child, but chastisement partaking of brutality and abuse, whether inflicted by parent or teacher renders its author amenable to the laws of the Commonwealth.

Liquor Prosecution.—Otis Wallace of the Union House, was arraigned before Justice Collins on Tuesday, charged with being a common seller of liquor. Five evidences were introduced, three of whom swore to purchasing liquor of the defendant. He was found guilty and ordered to recognize with two good sureties to appear at the criminal term of court next December.

Without a Shepherd.—The Congregational and Baptist Societies in this village, the Congregational Society at Thorndike, and the Methodist Society at Palmer Centre, are without pastors. The Baptist and Methodist Societies at Three Rivers, are the only ones in town which are provided with ministers.

Improvement.—The Cong. Church in this village, has just been re-painted, and is to receive essential repairs in the interior.

Fall of a Bridge.—An iron bridge, connecting Washington with Georgetown, gave way on Saturday, under the weight of two omnibuses, meeting in the middle of the bridge. The drivers had arms and legs broken, but no lives were lost. The bridge was erected four years ago, at a cost of about $3,000.

☞ In the commission of evil, fear no man so much as thy own self. Another is but one witness against thee; thou art a thousand. Another thou mayst avoid, but thyself thou canst not.—Wickedness is its own punishment.

☞ Over 3000 head of cattle have been driven from the counties of Crawford, Sebastian and Scott, Arkansas, this season, for California; as also large droves from other frontier counties.

Hay.—Hay is so scarce in the midland districts of Upper Canada, that cattle are every where perishing. For some time past $45 per ton has freely been paid for the most indifferent qualities.

Suicide.—A young man named Hastings, 18 years of age, committed suicide in Wes Suffield, Ct., on Thursday, last week, by hanging himself.

Negro Disturbance in Savannah.—In Savanah, Ga., on the evening of the 13th inst., a man named John Brown was dangerously stabbed by another man named John J. Moore, while in a state of intoxication. On the same evening a party of one hundred negroes, who were assembled for a dance, became disorderly, and resisting a constable who attempted to disperse them, attacked him and attempted to shoot him. He escaped, and procuring a reinforcement, returned and arrested twenty-five of the gang. Three of these were subsequently ordered to receive as a punishment one hundred and seventeen lashes each, and eighteen others thirty-nine lashes each.

A "Spiritual" Delusion.—The *Lowell Courier* states that on Tuesday a well dressed woman, about forty years old, entered a confectionery store in that city, stating that she had come from Portsmouth, and demanding by authority of the spirits of the other world, ownership and possession of one half the establishment. After vainly insisting upon her rights some time she left the store, but returned several times during the morning to renew her demands.

☞ Joseph Leonard, a school teacher, was tried before a justice in Chicopee last week, and fined $3 and costs for assult and battery upon William F. Wheeler, one of his pupils, the punishment of whom, though appropriate in kind, was inflicted in consequence of the boy's refusal to stay after school hours to sweep the school house, a requirement which the magistrate held to be illegal, on the ground that a teacher's jurisdiction does not extend beyond school hours in matters foreign to the purposes of instruction.

☞ The body of Mrs. Allen Davis was found, with that of her child, Monday morning, upon the shore at Westport Point, where it had drifted. She drowned herself and child last Feburary. The body was discovered by one of the children of the unfortunate mother. It appeared that her child must have been tied to her when she took the fatal plunge.

☞ A review of the Baltimore market shows us that green peas are selling in that city for twenty-five cents a peck; tomatoes at twelve and a half cents per dozen; sweet potatoes and Irish potatoes are abundant, and strawberries may be procured in any desired quantities for twenty-five cents a quart.

☞ The oldest native inhabitant of the city of Chicago is a young lady only twenty-two years of age. Twenty years ago there was but one mail a week for that city, and that was carried on horse-back; now there are fourteen daily mails, besides several weekly and tri-weekly, and the average number of letters passing through the office is 30,000 daily.

☞ A man named Joseph Campbell recently died in Campbell county, Ga., at the advanced age of 97. His children, grandchildren and great-grand-children were found to number two hundred and twenty-five; but the most remarkable circumstance was, that the youngest of the whole group was his own child.

Munificent Bequests.—Mr. Munson, of Utica, who died recently, by his will permanently endowed the Utica Orphan Asssylum with about $24,000. Grace Church, in that city, also received $15,000. Both of these gifts are coupled with some conditions, which will without doubt be complied with.

☞ F. M. Marion, who ascended in a balloon from Fairmount, Philadelphia, on Monday afternoon, made a safe descent at Pea Shore, having travelled twelve miles in about twenty-five minutes, notwithstanding the calm that prevailed.

☞ Gloucester has eleven churches for 7,805 inhabitants, and Haverhill thirteen churches for a population of only, 5,877. Probably most of the pastors are but half supported, and the churches but half alive.

Sentenced for Life.—Godfrey Pearce, of East Greenwich, R. I., had been sentenced to the State Prison for life, for murdering a little girl 3 1-2 years old by throwing her down a cistern.

Accident.—On the 12th inst., a little son of Mr. William Hall, of Strafford, N. H., while at play with a pistol, accidentally shot himself through the body, and survived but a few moments.

☞ Wm. H. Mitchell, of Brooklyn, brother of John, has invented a machine for composing and distributing type. It is said to be an improvement on machines for the same purpose hitherto patented.

A State temperance convention will be held at Lowell, commencing on Tuesday evening, June 20, and continuing through Wednesday, the 21st, day and evening.

☞ A writer in the Ohio *Columbian* nominates for President in 1856, Hon. Thomas H. Benton, and for Vice President, Hon. Salmon P. Chase.

The Sea Serpent in its Summer Haunts. The *Herald* says that the Sea Serpent was seen on Friday, near King's Beach, Swampscot, by more than twenty fishermen. It is supposed to be about sixty feet long, and of quite a different appearance from any one ever witnessed in these parts.

☞ An intemperate man named Bowditch, 74 years of age, committed suicide on Tuesday of last week, in Douglas, R. I., by inserting a rope in his cravat and hanging himself to his bed post.

Oh!—A woman has sued for a divorce in Indiana, on the ground that her husband's feet were so cold it distressed her. A case of clear incompatibility of temperament and of *sole*.

☞ By a late act of the legislature, no visitors are now allowed to pass thorough the state prison at Charlestown.

Sudden Death of an Aged Clergyman. We learn that the Rev. Dr. Thompson, a venerable clergyman of Barre, died at his residence in that town, very suddenly, on Sunday the, 14th inst. The deceased had been unwell for some time past, but not so much as to seriously alarm his friends; and without any intimation of the near approach of death, and while the bells were ringing for the afternoon service on Sunday, he suddenly expired. Mr. Thompson had been pastor of the Unitarian Church in Barre upwards of fifty years.

Pot of Money.—A colored man while ploughing on the farm of Mr S. Hulster, about a mile from Richmond, Va., struck an old iron pot containing a number of Mexican dollars, amounting, it is said, to $150 or $200. The deposit of this treasure was said to have been made by an old man named James Housen, a Creole, who was possessed of this farm several years previous to 1816.

Death of the Poet Montgomery.—English papers announce the death, on the 30th ult. at his residence in Sheffield, of James Montgomery, the poet, at the advanced age of nearly eighty-three years. The death of the venerable man was sudden and unexpected. Two days previous he appeared perfectly well, presided at the weekly board of the Infirmary, and walked home, a distance of more than a mile.

Items.—A freight train run into the rear of another freight train west of Springfield on Thursday evening, doing considerable damage.—About 8 o'clock on Wednesday evening, a colored man named Anthony Burns was arrested by the U. S. Marshal in Boston, as the slave of one Charles T. Suttle of Alexandria, Va.

Resigned.—Rufus Choate has resigned the office of Attorney General, and Gov. Washburn has appointed Ex-Gov. Clifford to fill the vacancy.

☞Capt. Otis Taylor, of Chester owns a calf whose body is covered with a thick coat of coarse black wool. Its legs are covered with natural hair. The animal is quite a curiosity.

☞A West Cambridge farmer sold a load of rhubarb in Boston last week for $80, being at the rate of ten cents per pound.

Well Done!—Last week a lady in Otsego county, N. Y., presented her husband with four living children at one birth!

Ed. Journal:

Dear Sir:—Please inform the inhabitants of Eastern Hampden, and Monson people particularly, through the medium of your paper, that I have, during my stay in Boston, purchased a large stock of Dry Goods, comprising Silks, black and figured, De Laines, striped and plaid, English, French and American Prints, and the latest styles of Shawls, Visites, Undersleeves and Fancy Goods, which I shall be enabled to sell cheaper than I had any anticipation before visiting this place. I found Boots and Shoes and Gaiters very low, and shall sell them accordingly. W. I. Goods are much cheaper than I expected. I can sell 20 lbs. good sugar for $1; Y. H. Teas for 37 c. per lb.; Soaps, Oil, Spices, Fish, Lard, Pork, and Groceries generally, are much cheaper than I expected. Please inform all of this fact, as it will better suit their readers than any news of the Nebraska Bill, or European affairs.

Yours, &c.,
5 G. H. NEWTON, Monson.

Fire Insurance.

The subscriber is agent for the Franklin Fire and Marine Insurance Company, which has a capital of $300,000, and has authority to issue policies of Insurance from his office, on receipt of the premium money. He will also issue renewal receipts and conduct the whole business of Insurance the same as it is done at the home office. There is no other agency of a like character in this vicinity.

Risks taken on nearly all kinds of property, on reasonable terms.

G. M. FISK.
Journal Office, Palmer, May 27th, 1854.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills have Effected Another Wonderful Cure of a Bad Leg, of seven years' Standing.—Extract of a letter from Mr. C. Pollard, druggist, of No. 30, Catherine-street, Devonport, dated May 19, 1853. "To Professor Holloway.—Sir,—Mr. Blanker, of Charlotte-street, New Passage, near Devonport, suffered severely for more than seven years with a wound in his leg. He tried every remedy that medical aid could devise, but in vain, as it would not heal by such treatment. At length he had recourse to your Ointment and Pills, which, in the course of a few weeks, perfectly cured him, and he is now in most excellent health.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that "*the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him,*" and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

"I DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figure of the Ox, in another part of the paper.

Dr. Richardson's Sherry-Wine Bitters have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

☞As a man and woman were walking on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Parkesburg, on Sunday last, they were overtaken by a locomotive, and the man whose name was Wright, was killed instantly. The woman was thrown some distance from the track by the concussion, and is not expected to recover.

BORN.

At the Alms House, 23d, a daughter to the State.

MARRIED.

In Springfield 18th, by Rev R. H Seeley, Sidney B. Lemon of Ware, and Martha A. Snow of Palmer.

In Hardwick, 17th, by Rev. Martyn Tupper, Nathan P. Chase and Mehitable Mayo.

In Amherst, 18th, Lewis Cowles of Hadley, and Eliza Henderson of A.; same day, A. R. Cushman and Augusta M. Smith.

In Pelham, 18th, Charles Barker of Amherst, and Achsah Dodge of P.

DIED.

In this Village, May 25th, Emma P., 2, daughter of Henry and Julia A. Jones.

In Wilbraham, May 24d, Mary Jane, 18, daughter of Daniel L. Atchinson.

In Springfield 19th, Catharine L., 37, wife of Rev R. H. Seeley, pastor of the North Congregational Church.

Notice Extraordinary.

JUST received, at the famous Emporium, at LYON'S block, Main st., first door west of the Post Office, WARE, Mass., a large and extensive assortment of

Millinery, Summer and Dress Goods, Fashionable Bonnets, all prices, Lawn Bonnets, Silk and Crape.

A large assortment of

Mantillas & Visites, White Crape & Black Silk Shawls.

We shall offer, just for the fun of it, goods at the following prices:

Lawns and Muslin, good styles, at 6 1-4 cts.
Poplins, " " 12 1-2 "

A large assortment of

Fancy and Black Silks, Changeable Plaid and Striped,

BERAGES, Plain & Figured, all Colors,

FRINGE & LACE for MANTILLAS, TRIMMINGS, Rich Embroideries, PARASOLS & FANS.

It is useless to name all the goods on hand, as almost everybody knows our prices are a little lower than any body's else.

To Milliners in adjoining towns, we would say, that we guarantee our prices to be as low as any responsible house in the place.

5 J. H STORRS.

Amherst & Belchertown R. R.

Summer Arrangement, Commencing May 22, 1854.

Leave Amherst for Palmer at 5.00 a. m., and
" 6.00 p. m. " " 9.30 " "
" Belchertown " " 5.20 p. m. "
" Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 p. m. "
" 8.10 p. m. "
" Belchertown for " " 2.50 " "
" 8.40 p. m. "

The 9 o'clock train from Amherst connects with the 9.45 a. m. train from Springfield for Boston, and with the first train from Boston for Springfield, New York and Albany. The 5 o'clock train connects with the 4 o'clock Express Train from Boston, for Hartford, New Haven and New York, and the 4.30 Accommodation Train for Springfield and Albany.

The 2.20 p. m. train from Palmer will leave on the arrival of the Accommodation Train from Albany and Springfield, and passenger from New York, New Haven, and Hartford, will leave Springfield at 1.50 p. m. The 8 10 p. m. train will leave on the arrival of the Express and Accommodation trains from Boston, the afternoon train from New London, Norwich and Willimantic, and the 5 o'clock train from Springfield.

Stage connections at Belchertown and Amherst for Enfield and Greenwich, North Hadley and Amherst.

N. D. POTTER, Sup't.
May 22nd, 1854. 5

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE!

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters!!

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD." Langley's Compound Dock Root, Sarsaparilla Prickley Ash, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Mandrake and Rhubarb "Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters." There can be no better medicine for any one who is troubled (as nearly all people are in the Spring) with Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Weakness, Loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Headache, and bad humors in the blood and skin, and for nervous debility, Costiveness and Piles, this compound is the best thing in the world, as by it nature is assisted in her operations, purifying the blood and removing diseases.

Is your *Liver* disordered? Is *Jaundice* your foe? Then Langley will deal both the monsters a blow;
Do you suffer from *Headaches*—'twill give you relief.
For *Piles* 'tis of all cures, acknowledged the chief;
The motto of "Buy me and I'll do you good,"
The test of experience has easily stood—
And many unto it this truth will append,
That the Root and Herb Bitters is every one's friend.
Is your Appetite gone? then the Root Bitters take,
And you'll heartily relish your chop or your steak;
The blood it will purify—redden your cheek,
And strengthen your frame, should it ever grow weak;
The ladies declare no such remedy's known,
And the sale is immense to the fair sex alone!

Sold by merchants and dealers in medicine in every town and village, for 25 cents a pint and 37 1-2 cents for a quart bottle. Wholesale depot is 99 Union st., Boston. Sold in Palmer by all who sell medicines. my27 5

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by

M. W. FRENCH.

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Grand Opening of New Spring Goods AT WILSON & CO.'S Great Dry Goods Warehouse,

THE largest and most elegant stock of ☞*DRY GOODS*☜

Ever exhibited in Springfield, or this region.

We cannot here enumerate, but suffice to say, that EVERY DEPARTMENT is full of

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS.

SILK DEPARTMENT.
SHAWL DEPARTMENT.
DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT,
EMBROIDERY DEPARTMENT,

Are worthy the particular attention of purchasers, while the *HOUSEKEEPING and DOMESTIC GOODS* department, are not wanting in goods of every kind, in this line. Hosiery, Gloves, with all the small wares usually found in Dry Goods or Fancy Stores.

MILLINERY ROOMS.

The best in New England, with help fully competent to compete with any in or out of New York. Ladies will always find the latest

Paris and New York Fashions

at our rooms. MANTILLAS and VISITES, the best assortment in the city, or made to order.

CARPET ROOMS

filled with the largest stock ever shown in the city, from the cheapest Cotton to the richest Velvet.

OIL CLOTHS,

ALL WIDTHS MATTINGS.

Best Live Geese Feathers,

BEST HAIR MATTRESSES.

We also keep every other description of Mattresses.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A very large and entirely new Stock of every style of papers.

The whole comprising as before stated, the

☞LARGEST STOCK OF DRY GOODS☜

ever offered in Springfield, at prices defying all competition at home or abroad. We have so far endeavored to serve our customers to the best of our ability, by offering at all times a very large stock, at reasonable prices. We take this occasion to return our thanks for the liberal patronage we have received since our removal to our present store one year since, and will say that no effort will be spared to merit its continuance and increase. We invite the particular attention of purchasers of Dry Goods from abroad, to the advantages we can offer them, both in selections and prices.

Great Dry Goods Warehouse,

the largest, best lighted, and most convenient and elegant Store in New England out of Boston.

WILSON & CO. Proprietors.
Springfield, April 15, 1854. 3weow51

☞In the New York state lunatic asylum last year, there were 14 admissions from the effects of spiritual rapping.

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—for sale by

J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.

Paper Hangings! GREAT STOCK!

THE LARGEST and BEST assortment of *PAPERS*

ever offered in Springfield—all new—direct from the importers and manufacturers, embracing the most beautiful styles

FOR ROOMS OF EVERY DISCRIPTION,

in the lowest and high cost papers, also

BORDERS IN GREAT VARIETY,

—also—

FIRE-BOARD PAPER & TRANSPARENT CURTAINS,
CURTAIN FIXTURES,
GILT CORNICES, &C., &C.,

wholesale and retail, at the lowest prices, at

WILSON & CO.'s
Great Dry Good Store.
Springfield, March 11, 1854. 6teow 47.

Notice to Road Builders.

THE Selectmen of Palmer give notice that they will let at auction, on Monday, the 22 inst., at 1 o'clock p. m., on the premises, to the lowest bidder, the building of a new road, laid out and ordered by the County Commissioners, leading from Thorndike Village, by Elihu Smith's and Samuel Henry's to the road leading from Roswell Hastings' to Bondsville, the same to be made to the acceptance of the County Commissioners.

Further particulars made known at the time and place above mentioned.

GILBERT BARKER, } Selectmen
GEORGE MOORES, } of
JOHN A. SQUIER, } Palmer.

IN consequence of unexpected sales, I have been compelled to go to market sooner than I intended. I would therefore say I have just returned with such additions to my former stock, as to render it

Certainly unequalled in this vicinity!

My assortment of

Linens and Summer Goods!

generally, is completed.

I want

3 or 4 Good Workmen

to work in shop, or will give to any good Pant or Vest maker all the work they want at home. If they are

Tip-Top Workmen,

(I want no others) call at the BRICK STORE, near the R. R. Bridge.

H. W. MUNGER.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &c., by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

N. S. BARNES, PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House. Office 2 doors south W. R. Bridge.

Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the

HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL *INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,* **APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,**

—AND—

ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,

—ALSO FOR THE—

MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield, will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.

Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by 22 E. B. MILES, Agt.

W. I. Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by 52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

PLAID, Striped and Figurd De Laines, new styles just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by E. B. MILES. Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

ALPACCAS,
Berages,
Cambrics,
De Laines,
English &
French Prints,
Gloves &
Hosiery,
Inserting & Edging,
Jeans & Linings,
Knitting Cotton, &
Linens White & Brown,
Muslins & Lawns,
Needles & Pins,
Oil Silks &
Poplins, Parasols &
Quality, & best quality of
Ribbed Silks,
Silk Shawls &
Tickings, Threads &
Undersleeves, Umbrellas,
Velvets & Veils,
Whalebones & Working Cotton,
Xtra Black Silk,
Yarn, Cotton & Wool,
Zunder's Worsted,
& lots of
Other Goods
CHEAP,
at WILSON & CO.'s
Wilson, May 13th, 1854. 3wo.

STACY & ALLEN,

—DEALERS IN—

Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS

Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order. Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.

GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.
my 13 3tf

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co., Importers, and Jobbers

—OF—

English, Scotch, French, and German

DRY GOODS.

—ALSO—

Dealers in American Goods, in great variety. Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.

47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street, **BOSTON.**

my 13 tf3.

STuart's Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain for a while longer in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.

No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, May 6th, 1854. 3tf2

Collector's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the New London, Willimantic and Palmer Railroad corporation was assessed on Real Estate, in the town of Palmer, Hampden county, Mass., on the tax bill for the year 1853, and committed to me for collection, the sum of $18; and if no person shall appear to discharge the same on or before Tuesday, the 13th day of June next, at 2 of the clock in the afternoon, I shall sell at public auction, at the Tockwotton House, in said Palmer, the following described Real Estate belonging to said corporation, for the payment of said taxes, and all necessary intervening charges, viz:—A tract of land situated in said Palmer, on the road leading from Palmer to Monson, by the house of E. Valentine, and about 10 rods westerly of the Station House of the said N. L., W. & P. R. R. corporation, in said Palmer, bounded north-westerly by said road leading to Monson, south-westerly and south-easterly by land belonging to the heirs of John Watson, late of said Palmer, and north-easterly by land belonging to said corporation, and used as a road, leading from the road first mentioned, to their brick freight house, containing 20 rods more or less, together with the house and barn thereon standing, known as the Watson house; said property being, in the opinion of the subscriber, incapable of being divided, or a part thereof set off without injury to the residue.

DAVID KNOX, Collector for 1853
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. 3w4

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.
Apr. 22, '54. 52

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 20,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain*.

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Curtlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Bilious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.

Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by

Apr 1st, 1854. BIDWELL.

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),

—DEALERS IN—

Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,

44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.

AT - - - J. BOWLES,
tf48. Nassowanno Block

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.

DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf31.

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

REMOVAL.

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from J. Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab, brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also Panamas, Leghorn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Corn! Corn!!

800 bushels good Northern Corn just received, and for sale by

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4

A CARD.

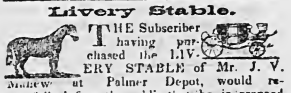
THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

Livery Stable.



THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Andrew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.

Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.

Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omnibusses and faithful drivers, at short notice.

By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.

HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf51.

WANTED!

BY the subscriber, 1000 bush. Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid.
m20tf O. H. BIDWELL.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complement of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still,—not incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY.

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of requiring that compensation which his exertions was entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands. In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, by the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION,

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly confined for the married, or those contemplating marriage, but no female married, or those contemplating marriage, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as the rest are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *truth* or *falsehood*, *necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Title-page and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein

When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be Ignorant.

☞On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition every binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*postage free*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publishing office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Breare, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T. Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 18 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 125 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags.

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the New Store.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 20th, 1853. 4tf

For the Journal.

SPRING.

BY EZEKIEL CHEEVER.

How welcome to being is Spring!
The air with its balm is replete;
The robins melodiously sing,
And its flowery effluvia is sweet.

Emerged from the torpor of death,
And robed in a mantle of green,
How ambrosial and soft is its breath!
On its dew there's a glittering sheen.

Vernal visitor! greeting the earth
With the promise of future supplies,
The renewal again of thy birth
Is like dawning of day in the skies.

May it man to activity call,
In rendering praise to His name,
Who, in seasons of change, over all
Is immutably ever the same.

For the Journal.

Acrostic.---Charles Sumner.

BY EZEKIEL CHEEVER.

Courage, my friend, the Bay State speaks for thee—
Her voice for thee is heralded to all—
A mightier champion for the brave and free
Reposes not his head upon her soil.
Let, then, the truth proceeding from your mouth,
Express your hatred of a tyrant's chain,
So that the Pharaohs of the sunny South

Shall give the Higher Law its right to reign.
Using the truth, too, for our country's weal,
May you, to "Hide the outcast," not be slow;—
Now that we're forced Oppression's power to feel,
Entering the private walks in which we go,
Repeal the law which welcomes mischief so.

ADVICE TO A YOUNG LAWYER.—The following is the advice of an examining judge to a young lawyer, on admission:

"Sir, it would be idle to trouble you further. You are perfect; and I will dismiss you with a few words of advice, which you will do very well to follow. You will find it laid down as a maxim of civil law, never to kiss the maid when you can kiss the mistress. Carry out this principle, sir, and you are safe. Never say "boo" to a goose, when she has the power to lay golden eggs. Let your face be long—your hills longer. Never put your hand into your own pocket when any body else's is handy.—Keep your conscience for your own private use, and don't trouble it with other men's matters. Plaster the judge, and butter the jury. Look as wise as an owl, and be as oracular as a town clock. But, above all get money; honestly, if you can, by any means sir; but get money; I welcome you to the bar."

☞ He that would pass the latter part of his life with honor and decency, must, when he is young, consider that he one day shall be old, and remember when he is old, that he has once been young.

☞ Some alarm is said to have been excited in a village, not very far away, by the following announcement upon the door of a new comer: discovered, however, that he was not a kidnapper but a daugcerreotypist.

☞ There is no policy like politeness; and a good manner is the best thing in the world either to get a good name, or to supply the want of it.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Nassowanno Block.)

A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on-hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS. 15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.

An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,

SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞ Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to or- jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Blank Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 98 1853. 6tf

THE RENOWNED REMEDY
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

This extraordinary Ungent is compored of the most healing Balsams, and when used in accordance with the directions which accompany each pot, will insure cures when all other means fail. Cases of the most desperate Skin diseases readily yield to its efficacy. It is famous when used in cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Contracted or Stiff Joints. In Asthma it will do wonders if well rubbed into the Chest.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFULOUS ULCERS—A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON, ENGLAND.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor o Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor Holloway,

Dear Sir:—Mrs. Sarah Dixon of Liquorpond Street, Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers on her arms, feet, legs and other parts of her body; and although the first of medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of suffering, but gradually grew worse.

Being recommended by a friend to try your Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of the Pills, and before that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the medicines for a short time longer, according to the directions, and strictly adhering to your rules as to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health.

I remain Dear Sir, yours truly.
Dated Aug. 12, 1853. J. NOBLE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near Bognor, Sussex, dated Jan. 12, 1853.

To Professor Holloway,

Sir:—I suffered for a considerable period from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at length settled in my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. My sufferings were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pills. I did so without delay, and am happy to say the result was eminently successful, for they effected a radical cure of my leg, and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in the neighborhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.

I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful Servant.
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:

Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Coco bay, Chiego foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns(Soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin diseases, Scurvy, Sore heads Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.

Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed "T. Holloway, New York," will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 cents, 87 cents and $1,50 each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union, and Retail by most of the larger sizes.

N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
Dr. WM. HOLBROOK, agent for Palmer.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S

HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases: Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Cannochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.

Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (grat's) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK, Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at tf50 CONKEY'S.

HORACE C. LEE, having discontinued business on his own account, has an interest in business from March 1st, with Mr. J. T. ROCKWOOD, under the firm of
ROCKWOOD & CO.
Springfield, April 1, 1854. 6w51

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

FOR any Dry Goods or Groceries, which you want, or may have wanted, or your friends want, call at *NEWTON'S*, Monson.

Hardware and Cutlery.

THE largest stock, the best assortment, and for sale on the most favorable terms ever before offered in Eastern Hampden—by
E. BROWN.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!

MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.

Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing sore mouth.

One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.

Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.

Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.

Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas

One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.

Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.

Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.

One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.

Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.

Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.

Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrofula.

A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.

Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.

DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.

AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium*, *Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots*, *Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.

Prepared by *A. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.

NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—**BURR & PERRY**, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.

Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T & G A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Dentistry.

J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.

In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.

His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.

The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.

☞ Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
In great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c., Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Steel Pens & Stucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, Ct., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."

Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.

1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.

2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.

3d It costs no more than the best family soap.

4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.

5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.

This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!

IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.

Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."

DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the

SOVEREIGN REMEDY!

This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will, in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.

Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."

When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.

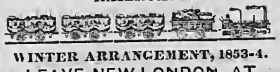
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.

The Depot for Dr Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macanonick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.

Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.

AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.



WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1853-4.

LEAVE NEW LONDON, AT

7,30 *A. M.* Norwich, 8,12 and Willimantic, 8,55 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with a train from Hartford, and for Hartford and Bristol; and at Palmer, for Amherst and Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

*10,30 *A. M.* and Norwich at 11,30 *A. M.* for Willimantic, connecting at Norwich with train for Worcester and Boston.

*2,00 *P. M.* Norwich, 2,40 and Willimantic, 3,30 P. M., connecting at Norwich with train at Palmer for Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

LEAVE PALMER, AT

6,00 *A. M.* Willimantic, 8,55 and Norwich, 9,40 A. M., connecting at Willimantic with train for Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with Steamers for Stonington.

3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE WILLIMANTIC AT

*1,30 *P. M.* and Norwich at 3,10 *P. M.* connecting at Norwich with train for Worcerter and Boston.

*Freight trains with Passenger cars attached.

Through Tickets to New York via Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

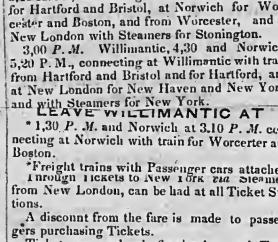
Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from	
New London, (Cabin)	$3,00.
" " (Deck)	2,60.
Stonington,	2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, December 1, 1853.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.

This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations* Pepsin is *not a Drug*.

Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.

AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Coffins.

THE Suscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf29

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently enring the worst nervous diseases.

The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
—AND—
Blood Purifier.

DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.

The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.

If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles.
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Cauker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.

Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA:

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,

It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,

It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Puifier. For Chills and Fever, Murcurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.

Full Directions on the Bottle.

☞ *PRICE* $1,00.

HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,

Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.

This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.

No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.

☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Killer.

This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.

☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*

Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.

ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—

Superior and medium Velvet Pile,		
"	"	Brussels,
"	"	Tapestry Brussels,
"	"	Kiddermaster,

Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.

We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3m48.

Flour and Grain!

50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Dress Making.

HAVING secured the services of two experienced Dress Makers, we feel confident of suiting all who may want any work done in that line. MRS. W. CONKEY.
Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 5. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1854. NUMBER 6.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—The space occupied by 100 words, or that occupied by 14 Brevier lines, constitutes a *square*. One square one week 75 cents; 3 weeks $1. Each insertion afterwards 20 cents. One square 6 months $5—one year $9. One-half square or less—1 week 50 cents; two weeks 75 cents. Each after insertion 15 cents. One-half a square 6 months $3—1 year $5. Twenty-five per cent advance for continuance inside, after one week. Legal advertising of all kinds, such as Insolvent and Probate Notices, Sales on Execution &c, not less than 25 per cent in advance of ordinary rates. Special notices 33 1-3 per cent advance of ordinary rates.

Cards of acknowledgement, religious notices and the like, one insertion, 50 cents per square. Political notices, calls for conventions and secular meetings to be charged the same as other notices or advertisements similarly published.—Notices in news columns 10 cents per line, one insertion, but no charge made of less than 50c.

Discounts will be made to merchants advertising at the above rates to the amount of $20 pr. annum, of not more than ten per cent; $30—15 per cent; $40—20 per cent; $50—25 per c.; and on $75, or over, 33 1-3 per cent.

Births, marriages and deaths inserted without charge; but all additions to the ordinary announcements, as obituary notices, funeral appointments &c., charged at 4 cents per line—no charge being less than 25 cents.

☞From transient advertisers and patent medicine agents, cash will be demanded in advance, save in cases of special arrangement, or where a local reference is given.

**The above rates are adopted by all weekly newspapers published in the five Western Counties of the State.

The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.
Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

The following persons are authorized to act as Agents in receiving Subscriptions and giving receipts in our name:

Three Rivers, A Shumway,—Thorndike, A R. Murdock.—Bondsville, N. D. Wight,—Belchertown, H. A. Longley,—Collins' Depot, W. Collins.—Monson, T. F. Packard,—Monson, *South Factory*, W. Converse,—Monson, *North Factory*, F. S. Smith,—Wales, J. C. Royce,—Stafford Springs, J. H. Nutting,—Stafford Hollow, H. A. Converse,—Warren, T. H. Knight,—Palmer Centre, E. Turner.

MISCELLANEOUS.

That Dove.

It was very unnatural to be shut up in an ark; to have no beautiful groves in which to fly about freely; to be perched up with birds of every kind, and among beasts, too. 'Why must I stay here?' that little dove in Noah's ark might have thought; 'I wish I could get out and fly where I please.' And it did get out; Noah let it fly away through the window, and oh, how delighted it was! Now it darted up and went almost out of sight, and then it dropped itself down through the air, just stopping in time to save it from the water; then it would fly up and down and circle round the ark, and then shoot off and loose itself amid that waste of waters. Now it alights, not on the firm, dry earth, but on the wet, decaying trunk of a tree, tossing on the surface; then again it starts off in quest of something to eat; for it has been away from the ark ever since morning, and is quite hungry. It scours along over the waves, yet sees no trees bearing fruit—no fields of grain. Now and then it passes over the floating carcass of a dead fish, but from that it turns with disgust—it has never fed on such food. It is not long before it desires once more to be within the ark—that unpleasant place from which it was so glad to escape in the morning. But it is almost night, and the ark is out of sight, and the poor bird is tired; so there it must stay and roost; but oh, how different from the perch on which it rested at home—so near the water on that wet log—the waves washing over it—and the ugly fishes making it afraid! It was a fearful place for such a tender, gentle bird to be in. Yet there it must stay and rest. What a night to spend! With the first faint ray of daylight the poor little dove flew upward, and looked this way and that way, till at last it caught sight of the vessel floating away off in the distance. How glad she was; how quickly she flew; with what ecstacy did she light on Noah's finger; and when he drew her into the ark, then did she feel safe.

There are other arks besides that, and other doves as foolish as we have supposed the one in Noah's ark.

The FAMILY is an ark. What a dear word is HOME to every one who has any human feelings left! When you think of home, you always think of those who are there, brothers and sisters, father and mother, and a kind grand-mamma, perhaps, who has taken care of each of you when you were little, and who is so ready to help you when you want anything.—And there may be others in the family you love, and without whom your home would not be such a happy place. Even the cat and the dog seem part of the family; and if you live on a farm, I am sure you would not be satisfied, after returning from a long visit to some distant place till you had gone to the cow-yard and the stable to see the familiar faces of your old friends, the cows and horses;—even the pig-pen would have attractions for you—it is part of home—and I expect you would run to the barn for an apronful of corn, and have all the fowls, and the geese, and the turkeys flocking around you, while you called out—ki-ip! ki-ip! ki-ip! Now, why is all this? There are children in other places as kind and as pretty as your brothers and sisters;—there are other fathers and mothers—other grand-mammas. There are cows and horses, cats and dogs, fowls and pigs, just as good as yours, to be found elsewhere. Why is it, then, that you are so fond of just these ones, above all others? The reason is, that they make up your home—they belong to your family. It is pleasant—it is delightful—to have the enjoyments of home.

And yet, would you believe it? there are silly little doves in some of these arks of safety—for the family, the home, is God's ark for saving the children from the surrounding evil. Yes; there have been children, blessed with all these pleasant things, that were discontented with their condition, and, that have even wished themselves free from the control of their parents; they thought that if they could but be free—as they called it—they would be much happier. It would seem hardly possible; yet it is so now and then. A boy has read some foolish story about ships and sailors, and he thinks if he can but go to sea, he will be a man at once; and to be a man, with him, is to do just as he likes, and want for nothing.

Or a girl, perhaps, has been to Boston or New York, and has seen the elegant furniture, and handsome carriages, and fine dresses her cousins have, and then she longs to break away from that once dear home, under the idea, that if she could but have such things, she must be happy.

Or a boy takes a notion, that it is far pleasanter to stand behind the counter all day, selling ribbons and silks, than to be working in the shop or field. Or the girl thinks it much more genteel to be a milliner, or a fashionable dress-maker, than to stay at home, and help mother do the work round the house. And as they indulge in this feeling of discontent, day by day, the comforts of home cease to attract them, and their duties become tiresome. At last they contrive to leave that scene of childhood's happiest hours, to try the unknown dangers of the world.—They leave the ark, and seek a resting-place amid the tossing of the life deluge.

It may be the boy has gone to sea; his poor mother's heart is almost broken; but go he would; he was old enough to take care of himself, and he wanted to enjoy life. Happy will it be if the bitter sorrows and cruel realities of his first voyage have the effect to send him back ready to value the sweet endearments of his slighted home. Too often the first voyage so alters his character, that he is ashamed, or afraid to go back to the domestic fireside—no longer a dove; he has learned to live on carrion—has became a loathsome buzzard.

See yonder man, a poor outcast, ready to drop into a pauper's grave; his father was a good man, a pious shoemaker, respected and happy? but the son thinks he will be something more elevated in society; he leaves his home; spends a few years in the city; is in a fair way to become a physician; but, ah! how little did he count on the danger of quitting the ark!—he has become a victim to city vices. He has no desire to return; there is no enjoyment for him now under that roof. Indulgence in sin is his only pleasure, and that is but for a moment; he takes his portion of this world and sinks beneath the eddies of Time's vortex.—That dove—for he was once dearly beloved—never returned to the ark.

And oh! how many girls could we tell you of, who have ventured away from homes where they were happy, and have found no place on which to rest the soles of their feet, and gladly gone back again. And of others who have, like the boy above, been ruined forever by the fascinations of sin.

Remember then, never to leave the family ark till God opens the door by His Providence, and bids you go forth.—*Independent.*

——Afflictions are sent us by Providence to teach us to recollect our ways.

An Englishman's Revenge.

ONE of the papers tells the story of a wealthy Englishman who may be costantly seen at the Grand Opera, and at the Italian Opera, and who enjoys a great reputation, not only as being a connoisseur of music, but further, as being a great amateur of painting. How the latter reputation was acquired, you will presently see. He is one of those Bedouin Englishmen who live alternately in all the European capitals, except when they are on an occasional jaunt to Egypt or to China, or to India, or to the Holy Land. He never traveled alone; his wife was with him, his *bona fide* wife, for notwithstanding his arrant life—so apt to weaken one's morals—he had all the English respect for the sex, and a true Englishman's love for his wife. She was a beautiful woman—one of those "keepsake" beauties, that once seen make a man dream forever. Her social success was very great in all the cities they visited. In Rome, after some years marriage, they became acquainted with a German artist of a good deal of reputation, who, to his art, joined the learning of a Benedictine, and knew the city of Rome as well as Winckelmon, or Visconti. The German volunteered to be their Cicerone in the Eternal City; they gladly accepted his offer; many were the hours they passed away with him in the museum of the Capital, in the Vatican, in St Peter's, and in the delightful excursions they made in the environs of Rome The artist became in love with the English lady; she reciprocated his affection. The husband, as is always the case, was a long time in seeing the stain upon his honor; several years had passed away before he perceived it; for he was very much pleased with the artist, and they had long been on the most intimate footing. Although stung to the quick by such base faithlessness, and such gross violation of all the laws of hospitality and friendship, he said nothing—he disliked scenes. He was, nevertheless, determined upon a complete vengeance, and he appealed to cooler reflections to furnish forth a suitable punishment.

The passions are bad counsellors. He left Italy, and retired with his wife to England, saying nothing but *au revoir* to the artist. When he reached England, he told his wife of the painful discovery he had made, and he gave her back to her father's hands. He then returned to the continent alone, and visited Germany, Russia, and France, where he purchased a great many paintings; he then went to Italy, meanwhile continuing to purchase paiutings, and at last—two years had passed away since their last meeting—he called on the German painter, who still lived in Rome, and demanded satisfaction from him. The challenge was accepted, and the Englishman—according to the European—much better rule than ours—being the offended party, selected the weapons; he chose the pistols. During the past two years he had practiced daily, for several hours, and his known address with the pistol had become an unerring certainty of shot.

He sent the shot wherever he wished it to go. The parties were on the ground; they were placed thirty paces apart, and with the privilege of ten steps before firing. The signal was then given: Fire! one! two! three! The word fire was scarcely out of the second's mouth, when the Englishman fired without moving;—his antagonist's pistol fell from his hand, and was discharged by the fall, the ball burying itself in the ground. The Englishman's ball had shattered the artist's hand; an amputation was necessary—his career as an artist was ended forever!

A few days after the amputation the Englishman called on him, and without noticing the angry reception he met, said to the suffering artist, "If you think my vengeance is satisfied with your shattered hand, and the wreck of your artist career you strangely underrate the agony of a deceived, dishonored husband; though I have condemned you to a life of vain regrets, to a never ending series of impotent sighs, to a total oblivion by all amateurs and historians of Art." "Oh! no, sir," interrupted the artist, his face beaming with a ray of hope. "The last you cannot do; my Madonna at St. Petersburgh; my Luther at Berlin; my Flight into Egypt at Paris; my——" The Englishman interrupted in turn; "Spare me," said he "the names of your works; look over this catalogue and see if I have not the exact list of them all." "Yes, they are all there—even the painting I finished the evening before the duel."—"So I was pursuaded. All the paintings on this catalogue are my property; I can do with them what I please; to burn them—aye, to burn every one of them, that your name shall be effaced from the glorious roll of artists; in two hours from this time, your toil, your conceptions, your skill, will be completely effaced from the world, as the name the urchin traces in the sand, is effaced by the rising tide; fire is as destructive as water!" In vain the poor artist begged for mercy—the wronged husband was completely insensible to his supplications, and in two hours the servant brought to the artist's room a large earthen vessel, commonly used to contain oil, filled with ashes—it was all that remained of his paintings.

For the Journal.

The Love of Liberty.

THE love of liberty is universal. It animates alike the hearts of the high and low, the rich and poor. You will find it alike in the palaces of the rich ones of this earth and the hovels of the poorer classes. In every human being on earth, this same earnest desire exists.

It was the love of liberty that influenced our forefathers when they left their native shore, their friends, and homes, and also their property, to seek a foreign land, where they might worship God according to the dictates of their own consciences; where they might be allowed to express their own opinions, and vindicate their own principles. They no doubt felt it would be a satisfaction to them, greater than any that could be derived from any other source: to feel that they were at liberty to act according to their own judgments, and to feel that they were their own rulers; that they were free men, possessed of the ability of forming principles that they themselves might act upon; a basis upon which they might rest without disturbance. It was also this feeling that prompted them to take the first steps which led to one of the most striking eras of our history. It was this that led them to sacrifice property, friends and even life, to gain this precious boon. They forfeited all pleasures and enjoyments, to insure to us this one great blessing—liberty. Think you not their hearts were make glad when first the banner of freedom was unfurled, and waved triumphantly over this vast nation, extending to thousands, yes, millions of this earth, the glorious truth, that the blessings they had sought had been found, and that they had so long earnestley and ardently wished for had been at last given them.

We may look also at the poor, degraded African, who is kept in bondage by the cruel slaveholder at the South. Think you not, that while he is toiling on under the scorching rays of a noontide sun, or dripping with the rain and sleet that falls upon him, or what is worse, shrinking beneath the blows of a hard-hearted taskmaster he pines to be free? that his spirits are drooping? and that the language of his heart if brought forth would be, "Oh! that liberty were mine, that home and friends were blessings that I could enjoy with as much freedom as those who are no more deserving than I, who have to toil on, disregardless of health, strength, or anything else, excepting that which will ensure my master's benefit." Look at the poor slave again as he returns to the hovel, where a scanty supper of the poorest and meanest eatables await him; look also at the pallet of straw which serves him for a bed. When he views these meagre refreshments do not feelings of sadness brood over him? and as he ponders on his lone and dreary lot, does not the silent tear trickle down that sable cheek? and are not the emotions which fill that wildly beating heart as warm, as ardent, and earnest as ever filled the breast of a human being? Do not visions of momentary happiness, of honor, and distinction ever steal across his mind? and does not the question ever arise.—"When, oh! when shall I ever gain the boon that insures so much happiness to all? when shall I be able to say, I am my own master, my daily earnings are mine, and no other has a right to them. Oh! when can I say with feelings of true earnestness and gratitude, Oh! liberty, sweet liberty, thou art mine!"

The love of liberty does not stop here. It extends even to the brute creation.—Beasts, birds, and reptiles also claim their share of freedom as well as men. Look, for instance, at the wild beast who has just been deprived of liberty; notice his frequent howls of despair, and fruitless attempts to regain his freedom; look at the fierce serpent; with what wariness is he caught, and enclosed in some place of security; he also uses the most strenuous efforts in his ability to free himself of his bonds, and roam once more unmolested. Look at the pretty little birds who have been accidentally caught in some undesigning trap, or perhaps were caught on purpose to please the fancy of one who did not know how to prize so rich a blessing. Observe his mute, yet eloquent pleadings for liberty; listen to his mournful chirp as he flies about his prison-house. Does he not thing of his mate in yonder green wood? of his pretty nest hid away up in the branches of some old tree-top, and long to fly away in haste to chant in the forest its morning and evening song. Did you ever think, too, as you looked at the little squirrel in his pretty cage, cracking and eating nuts that had been thrown to him, how much more pleasure he received cracking and eating them with his mates in some hollow tree? and after their frugal repast to take a short run, and then back again to the old tree where little squirrels are so happy?

Thus we see that liberty is prized by all of God's creatures that are endowed with the least spark of reason; no matter in what condition they are, there is the same desire for liberty, the same earnest wish for freedom. O, liberty! thou precious gift, who can prize thee sufficiently high? JOSIE.

Belchertown, Mass., 1854.

A Romantic Love Story.

We have just learned of some romantic adventures which took place at Cynthiana, Ky., a few days ago. It appears that a very clever, fine looking young man from Philadelphia, had occasion to visit Cynthiana, on business during the past winter, and while there, became acquainted with a young lady, Miss B——somewhat celebrated for her charms. Mr. S——, the Philadelphian, was not proof against the bright eyes of the Kentucky maiden. He had never seen such a glorious, liquid, sparkling pair of orbs among the daughters of the Old Keystone. He was ravished, intoxicated, and finally proposed to the bright eyes and was accepted. With a light heart he started back for the Quaker City, to make the necessary arrangements for the celebration of his nuptials, the day for which, having already been agreed upon. The winter rolled on, and spring and its flowers came again, as did also the particular day for the lover's return; but he came not. In two days more the marriage was to come off. The fair one was restive and mortified. With her bright eyes full of tears, she denounced in secret the faithlessness of her lover, and trembled at the open mortification which would overwhelm her if he came not.

At this favorable juncture, an old and disearded lover, whom no unkindness could divest of hope or lessen the fervency of his first affection, presented himself. He renewhis suit. He spoke of his undying love; the holy happiness of the wedded state; of a cottage somewhere in the deep bosom of an umbrageous grove, with the honey-suckle and the jasmin creeping over the windows and along the latticed porch. The trembling fair one was charmed at the picture. Love and a cottage—the quintessence of humble bliss in the estimation of a girl of "sweet sixteen." She blushed and smiled, but yet hesitated. The lover was in ecstacies at the favorable symptoms. With renewed ardor, he urged his suit. He was prolific in tears and promises, and trimmed the cottage with a few more honey-suckles, and the thing was done. The Philadelphia gallant was given up. He was a "laggard in love," and deserved no consideration. Her faith was plighted to another, and the same day fixed for the marriage, which was to have witnessed her union with Mr. S.

But the end was not yet. During the same day a third lover presented himself and declared his passion. The fair maiden frankly told him she had just engaged herself to another, and invited him to the wedding as a guest instead of a groom. On the same evening, (Sunday) Mr. S——arrived from Philadelphia. He was not long in finding out how matters stood, and was aghast at the intelligence that Miss B—— was to be married to another instead of himself, on the following Tuesday. He at once took his way to her house, and had an interview, with the result of which he seemed particularly well pleased. He then stepped into the principal livery stable in the place and asked to hire the very best carriage and horses to go to Maysville. The proprietor informed him that it would be impossible to accommodate him. That he was to be married on the following Tuesday, and would have use for all his carriages to go on a little bridal tour which he purposed. "May I ask to whom?" said Mr. S——, with some misgivings. "To Miss B——" was the reply. Mr. S——preserved his temper, and simply remarked that it was highly important that he should be at Maysville at the earliest possible moment, and that he was prepared to give any reasonable price for a carriage. The liberality of this indirect offer had a sensible effect on the proprietor. He got out his best hack and pair, and charged the young stranger the sum of $30 for the trip. In a very short time afterwards, Miss B——found herself sitting beside the young Philadelphian, in the above mentioned carriage, and going towards Maysville, at the rate of about ten miles an hour.

It was soon noised through the town that Miss B——had run away with her Philadelphia lover. Her guardian, who was opposed to the match, at once mounted a fleet horse, and started in hot pursuit. About half way to Maysville, he overtook the fugitives and attempted to seize the young lady. The young Philadelphian waived him off, and spoke in this wise: "Sir, you can't have her; and you must now do one of these three things—you must go back and leave us to pursue our journey, or you must kill me, or I'll kill you." This talk brought guardy up standing. It was entirely unexpected. And not wishing to kill, and particularly not to be killed, he accepted the first proposition, turned tail, and took the back track. The lovers pursued their way to Maysville, crossed over to Aberdeen, were married, drove back to Cynthiana, and put up at the principal hotel.

A crowd at once surrounded the house and threatened vengeance on the Philadelphian for carrying away the prettiest girl in the town, and who was the promised wife of an esteemed citizen. The young man, nothing daunted, placed his wife in safety in her chamber, and then came boldly down to the steps of the hotel and began to address the mob. If our phonographic notes are correct his speech was exactly in these words:—'Gentlemen:—You ought not to blame me for what I have done. Most of you would have done the same thing had you been in my place. Instead of threats and reproaches, you ought to offer me a complimentary supper. Still, if you are not satisfied, I am ready to give you satisfaction. I will fight you all one at a time, and if that don't do, I am ready to put you all through at once, and then clean out the balance of the town."

This show of chivalry was too much for a Kentucky audience. The sympathy of the crowd at once changed sides. They gave him three deafening cheers, and then rushed in and congratulated him with all the heartiness of the Kentucky character. The landlord was ordered to bring out his best Bourbon, and plenty of it, and the crowd, with great good will and sincerity, gave and drank to the happy groom the noble sentiment—"None but the brave deserve the fair."—Cincinnati Com.

Query—Was *such* a girl worth *such* a fuss?

Wisdom.

Childhood and genius have the same master organ in common—Inquisitiveness.

Contempt of injurious words stifles them; resentment revives them.

Genius is a plant whose growth you cannot stop without destroying it.

Intellect is not the moral power; conscience is. Honor, not talent, makes the gentleman.

Do good with what thou hast, or it will do thee no good.

The face of truth is not the less fair of all the counterfeit wizards that have been put upon her.

You may glean knowledge by reading, but you must separate the chaff from the wheat by thinking.

The shortest and surest way to live with honor in the world is to be in reality, what we would appear to be.

A man is never so contented, or dines so heartily and safely as at home with his family, on a single dish.

The mind may be overburdened; like the body, it is strengthened more by the warmth of exercise than of clothes.

One of the most satisfactory evidences of genuine piety, is the love and good will it inspires towards all mankind.

The mind, like the mules on the Alps, is best left wholly to itself when left in a slippery place—there is then less danger of its stumbling than if it is hastily checked.

The nearer we approach the grave, the more frequently are we visited by sickness. This may be unpleasant, still it is useful. The more afflictions we have, the more willingly we die.

No evil is wholly evil! This is one of the brightest gleams of light that stream in upon all night, even the darkest. No evil is wholly evil. Behind the blackest cloud the sun shines; or the stars!

It is the goodly outside that sin puts on which temteth to destruction; if sin was masked no one would receive it. It has been said that sin is like the bee, with honey in its mouth, but a sting in its tail.

Cheerfulness bears the friendly regard to the mind as to the body: it banishes all anxious care and discontent; it soothes and composes the passions, and keeps them in a perpetual calm.

THE MAIDEN AND THE SUN.—The beautiful maiden looked proudly up at the sun and said, "I am more beautiful than thou, O sun. Yes, I am more beautiful than thy brother, the bright, clear moon!" Then the sun went to God and said, "O God, what shall I do on account of that beautiful maid?" And God said to the sun, "O, my dear child, do not be troubled because of the lovely girl; for her beauty will soon pass away, but thou shalt endure! Besides, I will tell thee, my child, what we will do. Thou shalt burn brown her fair cheeks, and I will provide her a cruel father in-law, and a still worse mother-in-law, and many younger brothers of her husband." All this was done, and the beautiful maiden was still.

☞A Punster says, "My name is Somerset. I am a miserable bachelor. I cannot marry; for how could I hope to prevail on any young lady, possessed of the slightest notion of delicacy, to *turn a Sommerset*."

TOTAL LOSS.—A Yankee has invented a machine for extracting the lies from quack advertisements. Some of them, it is said, are never seen after entering the machine, as only the truth remains.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1854.

What is to be Done?

A large number of our exchanges are loudly asking, "What is to be done about the passage of the Nebraska Bill?" Well, gentlemen, our humble opinion is, that no more will be done about it than there has been about the Fugitive Slave Act of 1850. Many of you were determined to have that law repealed at the next Congress, but it remains in force yet, and we don't see but that it will for years to come, in spite of riots, abolition excitement &c. You feel mightily excited about it just now. So do we. But your excitement will soon cool down, and you will find that the nation isn't ruined after all.—We go for taking a bad pill as ensily as possible. There's no use of scowling and fretting about it. It's an awful bad thing for the country, but we don't believe it will kill us all, or make slaves of us. We have survived the annexation of Texas—that awful evil—the Mexican War—that terrible calamity—and the Fugitive Slave Act—that most horrible of all evils—and from past experience of all that is monstrous and horrible, we expect the country will survive the passage of the Nebraska Bill.

Now, gentlemen, What *are* you going to do about it? We expect our political friends will turn this evil into the channel of politics, and if it does not lose its vitality before the next Presidential election they will make a battering ram of it. Some of our neighbors of the press are crying, "agitate!" "agitate!!" but in this age of frequent-occuring momentous events, it is a difficult matter to agitate one subject successfully for any considerable length of time. National questions rise and sink with the revolution of a year.—What a political party advocates at one election, it may reject at another. It is all "Nebraska" now, but in two years it may be all "Cuba," or all "Mexico"—for we expect the diamond isle of the Atlantic will soon belong to the United States, and the city of the Montezumas will in a few years be embraced in our Union.

Again we say, there is no use in making a great ado about what we can't help. Let us take things cooly, systematically, philosophically. That is the way the Nebraska conspirators have triumphed. The most violent and inflammatory speeches made in Congress were against the bill. Let us remember that "Whom the gods destroy, they first make mad."

☞ Two boys of fourteen lately passed through Willimantic in pursuit of an adventurer who had been giving Shakspearin readings. One of the boys had been swindled by the adventurer out of $27, and the other was assisting in the pursuit in the character of *legal adviser.—Exchange.*

The same boys recently paid a visit to Palmer, and came near swindling us out of a couple of dollars. One of them called himself "Master Downing," a reader of Shakspeare, and wanted to get out some bills announcing a "reading" to come off at the Tockwotton Hall. They stated that a lady and gentleman, members of the company, would be here the next day to join in the exhibition. Not liking the looks of the young scape-goats, and having detected them in several falsehoods, we refused to print their bills, and they left town the same day, to give their readings in Shakspeare elsewhere. From the fact that no other members of the company appeared the next day, and that they were dirty, ragged and saucy, we conclude they are working their way through the country by manufacturing falsehoods to suit any occasion. They are candidates for some State prison, and we expect soon to hear that they have arrived at their destination.

The great eclipse on Friday last week, came off according to Almanac announcement, and proved to be quite interesting, if we may judge from the number of eyes that were turned heavenward that afternoon. We couldn't help thinking that more thoughts and eyes were turned upward on that occasion than had been during all the Sabbaths for the past six months. Presuming that our readers had eyes on that eventful day, we won't undertake to describe the appearance of the eclipse. We will only express a regret that old Sol took so much pains to hide himself in clouds during the most interesting part of the obscuration. The weather during the day was exceedingly changeable.—Sunshine and clouds, heat and cold, thunder showers and other showers, composed the programme. At the time of the greatest obscuration a gloomy shade passed over the landscape, producing a peculiar and striking sensation of sadness.

Ho for Turkey Hill.—There is a large, high rock near the residence of Salem Fisher, on Turkey Hill, in Belchertown, which overlooks a large tract of the surrounding country. It is said to be higher than Mount Tom, and a most delightful spot to obtain a view of the Connecticut Valley. The senior class of Amherst College propose to visit this eminence on Tuesday forenoon, the 6th of June, and give it a name. They will take refreshments along with them, and intend to spice their repast with speeches and toasts.—We recommend that they take along with them the editor of the Amherst *Express*, if they wish to give a "scientific" name to the eminence.

Hobbs Beaten.—Mr. Cotteril of Birmingham, gave Hobbs a lock to pick; he labored at it for twenty-four hours, but at last knocked under.

Another Fugitive Slave Case in Boston.---Great Excitement.---One Man Killed!

Another attempt to carry back to slavery an escaped fugitive has for the past week, created great excitement in Boston and the eastern portion of the State. The victim to Southern avarice is Anthony Burns, who has been employed in Boston for a couple of months. The claimant is Col. Charles F. Suttle of Alexandria, Va. The examination was commenced on Thursday morning, last week. On Friday P. M. Chas. F. Suttle and Wm. Brent, who accompanied him as a witness, were arrested in pursuance of the Massachusetts enactment against kidnappers, the warrant issuing from G. A. Andrews, Justice of the Peace; but Marshal Freeman and assistant U. S. District Attorney Hallett, becoming sureties for them in the sums of $5000 each, they were not taken into custody.

On Friday evening meetings were held in the city of Boston to act on the arrest of Burns, and inflammatory speeches were made by several speakers. About 9 o'clk a crowd gathered in the yard of the court house where the fugitive was confined. With a plank the crowd forced one of the west side doors of the court house, while cries of "Rescue him," arose on every side. The crowd attempted an entrance, but the U. S. officers were in readiness, and but two persons got in. Those who got into the building were taken in charge by the police, an attendance of whom was soon at hand, and some ten or fifteen others were arrested for riotous conduct—one was taken in custody for throwing brickbats.

At this stage of the riot several pistol shots were fired, and a man named Wm. Batchelder, a truckman, employed as a special deputy by the U. S. Marshal, was stabbed in the abdomen and died in a few moments.—He leaves a wife and several children. A negro named Wilson Hopewell, was arrested on Saturday, who is thought to be the murderer. Hopewell drew a dirk knife, but before he had an opportunity to use it, the officer wrested it from his grasp, and succeeded in conveying him to the Centre Watch House, and subsequently to jail. During the scuffle the officer had his hat demolished and his coat torn off. The man seized Mr. Tarlton by the throat, and did not release his grasp till he had reached the Watch House. In addition to the dirk knife, a loaded revolver was found on his person, indicating that he was engaged in a most desperate undertaking. The most important part of the matter is, that the dirk knife is partially covered with blood, and *corresponds with the stab which killed Batchelder.*

It is impossible to give a correct idea of the excitement which at times reigned in Bostou. People flocked to the city from every quarter, eager to engage in any riotous demonstrations that might take place. Military companies were called out, and the police force was strengthened, so as to give additional security to life and property in the city. Numerous arrests took place, and by keeping up a system of strict vigilance, no further breach of the peace occurred.

The trial of the alleged slave was still progressing at the time of writing this. Col. Suttle put in evidence that Burns left him on the 24th of last March, that he escaped on a vessel coming North, and that he wrote a letter back to his brother, (are slaves learned to write?) stating where he was and what he was doing. On Tuesday evidence was put in for the defence that Burns was employed in Boston on the *first* of *March*, and therefore could not be the slave who escaped from Mr. Suttle. We rather think the position taken by the defence will be maintained.

An offer was made to buy the slave, and the price was obtained of Mr. Suttle—$1200. The sum was immediately subscribed, but the gallant Colonel backed out—probably having been advised so to do by his counsel.

P. S. The evidence in the case of the fugitive has all been put in, the arguments made on both sides, and the Commissioner was to give his decision yesterday morning.

Benefit of Life Insurance.—Husbands who get their lives insured for the benefit of their wives, will not find much consolation in the following:

"Money is a wonderful charmer. Mrs. Stephens of Wisconsin, in a letter to a life insurance agent writes, that—'It affords me *great pleasure* to acknowledge the receipt of $1,000, being the amount of a policy effected on the life of my late husband.' Then Mrs. Roxa Wiley writes to a similar agent—'It is with *heartfelt gratitude* that I acknowledge the receipt of the sum of $1,000, being the amount of a policy of insurance on the life of my late husband.' These are pretty strong expressions on the part of these ladies, and when it is borne in mind that their joy is the result of the death of their husbands, they are very curious expressions.—As well might they have written—'We are mighty glad our husbands are dead, so that we can get a $1000 each.'"

A Woman Convicted of Murder.—At Troy, N. Y., on Saturday, the jury in the case of Henrietta Robinson, charged with murder, after being out nearly three hours, returned with a verdict of guilty. She received the verdict with great boldness, and exclaimed, "Shame on you, Judge, you are prejudiced against me." She also charged the jury with being bribed. Sentence was deferred until Monday morning, to allow her counsel to bring in a bill of exceptions. The prisoner's manner, after the rendition of the verdict, was strange, and her language incoherent.

Several Chinese in San Francisco have been arrested for keeping houses of ill-fame. A ship recently arrived at that place with one hundred Chinese females, probably for Celestial brothels.

Three Fugitive Slaves Arrested, and given up.

At New York, on Friday last week, three colored men, father and two sons, known as Jake, Bob, and Stephen Pembroke, were arrested at the instance of David Smith and Jacob Grove of Washington Co., Md., who claimed them as their slaves. They were taken before Commissioner Morton of the U. S. Court, and it was understood that they would be examined at 11 o'clock; instead of that, however, the case was heard at once, no persons being present, when the claimants testified that they were the owners of said slaves, and that they escaped from their service at Baltimore, on the Sunday previous.

From what can be gathered of the proceedings, the fugitives acknowledged themselves to be slaves of Smith and Grove. The Commissioner, considering the testimony sufficient, ordered their surrender, and they were accordingly given up to the claimants, who hurried them off at once to Baltimore.

The Murder of Batchelder at Boston.—On Monday, in the U. S. House of Representatives, Mr. Faulkner asked leave to offer the following resolution:

"That the Committee on the Judiciary be instructed to enquire into the cause of the recent death of James Batchelder, a Deputy Marshal of the U. S., who, it is alleged, was murdered in Boston on Friday night last, while engaged in enforcing a law of the Union, against a violent and treasonable mob, and if they find that he was killed as is reported; while in the performance of a patriotic duty, and has left a widow and children, that the Committee be further instructed to report a bill making a liberal provision for their relief."

"Mr. Dean objected, saying it was a matter belonging to the Executive. Let him enforce the laws."

We don't believe Congress is under any more obligations to make provisions for the wife and children of Batchelder, than it has to provide for the families of those who fall in battle, or are killed while in any service of the United States.

The South Yielding.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Journal of Commerce* thinks it is surprising "that the South has, with its uniform moderation, yielded this line, [the Missouri Compromise], and in fact, demolished this moral Chinese wall of defence from Northern Abolitionism. The consequence will be, that not another slaveholding Territory will ever be brought into the Union. We may admit all Mexico and all Central America and Cuba into the Union, but still without another slave State. There will be no excitement at present, upon this subject, in any quarter; but ultimately the general effect of this bill will be prejudicial to the extension of slavery, and in more than one way. If the South choose to take it, it is inconceivable why the North object to it."

Frightful Explosion of Powder.—Three of Dupont's powder-wagons, containing five tons of powder, blew up at Wilmington, Del., on Wednesday forenoon, killing 15 horses and three drivers, also two other men, and one woman. A child is also missing, and one man and two women were seriously injured. The house of Bishop Lees, and five other houses, with six stables, were demolished, and about seventy-five other houses badly damaged, and many persons hurt. The damage is estimated at $50,000.

"A Broth of a Boy."—The Dublin, Ireland, Freeman states, that Owen Duffin of Monaghan county, is 122 years old. When 116 he lost his second wife, and subsequently married a third, by whom he had a son and a daughter. His youngest son is two years old, his eldest ninety. He still retains in much vigor his mental and corporeal faculties, and frequently walks to the county town, a distance of eight miles.

Threatened Outrage at Washington.—Articles have appeared in some of the Washington papers which are calculated to stir up a hostile feeling towards Senator Sumner, intimating that his course on the Nebraska Bill was the means of the recent mob at Boston. Mr. Sumner has been warned of personal danger.

☞ Francis Graham has been held to trial in New York, for administering to a neighbor's boy, 8 years old, a dose of brandy of which he died in a few hours.

A great many persons die every year from the use of brandy, but we seldom hear of the arrest of those who furnish them with it.

Eclipses in 1854.—There will be two more eclipses this year—one of the sun and one of the moon. The first will be of the moon, on the 4th of Nov., at 4 o'clock P. M., and the second will be of the sun, total, on the 20th of November, commencing at 14 minutes past 5, in the morning. Both will be invisible.

Mad Dogs in Ware.—Since Mr. Daniel Cummings was bitten by a dog supposed to be mad, a general dog-war has raged in Ware. About fifty of the canine race have gone down the river. Two of those killed were without doubt in the last stages of hydrophobia.

☞ The U. S. Senate has resolved to adjourn on the 2nd of July, but as the House has much business yet on hand, it is thought that branch will not concur in the resolve. If Congress had adjourned two months ago it would have been better for the country.

Scarcity of Cattle.—The Western as well as the Eastern papers complain of the growing scarcity of cattle. It is said that N. Y. dealers are scouring Illinois and Indiana to buy up stock for the seaboard, and $7,50 to $8,50 per hundred lbs, net, have been paid; $4 and $4,25 are the current rates at Chicago and few to be had at that.

A farmer was killed at Buffalo on Tuesday morning, by having his head crushed between a wagon wheel and a street post, while his team was running away.

Hampden County Court.—The May term of the C. C. P., for the trial of criminal cases, concluded its business last week.—The following sentences were passed during the session:

Jas. Morrison of Springfield, two indictments for larceny, sentenced one year and a half to the State Prison.

David Guello of Holyoke, store breaking, State Prison three years.

James Sickles of Westfield, larceny, House of Correction one year.

Henry G. Bagg of Chicopee, violation of the liquor law, fined $100 and costs, and bonds in $1000 not to violate &c., for one year.

John T. Burt, keeper of the Franklin House, Chicopee, for keeping a house of ill-fame, sentenced one year to the House of Correction, keeping a gambling house, thirty days to the same Institution, and for being a common seller of intoxicating liquors, a fine of $1000 and costs, and bonds in the sum of $3000 not to violate &c.

Patrick Phelon, convicted of larceny, was sentenced to the State Prison for two years.

Edwin D. Perry plead guilty to a single sale of liquor, and was fined $10 and costs.

John Callahan, Luke Harvey and Russell Jenks were convicted as common sellers; the first was fined $100 and costs, and required to enter into the usual recognizance; the last two appealed to the Supreme Court.

Closson Pendleton, Seymour Bagg and William Carey were tried for violations of the liquor law, but the jury could not agree.

The special term of the Supreme Court for the trial of Hugh Smith of Chicopee, and Horace Sands of Springfield, assembled on Tuesday.

Murder Trials.—A special term of the Supreme Judicial Court has been in session at Springfield the present week, for the trial of Horace Sands, colored, of Springfield, and Hugh Smith of Chicopee, for murder—Judges Dewey, Merrick and Thomas presiding. Sands, it will be recollected, murdered his own brother, in a drunken fracas, by shooting him. He plead guilty of manslaughter, and no trial of his case was had. The Court sentenced him to two years in the House of Correction.

Smith was charged with having murdered his wife, between Chicopee and Holyoke, last Summer. The evidence against him was purely circumstantial, and exceedingly doubtful. After a fair hearing, the jury brought in a verdict of not guilty, and Smith was accordingly discharged. He expressed his "thanks to all Yankees," and before departing made a very low bow to the Court. The Court then adjourned, *sine die*, having been in session only two days.

Valuable File of Newspapers.—A valuable work has recently been added to the library of Congress—a complete file of the London *Gazette* from 1656 to the present time. This is the only complete file in existence. The Royal Library of Great Britain made several ineffectual attempts to obtain this work, but the prize was borne off by Brother Jonathan. The Gazette has been for 200 years the official journal of the British Government, and in it are published all civil, military and naval appointments; resignations, deaths and dismissals; all bankruptcies, proclamations, ordinances, and dispatches from military and naval officers in command on foreign stations.

The Nebraska Bill waiting the President's Signature.—On Thursday night, the Nebraska-Kansas bill passed the Senate, after an ineffectual attempt to incorporate with it the Clayton amendment. No other attempt whatever was made to amend the bill, although several Senators stated that they would like to propose amendments, but would not do so, because they were fearful the bill would not pass, if amended in any shape.

Postage Matters.—Mr Olds has backed out of his project to increase the rates of postage. He has introduced a new bill, which proposes to abolish the franking privilege, making the postage on all letters now going free in the mails chargeable to the treasury of the United States. It further provides, that the postage on letters sent under 3,000 miles shall continue to be three cents, pre-paid, as at present.

Revolution at Nicaragua.—The northern Light brings intelligence that a revolution had broken out in Nicaragua, under the leadership of Senor Castellan, who came from Honduras, with considerable force, captured Realijo and Chimandago, and marched thence upon Leonand, the capital. The whole country was under arms.

The Murderer.—James Wilson, the state prison convict, against whom a verdict for murder was returned in the Supreme court in Boston on Saturday, was sentenced on Monday to one year's confinement in the house of correction, and after that to be executed. He was sentenced to the house of correction instead of the prison at his own request.

☞ The will of Mrs. Jane Wilson, of Steubenville, Ohio, has been broken, thus giving her relatives property to the amount of $214,000. She had bequeathed it to the Foreign and Home Missionary Societies of the Presbyterian Church. The will was contested on the ground that she was not of sound mind.

Gift Lotteries—such as Perham's, for instance—have been decided to be a species of gambling by Judge Woodruff, of New York. Being, he says, an attempt to evade the penalty of the act to prevent raffling and lotteries, they should be suppressed. The case brought up for decision was that of Mr Perham.

☞ Thomas W. Kinman has been sentenced to be hung at Columbia, S. C., for slave stealing. He might have stolen as many Solomon Northups as he could have entrapped, and sold them all into slavery without any peril to his neck.

Dead.—The celebrated Black Hawk stallion owned by Mr. Francis Twichell, Petersham, valued at over $1000, died last week.

A most Ungrateful Fellow.—A day or two ago, as a gentleman of German birth was standing by the river on the Covington side, he observed a skiff upset, in which a boy was crossing from this side. He plunged in, after divesting himself of his coat and boots, and reached the boy just as he was drowning. He grasped the boy, but the boy also grasped him by the arm, and both were in danger of death, when the German with great presence of mind kicked the boy, and thus succeeded in relieving both from danger by compelling the boy to quit his hold, after which he bore him safely to the shore, and applied himself to recovering the rescued boy. When the latter had overcome his alarm, he yelled out to his astonished rescuer: "What in the d—l did you kick me for, you d—d Dutchman?" He then run off.—*Cincinnati Sun.*

Fearful Tornado.—A remarkable tornado passed over the town of Rock Spring, Ill., and other places, in a northwestern course on the 16th. A singular feature of the storm was its zigzag course, making in some cases sharp angles. Its progress was accompanied by a dense smoke or mist, and a darkness almost like night, which came and departed within a few moments. It passed through a fine body of timber, destroying every tree, and occasionally twisting off one twelve or fifteen inches in diameter, and throwing it one hundred yards on either side from its own track. Several large houses and barns were lifted up, torn to fragments, and scattered upon the ground.

Another Massacre by the Indians.—On the 2d ult., as we learn by Texas papers, a government train, consisting of fourteen wagons and about one hundred mules and horses, left Fort Elwell for El Paso, and about five miles from the fort it was attacked by Indians. Seven of the twenty men in charge of the train were killed, and the horses and mules stolen. The wagons and their contents were destroyed. The value of the property was about $20,000.

American Women.—The following charming passage is from "Rural Hours," by Miss Cooper, daughter of the late J. Fennimore Cooper. It so beautifully expresses the sentiments of all women of pure feelings and correct principles, that it should be widely circulated:—

We American women certainly owe a debt of gratitude to our countrymen for their kindness and consideration of us generally. Gallantry may not always take a graceful form in this part of the world, and mere flattery may be worth as little here as elsewhere; but there is a glow of generous feeling toward women in the hearts of most American men, which is highly honorable to them.

☞ Mutt F. Ward returned to Louisville on the steamboat, R. J. Ward, on the 22d. He left the city again the next day, in consequence, probably, of the threatening manner in which his audacious return was noticed by the city papers of that morning, and a call for a public meeting on the subject, which was prepared during the day.

☞ The construction of the great tubular iron bridge across the St. Lawrence, oppo-site Montreal, has commenced. One of the immense coffer-dams, made of timber, in which the piers are to be built, was launched Friday and towed to its place, and others are in progress. Some 1500 men will, it is said, be employed on the bridge the coming summer.

Frightful and Fatal Explosions.—Laflin & Smith's powder works, near Saugerties, N. Y., exploded on Friday, killing seven men and blowing six houses in pieces.—These works were the most extensive in the country, and the loss is very heavy. Hanner & Forbes' powder mill as East Hartford Ct., also exploded on Friday, and two men were instantly killed.

☞ The Rev. Dr Pennington, of New York, has received a letter from Mr Grove, the claimant of his brother, who was recently taken back from that city, offering to sell him to Dr Pennington, should he wish to buy him, and stating that he will await a reply before selling him to the slave drivers.

The Palmer Worm.—The Palmer worm, an insect somewhat resembling the canker worm, except in its manner of locomotion, is, we regret to learn, again making its appearance in Western Massachusetts, and will probably prove very destructive to fruit trees during the coming season.

Ministers Shouldn't Shave.—A distinguished London minister in shaving on Sunday cut his upper lip. In the excitement of preaching the cut reopened and bled so violently that it was with difficulty he continued his sermon! This may be worth the notice of those who advocate the retention of our natural sign of manhood.

Utah Salt Lake.—The Washington Union says that the water of Salt Lake in Utah is found sufficiently strong in its natural state for preserving meat, and that in packing meat for preservation, it is only necessary to pack it in barrels, and to fill the barrels with water from the lake with no other salt.

Law and Lawyers.—Three young lawyers, John D. McGregor, Egbert Farnham and M. Robinson, were severally fined in New York on Friday, the first $150, the second $50, and the third $25, for cowhiding another young lawyer, Louis N. Glover, by way of recreation.

☞ Two typos in Columbus, Miss., John C. Waddel and Benj. F. Ford, quarrelled, fought with "shooting irons" instead of "shooting sticks," and Waddel received a pistol ball which it is expected will cost him his life.

☞ The President has signed the Nebraska Bill, and the whole thing is now completed—save getting "niggers" into that country.

Murderers get off almost as easy in Hampden county as they do in Kentucky.—Horace Sands, who murdered his brother in Springfield, several months ago, by shooting him twice with a gun, in the house of their mother, has just received a sentence of only *two years* to the *House of Correction!* If this same negro Sands had stolen a horse and wagon, he would have been sent to the State Prison for three or four years; but his crime of fratricide does not seem to be considered half so heinous, and is not visited with half so severe punishment. We would like to know by what beautiful twist of the law he was let off so easy?

Growing Smaller.—The Chicopee *Journal* announces that it will reduce its size the present week, as its present size is too large to be well sustained. We sometimes think that in trying to display a large sheet, newspaper publishers often miss a figure. They resort to old book advertisements and the like to fill them, while the real reading matter is no more than in many smaller papers. We shall make no attempt to increase the dimensions of our paper until we are satisfied that such an act will pay.

Immigration.—Some idea of the extent of emigration to this country may be formed from the fact that in one day, week before last, there arrived at New York *twelve thousand four hundred* emigrants. On another day the same week 1928 emigrants arrived at the same port. From the 1st to the 21st of last month, 424 vessels from foreign ports arrived at New York, bringing upwards of 48,000 passengers.

Crushed by the Ice.—The ship Lady Falkland, recently arrived at Liverpool, reports that in lat. 42, lon. 46, she passed a great quantity of wreck, which appeared to be the remains of some unfortunate passenger ship that had been crushed by the masses of ice which for several months have obstructed navigation in the Atlantic. The Lady Falkland was herself in contact with an iceberg the day before, and sustained damage.

Melancholy Death.—John Tape, an old and experienced diver from Boston, was searching for a wreck 30 feet below the surface of Lake Erie, on Saturday, and on coming up complained of foul air, but went down again, when the deck-pump worked badly, and the blood was forced to his head, causing his death in a short time.

Suicide.—Richard Hewett of Milville hung himself on Friday morning in his barn. He was not discovered till his daughter went to call him to dinner. He was about 50 years old and leaves a wife and family to mourn his untimely loss. No cause is assigned for the act.

☞ M. H. Howes, who was sentenced to the state prison for ten years, for attempting the life of a school mistress in Litchfield county in a fit of jealousy, is in the last stages of consumption, and his grief-stricken mother has petitioned the Legislature for his discharge. The doctors say he cannot live more than two months.—*Hartford Courant.*

☞ The immense carpet factory in Thompsonville has resumed operations again. The works, after being stopped for some two years have now passed into the hands of a new company, who purchased the entire interest of the old company for about $300,000.

Beef.—Beef is higher than ever at New York. Last week the best pieces were scarce at 25 cents per lb. In Boston on Saturday the best pieces of beef steak were selling at 20 cents per lb.

California Strawberries.—The *Alta California* of May 1st, says that the hills near that city were covered with an abundant growth of delicious wild strawberries, fully ripe. Large quantities of them were brought into the city daily

☞ The House of Gen. Scott, in Richmond, Va., was again fired on Tuesday afternoon.—This is the third attempt, says the *Mail*, to finish this house, and argues a determination, on the part of the incendiary, worthy a better cause.

☞ The *Washington* (Pa) *Reporter* nominates the Hon. John Bell, of Tennessee, for President, and Hon. Abbott Lawrence, of Massachusetts for Vice President of the United States.

☞ The Hampshire, Franklin and Hampden Agricultural Society will hold its next annual Cattle Show and Fair at Northampton, on Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 11th and 12th.

☞ On the Nebraska Bill only three New England members of the House of Representatives voted yea—Hibbard of New Hampshire, McDonald of Maine, and Ingersoll of Connecticut.

☞ It is stated that the insurance losses on American shipping during the last nine months have averaged over one million of dollars per month.

Paper Mill.—Messrs Greenleaf & Taylor of Springfield, have just started a new paper mill at Chester Village, where they are about to manufacture book and news paper.

A Diamond.—On Thursday of last week a laborer upon the farm of James Fisher Jr., near Richmond, Va., dug up a splended diamond, a gem of the purest water and of exquisite beauty weighing nineteen carats—the largest ever discovered in North America.

☞ Three daughters of Rev Mr Perry, a Methodist clergyman, residing near Harrisbugh, Ky., were recently burned to death by the explosion of a can of camphene.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Does! Does!!—It is estimated that there are more dogs in town thau sheep, and that the expense of keeping them is more than the amount paid to support the town's poor. In this village there is about one dog to every family, and we don't know but this is the case through the whole town. We don't see the use of all these dogs, nor can we see the policy of this yearly increase of our canine inhabitants. We have all sorts and sizes—the shaggy Newfoundland, the lank greyhound, the big hull, and the little cur. They growl, yelp, snarl and bark at people at almost every door, and it is not unfrequently that persons are made to realize the power of their teeth. The town last Spring passed a law imposing a tax of one dollar upon every dog, but we have reason to believe that half the dogs in town will escape this tax.—Should each yelping puppy contribute a dollar to the treasury, the town would realize a handsome dog revenue. Had the town voted that every dog, allowed to run in the street, should be muzzled, the real object of "a dog law" would have been accomplished.

In these days of mad dogs people cannot be too cautious in allowing their dogs to run at large. Numerous have been the instances within the past few months of persons dying of hydrophobia—the most awful death that can be imagined—and we have daily accounts of mad dogs in almost every town around us. Timely measures may prevent any serious consequences from mad dogs in Palmer, and as a matter of public safety persons owning dogs should either muzzle them, or chain them to their own yards.—There cannot be a meaner trick than to maliciously kill a man's dog; but when human life is in danger from these animals, and their owners will not prevent them from running at large, unmuzzled, we would recommend strychniue, or "hop-up" as the best remedies to get rid of them. Will dog owners take the hint?

ACCIDENT AT BELCHERTOWN.— On Thursday last, as the wife of James Downing of Enfield, was returning from the depot in Belchertown, the horse she was driving ran, throwing her out, and injuring her about the face and head in a very serious manner.

THE mail arrangements, of which we complained last week, have elicited so much dissatisfaction that the mail agent has gone back to the old system. All right now.

ON the 20th ult., one of the female paupers at the Alms House, fell over the stair railing, a distance of twenty feet, and was so much injured that her recovery is doubtful.

THE are now about one hundred and twenty-five paupers at the Alms House, and many more are expected soon.

TIGERS IN SINGAPORE.—It is said that the inhabitants of Singapore have been very much alarmed by the increasing boldness and fierceness of the tigers on the island.—These animals have become more bold than ever before, and frequently carry off the laborers employed in the jungle. One morning the footprints of a large tiger were found on a vacant lot of land in the very centre o. the European part of the town, and their traces have been found in the immediate vicinity of various residences.

LARGE GLASS.—The largest panc of glass that has yet made its appearance in New York, has taken its place in one of the windows of Taylor's Restaurant establishment, on Broadway.—Its dimensions are fifteen feet in height, six feet in breadth, three-quarters of an inch in thickness; a thousand dollars it is cost.

RUSSIAN PORTS IN THE PACIFIC.—A despatch from Washington to the New York evening papers state, that despatches have been received at the State Department from England, which announce that the British government has come to the determination of taking possession of the port of Sitka and all the Russian ports in the Pacific.

THE CAMPBELLS WITHOUT A LEADER.—All admirers of Ethiopian minstrelsy, will regret to learn that Luke West, the popular leader of the Campbell troupe died at Boston on the evening of the 26th. His disease, inflammatory rheumatism, had lasted only three days.

SHOCKING.—On Friday last, the farm house of Mr. Joseph Fisher, eight miles east of Peekskill, Westchester county, N. Y., was destroyed by fire, and three children perished in the flames! Mr. and Mrs. Fisher were absent at the time, having left their children, four in number, at home.

A BITTER COUPLE.—At the Supreme Judicial Court in Sagadahock, lately, Margaret Wormwood was divorced from T. G. Wormwood.—The union was undoubtedly one of great bitterness, which the court felt it its duty to dry up.

OH SCISSORS!—The *Washington Star* says that a telegraphic despatch to a member of Congress announces the gratifying fact that a woman has been elected constable in Perry county, Illinois.

THE NEXT CROP.—The *Rochester N. Y. American* estimates that there will be harvested in Monroe county, in July, 1,544,723 bushels of wheat, which, at the present price of the article in that city, will be worth $3,475,627.

☞ The ancient city of Chicago, according to the *Daily Journal*, published there, has sixty thousand inhabitants, and the *oldest* native is a lady of twenty-two.

☞ A turtle, weighing three hundred pounds, was lately captured off Hog Island, while sleeping on the surface of the water. He was to be sent to New York.

☞ Governor Bigler of Pennsylvania has signed the bill submitting to the people the law prohibiting the sale of liquor.

HUNG HIMSELF.—Thomas Conkey, a man of wealth, about 60 years of age, hung himself in Prescott, last Monday. No reason is assigned for the deed.

☞ There are now in progress of erection and completion in Cohoes, N. Y., factories of various kinds, which, when put in operation, will require two thousand operatives.

☞ The Archbishop of Paris has issued a circular for the better observance of the Sabbath, which has created a great sensation thoughout France.

☞ A mad dog was killed in Springfield on Sunday.

Holloway's Pills, a most effectual Cure for Dropsy.—Extract of a letter from Edward Rowley, Esq, of the Indian Walk, Tobago, dated April 6th, 1853. "To Professor Holloway. Sir,—I deem it a duty I owe to you and the public at large, to inform you of a most miraculous recovery from that dreadful disease, dropsy, and which, under God, was effected by the use of your Pills. I was tapped five times in the course of eight months, and skilfully treated by two medical practitioners unsuccessfully notwithstanding which, in six months your Pills perfectly cured me."

Fire Insurance.

The subscriber is agent for the Franklin Fire and Marine Insurance Company, which has a capital of $300,000, and has authority to issue policies of Insurance from his office, on receipt of the premium money. He will also issue renewal receipts and conduct the whole business of Insurance the same as it is done at the home office. There is no other agency of a like character in this vicinity.

Risks taken on nearly all kinds of property, on reasonable terms.

G. M. FISK.

Journal Office, Palmer, May 27th, 1854.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that "*the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him*," and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Way remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

"I DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figure of the Ox, in another part of the paper.

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

BORN.

In Stafford Springs, 21st, a daughter to Geo. B. Grant.

MARRIED.

In Monson, May 23th, by Rev. J. Paulson, Charles Forbush and Laura Shaw, both of Palmer; 31st, Francis Knowlton of North Wilbraham, and Nancy N. Fay of Monson.

In Brimfield, May 30th, by Rev. Jason Morse, Benjamin Wister of Shutesbury, and Laura E. Spring of Brimfield. *Winter* and *Spring* are united. Guess we shall have Summer right off:

'Tis singular, but a desirable thing,
That *Winter* at last should be married to *Spring*;
And since the two seasons have mingled together,
We trust the result will be beautiful weather.

In Wales, May 24th, by F. L. Burley, Esq, Bius R. Walker and Nancy D. Watkins, both of W.

In Belchertown, May 11th, by Francis Bracan, Esq., Sylvanus Batty of Stafford, Ct., and Mary M., daughter of the officiating magistrate.

In Monson, 24th ult., by Rev. J. Paulson, Rev. Manuel Kinne of Hopkinton, R. I., and Sophronia D. Estin of M.

In Vernon, Vt., 25th ult., Edward J. Rice of Greenfield, and Mary Hastings of Gill; Christopher Ruggles of Brooklyn, Mass., and Lucinda Twitchell of Athol.

In Belchertown, 15th ult., Jeremiah Squier of Hadley, and Mrs. Mary Ann Shumway of B.

In Ware, Apr. 30th, Edwin Merritt of Hartford, and Maria Stearns of W.; 10th inst., Hosea T. Marsh and Sarah B. Newcomb, both of Hardwick.

In Canaan Four Corners, N. Y., Lyman White and Lorinda A. Howe, both of Ware.

In Stafford Springs, 18th, Wm. Vinton and Emily Mack, both of Sturbridge.

In Warren, 23d, Emerson Wight of Springfield, and Margaret B. Gleason of W.

DIED.

In Monson, 24th, the wife of F. W. Moulton.

In Enfield, May 20th, Amasa D. Tinkham, 22.

In Amherst, 20th, Mrs. Eliza Ann, 22, wife of Moses S. Stowell; 19th, Dwight H. Cowan, 23.

In Ware, Andrew Tucker, 21.

More Beauties!

FOR Dress Goods on our counters, come and see them.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Parasols.

WE have received a large lot of Parasols, that we can sell cheap.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Bargains!

OUR Store is light enough to show you what you buy. Please examine styles and qualities, and hear prices. We will try to please you

M. W FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, June 3d, 1854. 6

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.

Commencing 25 May, 1854.

LEAVE PALMER at 7.50 a. m., or on arrival of train from Springfield. Connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with steamers for Stonington and Greenport.

3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE NEW LONDON at 7.15 a. m., connecting at Willimantic with a train for Hartford and Bristol, and at Palmer for Amherst, Springfield, Albany and the express train reaching Worcester at 11.20 a. m., and Boston at 12.45 p. m.—11.15 a. m. for Norwich.

3.00 o'clock p. m., connecting with trains for Hartford, Amherst, Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

No passengers will be allowed to ride on the Freight Trains.

Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from New London, (Cabin) $3,00.
" " . (Deck) 2,50.
Stonington, 2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 25th, 1854.

Notice Extraordinary.

JUST received, at the famous Emporium, at LYON'S block, Main st, first door west of the Post Office, WARE, Mass., a large and extensive assortment of

Millinery, Summer and Dress Goods, Fashionable Bonnets, all prices, Lawn Bonnets, Silk and Crape.

A largs assortment of

Mantillas & Visitos, White Crape & Black Silk Shawls.

We shall offer, just for the fun of it, goods at the following prices:

Lawns and Muslin, good styles, at 6 1-4 cts.
Poplins, " " 12 1-2 "

A large assortmeet of

Fancy and Black Silks, Chaugeable Plaid and Striped,

BERAGES, Plain & Figured, all Colors,

FRINGE & LACE for MANTILLAS, TRIMMINGS, Rich Embroideries, PARASOLS & FANS.

It is useless to name all the goods on hand, as almost everybody knows our prices are a little lower than any body's else.

To Milliners in adjoiniug towns, we would say, that we guarantee our prices to be as low as any responsible house in the place.

5 J. H STORRS.

IN consequence of unexpected sales, I have been compe led to go to market sooner than I intended. I would therefore say I have just returned with such additions to my former stock, as to render it

Certainly unequalled in this vicinity!

My assortment of

Linens and Summer Goods!

generally, is completed.

I want

3 or 4 Good Workmen

to work in shop, or will give to any good Pant or Vest maker all the work they want at home. If they are

Tip-Top Workmen,

(I want no others) call at the BRICK STORE, near the R. R. Bridge.

H. W. MUNGER.

Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &c., by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

N. S. BARNES, PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House. Office 2 doors south W. R. Bridge.

Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by

M. W. FRENCH.

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by

22 E. B. MILES, Agt.

W. I Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Amherst & Belchertown R. R.

Summer Arrangement, Commencing May 22, 1854.

Leave Amherst for Palmer at 9 00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.
" Belchertown " " 9.30 " "
5.20 p. m.
" Palmer for Amherst at 2 20 p. m. "
8.10 p. m.
" Belchertown for " " 2.50 " "
" 8.40 p. m.

The 9 o'clock train from Amherst connects with the 9.45 a m. train from Springfield for Boston, and with the first train from Boston for Springfield, New York and Albany. The 5 o'clock train connects with the 4 o'clock Express Train from Boston, for Hartford, New Haven and New York, and the 4.30 Accommodation Train for Springfield and Albany.

The 2.20 p. m. train from Palmer will leave on the arrival of the Accommodation Train from Albany and Springfield, and passenger from New York, New Haven, and Hartford, will leave Springfield at 1.50 p. m. The 8.10 p. m. train will leave on the arrival of the Express and Accommodation trains from Boston, the afternoon train from New London, Norwich and Willimantic, and the 5 o'clock train from Springfield.

Stage connections at Belchertown and Amherst for Enfield and Greenwich, North Hadley and Amherst.

N. D. POTTER, Sup't.

May 22nd, 1854. 5

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE!

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters!!

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD." Langley's Compound Dock Root, Sarsaparilla Prickley Ash, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Mandrake and Rhubarb "Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters." There can be no better medicine for any one who is troubled (as nearly all people are in the Spring) with Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Weakness, Loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Headache, and bad humors in the blood and skin, and for nervous debility, Costiveness and Piles, this compound is the best thing in the world, as by it nature is assisted in her operations, purifying the blood and removing diseases.

Is your *Liver* disordered? Is *Jaundice* your foe? Then Langley will deal both the monsters a blow;
Do you suffer from *Headaches*—'twill give you relief.
For *Piles* 'tis of all cures, acknowledged the chief;
The motto of "Buy me and I'll do you good,"
The test of experience has easily stood—
And many unto it this truth will append,
That the Root and Herb Bitters is every one's friend.
Is your Appetite gone? then the Root Bitters take,
And you'll heartily relish your chop or your steak;
The blood it will purify—redden your cheek,
And strengthen your frame, should it ever grow weak;
The ladies declare no such remedy's known,
And the sale is immense to the fair sex alone!

Sold by merchants and dealers in medicine in every town and village, for 25 cents a pint and 37 1-2 cents for a quart bottle. Wholesale depot is 99 Union st., Boston. Sold in Palmer by all who sell medicines. my27 5

ALPACCAS,
Berages,
Cambrics,
De Laines,
English &
French Prints,
Gloves &
Hosiery,
Inserting & Edging,
Jeans & Linings,
Knitting Cotton, &
Linens White & Brown,
Muslins & Lawns,
Needles & Pins,
Oil Silks &
Ponlins, Parasols &
Quality, & best quality of
Ribbed Silks,
Silk Shawls &
Tickings, Threads &
Underseeves, Umbrellas,
Velvets & Veils,
Whalebones & Working Cotton,
Yarn, Cotton & Wool,
Zunder's Worsted,
& lots of
Other Goods
CHEAP at
G. H. NEWTON'S.

Monson, May 13th, 1854. 3w3.

STACY & ALLEN,

DEALERS IN

Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS

Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.

GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.

my 13 3tf

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,

Importers, and Jobbers

OF

English, Scotch, French, and German

DRY GOODS.

ALSO

Dealers in American Goods, in great variety. Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.

47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street.,

BOSTON.

my 13 tf3.

Stuart's Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain for a while longer in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaiuing correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.

No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.

Palmer, May 6th, 1854. 3tf2

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines, new styles just received by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by

E. B. MILES. Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—for sale by J. A. HALL.

April 22nd, 1854. 52.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.

Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 2,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures. In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain*.

CURTIS & PERKINS,

Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Bilious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.

Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious colic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circular in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1 2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by

O. H. BIDWELL.

Apr 1st, 1854. 50

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),

DEALERS IN

Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.,; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,

44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.

AT - - - J. BOWLES,

tf48. Nassowanno Block

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

REMOVAL,

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Collector's Sale.

NOTICE is hereby given that the New London, Willimantic and Palmer Railroad corporation was assessed on Real Estate, in the town of Palmer, Hampden county, Mass, on the tax bill for the year 1853, and committed to me for collection, the sum of $18; and if no person shall appear to discharge the same on or before Tuesday, the 13th day of June next, at 2 of the clock in the afternoon, I shall sell at public auction, at the Tuckwotton House, in said Palmer, the following described Real Estate belonging to said corporation, for the payment of said taxes, and all necessary intervening charges, viz:—A tract of land situated in said Palmer, on the road leading from Palmer to Monson, by the house of E. Valentine, and about 10 rods westerly of the Station House of the said N. L., W. & P. R. R. corporation, in said Palmer, bounded north-westerly by said road leading to Monson, south-westerly and south-easterly by land belonging to the heirs of John Watson, late of said Palmer, and north-easterly by land belonging to said corporation, and used as a road, leading from the road first mentioned, to their brick freight house, containing 20 rods more or less, together with the house and barn thereon standing, known as the Watson house; said property being, in the opinion of the subscriber, incapable of being divided, or a part thereof set off without injury to the residue.

DAVID KNOX, Collector for 1853

Palmer, May 20th, 1854. 3w4

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.

Apr. 22, '54. 52.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

WANTED!

BY the subscriber, 1000 bush. Potatoes, for which the highest market price will be paid.

m23tf O. H. BIDWELL.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still—not incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that experience which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands.

In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—health by bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. *Price,* 50 cts

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the copy in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as the only genuine and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY HUSBAND AND WIFE BE POSSESSED OF THIS WORK.

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain misinformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Titlepage and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.

"When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be Ignorant.

☞ On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition in extra binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*mail all free*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publication office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Bronze, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T. Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S. Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P. Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 18 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 128 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.

Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the New Store.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 20th, 1852. 4tf

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab, brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also Panamas, Leghorn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞ Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.

Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Corn! Corn!!

800 bushels good Northern Corn just received, and for sale by

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf4

We Shall Meet no More.

We shall meet no more on the sunny hill,
Where the lonely wild flower springs and dies,
We meet no more by the murmuring rill,
Where the blue cold waters idly rise;
The sunshine and flowers all bright remain
In their lonely beauty, as of yore;
But to me 'twill ne'er be bright again—
We shall meet no more! we shall meet no more!

We shall meet no more in the lighted halls,
Amid happy faces and gay young hearts;
I may listen in vain as each footstep falls,
I may watch in vain as each form departs,
There are laughing voices, but thy young tone,
Its cheerful greeting hath ceased to pour:
Thy form from the dancing train is gone—
We shall meet no more! we shall meet no more.

COME WHEN THE BIRDS SING.—The late Professor Caldwell, of Dickenson College, a short time before his death said to his wife:

"You will not I am sure, lie down upon your bed and weep when I am gone. And when you visit the spot where I lay do not choose a sad and mournful time: do not go in the shades of evening or the dark night.—These are no times to visit the grave of one who hopes and trusts in a risen Redeemer—Come dear wife in the morning, in the bright sunshine, and when the birds are singing!" What a beautiful illustration these words contain! Come in the morning of sunshine when the note of the harmless birds are heard, come not in dark shades of evening when the mournful notes of frogs, and troubled Whippoorwill fill the grave yard. The former representing the glorious Resurrection of the righteous, and the latter that of the wicked. Think of it.

AN INCIDENT.—Speaking of the tightness in the money-market, says the Baltimore 'Sun' a little incident came under my own notice on Wednesday, which is worth relating. I stepped into one of the fashionable jewelry stores in Chestnut street, and saw a lady purchase a lot of diamonds worth $525, and ordered to be sent home. A few minutes afterwards I met the husband of the lady in a broker's office in Third street, negotiating a note of five thousand dollars, at a shave of four per-cent per month.

A GOOD RESOLUTION.—The following resolution was passed at the last session of the Northwestern Virginia Association:

"*Resolved*, That in this age of light and progress, any family that lives without a Religious Newspaper does great injustice to itself, by retarding its own intellectual and moral improvement, and thereby disqualifying it from taking that position in the kingdom of Christ, which duty and the cause of Christ demand."

THE DIFFERENCE.—In Europe people take off their hats to great men: in America great men take off their hats to the people. Universal suffrage causes the difference.

☞Prosperity too often has the same effect on a Christian that a calm sea has on a Dutch mariner, who frequently, it is said, in those circumstances, ties up rudder, gets drunk and goes to sleep.

——Objects are bright and happy as the eyes of the mind see them; with a vision clouded or unclouded by its secret shadow.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Nassowcauno Block.)

A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wasum;
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.

An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

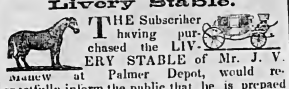
L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
——DEALERS IN——
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,

SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order.
jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Livery Stable.



THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mallow at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omnibusses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf51

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
——AND——
ETNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
——ALSO FOR THE——
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield, will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S
HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN

Are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatice, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Carmechan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

Dentistry.

J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently curing the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!

IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
——AND——
Blood Purifier.

DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.

The virtues of this "Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.

Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,

It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been trombled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,

It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier. For Chills and Fever, Mercurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that, the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.

Full Directions on the Bottle.
☞ *PRICE* $1,00.☜

HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,

Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure
☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.☜

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.

This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.
☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Killer.

This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.
☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*☜

Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.
ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—

Superior and medium Velvet Pile,
" " Brussels,
" " Tapestry Brussels,
" " Kiddermaster,
Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.

We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3 m48.

Flour and Grain!

50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Dress Making.

HAVING secured the services of two experienced Dress Makers, we feel confident of suiting all who may want any work done in that line. MRS. W. CONKEY.
Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

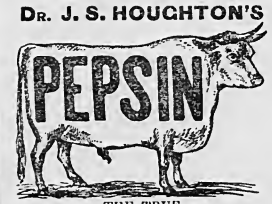
AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the

SOVEREIGN REMEDY!

This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fullest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.

The Depot for Dr Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macamonick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S



THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations* Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium*, *Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *A. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G. A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf29

THE FAR-FAMED MEDICINE!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

The Pills being composed entirely of medicinal herbs are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Billious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persons who persevere in using them in accordance with the directions, seldom fail in being restored to health.

WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,—RESTORATION TO HEALTH OF A GENTLEMAN, AGED 45, WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Copy of a Letter from the Rev. Charles Smith, dated Newton, St Phillips, near Bath, Somersetshire, 17th August, 1853.
To PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY,
Sir:—A Mr. Joseph Puxton, formerly a resident of this place, had been in a declining state of health for upwards of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends, as he had consulted various medical men in Bath, without effect. He at last used your Pills, and under providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstance. I ought also to mention, that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of your Pills.
I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,
CHARLES SMITH, Dissenting Minister.

A PERMANENT CURE OF A DISEASED LIVER OF MANY YEARS' DURATION.

Copy of a Letter from Mr. Ganis, Chemist, Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.
Dear Sir—In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Billious Complaints I may mention the following case:—A lady of this town with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and digestive organs; her medicinal attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months. This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relations, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure. This is twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly.
July 23d, 1853. (Signed) J. GAMIS.

These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficatious in the following complaints:—
Ague, Asthma, Billious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary, Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Vencreal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Sold at the Establishment of Prof. Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, Eng., and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37 1 2 cents, 87 cts. and $1,50 cts. each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm Holbrook.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!

MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas
One to two boules are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.
AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at tf50 CONKEY'S.

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 5. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1854. NUMBER 7.

THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

TERMS OF THE JOURNAL.—One Dollar and a Half per annum. A discount of Twenty-five Cents to those who pay in *advance*. For six months, 66 Cents; for three months, 33 Cents. Single copies 3 Cents.

☞All Letters to meet with attention must be POST PAID.

☞Communications of News &c. should always be accompanied with a responsible name.

☞No paper will be discontinued until all arrearages are paid, unless at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—The space occupied by 100 words, or that occupied by 14 Brevier lines, constitutes a *square*. One square one week 75 cents; 3 weeks $1. Each insertion afterwards 20 cents. One square 6 months $5—one year $9. One-half square or less—1 week 50 cents; two weeks 75 cents. Each after insertion 15 cents. One-half a square 6 months $3—1 year $5. Twenty-five per cent advance for continuance inside, after one week. Legal advertising of all kinds, such as Insolvent and Probate Notices, Sales on Execution &c., not less than 25 per cent in advance of ordinary rates. Special notices 33 1-3 per cent advance of ordinary rates.

Cards of acknowledgement, religious notices and the like, one insertion, 50 cents per square. Political notices, calls for conventions and secular meetings to be charged the same as other notices or advertisements similarly published.—Notices in news columns 10 cents per line, one insertion, but no charge made of less than 50c.

Discounts will be made to merchants advertising at the above rates to the amount of $20 pr. annum, of not more than ten per cent; $30—15 per cent; $40—20 per cent; $50—25 per c.; and on $75, or over, 33 1-3 per cent.

Births, marriages and deaths inserted without charge; but all additions to the ordinary announcements, as obituary notices, funeral appointments &c., charged at 4 cents per line—no charge being less than 25 cents.

☞From transient advertisers and patent medicine agents, cash will be demanded in advance, save in cases of special arrangement, or where a local reference is given.

***The above rates are adopted by all weekly newspapers published in the five Western Counties of the State.

The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

JOB PRINTING

Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

The Colonel's Story.

UNTIL I was fifteen I lived at home with my widowed mother and two sisters. My mother was the widow of an officer, who was killed in one of the battles with Hyder Ali, and enjoyed a pension from the Indian Government. I was the youngest, and soon after my fifteenth birth-day she died suddenly. My sisters went to India on the invitation of a distant relation of my mother, and I was sent to school, where I was very unhappy. You will, therefore, easily imagine with what pleasure I received a visit from a handsome, jovial old gentleman, who told me that he was my father's elder half-brother; that they had been separated by a quarrel in early life, but that now, being a widower and childless, he had found me out, and determined to adopt me.

The truth was, the old man loved company, and that as his chief income—a large one—was derived from a mine, near which he lived, in a very remote part of the country, he was well pleased to have a young companion who looked like a gentleman, and could be useful as a carver, cellar-keeper and Secretary.

Installed in his house, a room was assigned to me, and I had a servant, and a couple of excellent horses. He made me understand that I need give myself no further anxiety on the subject of the future—that I might abandon the idea of proceeding to India in the Company's service, where a cadetship had been secured for me, and that so long as I conformed to his ways, it was no matter whether I studied or not; in fact it was no matter what I did.

Sometime after becoming an inmate of Beechgrove Hall, my uncle's attacks of gout, in spite of the generous mode of living he adopted as a precaution, became so severe, that he was unable to stir out, except in a wheeled chair, and it was with difficulty that he was lifted occasionally into his carriage. The consequence was, that to me his business naturally fell, and although he grumbled at losing my society and attention, he was obliged to send me to London, to watch the progress of a Canal Bill, in which he was deeply interrested. It was my first visit to London. I was well provided with instructions and with funds. My uncle's business occupied me in the morning—for I dreaded too much his displeasure to neglect it—but in the evening I plunged into every amusement, with all the keen zest of novelty and youth.

I cannot say that up to that period I had never been in love. My uncle had twice seriously warned me that if I made a fool of myself for anything less than a very large fortune, he would never forgive me.

"If, sir," he said on the second occasion, he saw me blush and tremble—for I was too proud and too self-willed to bear such control—"If you like to make an ass of yourself for a pretty face, like Miss Willington, with her three brothers and five sisters, half of whom you'd have to keep, you may do it with your own money; you shall not do it with mine."

I told my confidant, Dr. Crecliegh, of this; he answered me, "You have only about a hundred and twenty a year of your own from the estate you inherited from your father, and you are living with your horses and dogs at the rate of five hundred a year. How would you like to see your wife and children housed and dressed like a poor curate's wife, Mr. Serge? Your uncle cannot live forever."

The argument was enough for me, who had only found Clara Worthington the best partner in a country dance. My time was not come.

My lodgings in London were in a large old fashioned house in Westminster, formerly the residence of a nobleman, which was a perfect caravansary in the number and variety of its inmates. The best rooms were let to members of Parliament and persons like myself; but on the upper floor many persons of humbler means but of genteel pretensions had rooms.—Here I frequently met on the stairs, carrying a roll of music, a tall, elegant female figure dressed in black, and closely veiled; sometimes when I had to step on one side, a slight bow was exchanged, but for several weeks that was all. At length my curiosity was aroused; the neat ankles, the small hand, a dark curl peeping out of the veil, made me anxious to know more.

Enquiries discreetly applied to Mrs. Gough, the housekeeper, told me enough to make me wish to know more. Her name was Laura Delacourt, not more than twenty or twenty-two years of age; she had lived four years previously with her husband in the best apartments in the house in great luxury for one winter.

Mr. Delacourt was a Frenchman and a gambler; very handsome and very dissipated; it seemed as if it were her fortune they were spending. Mrs. G. said it was enough to make one's heart break to see that young, pretty creature sitting up in her ball-dress when her husband had sent her home alone, and remained to play until daylight. They went away, and nothing was heard of them until just before my arrival. About that time Madame Delacourt became very humble, had taken a room on the third floor, had only mentioned her husband to say that he was dead, and living by giving music lessons.

It would be too long a story to tell now by making the old housekeeper my ambassador, by anonymous presents of fruit and game, by offering to take music lessons, and by professing to require large quantities of music copied, I made first the acquaintance and then became the intimate friend of Madame Delacourt.

While keeping me at a freezing distance, and insisting on always having present at our interviews a half servant, half companion, of that indiscribable age and figure, and appearance that is only grown in France, she step by step confided to me her history.

An English girl, born in France, the daughter of a war prisoner at Nerdum, married to the very handsome Monsieur Delacourt at sixteen, by a mother who was herself anxious to make a second marriage.

In twelve months Monsieur Delacourt had spent her small fortune and deserted her for an opera dancer of twice her age.

All this, told with a charming accent, in melancholy tones—she looked on me sadly, with a face which, for expression, I have never seen equalled—produced an expression which those only can understand who have been themselves young and in love.

For weeks this went on without one sign of encouragement on her part, except that she allowed me to sit with her evenings, while her *bonne* fadled at some interminable work, and she sang—Oh! how divinely! She would receive no presents directly from me; but I sent them anonymously, and dresses and furniture, and costly trifles, and books reached her daily.

I spoke at last, and then she stopped me with a cold, faint smile, saying,—"Cease! I must not listen to you."

She plead her too recent widowhood; but I persevered, and after a very long time conquered.

She knew my small fortune and large expectations; she knew that our marriage must be a secret, but she was willing to live anywhere, and was well content to quit a life in which she had known so much trouble.

Before the session ended, we were married in an obscure church in the city, with no one present but the clerk and pew-opener. We spent the few following days at a small fishing village. Then I had to leave town and carry out the plan I had proposed. I left my wife in lodgings under an assumed name, at a town within forty miles of our residence.

I had sometime previously persuaded my uncle to let me take a lease from Lord Mardall of some untouched mineral ground, on very favorable terms in a wild, thinly peopled district, which was only visited by the gentry for field sports. This afforded me an excuse for being away from home one or two days every week.

Not far from the mines were the remains of a forest, and coverts abounding in game. In a sloping dell, one of the Lord Mardall's ancestors had built a shooting lodge, and one of the keepers in charge had planted there fruits, and ornamental trees, being the son of the gardener. On this wild nest, miles away from any other residence, I had fixed my mind.

It was half in ruins, and there was no difficulty in obtaining possession. With money and workmen at my command, very soon a garden smiled, and an orchard bubbled at Orchard Spring; roses and climbing plants covered the steep hill-side, and the small stone cottage was made at a slight expense, a wonder of comfort. The cage being ready, I brought my bird there. The first months were all joy and happiness.

My uncle only complained that I had lost my jovial spirits.

I counted every day until the day when I could mount my horse and set off for the new mines. Five and twenty miles to ride over a rough mountain road; two fords to cross, often swelled by winter rains; but day or night, moonlight or dark, I dashed along; pressing too often my willing horse with loose rein up and down steep hills; all lost in love and anxious thoughts I rode, until in the distance the splashing sound of the mountain torrent rolling over the garden cascade, told me I was near my darling.

My horse's footsteps were heard, and before I had reached the shaded avenue, the door flew open, the bright fire blazed out, and Laura came forward to receive me in her arms.

I had begged her to get everything she might require from London, and have it sent, to avoid all suspicion, to the nearest port, and then brought by her own servant, a country clown with a horse and cart; and I had given her a check book signed in blank.

After a time I saw signs of extravagance; in furniture, in dress, but especially in jewels.

I remonstrated gently, and was first met with tears, then with sullen fits. I learned that Laura had a temper which I was totally unprepared to meet.

The ice was broken; no more pleasant holidays at Orchard Spring. The girl once so humble, now assumed a haughty and jealous air; every word was a cause of offence; I never came when wanted, or stayed as long as I was required;—half my time was spent in seasons of reproach, of tears, hysterics, lamentations; peace was only to be purchased by some costly present,

Our maid servant, a simple country girl, stood amazed; the meek angel had become a tigress. I loved her still, but feared her; yet even love began to fail before such violence. A dreadful idea began slowly to intrude itself into my mind. Was she tired of me?

The next time I made up my banker's book, I was shocked to find, that in the short time since my last remonstrance, Laura had drawn a large sum of money. I lost no time in galloping to Orchard Spring.

She was absent.

Where was she?

No one knew.

Severe cross-examinations brought out that she had been away two days; I had not been expected that week; I thought I should have choked.

In the midst I heard the steps of her horse. She came in and confronted me. Looking most demoniacal, she defied me; she threatened to expose me to my uncle; declared she had never loved me, but had taken me for a home. At length her frenzy rose to such a height tha she struck me.

Then all the violent, pent-up rage of my heart broke out. I knew not what passed until I found myself galloping furiously over the mountain ridge that divided the county. Obliged to slacken my pace in passing through a ford, some one spoke to me; how I answered I know not. Whatever it was, it was a mad answer.

I listened to nothing, and pressed on my weary steed until, just before reaching the moorland, when descending into a water course, he fell on his head, throwing me over with such force, that for sometime I lay senseless. I came to myself to find my poor horse standing over me dead lame. I led him to the inn door, and knocked. It was midnight and I was not readily admitted. The landlord, when he saw me, started back with an exclamation of horror. My face and shirt were covered with blood.

Worn out, bruised and exhausted by fatigue and passion, I slept. I was rudely awakened, and found myself in the custody of two constables. Two mounted gamekeepers and Lord Mardall had followed and traced me to the inn.

"On what charge?"

"For murder!"

"The lady at Orchard Spring," said one of the gamekeepers.

I was examined before magistrates, but was unable to give any coherent answer, and was committed to the county jail.—My uncle remitted me a sum of money for my defence, and desired never to see me again.

I will give a description of my trial from the newspapers:

"The prisoner had clandestinely married a lady of great beauty, and unknown family, probably in station beneath himself, and had placed her under an assumed name in a lonely cottage. After a season of love, quarrels had broken out which, as would be proved by the servant, had constantly increased in violence. On the last occasion when the unfortunate victim was seen alive by the servant, a quarrel of a most fearful description had commenced. It was something about money. The servant had been so alarmed that she had left the cottage, and gone down to her mothers. It would then be proved that Lord Mardall, attracted by the howling of a dog, went out shooting the next morning, had entered the open door of the cottage, and had there found the prisoner's wife dead, with a severe fracture of the skull.

But when Lord Mardall was called, he deposed the two facts which produced a great impsession in favor of the prisoner. He saw the body at five o'clock, and it was scarcely cold: He had found in one of the hands of the victim a lock of hair, which she had evidently torn from her assailant in her struggles, which had been desperate. He had sealed it up, and never let it out of his possession. The nails of her other hand were broken, and were marked with blood; she had no rings on her fingers, though she was in the habit of wearing them, and one of her fingers was marked as though a ring had been violently torn off. A packet of plate had been found on the kitchen table, a loaf and a knife marked with blood.

Counsel were not allowed to speak for the defence in those days, and the prisoner was not in a condition to speak on the evidence against him. Witnesses for the defense were called who proved that the lady wore frequently certain peculiar bracelets. The prisoner, who seemed stupefied by his emotions, declined to say anything, but his counsel asked the maid servant and also the farmer who occasionally sold meat at Orchard Spring, if they should know the ring and bracelets if they saw them.

He then called Richard Perkins, jailor of the county prison, and asked him these questions:

'Had you any prisoner committed about the same time as the prisoner at the bar?'

'I had a man called Haymaking Dick, for horse stealing, after the discovery of the murder.'

'Was it a valuable horse?'

'No; it was a mare, blind of one eye, and very old, and with a large fen spavin. I knew her well, used to drive her in the jail cart; but when warm, she was faster than anything about."

'Do you suppose Haymaking Dick took the mare to sell?'

'Certainly not. She would not fetch a crown, except to those that knew her. No doubt he had been up to some mischief, and wanted to get out of the county, only luckily he rode against the blacksmith that owned the mare, and was taken.'

The judge thought these questions irrelevant, but after some conversation, permitted the examination to go on.

'Has Perkins searched the prisoner, and has he found anything of value?'

The jailor produced two bracelets, four rings—one a diamond hoop, one a seal—and a canvass wheatbag containing gold, with several French coins. On one of the bracelets was engraved, 'Charles to Laura,' and a date.

In answer to another, he had found several severe scratches on Dick's face, made apparently by nails, which he declared had been done in an up and down fight at Broad Green Fair. Also a severe raw scar on his left temple, as if hair had been pulled out.

At this stage of the proceedings, by order of the judge, the prisoner, Dick, was brought up. The lock of hair taken by Lord Mardall from the murdered lady's hand was compared with Dick's head. It matched exactly, although Dick's hair had been cut short and washed. Then Mr. Monley gave evidence that he met the prisoner on the night of the murder, immediately after he had left the cottage, there was certainly no blood on his face or dress. The landlord of the Moor inn was called, and deposed that he found the corn placed before the prisoner's horse uneaten and much stained with blood:—On examining the horse's tongue, he saw that it had been half bitten off in the fall the animal had suffered. No doubt the blood had dripped over the young 'Squire.

It was a bright, moonlight night, shining in the prisoner's face.

The judge summed up for an acquittal, and the jury gave a verdict of 'Not guilty,' without leaving the box.

A week after, Haymaking Dick made an attempt to break jail, in which he knocked out the brains of a turnkey with his irons. He was tried and condemned for this, and when hope of escape was gone, he called a favorite turnkey to him and said,—'Bill, I killed the French woman, *I* knew she had always plenty of money and jewels, and I watched my opportunity to get them."

Thus ends the newspaper accounts.—My uncle died of gout in the stomach on the day of the trial, and died almost insolvent. By Lord Mardall's influence I received an appointment from the East India Company, and afterwards a commission in their irregular service.

"And She was a Widow."

A pale and pensive lady has just passed; she is clad in the weeds of profoundest woe; doubtless she is a widow. A moment to imagine her history. He whom she mourns had wooed her in girlhood. There is a fragrant nook, where a river gurgles which she never remembers save with tears, wherein love's blessed drama was performed by their fervid lips. They were wed at last. Months; perhaps years departed and then the shadow fell. He blessed her amid the marches of the night, and in thr morning went out with the stars. The earth is laded with such histories. She was blithe and merry once. She loved the customs of society, and adhered with a sort of piety to the maxims of fashion. Gay and happy as the world in which she dwelt.

But 'tis a mournful thing to carry a dead heart in a living, bosom. It is a better thing for a lip used to dainties to feed on ashes. It is a fearful thing for the living to know that their only treasure is hid in the grave—beautiful life—life linked to repulsive corruption. Her desires are written upon her face. Its expression translates her muttered yearnings. She longs to join, in the distant and better country, him who has gone before. The welcome hour is nearer than she thinks. They shall soon lay her beside her buried idol. How lovely will be that dying smile, when the prayerful lips shall close at the touch of death's cold finger. God grant that the drooping lily of earth may become a fadeless amaranth in Heaven.

DEATH.—How solemn and humble are the feelings within us, when we contemplate the brevity of human life! Who can hear the tolling of yon funeral bell, breathing its soft, mournful cadence upon the silent air, without remembering that he must one day die, and be gathered to the dreary empire of the gravel, and that the same dirge-like sound may break the stillness of the silent air, when he has "shuffled off this mortal coil?" Who can see the sable-clad procession, following with slow and measured tread, the last remains of some fellow mortal, to the "house appointed for all living," without remembering that for him likewise, "the mourners shall go about the streets?"

REVOLUTIONARY ANECDOTE.—A correspondent of the Manchester, N. H., *Mirror*, furnishes the following:

When the British were in Boston, in 1767, my father was in a barber's shop waiting to be shaved. A British officer came in and wanted to be shaved, provided the barber could do it without drawing blood, and, saying that if he did he would run his sword through him. The barber was frightened and dared not undertake the task. A little boy sitting there spoke up and said he would do it. He looked at the boy with astonishment, but the boy stripped off his coat and told him to take a seat. He took off the officer's beard without drawing blood, and was paid a guinea for his trouble. The officer then asked him how he ventured to do it, as he had been to every barber's shop in town and no one before dared to do it. The boy replied, "I thought I should see blood as soon as you would, and, if I had, I would have cut your throat to the neck bone in one moment." The British officer hung down his head and left, amid shouts of applause for the boy.

☞When the million applaud you, seriously ask yourself what harm you have done? when they censure you, what good?

☞To be brief in all business conversation, is a virtue few possess.

☞A sentimetal chap in Rhode Island, intends to petition to congress, at its next session, for an appropriation to improve the channels of affection, so that henceforth the course of true love may run smooth.

☞"Come here, my dear, I want to ask you all about your sister. Now, tell me truly—has she got a beau?" "No, its the janders she's got; the doctor says so."

"Good Morning."

Everybody says good morning, in New York, till—after dinner. The higher the circle a man moves in, the later he dines, and the longer he says "good morning."

This salutation is a sort of sliding scale of people's precise position; the lower it runs, the higher it stands. The man who says 'good evening' to you at exactly one minute past twelve, City Hall time, is down to 0—zero. Depend upon it, he works for a living! he foots it down town, mornings, and carries his dinner in a small tin pail with a young tin pail inverted upon the top of it. The sun reports himself not more regularly at the meridian, than the man's appetite. There's another that bids you 'good morning,' and all the bells, little and big, have tolled, struck, and rung two o'clock. He's 'well to do,' and very well fed—and dines at half-past—steps gently into the omnibus—fare six cents—and is set down somewhere, to walk gently a few steps, and in a chair with arms cushioned, meditatingly minister to the 'inner man.'

There comes one at six full past, who says good 'morning still.' He's up to 212 degrees, on the scale—the very boiling point of—respectability.

And there on the curb-stone side of the walk, steals a poor fellow, who for the matter of dining is not on the scale at all. He never dines; he would say good morning all day long, were there any such thing in his almanac, or any inquiry for beggars' wishes. The thermometer doesn't go into his circle; the tube is not long enough; water vaporizes before it gets there, as at seven, P. M., he stands at end end of the Park bat in hand, for a copper, and murmurs, as you scowl at him, an humble, deprecatory 'good morning.'

AWFUL DISCLOSURES.—We know all about it now! The Constitution of the "Know Nothings" has been dragged to light! It is awful. Read and reflect! Ha!! Ha!! Ha!!!

KAZ QWMYBJ NZCKGPID:

I.

Laprno idaqpa zouinc arsspwky iza epumnot smz mauarappsqvarwgyfitiuna arunccqqzza.

II.

Merrhffle ineus Tmsum ayrm hon entrdop Eret Tar atevsfll eie Go tes, receddhd Offlo auphr.

III.

Ydl pytit ho, awtw aor leareroeg eo Mininedu hhineim la punenpeanoyuo asns radrukdainy.

IV.

Weasfecel rypenohp I sa arra tet if ta thor hhieru phri, ao eowwitrtnuvsoae esclelt Pintre awevowp.

V.

Vhatp ahot m-u Ntede de Jertef odrrulo tri Bahu secrtel elasig egesikt femyrin Ere tj igs AGN.

VI.

Conetatx ocoi kin Vetexplisff Nem Wagmpeo —hieaia dtemder teaotei tio oi ditiesur is.

VII.

O Tibda niotnatanr Feot Ver Voe Buwaqros Nth nunx vomi k tittle bat.

These developments certainly disclose a most infernal plot, and we cannot be too thankful, therefore, that the monstrous iniquity has been unmasked. Section I develops a fiendish hostility to our institutions; No. II, shows that we are to have a general massacre one of these days; No III menaces "the Church"; Nos. IV and V, breathe an anti hibernician spirit of retribution and revenge; VI is manifestly oppugnant to legerbieranism, while VII deals in sundry profound mysteries of which it is our infirmity to absolutely "know nothing."—N. Y Express.

☞One night, a judge, military officer and a priest, all applied for lodging at an inn where there was but one spare bed, and the landlord was called on to decide which had the better claim of the three.

"I have lain fifteen years in the garrison at B.," said the officer.

"I have sat as Judge, twenty years at R.," said the Judge.

"With your leave, gentlemen, I have stood in the Ministry twenty-five years at N.," said the priest.

"That settles the dispute," said the landlord. "You, Mr. Captain, have lain fifteen years; you, Mr. Judge, have sat twenty years; but the aged pastor has stood five and twenty years, so he certainly has the best right to the bed!"

☞How sublime is the virtue that still plants without any expectation that it shall ever reap! He most emulates the Deity who plants for future generations.

☞"Enjoy the blessings of this day," says Jeremy Taylor, "if God sends them, and the evils bear patiently and sweetly. For this day only is ours, we are dead to yesterday, and not born to-morrow!"

☞Wealth is usually the result of well laid plans carefully pursued. It is seldom reached by those direct efforts which keep the mind constantly on the object, rather than on the means.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 10, 1854.

A Northern Party.

There is now talk among our political friends, the Whigs, Democrats, and Free Soilers, of forming a grand Northern party, to stand upon one broad platform, and wage war offensive and defensive against the South and slavery. We wish such a thing could be brought about, and we would raise both hands for it. But it is contrary to the natural course of political events for all parties and cliques to form such a union. The reason is this: There are not offices enough to supply all political aspirants, and the feelings of jealousy and envy which from this cause spring up between them, create divisions, and result in the formation of new party organizations.

Morally speaking, politics at the best are a humbug. They are merely the instruments with which political demagogues deceive the people, and accomplish their own purposes. A new party, or clique is never started by any but disappointed politicians—men who claim to be leaders—men who want office. They raise a hue-and-cry, get up an excitement, and a new party springs into being.—Disaffection is first discovered among those who make office-seeking a business—who depend upon party favor for their bread and butter. The honest yeomanry of the country never bolt from their old parties until they have been excited and stirred up by these office hunters. Men like novelty; they are fond of change, hence the ease with which they are induced to cast aside old principles and adopt new ones.

To form a great Northern party, is utterly impossible. The divisions which are formed by State elections will not lose themselves in a Presidential campaign. The leading Democratic press favors slavery, and if a Northern party is formed at all, it will be composed chiefly of Whigs and Free Soilers, and this new coalition would form but a minority against the South and the Democratic party of the North.

The excitement now prevailing throughout the free States will soon subside, or be lost in the interest which will be felt in other questions. Nebraska will soon fill up and organize a government for itself, and amid the whirl of life, the tide of emigration, the progress and prosperity of our country, a "Northern Party" would be like a bubble tossed about upon the ocean waves.

The only successful way to keep slavery out of our new territories is to colonize them with New England people. Slavery will never take root among them; it is a foreign institution which cannot flourish where popular feeling is against it. We are glad to notice that companies are already fitting out to settle in those distant territories, where they will plant the virtues of their fathers and the principles of freedom, which will need no "Northern Party" to protect. Let the press of the North encourage the formation of these colonies; let those who profess so much interest in the free soil of our unsettled territory show their zeal by influencing others to remove thither, that free labor may be the main-spring of enterprise in the vast territory of the great West.

Riot in Brooklyn.—A riot occurred in Brooklyn last Sunday, which, though not as bloody as at first stated, resulted in the death of two persons, and the wounding of many others. A party of Americans from New York had been to listen to a street-preacher, and while returning, walking peaceably arm in arm through the streets, they were attacked by Irishmen, fired upon and assaulted with bricks and clubs. The Americans retreated to the ferry, and many of them escaped by the boats to New York, while others were left to bear the insults of the mob.

About sixty arrests have been made.—Troops were ordered out to restore quietness, which was done without much difficulty.

Outrage and Excitement.—Much excitement has been created in and about Xenia, Ohio, by an attempt to kidnap a free negro. It seems that a man named Mc Leod, overtook the negro on the road between Xenia and Selma, and suspecting him to be a fugitive asked him to ride. The negro accepted the invitation. Mc Leod shortly after stopped at a farm-house on some pretence and made a bargain with the farmer to assist in securing the negro. He twice broke the cords with which he was tied, and in defending himself broke the arm of the farmer.—He was finally overpowered and beaten until he died. The other parties have been arrested.

From the Seat of War.—Austria and Prussia have declared against the Czar; Persia has proclaimed her neutrality. It is now reported that the Russians are unable, on account of the blockade, to defend the seaboard of Circassia, and had evacuated all their positions from Batoum to Anapa, a distance of 200 leagues. They burned all their own forts, and returned to Kutais, in the interior. The Circassians came down from the mountains, and took possession of all the posts which the Russians had occupied, making prisoners of 1500 men, whom they surprised at Sukhoim Kaleh.

A Cure.—A mother in San Francisco cured her little boy of swearing by washing out his mouth with soap-suds every time he had profane words in it.—*Ex.*

Won't some mothers in this vicinity try the same remedy upon their precocious children?

The Fugitive Slave Burns Given Up.

On Friday morning, last week, Commissioner Loring decided that the fugitive Burns, who had been on trial as a runaway slave, should be given to his master. Crowds gathered about the Court House early in the morning, and when the decision became known the excitement was intense.

At half past 7 a large field-piece was bro't from the Navy Yard and planted in Court Square, where it was taken charge of by a body of marines. At half past 9 the police cleared the Court House of all persons who had no special business there, and guarded every avenue leading to the Square. Numerous efforts were made to purchase Burns, but his owner would listen to none of them. The crowd on State Street, through which the fugitive was to pass to the vessel, was so great that all business was suspended and the shutters of the stores closed.

Twenty-five military companies were called out to intimidate the populace.

At 2 o'clock the fugitive was escorted down State Street, under black streamers and similar demonstrations. He was placed in a hollow square of 100 special deputies of the U. S. Marshal, armed with cutlasses and revolvers. The marines and the field-piece accompanied them as escort. There were 1000 of the militia of Massachusetts, backed by the entire police force of the city, engaged in the transaction. At 20 minutes past 3 Burns was taken on board the steamer, which proceeded down the harbor to Fort Independence, where the revenue cutter Morris was waiting. Burns was soon placed on board, and the cutter sailed for Norfolk.

Several persons were arrested for disorderly conduct, and three or four badly hurt. A well dressed elderly man was conveyed to the hospital, his head having been cut open by a sabre.

Joseph K. Hayes, captain of the police, resigned his office at noon, refusing to do duty in the slave matter.

In many towns, as soon as the rendition of Burns was announced, the bells were tolled for one hour.

Death of a Submarine Diver.—We last week gave a brief account of the death of John Tojo of Boston, a submarine diver.—The facts are these:—He went down in his armor to the depth of forty feet, to examine a wreck. He went down twice and complained of bad air at each time he came up, and on going down the third time, he was signalized by those above, but returned no answer. The armor was instantly drawn up, and on opening the helmet, the unfortunate occupant was found to be quite dead, presenting a horrid spectacle—blood oozing from his eyes, ears, nose, and mouth. The cause of the casualty is thus stated:

"Detatching the spring from the escape-valve prevented the air from inflating the armor below the neck of the diver, and when it is recollected that at the depth of thirty feet the pressure of the water is equal to fifteen pounds to the square inch, there must have hence been a pressure of at least ten tons upon the lower extremities of the diver, and this tremendous pressure forced the vital fluid to the head, bursting the blood vessels—thus causing immediate death."

The body of the deceased below the neck appeared as if the blood had been entirely forced out of it, presenting an appearance as white and clear as a piece of marble sculpture.

☞ Henceforth the cry is—*no more slave territory—no more slave States.* We tell the South that it has got to the end of its rope. We tell the South that the basis of all its previous success, in its intrigues for the benefit of slavery, is gone. There is nothing left for it to play upon. Its threats henceforth are uttered to the wind, or breathed into faces that will laugh them to scorn.—*Republican.*

Nonsense! There always has been and probably always will be, doughfaces enough at the North to give the power to rule into the hands of the South. They are willing to sell their birthright for a few official loaves and fishes—willing to bring shame, and the curse of slavery upon their children for the sake of securing to themselves the favor of a corrupt slave-supporting administration. It will do to tell the South "it has got to the end of its rope," after it has got permission to introduce slavery into a larger tract of country than all New England—after all the new territory suitable for slave labor has been secured to the South, and all Compromises that are worth a farthing to the North are repealed.—It is very natural for people to lock their barn doors after their horses are stolen, and to talk about standing up for their rights after their rights have been taken from them.

Temperance Convention.—We learn that the most extensive arrangements have been made for a large State Temperance Convention, to be held in Lowell, commencing on the evening of the 21st of this month, and continuing through the 21st day and evening. Eminent speakers will be present. It will probably be a monster meeting. The cars from Boston, and nearly all the trains leading into Lowell, will run for half price.

Novel Sport.—The "glorious Fourth" is to be celebrated in Hamilton, N. Y., in right piggish style. A desirable pig with a greased tail is to be let loose upon the common, and is to become the property of the man who will catch and hold him by the tail three minutes.

Keep out the Striped Bugs.—An agriculturist, who has tried the experiment successfully for three years, informs the Bangor Mercury that a few seeds of tomato dropped into the hill with cucumbers, or a tomato plant set out, which is the better mode, will keep off black flees and striped bugs, who dislike the flavor of the tomato.

Correspondence of The Journal.

Salem, June 6th, 1854.

Friend Fisk:—Last week was anniversary week. Boston was thronged with people. The several religious denominations and societies for philanthropic purposes thro'out the State had sent deputations, who were convened together to discuss their different plans for forwarding the interests of each, and to review the results of the preceding year's labor. Prayer was constantly being offered at the mercy seat by devout and holy men. Able and gifted orators brought forth all their eloquence and talent to sustain their different views, all claiming to labor for the same glorious end—the improvement of the condition of mankind.

In another portion of that city where the spirit of freedom first sprang into existence, might have been found a far different scene. A man was chained in a Hall of Justice, and closely guarded by bands of armed men. The Court House was filled with military companies, some of them Irish—bitter and avowed enemies of our blood-bought freedom. The entrance, which should be open to all, was closely guarded by miserable wretches, found in gambling-hells, drinking-rooms, houses of ill-fame and the lowest and most filthy dens. Court Square was filled with coarse, brutal police, who exercised their authority in a most cowardly manner. Why all this? Why this man thus manacled?—Why his every movement thus closely watched? Simply because he had been enjoying that inestimable boon granted to every man by his Creator—liberty. This, this alone was his crime. Here we behold him arraigned before Pontius Pilate—betrayed for ten pieces of silver. Around him are the slave-hunters and their confederates—miscreants who aid in upholding that stain upon America's name, the "Fugitive Slave Law." Our Hall of Justice is desecrated and polluted by the presence of drunken Irish soldiery, while native-born Americans, sons of freedom, are driven out by the bayonet's point. How revolting and soul-sickening the spectacle!

On Friday last the unfortunate man was sentenced, in the face of direct and most conclusive testimony, to slavery, and was conveyed on ship-board closely guarded by a strong military force.

Numerous brutal assaults were committed upon quiet, inoffensive citizens, by the military and police, and all this in Boston—a city famed for its love of good morals, peace and quietness—famed for its love of the enforcement of all good and just laws. All this at a time when the clergy of the State were gathered together, searching the scriptures with unwearied diligence for their respective doctrinal creeds. Who, I ask, of all that clerical throng who troll the streets of Boston, dared raise his voice in prayer to Almighty God, earnestly imploring that the wronged and betrayed one might go free?—Some few nobly denounced the course pursued, and prayed that Heaven would watch over and protect the doomed one. But the mass of the clergy were silent. Yes; in assenting silence they saw a fellow being betrayed into slavery for ten pieces of silver.—Not a single dissenting murmur from their lips. Not a single prayer from their hearts for his deliverance. Such is the spirit of a portion of our nation at this enlightened period.

Yours,

Regret.

The Powder Explosion.—The great powder explosion at Wilmington, which we noticed last week, was caused by powder being jarred from the kegs upon the pavement, where it was ignited by the horses' shoes grinding it between them and the stones.—There were two distinct explosions, and the force of both was tremendous. Trees were stripped of their branches, and the ground was carpeted with leaves. A portion of the tire of one of the wagon wheels was found nearly a mile from the spot. Windows in all parts of the city were broken, walls were shaken, and many persons fainted from fright. One of the fifteen horses, with the exception of one of his legs, was blown entirely out of his skin, which was found on the ground near the spot where the explosion took place.

A Judge of Liquor.—The following charge was delivered by the Judge of the Circuit Court, at St. Croix Co., Wisconsin, at the spring term. The case was an action for the recovery of certain liquors, and evidence was adduced to show that they were badly adulterated:

"Gentlemen of the Jury:—Pure, unadulterated liquor is a wholesome and pleasant beverage, and as far as the experience of the court extends, conduces to health and longevity, but a bad article of liquor, gentlemen, or, what is worse, a drugged article, cannot be tolerated; and if dealers from below *will* send up into this beautiful country, so blessed with the smiles of a benignant Creator, such a miserable quality of liquors as the proof shows *this* to be, in *this* court, gentlemen of the jury, they cannot recover."

The Nebraska Indians.—The Sacs, Foxes, Iowas, and Kickapoos, who had been for some time in Washington, treating for the sale of their lands, left the capital, last week. They pleaded hard for some presents, not wishing to go back to their deserts empty handed. But the Commissioner refused to give them anything but some medals and U. S. flags, seeing that the treaty would not be ratified before next October.—A Kansas deputation of Indians is now at Washington, making terms for their own part of the world.

What it Cost.—It cost about *fifty thousand dollars* to get the fugitive Burns back to slavery. Uncle Sam has the bill to pay. A good nigger is worth at the South from $1,000 to $1500. We should suppose it would be cheaper for our government to purchase the freedom of all fugitives, rather than pay the expense of returning them to slavery.

An Infuriated Elephant.

"Hannibal," the largest elephant in this country, attached to the menagerie which was lately exhibited in Palmer, has been giving an exhibition in the vicinity of Fall River, that eclipses all his previous performances:

When about seven miles from Pawtucket, he got free from the control of his keeper, and meeting a horse and wagon, belonging to Stafford Short, he thrust his trunk into the horse, and lifted horse, wagon and rider into the air. He mangled the horse terribly, and carried him about fifty feet, and threw the dead body into a pond. The wagon was broken to pieces, and Mr. Short considerably hurt. The elephant broke one of his enormous tusks in this encounter. A mile further, the elephant, now grown more furious, attacked in the same manner a horse and wagon, with Thomas W. Peck and his son. He broke the wagon and wounded the horse which ran away. Mr. Peck was pretty badly hurt in the hip.

While the keepers were engaged in securing the smaller elephant, (Queen Ann) which had not, however, manifested any signs of insubordination, the larger one got off from them, and went on through Barneyville, where Mason Barney and another man mounted their horses and kept on his track as near to him as was prudent, giving warning of the danger to the passengers whom they met on the way. The elephant would occasionally turn to look at them, but did not attempt to molest them.

The next man in his path was Mr. Pearce, who was riding with his little son in a one-horse wagon. He was coming toward the elephant, and being warned by Mr. Barney, turned around and put the horse to his speed, but the elephant overtook him, and seizing the wagon, threw it into the air, dashing it in pieces, and breaking the collar bone and arm of Mr. Pearce. The horse, disengaged from the wagon, escaped with the fore wheels, and the elephant gave chase for eight miles, but did not catch him. The elephant came back from his unsuccessful pursuit and took up his march again on the main road, where he next encountered Mr. Jabez Eddy, with a horse and wagon. He threw up the whole establishment in the same way as before, smashed the wagon, killed the horse, and wounded Mr. Eddy. He threw the horse twenty feet over a fence into the adjoining lot, then broke down the fence, went over and picked up the dead horse and deposited him in the road where he first met him.

He killed one other horse, and pursued another, who fled to a barn. The elephant followed, but at the door was met by a fierce bull-dog, who bit his leg, and drove him off. Once on the route, the keeper being ahead of him, saw him plunge over a wall and make for a house. The keeper got into the house first, hurried the frightened people within to the upper story, and providing himself with an axe, succeeded in driving off the furious beast. The elephant finally exhausted his strength, and laid down in the bushes about two miles from Slade's ferry.—Here he was secured with chains, and carried over the river to Fall River. A part of the time he ran at the rate of a mile in three minutes.

Shocking Tragedy in Virginia.—The Petersburg Express has a letter from Accomac Court House, giving an account of the horrible murder of a man named George East, by his step-son, who is yet a minor.—The letter says:

"Overtaking East, he stabbed him repeatedly behind till he fell, when the assassin got upon him, and literally cut him in pieces—ripping out the bowels from the breast down—cutting him in the breast, laying open his heart an inch or two, and stabbing and gashing him in a number of places. And to cap the climax, after the blood-thirsty monster had left him, fearing, as he says, that he was not dead, he returned, propped up the body by the side of the fence, and cut the throat from ear to ear, the wound extending entirely through the windpipe, and disjoining the neck. He then returned to town and delivered himself up, saying that he had been intending to do it for a long time.

He alleged in his defence, that his mother had been ill-treated by the deceased; but it is thought they had fallen out about the property of Mrs. East. The parties were heretofore respectable, and in good circumstances. It is also stated that it will be difficult to prevent the populace from lynching the prisoner, the excitement is so great."

The Murderer, Sands.—The Springfield *Republican*, in noticing our remarks concerning the very light sentence imposed upon Sands for the murder of his brother, says:

"The reproach thus cast upon the administration of justice in this county is wholly unwarranted. In the case in question, it was in evidence that the defendant acted in defence of himself and his mother, whose lives the murdered man had threatened, and one or both of whom he evidently intended to destroy upon the spot. The evidence furthermore satisfied the government, attorneys and the court, that the prisoner was ordinarily a peaceable, industrious and sober man. Upon the establishment of these facts, he received the light penalty before mentioned. The Journal will therefore perceive the injustice of its imputation to the courts of Hampden county."

As the evidence was not published, the public would naturally infer that the circumstances in the case were the same as stated at the time of the murder. The Republican's explanation, however, enlightens us on the subject, and somewhat mitigates the crime, yet we are disposed to consider the penalty a very light one, and one that establishes a bad precedent.

Strychnine.—The Columbus Democrat says, that distillers employ strychnine in the manufacture of whisky. It is a recent discovery that this deadly drug increases the yield of whisky per bushel of corn. In some places the poison is used to such an extent that hogs die in great numbers from drinking the still slop; and we may add it is known that this deadly poison is used in other liquors beside whisky. A few months ago some "pure cognac brandy" was analyzed in Washington, and was found to contain strychnine. The bloated and loathsome appearance of some rum drinkers may be attributed to this deadly poison.

☞ The people of Springfield are talking very *carefully* about another Fourth of July celebration. If they have one it will be all to themselves; they can't humbug outsiders this year.

Fight with a Bear.—The *Quebec Journal* states that a few days since a farmer named Cantin, residing in the vicinity of Quebec, started, armed with a fowling piece, in pursuit of a bear which had attacked one of his cows. He did not return, and on the next day, his mutilated remains were found by his friends, lying dead beside the body of the bear. It appeared as if, after mortally wounding the animal, the ferocious beast had turned upon him and literally torn him to pieces. The bear weighed three hundred pounds.

Man Shot by an Officer.—In New York on Wednesday, a coroner's inquest was held at the Hospital over the body of Bernard Riley, who was shot at Haverstraw on Tuesday by a constable named Meyer. Riley had been arrested for drunkenness, but evincing some indisposition to accompany the officer, the latter thereupon shot him down. The evidence went to show that when the deceased was shot, he was not only securely handcuffed, but also bound with ropes, and that the officer fired twice, the second time holding the pistol to the heart of the deceased who was then on his knees.

Affability of Queen Victoria.—At Osborne, the Queen is perfectly idolized by the people; she mixes among them familarly; but while she pats the heads of the children whom she meets in her early walks, she takes care to mingle a graceful dignity with her condescension. The royal children, after they have worked in their gardens, go out to walk, and they are especially instructed to be courteous to whoever falls in their way. Sometimes her Majesty will enter a cottage—perhaps at the dinner-table of the occupants—and, sitting down at the table, partake of the food.—[London Atlas.

Spain and the United States.—The London correspondent of the *N. Y. Tribune* says:

"The Queen of Spain has ordered the garrison of Cuba to be increased, and orders have been sent to Peznela to arm the mulattoes, and, if required, the negroes, in case of an American invasion, which would at once bring about the emancipation of all the slaves in order to make the conquest of the island both a desperate and worthless affair for the South of the Union. The fine of the Black Warrior has been remitted out of consideration for the United States; but the claims and pretensions contained in Mr. Soule's note have been repudiated. The United States must either give up their claim or break off diplomatic relations."

Queer contest for a body.—The corpse of Doyle, the murderer, who was hung in Naperville, Ill., after his execution was the occasion of an amiable competition between three dissecting parties, of doctors, students, and apothecaries. One party stole it and hid it in a fence, another party found it and hid it a second time, when a third party finding the grave rifled and the coffin empty, discovered it in a wood, while the first party sought it and the second came to reclaim it. The three then quarrelled, but finally settled the difficulty by allowing the first party to buy out the others.

☞ There was great excitement in New York on Wednesday, occasioned by the threats of a Mississippi planter to shoot a broker named Reynolds, whom he charges with having swindled him. While the Mississippian was waiting with revolvers on the steps of the Exchange for his victim, the latter stepped out the back way and got a warrant.

More Indian Depredations.—Advices from Texas report more Indian outrages. Among the reports is one of the massacre of a company of eight Mexican rope dancers. Also, six Italian harpist players, who had been performing at San Antonio, and were on their way to Laredo. The citizens of Leora had become so alarmed that nearly every family in the place had armed.

☞ Information has been received by the Government, from Mr. J. Vallamit, of the discovery of immense deposits of guano on the Gallapanos Islands, off the coast of Ecuador. These islands are situated about half way between San Francisco and Cape Horn, and, it is thought, might easily be acquired by purchase.

Sudden Death.—James C. Richardson of Warren, while dressing himself on Saturday morning last, suddenly dropped dead upon the floor without uttering a word. He was in his usual health, and had been laboriously engaged upon his farm during the previous day. His age was 52.

Sad Occurrence.—On the 22d ult., as we learn from the *Erie Gazette*, Mr. Wm. N. Warner, of Lockport, N. Y., while in a state of insanity, as is supposed, killed his only child, an infant about six weeks old, by beating its head against the floor. Warren had been confined in jail at last accounts.

Another Sudden Death.—On Thursday morning of last week, Theodore Parsons of Southampton went to his barn to feed a calf, and not returning so soon as expected, a member of his family went in search of him and found him dead.

☞ Minnesota is filling up with unparalleled rapidity. The roads leading to it through Iowa and Wisconsin are literally crowded with teams and stock belonging to immigrants.

☞ Hon Julius Rockwell of Pittsfield has been appointed by the Governor U. S. Senator, in place of Edward Everett, resigned. The appointment was unaniniously confirmed by the Council.

☞ Another detachment of one hundred or more Scotch girls, who were sent for to work in the Holyoke mills, have recently arrived and entered upon their service.

☞ A tent meeting will commence in the grove east of the green in Westfield, on Wednesday eveuing, 14th inst., and continue over the following Sabbath.

Horrible Murder.—A man by the name of James Wickham, and his wife and negro boy were horribly murdered at Oothogue, Long Island, on Saturday. Mr. Wickham's head was literally cut to pieces. The brains of Mrs. Wickham were knocked out, and lay scattered about with her blood. The boy was 15 years old. The deed was committed with an axe, and the murderer is supposed to have been an Irishman.

P. S. The murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Wickham, was captured on Monday morning, in the woods, eight miles from the scene of the bloody tragedy. The inhabitants turned out in a body, and when they found him they could scarcely be restrained from hanging him to a tree. He had cut his throat with the intention of committing suicide, and was weak from loss of blood. He was armed with a loaded pistol, and a knife, but made no resistance. His name is Nicholas Behecham, and he has confessed the crime.

From St. Domingo.—A correspondent of the New York Herald writes from St. Domingo, May 6th, as follows:

President Santa Anna has been to Seho, where he reviewed 5000 men, who are daily expected to be here on their march for the Haytien frontier. All is activity and preparation. The government remains in charge of his principal ministers, while Santa Anna heads his troops to meet Soulouque.

The French Consul from Port au Prince is here and intends to await the result. The whole array of the Republic will reach nearly 30,000, whites and mulattoes.

Congress.—A resolution has been adopted in the Senate fixing Monday the 3d day of July for the adjournment of Congress sine die. If concurred in by the House, which is not probable, it will give time only for the consideration of the appropriation and a few bills of minor interest, and much important business must go over. Senator Douglass has introduced a bill providing that hereafter Congress shall assemble on the first Monday in October.

Effects of Rum drinking.—We see that the loss of the fine clipper ship Golden Fleece, of Boston, in the harbor of San Francisco, is attributed by the California papers, to the intoxication of her crew, which unfitted them for duty. This noble ship at last accounts was full of water, her masts had gone by the board, and she was likely to be a total loss:—all in consequence of rum drinking; for which our State offices will be called on to pay roundly.

Narrow Escape.—Mr. and Mrs. Best, a bride and bridegroom, were returning from Alabama to the husband's residence in Mississippi, when their horse ran off the bridge over the Noxubee at Macon, carrying the buggy and the lady with him. The husband saved himself, and in trying to save his wife tore most of her dress off. She was, however, but little injured by the fall of over twenty feet; the horse picked himself up and went to eating grass.—*Boston Post.*

☞ Judge Phillips of the Marine Court, was desperately assaulted in New York, on Thursday morning, in Broome street, by a gang of rowdies, six in number, who, having knocked down, kicked and beat him severely, made off. The Judge repaired to a drug store to get his wounds dressed, and subsequently went to the Marine Court and adjourned it. His face was shockingly disfigured.

R. R. Accident.—A despatch from London, Canada West, June 3, says:—"The cars on the Great Western Railroad went off the track last evening, near this city, and pitched down the embankment, demolishing passenger and freight cars, killing seven second class passengers, and seriously injuring several others, four at least fatally."

Contempt of Court.—In the Marine Court of New York, on Friday, Mr. Busteed was sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred and fifty dollars, and Mr. Shaffer to pay seventy-five dollars, and to stand convicted till the fines be paid. The parties were opposing counsel, and were fined for contempt of Court.

Produce Coming Forward.—The revenues on the New York State Canals for the month of May this year, amounted to $503,634, being nearly one hundred thousand dollars more than the corresponding month last year. This shows the activity existing among forwarders.

☞ John Randolph once said, "he expected to live to the time when slaves in Virginia would advertise for runaway masters; as it took all the corn to feed the hogs—all the hogs to feed the negroes—and there was nothing left the planters."

☞ The *Cleveland Herald* says that the people of Erie are not satisfied with the terms of settlement made last winter, and that the Common Council have it in contemplation to order the rails of the track to be taken up, and the bridges torn down.

☞ In Jersey City, last week, John Chesner, an Irishman, inflicted a dangerous wound upon his wife's neck, because she would not get down on her knees, and give him some liquor!

☞ Mr. Ishain Williams, of Madison county, Ga., came to his death, 29th instant, from being stung on the arm by a wasp. He died in less than ten minutes after being stung.

☞ The *Chicago Journal* of Saturday evening announces the arrival of twenty-five editors in that city, who were on their way to Rock Island and the Minnesota Territory.

☞ The cholera is reported to have broken out at Vicksburg, Mississippi, and several deaths are rumored.

LOCAL MATTERS.

For the Journal.

THE HIGH SCHOOL closed its first term at Thorndike, on Tuesday, the 6th inst. The examination demonstrated that the teacher is an accomplished and very efficient instructor and disciplinarian, and that the few scholars who have enjoyed the advantages of the school, have made most satisfactory progress. All the recitations were well sustained, and some of them were so superior as to excite the wonder of some of the visitors present at the examination. In mental Arithmetic, especially, to select one branch from many that were most excellent, the class acquitted themselves with marked ability, showing that their drilling had been such as to make them meu and women in science while yet young in years. The citizens of this town may congratulate themselves that they may enjoy most excellent advantages for the education of their children and youth, having a corps of most excellent teachers in their several District Schools, and a most thorough principal in the High School; but the Committee deeply deplore that so little interest is felt in the advantages of the latter, as that during the past term it has not been over half full.

The next term commeuces on Wednesday next, at Thorndike. Let there be a much fuller term than has been the last.

COMMITTEE.

BABY FOUND.—On Monday evening, about ten o'clock, the family of Thomas Burnham, in the eastern part of the town, were awakened by a rapping upon their door, and shortly after heard the cries of a child upon their door-step. On going to the door they found a pretty little girl baby, six or eight weeks old, lying upon the step. They kiudly cared for it during the night, and the next day passed it over to the Selectmen, who have had to father several babies lately. They endeavored to find its mother, but after an unsuccessful search through the town, they carried it to the State Alms House. It is apparently an Irish child, and in all probability an illegitimate one.

THE WEATHER for the past fortnight has been warm and dry. On Wednesday evening we were visited by a fine shower, which settled into a steady rain, that continued through the night and a portion of the next day. Farmers have hardly finished their planting in this vicinity. Grass is coming forward finely, and grain promises a bountiful yield. This year, we have reason to believe, will be one of plenty—one that will make the poor to rejoice, and the heart of the husbandman glad.

SERENADE.—The "Hampden Brass Band" of Thorndike, serenaded the good people (?) of this village, on Friday eveniug of last week, closing off with one of their "favorite airs" in front of our residence. The young men composing the Band are determined to have one of the best musical companies in the county, and they possess energy and talent enough to effect their purpose.

AT one of the churches in this place last Sabbath, the minister, in extolling the virtues of Nehemiah, exclaimed, "Would to God there were more Nehemiahs here!" This wish of the clergyman was noised about at noon, and in the afternoon all the men in the village who bore the Christian name of "Nehemiah" were present. Of course the minister felt better.

LAST CHANCE.—It will be seen by Mr. Dennis' advertisement that he has decided to remain here with his Daguerrian Gallery till July 1st. He is now taking some of the best pictures we have ever seen, and those who wish for correct likenesses should secure them while they have an opportunity.

REV. MR. BULLOCK has been engaged for a few months to fill the pulpit of the Baptist church in this village.

The Methodist Societies at Three Rivers and Palmer Centre, unite on the Sabbath, and hold their meetings at the Town House. A clergyman from Wilbraham ministers to them.

THE ENGINE of the evening train to Amherst broke through the turn-table at this place, on Monday eveuing, thereby preventing any train from going to Amherst that night.

THORNDIKE.—A dozen or fifteen dogs suddenly disappeared from Thorndike the first of the present week, under circumstances which lead us to believe that the *Journal's* advice in regard to the canine race had a salutary effect.

A VALUABLE HORSE belonging to Mr. Dennison, died suddenly on Monday evening. Mr. D. was expecting to receive $300 for the horse in Boston.

"SILVER STREET."—Thirteen persons were baptised in the pond at "Silver Street" Sunday before last—the result of a late revival in that place.

SCHOOL COMMITTEE.—The Selectmen and School Committee have elected G. M. Fisk a member of the latter board, in place of Rev. Sylvester Hine, resigued.

☞ Walker and his band of fillibusters have disbanded and surrendered as prisoners, and are now in custody of the U. S. authorities at San Francisco, on parole.

☞ The Charlottsville academy, a Methodist institution in Schoharie county, N. Y., was destroyed by fire on Thursday morning.

☞ It is reported that the Hon. Samuel Houston contemplates resigning his seat in the Senate.

ANNEXATION OF THE SANDWICH ISLANDS.—A Washington correspondent of the New York *Times* telegraphs that the recent rumors relative to the contemplated annexation of the Sandwich Islands are fully confirmed by additional and positive information, that negotiations have been industriously pushed forward for some time past, and a treaty of annexation is expected by the President in the despatch from Hawaii.

THE CHOLERA IN NEW YORK.—The N. Y. *Times* says that in Orange street in that city, eight cases of cholera are known to exist.—At a quarantine hospital several days since, no less than 100 cases of disease were said to be under treatment. Vessels have arrived within a few days with the cholera on board.—Six deaths occurred in the 6th ward during the past week.

☞ The magnificent public enterprise of building an acqueduct for the supply of Washington with water from the Great Fall of the Potomac, fourteen miles distant, has been interrupted for the present by the refusal of the House of Representatives to concur in the Senate amendment appropriating $500,000 to the continuation of the work.

☞ Mr. Asher Morgan, an esteemed citizen of Pinegrove township, in Warren county, Pa., was killed a few days since by a blow from an axe which flew from its handle while his son was driving a stake with it, and buried itself to the eye in the body of Mr. Morgan, fracturing the breast bone and nearly dividing the heart

DISTINGUISHED ARRIVALS IN NEW YORK.—Jerome Bonaparte, and his son, Lieut. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte, have arrived from Baltimore Lieut. Bonaparte is on his way to visit his cousin, Louis Napoleon, the reigning Emperor, who has invited him thither.

☞ In the United States Circuit Court, at N. Y., Mr. Spooner, the publisher of illustrations of Shakspeare's plays, has obtained a verdict of $3000 damages against John M. Daniel, formerly editor of the Richmond (Va.) Examiner, and now American Charge at Florence, for a malicious libel.

☞ After the 1st of July it will not be lawful to erect a house in Philadelphia, for a dwelling, without a yard in its rear, covering at least 30 square feet of an acre, and with a separate, well-built cess-pool.

BATCHELDER'S WIDOW.—We learn from the *Washington Star* that the Senate pension committee have agreed to report a bill granting $3,000 to the widow of the late deputy marshal Batchelder

DEATH OF MRS. JUDSON.—Mrs. Emily C. Judson, widow of the late Adoniram Judson, the great missionary, died at Hamilton, N. Y., last Monday.

☞ John Raymond, Esq., of Hardwick, fell from the plate of his barn, one day this week.—He was taken up in a senseless condition, and but little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

☞ At Clarksville, Va., on the 21st ult., a tremendous hail storm stripped a small forest of its leaves, destroyed tobacco plants, wheat, and injured the crops generally.

MAJOR HAMPDEN COUNTY.—James D. Scott & Co., of Philadelphia, are, through their agents making a survey of Hampden county, for the purpose of publishing a map of it.

FOX SCALPS.—At the levy court, county of Hampshire, Va., on Monday last, *four hundred and eighty* fox scalps were presented, to obtain the bounty allowed by law.

☞ Fruits and flowers may be preserved from decay by being immersed in a solution of gum Arabic and water two or three times.

☞ A printer in New Orleans has worn out four pairs of boots, in trying to collect money enough to pay for them.

THE WAY IT STANDS.—The Missouri Statesman says, pithily:

"Matt. F. Ward has been acquitted and Kentucky found guilty."

☞ The editor of the *Jackson (Mo.) True Witness* "has not seen a drunken man in Jackson *since the legislature adjourned*."

☞ Four Irishmen, who were arrested for the murder of Albert Strong, railroad contractor at La Salle, Ill., last winter, have been convicted and sentenced to be hung.

☞ The young lady who "fell in love" has just been pulled out by the daring fellow who successfully struggled with the world.

☞ The damage in the Naugatuck Valley by the freshets of the last six months is estimated at $500,000.

DOG CHEAP.—Some of the California Steamers now carry passengers from New York to San Francisco for thirty-five dollars.

☞ The San Francisco mint is coining money at the rate of a million a month.

FAST WALKING.—In Albany, 28th ult., James Winterfield, alias "German Stag," walked seven miles in 61 minutes and 41 seconds.

☞ The U. S. Treasurer's official returns report specie in the U. S. Depositories at $29,23,000.

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. Is not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

We perceive that Professor Holloway, of 244, Strand, London, has established a House in New York for the sale of his popular Pills and Ointment, which have enjoyed such reputation for a number of years in every other part of the world. Particulars of some of the cures they have effected have long since reached this country and there is no question but that they are exactly the kind of medicines wanted here. We would strongly advise our friends to give them a trial, and there is no fear but that they would continue to use them whenever any medicine be requisite.

"1 DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figureof the Ox, in another part of the paper.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that *"the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him,"* and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

BORN.

In this Village, June 6, a daughter to Morris McCormick.

At the Alms House, 1st inst, a son to the State.

MARRIED.

At Amherst 1st, Enoch D. Cowles and Belenia B. Strickland of Springfield, N. Y.

At Rockville Ct., 25th ult, A. D. Loomis of Amherst, Mass, and Martha Newell of Edington, Ct.

DIED.

In this town, (Thorndike) June 5, Mary Ann, 12, daughter of Thomas Ashton.

At the Alms House, 31st ult., Thomas Welch, 22.

At Ludlow. 25th ult., Azel Alden, 89.

At Granby, 29th ult., of consumption, Mary, 55, wife of B. DeWitt.

At Amherst. 26th ult., Jane Juliette, 31, only surviving daughter of Cyrus Kinsman.

In Springfield 4th. Martha Fuller Starkey, 61; 5th, Susan Harris, 20 months, only child of Albert G. and Maria A. Lester: 4th, Alice E., 3 years, only child of John and Mary Browning.

Wanted Immediately!

300 bushels RYE, for which the highest market price will be paid.
O. H BIDWELL
Palmer, June 10th, '54. 7tf.

More Beauties!

FOR Dress Goods on our counters, come and see them.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Parasols.

WE have received a large lot of Parasols, that we can sell cheap.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Bargains!

OUR Store is light enough to show you what you buy. Please examine styles and qualities, and hear prices. We will try to please you
M. W FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, June 3d, 1854. 6

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.

Commencing 25 May, 1854.

LEAVE PALMER at 7.50 a. m., or on arrival of train from Springfield. Connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with steamers for Stoniugton and Greenport.

3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE NEW LONDON at 7.15 a. m., connecting at Willimantic with a train for Hartford and Bristol, and at Palmer for Amherst, Springfield, Albany and the express train reaching Worcester at 11.20 a. m., and Boston at 12.45 p. m.—11.15 a. m. for Norwich.

3.00 o'clock p. m., connecting with trains for Hartford, Amherst, Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

No passengers will be allowed to ride on the Freight Trains.

Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from	
New London, (Cabin)	$3,00.
" " (Deck)	2,60.
Stonington,	2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, May 25th, 1854.

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, E. B. MILES, Agt. 52.

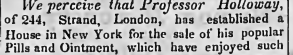
BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '54. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by
22 E. B. MILES, Agt.

W. I. Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Amherst & Belchertown R. R.



Summer Arrangement, Commencing May 22, 1854.

Leave Amherst for Palmer at 9 00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.
" Belchertown " " 9.30 " "
5.20 p. m.
" Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 p. m. "
8.10 p. m.
" Belchertown for " " 2.50 " "
" 8.40 p. m.

The 9 o'clock train from Amherst connects with the 9.45 a. m. train from Springfield for Boston, and with the first train from Boston for Springfield, New York and Albany. The 5 o'clock train connects with the 4 o'clock Express Train from Boston, for Hartford, New Haven and New York, and the 4.30 Accommodation Train for Springfield and Albany.

The 2.20 p. m. train from Palmer will leave on the arrival of the Accommodation Train from Albany and Springfield, and passenger from New York, New Haven, and Hartford, will leave Springfield at 1.50 p. m. The 8.10 p. m. train will leave on the arrival of the Express and Accommodation trains from Boston, the afternoon train from New London, Norwich and Willimantic, and the 5 o'clock train from Springfield.

Stage connections at Belchertown and Amherst for Enfield and Greenwich, North Hadley and Amherst.

N. D. POTTER, Sup't.
May 22nd, 1854. 5

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE!

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters!!

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD." Langley's Compound Dock Root, Sarsaparilla Prickley Ash, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Mandrake and Rhubarb "Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters." There can be no better medicine for any one who is troubled (as nearly all people are in the Spring) with Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Weakness, Loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Headache, and bad humors in the blood and skin, and for nervous debility, Costiveness and Piles, this compound is the best thing in the world, as by it nature is assisted in her operations, purifying the blood and removing diseases.

Is your *Liver* disordered! Is *Jaundice* your foe? Then Langley will deal both the monsters a blow;

Do you suffer from *Headaches*—'twill give you relief.

For *Piles* 'tis of all cures, acknowledged the chief;

The motto of "Buy me and I'll do you good," The test of experience has easily stood—

And many unto it this truth will append, That the Root and Herb Bitters is every one's friend.

Is your Appetite gone? then the Root Bitters take,

And you'll heartily relish your chop or your steak; The blood it will purify—redden your cheek,

And strengthen your frame, should it ever grow weak;

The ladies declare no such remedy's known, And the sale is immense to the fair sex alone!

Sold by merchants and dealers in medicine in every town and village, for 25 cents a pint and 37 1-2 cents for a quart bottle. Wholesale depot is 99 Union st., Boston. Sold in Palmer by all who sell medicines. my27 5

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,
Importers, and Jobbers
—OF—
English, Scotch, French, and German
DRY GOODS.
—ALSO—
Dealers in American Goods, in great variety.
Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.
47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street.,
BOSTON.
my 13 tf3.

STuart's Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Notice Extraordinary.

JUST received, at the famous Emporium, at LYON'S block, Main st., first door west of the Post Office, WARE, Mass., a large and extensive assortment of

Millinery, Summer and Dress Goods, Fashionable Bonnets, all prices, Lawn Bonnets, Silk and Crape.

A large assortment of
Mantillas & Visites, White Crape & Black Silk Shawls.

We shall offer, just for the fun of it, goods at the following prices:

Lawns and Muslin, good styles, at 6 1-4 cts.
Poplins, " " 12 1-2 "
A large assortmeet of
Fancy and Black Silks, Changeable Plaid and Striped,
BEREGES, Plain & Figured, all Colors,
FRINGE & LACE for MANTILLAS, TRIMMINGS, Rich Embroideries,
PARASOLS & FANS.

It is useless to name all the goods on hand, as almost everybody knows our prices are a little lower than any body's else.

To Milliners in adjoiniug towns, we would say, that we guarantee our prices to be as low as any responsible house in the place.
5 J. H. STORRS.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &c., by
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

N. S. BARNES,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House. Office 2 doors south W. R. Bridge.
Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by
M. W. FRENCH.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 20,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain*.

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters**, for the cure of Billious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.

Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size, nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by
O. H. BIDWELL.
Apr 1st, 1854. 50

J. PARKER, & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),
—DEALERS IN—
Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,
44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by
M. W. FRENCH & CO.

REMOVAL.

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by J. A. HALL.
Apr. 22, '54. 52.

STACY & ALLEN,
—DEALERS IN—
Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift-Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.
STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS
Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.
Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.
GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.
my 13 3tf

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain till the 1st of July in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisaction to all who may favor us with a call.

Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.

No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, June 10th, 1854. 3tf2

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines, new styles just received by
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by
E. B. MILES. Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still,—not incurred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (within the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And to her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands. In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. Price, 50 cts.
[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *truly pecuniary necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Titlepage and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.

When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be Ignorant.

☞ On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition, extra binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*mailed free*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publication office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Breare, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S. Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 13 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 125 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags.

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the NEW STORE.
M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 20th, 1852. 4tf

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab, brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also Panamas, Leghorn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞ Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.
CHARLES M. GARFIELD.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Corn! Corn!!

800 bushels good Northern Corn just received, and for sale by
J. A. HALL
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine Salt and Coarse-Fine Salt 150 Bags good Rock Salt—or sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.

POETRY.

Pay Your Debts.

Surprising circumstance it is,
Now in this present day,
So many should a debt contract,
And then forget to pay.

Now I'm oblig'd to sweat and toil,
And wear my strength away,
For those who, when they get their work,
Forget to bring their pay.

What vain excuses men will plead,
Their payments to delay;
And many think that promises
Will answer well for pay.

Another says, hard times, hard times—
Do n't hurry me I pray:
Not thinking that more hard the times,
The more I want my pay.

There are others who you may dun,
And dun 'till yon are gray,
Who will never pay a cent, unless
Compell'd by law to pay.

He 'll do as well without as I,
Says one, and wait he may;
The affluent cannot see my need—
The poor think hard to pay.

Some rather choose to put it off
Until some future day;
Then they forget they owe a cent,
And so will never pay.

Therefore from men of different sorts,
And men of different ways—
The rich, the poor, the purchaser,
'T is hard to get my pay.

For once let reason be your guide—
Attend without delay;
How can any poor man live
Unless he gets his pay?

Come, then, and make this new resolve,
And to yourself then say:
"Although I negligent have been,
I know myself will pay."

TRUE'S PREACHING.—If two youths commence the world together, the one with a silver spoon, plenty of pap, and a dislike of labor, and the other with nothing but a determined will to do something, it is not very difficult to foresee where the spoon will eventually be. Let every youth think well of himself, lay down a line of conduct to pursue, and erect a standard in his mind, which shall be the height of his ambition, and he can accomplish it.

A SET OF TEETH.—A gentleman to whom a daughter had been recently born, played a capital joke on a certain dentist in town the other day. Meeting him upon the street, he began—

"Doctor, there is a lady at my house, who wants an entire set of teeth."

"Ah," said the dentist, "I shall be glad to furnish them,"

"So I thought," replied the wag, "you can take a cast at any time,"

"Is she young or old?" asked the dentist.

"Young," was the reply.

"Ah, how young?"

"About a week," responded the wag, to the merriment of the by-standers. The teeth have not yet been furnished.

——There is perhaps no pang so acute, no sentiment so humiliating to the heart of woman, as the consciousness of a wakening distrust, when she most deserved to have inspired confidence.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Vassowanno Block.)

A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES Q. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.

An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

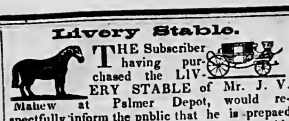
L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,

SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞ Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
—Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order.
jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Livery Stable.



THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mathew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omn busses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG.
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf51

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
—AND—
ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
—ALSO FOR THE—
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield,
will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S

HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatice, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Carnochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

Dentistry.

J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞ Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently curing the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country. Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portfolios, From 87½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies;
Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes,
Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes,
Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs;
Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps,
Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards,
Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of
Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards:
Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.

Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!

IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
—AND—
Blood Purifier.

DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.

The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.

Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,

It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,

It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Puifier. For Chills and Fever, Murcurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that, the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.

Full Directions on the Bottle.

☞ *PRICE* $1,00.

HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,

Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.

This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.

☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Destroyer.

This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.

☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*

Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.

ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—

Superior and medium Velvet Pile,
" " " Brussels,
" " " Tapestry Brussels,
" " " Kiddermaster,
Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.

We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3 m48.

Flour and Grain!

50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Dress Making.

HAVING secured the services of two experienced Dress Makers, we feel confident of suiting all who may want any work done in that line. MRS. W. CONKEY.
Palmer, Mar. 1854. tf.

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the

SOVEREIGN REMEDY!

This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.

The Depot for Dr. Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macaronick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S

THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations*. Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *J. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G. A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. tf 29

THE RENOWNED REMEDY
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

This extraordinary Ungent is composed of the most healing Balsams, and when used in accordance with the directions which accompany each pot, will insure cures when all other means fail. Cases of the most desperate Skin diseases readily yield to its efficacy. It is famous when used in cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Contracted or Stiff Joints. In Asthma it will do wonders if well rubbed into the Chest.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFULOUS ULCERS—A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON, ENGLAND.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor of Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor Holloway,
Dear Sir:—Mrs. Sarah Dixon of Liquorpond Street, Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers on her arms, feet, legs and other parts of her body; and although the first of medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of suffering, but gradually grew worse.
Being recommended by a friend to try your Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of the Pills, and before that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the medicines for a short time longer, according to the directions, and strictly adhering to your rules as to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly.
Dated Aug. 12, 1853. J. NOBLE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near Bognor, Sussex, dated Jan. 12, 1853.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—I suffered for a considerable period from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at length settled in my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. My sufferings were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pills. I did so without delay, and am happy to say the result was eminently successful, for they effected a radical cure of my leg, and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in the neighborhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.
I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful Servant.
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:
Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Coco bay, Chiego foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns, (Soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantiasis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin diseases, Scurvy, Sore heads Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.
Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 cents, 87 cents and $1,50 each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
Dr. WM. HOLBROOK, agent for Palmer.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!

MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas.
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.
AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T. Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, White Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at tf50 CONKEY'S.

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.
AT - - - J. BOWLES,
tf48. Nassowanno Block

THE PALMER JOURNAL.

$1,50 a Year, or] A BUSINESS AND FAMILY NEWSPAPER-----INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING. [$1,25 in Advance.

VOLUME 5. PALMER, MASS., SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1854. NUMBER 8.

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

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EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

How a Young Man Gained a Fortune, but Lost a Wife.

THE Parisian correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette relates the following:

"A young man, elegant, *distingue*, but almost without fortune, and living on the proceeds of a modest employment, became suited with the daughter of a rich proprietor. He had met her the past winter at the balls and soirees, where he was a frequent and assiduous attendant, and finished by being received into the family as an honorable visitor. How could he bring the brilliant and solid advantages which alone determine the approbation and choice of calculating parents? His *amour propre* had told him that he had made a lively impression on the young lady's heart; but reason added that this was but a romantic and vain success, which would be annihilated when brought into the presence of parental authority. 'A rich proprietor who gives his only danghter a hundred thousand crowns for a marriage portion, does not take for a son-in-law a little employee with a salary of a hnndred louis, and possessing for an entire patrimony but a thin capital of twenty thonsand francs,' tho't the yonng man, who, in his studies of the manners of the times and his experience of the world, had arrived at an opinion little flattering to the disinterestedness of opulent parents.

These reflections caused him to deplore the mediocrity of his fortune, and gave birth in his mind to ambitious ideas. Numerous examples demonstrated to him that there was a chance open by which he could enrich himself; a chance uncertain and perilous, but before which he did not hesitate. His little capital of twenty thousand francs was the stake which he placed resolutely into the roulettee of the Bourse. Daring, as a lover who has happiness to secure, he attacked fortune with so much ardor, he pushed it so vigorously when it showed itself favorable, he threw so rashly his 'go-all' into each bold adventure at a time during the spring when stocks were rising so rapidly, that his profits, without ceasing to be doubled with an increasing prosperity, soon amounted to a considerable fortune. When he judged the amount sufficient, he stopped and regulated his affairs. Until then, he held his operations as secret as possible, to evade reproaches and the compliments of condolence if the edifice should crumble, and to the end of producing a greater effect in showing himself suddenly in all his splendor. The sum which he had realized, amounted to the round, agreeable figure of three hundred thousand francs.

'Now,' said he to himself, 'I am presentable, and I can, without too much presumption, demand the hand of the rich heiress.'

At the very moment when he was arranging to put this measure into execution, he received a note from the father of the young lady, inviting him to call to hold a conversation with him. He went, and met from the rich proprietor a reception the most cordial.

'My dear friend,' said he to him, 'I have discovered your sentiments for my daughter. Do not excuse yourself, but listen to me. You have not declared yourself; I appreciate your discretion, your modesty, your delicacy. You sho'd not have dared to demand in marriage one so richly portioned; it is therefore for me to approach first this subject. I am not one of those who think (rare man!) that fortunes should be equal, and that money necessarily should bring money in a contract of marriage. You are a brave and honest boy—you suit me—you love my daughter—you please her—I give her to you.'

'Good,' thought the young man to himself during this discourse; 'he knows that I have made some brilliant speculations—that I have enriched myself.—Leave him the merit of disinteresedness; have the air of believing that he is ignorant of my recent prosperity, and that it is news I am going to learn him.'

Then with a true and natural emotion which gave an assurance of his happiness, he exclaimed:

'You are the most generous of men, and my admiration equals my gratitude and my joy. But re-assure yourself; it is not altogether a poor devil that you take for a son-in-law. Without being as rich as your daughter will be, I bring into the marriage a fortune at least equal to her marriage portion.'

'What is that you say?' replied the father with astonishment.

'How well he plays surprise,' said our hero to himself; 'what an excellent comedian is my future father-in-law.'

And then continuing aloud—'I say the exact truth; I possess one hundred thousand crowns.'

'And since when?'

'Since yesterday.'

'How can that he? your parents are no longer living; you should not have an inheritance in perspective.'

'I have not inherited; I have made my fortune. For three months I have worked hard at it.'

'A hundred thousand crowns in three months?'

'Yes; I think you will admit that it is not a bad operation. The Bourse is a marvelous soil for those beautiful and rapid crops! I have the *coup d'œil* sure enough, and success has crowned all my speculations in the funds and railroad stocks. Here you see are my three hundred thousand francs, in excellent securities, enclosed in this pocket-book.'

I make you very sincere compliments for your success,' responded coldly the father; 'but this changes entirely my intentions towards you. I wished to have chosen for a son-in-law a young man without fortune, engaged in a modest occupation; you are a financier, a speculator, thrown into the field of stock-jobbing; in fine, you have a hundred thousand crowns—you shall not have my daughter!'

Surprised in his turn at this denouement, which he had not anticipated, the young man tried to combat the decree, but the father was inexorable.

This prudent proprietor found that the speculator possessed of one hundred thousand crowns gained at stock-jobbing, is a great deal poorer than the modest employee possessed of but twenty thousand francs of patrimony. He left for the country with his daughter, to spend the summer, leaving the young man in despair at having gained at the Exchange these three hundred thousand francs, for which he paid so dear, since they cost him not only his happiness, but a fortune much larger.

There's a denouement for you."

FROM UTAH.—A party of eight prominent members of the Mormon church, including Seth M. Blair, district attorney for the territory of Utah, and Gen James Ferguson, have arrived from Salt Lake, having been sent on missions to the Atlantic states, and to various European countries.

☞ A year ago potatoes were sold in San Francisco for fifteen cents a pound, now they may be had, says a California correspondent, for half a cent per pound.

For the Journal.

God in Nature.

CAN there be one upon earth—a being "fashioned after God's own image," who does not delight to go forth into the open air and listen to nature's teachings, and by those teachings learn more of Him from whom proceeds all wisdom? "Go into a field of flowers" said the Lord to Ezra, "where no house is built, and there I will come and talk with thee."

Who has not felt the inspiration of that hour, when the

"Mellow eve is gliding serenely down the west,"

when the zephyrs are hushed in repose, and the songsters' tired notes from bush and tree sound more distinct and sweet than ever, and a radiant glow lights up the landscape even as the flickering lamp of life lights up with a supernatural lustre the countenance of him who dieth in possession of that "peace which passeth all understanding?" Then is the time—a far better time than at the close of life—for reflection—over the day that is fast receding—a life—the days of which will soon be numbered—its cares—its joys—its sorrows. Then is the time for your thoughts to wander far back to the days of youth—the time to live those days o'er again. Oh! then what emotions fill the breast—what love flows from the heart to the Giver of all Good, whose works inspire such thoughts?

"Lo, the poor Indian! whose untutor'd mind
Sees God in clouds, or hears him in the wind."

Even the Indians—those wild denizens of the forest—can see a "Great Spirit" in the dark forest around them; see him in the elements, when, agitated by the hand of God, they hurl to the earth with mighty power the sturdy forest-trees—they hear him in the thunder, as it rolls through the arch above and reverberates from cliff to peak of the mountains that rear their lofty heads far above their forest home—'tis the "voice of the Great Spirit." How culpable then are those, who, having nature spread out before them—having the enlightenment which civilization bestows—having the Bible—fail to see. or to recognise if they do see, a God in nature.

I would say to you, then, O man, whom God has placed in a world made especially for you, and all things therein for your enjoyment and happiness, when the toil and cares of day are over, leave the pent-up air of the busy world, and go forth into the fields—walk by the murmuring rill—gaze upon the noble river, meandering like some huge living monster through the Eden-like valley, and as you gaze, let your heart be filled with love toward Him, whom even the winds and sea obey. Breathe in His pure air, and let it heal and invigorate your exhausted powers, and calm the troubled waves of care which agitate your breast. You will return to your toil with better spirits; you will feel that He, whose all-sceing eye notices even the fall of a sparrow to the ground, cares for you.

And you, my boy, throw away your playthings for once, and in company with your sisters, run and frolic—as you are wont in the dusty street—among the flowers and beneath the far-extending limbs of the venerable trees; aye, even stoop to look at the ever-busy ant—"consider her ways and be wise." Climb the hills—cull the flowers—watch the birds—drink water from the cool spring—

"Twill give you health, 'twill give you wealth
Ye lads and rosy lasses"—

and compare the refreshing draught with that drink which "biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder." Yes, go, and the lofty sentiments—the wisdom gained from them will ever be discerned in your life, and which, if handed down to "generations yet unborn" the world will see the "time that prophets have wished to see, but died without the sight"—the time when the earth shall be filled with the glory of the kingdom of God.

What I have said to man and boy I would repeat to all—the high and low—sick and healthy. Let the high go to the fields for the same purpose as the lowly. Let them feel as humbled in the sight of Him, who is no respecter of persons, as the lowly are. Let the sick go that they may find health. Here truly is a balm for all our woes—a means by which all can commune with God, who made the "heavens and the earth, the sea, and all that in them is," and who is

——the life and light
Of all this wondrous world we see:
Its glow by day, its smile by night
Are but reflections caught from Thee—
Where'er we turn Thy glories shine,
And all things fair and bright are Thine."

E. E. F.

Palmer, Mass., 1854.

☞ There are two revolutionary pensioners now living in Amherst—Col. Thompson and Peter King. Mr. King is now in the 98th year of his age. He enterd the army in the second year of the revolution, and was engaged in five campaigns and two engagements. Mr. K. has a brother residing in Prescott who is 90 years old, and who is also a pensioner.

☞ Ehrenberg, the microscopic philosopher, says that the fertile properties of the Nile's waters are chiefly owing to the existence of minute animals in the fluid.

How Coal was Made.

IN a lecture on geology, by Dr. Boynton, he said:—Carbon, when combined with other substances, produced hardness; thus when united with iron it produced steel. Charcoal was pure carbon; but when in its crystalized state it became the hardest substance known—the diamond. Carbon and oxygen united produce combustion, or heat. In the human body the carbon contained in the food circulates in the blood, and mingling with the oxygen creates a regular and constant supply of heat, equal to about 100 degrees Fahrenheit. The union between the two substances produced carbonic acid gas, which, being poisonous, was thrown off in the breath.

But while animals were constantly poisoning the air in this manner, vegetables, he said, were busily engaged in purifying it. They absorbed the hurtful gas from the air and decomposed it—changing the carbon into woody fibre. The lecturer illustrated his remarks by supposing a lady, who had partaken of a substantial breakfast of beef-steak (which contains a large portion of carbon) to be watering her flowers. The carbonic acid gas produced in her system by the union of the carbon with oxygen, and expelled from the lungs by the process of breathing, was eagerly appropriated by the plant, which converted it into wood. This wood, by expelling the oxygen might be changed into charcoal, and the charcoal when crystalized became a diamond.—Thus it would not he impossible for a lady to wear her own breath as a breastpin.

In the coal-beds, said Dr. Boynton, traces of a peculiar vegetation had been found, more luxuriant than any which now exist on the earth. This peculiarity, with the fact that no air-breathing animals existed previous to the formation of the coal-beds, led to the belief that carbon existed in the atmosphere in the form of carbonic acid gas in such quantities as to prevent the existence of all animals breathing air. How solitary must have been the earth during this period of coal formation! No birds flitted from branch to branch amid the dense foliage, and no living creatures traversed its plains, or threaded the lonely forests. Verdure flourished and beauty shone upon its surface, but the essential charm of *life* was wanting. Silence, too, reigned throughout the world, broken only by the hoarse thunder of the earthquake, as the pent-up fires vainly endeavored to burst through the bonds which confined them.

But this gigantic race of vegetation absorbed the carbon from the air. As fast as these plants died and fell to the earth, they were succeeded by others which in their turn died and fell to the earth, and in this manner an immense mass of vegetable substances was accumulated, which upon subsequent fermentation, was changed into a mass of coal. The calling into existence of this race of plants was the great purifying process of the world.—They were not of a nature to sustain animal life, but after they had succeeded in absorbing the poison in the atmosphere and rendering the earth fit for the habitation of air-breathing crcatures, such plants were produced.

The vegetation of the coal period differed from that of the present day in the fact that nearly all of the plants grew on the inside; whereas nine-tenths of them now grow on the outside. They were somewhat analagous to the ferns &c., of our tropics. All the plants found as low as the coal strata were of orders which induced the belief that throughout our planet generally, even as far north as Melville Island, where mercury freezes, a tropical climate prevailed in the carboniferous era.

If the woody snbstance, which after decomposition and fermentation became coal, contained rosin, or bituminous matter, as is frequently the case, the coal produced would he bituminous. If the bituminous coal was covered with sandy matter and subjected to a slight heat, the carburetted hydrogen gas would pass into the sand, leaving the pure anthracite. Sometimes, being powerfully acted upon by the heated rock around it, it was deprived of all its gases and changed into coke; as is the case in Virginia, where large mines of that substance are found.

ALWAYS BUSY.—The more a man accomplishes, the more he may. An active tool never grows rusty. You always find those men who are the most forward to do good, or to improve their time and manners, always busy. Who start our railroads, our steamboats, our machine shops, and our manufactories? Men of industry and enterprise.—As long as they live they keep at work doing something to benefit themselves and others. It is just so with a man who is benevolent—the more he gives, the more he feels like giving. We go for activity—in body, in mind, in everything. We should rather that death should find us scaling a mountain, than sinking in a mire—breasting a whirlwind than sneaking from a cloud.

☞ The orator who made a few broken remarks; intends to present some whole ones at the next meeting.

A Bachelor's Ides of Wedlock.

The Editor of the Bangor Jeffersonian, a relentless bachelor, boldly prints the following:

Baby bawling in the night
Wakes you from a hoped for nap—
Tumbling round at twelve at night
To get the little wretch some pap,
Tell me—couldn't you
Spank it with some gusto?
Wouldn't you?

Little pleasure—little cash—
Lots of little brats about—
Staple feeding, mutton hash—
Future "fodder" all in doubt—
Tell me—shouldn't you
"Cuss" yourself a little?
Wouldn't you?

At the door your woman meets you
Young ones all join in one yell,
Tenderly the broomstick greets you.
Don't you wish yourself in—Jersey?
Tell me, I repeat it, shouldn't you
Leave for California?
Wouldn't you?

Multum in Parvo.—Perhaps the briefest personal memoirs ever written were the "Memoirs of Count Rostopchin," written in ten minutes. We subjoin a few paragraphs, each of which constitutes a "chapter."

My Birth: On the twelfth day of March, 1765, I emerged from darkness into the light of day. I was measured, I was weighed, I was baptized. I was born without knowing wherefore, and my parents thanked heaven, without knowing for what.

"My Education: I was taught all sorts of things, and learned all sorts of languages. By dint of impudence and quackery I sometimes passed for a *savant*. My head has become a library of odd volumes, of which I keep the key.

"My Sufferings: I was tormented by masters; by tailors who made tight dresses for me; by women; by ambition; by useless regrets, and by remembrances.

"Memorable Epochs! At the age of thirty, I gave up dancing; at forty my endeavors to please the fair sex: at fifty, my regard of public opinion; at sixty, the trouble of thinking; and I have now become a true sage, or egotist—which is the same thing.

"Respectable Principles: I have never meddled in any marriages or scandal. I have never recommended a cook or a physician; and consequently have never attempted the life of any one.

My Dislikes: I had a dislike to sots and fops, and to intriguing women, who make a game of virtue; a disgust for affectation; pity for made up men and painted women; an aversion to rats, liquors, metaphysics and rhubarb; and a terror of justice and wild beasts.

"Analysis of my Life: I await death without fear and without impatience. My life has been a bad melodrama on a grand stage, where I have played the hero, the tyrant, the lover, the nobleman, but never the valet.

"My Epitaph: Here lies, in hope of repose, an old deceased man, with a worn out spirit, an exhausted heart, and a used-up body. Ladies and gentlemen, pass on!"

☞ "Jenny," said a landlady the other morning to her help, was there any fire in the kitchen last night while you were sitting up?" "Yes, marm," said Jenny, "there was a spark there when I went down, and I soon fanned it into a flame." The landlady looked suspiciously at Jenny, but she innoceut girl, went ou scrubbing, and humming "Katy Darliut."

CONSISTENCY.—"I shall not attend Sabbath School any more," said a young girl to one of her class.

"Why not?" asked her friend.

"Because my mother is going to send me to the dancing school, and *I* think it very inconsistent to attend both at the same time."

Do not children reasou, if their parents do not? "Lead us not into temptation," let children pray, for are they not often led there?—*Chr. Intel.*

ORIGIN OF ROYAL PERSONS.—Two sovereigns, the Emperor of France and the Sultau of Turkey, are the grandsons of two American Creole girls, natives of the island of Martiuique, of the same neighborhood, and playmates in their youth. One married Napoleon Bonaparte, as her second husband, while the present Emperor is a son of her daughter by a former marriage. The other, on a voyage to Europe, was taken captive by Tunis pirates, sold a slave in Constantinople, became the Sultaness of Turkey, and Abdul Mejid is her grandson.

☞ A sure sign that the love of liberty is declining in a state, is a tacit submission to the usurpations of wealth exclusive of merit. The ruin of any undertaking, however grand in its conceptions, may be safely predicted when its advantages are monopolized or its councils directed by rich family influence, without regard to talent or moral deportment.

HOPE.—Hope is a great invention. The world couldn't cleverly get along without it. Give a lady a pair of June sky gloves, a "love of a bonnet," and a breast full of hope, and she will go through the world as happy as an infant kitten.

For the Journal.

My Sister.

'Tis twilight's happy hour—a pleasant summer's evening! The orb of day has sank to rest in its golden bed; the notes of the whippoorwill are heard in the dark; the evening zephyrs, bearing upon their bosom the perfumes of the rose and the honeysuckle, are gently round me playing;—and Oh! how memory loves to wander back into the saddened shadows of the past; and call to mind the happier scenes of childhood.

I had a sister—an only sister; she was the idol of my heart, and in whom my love all centered. Seven bright summers had gaily flitted o'er my head, ere my lips learned to lisp her name; and when with the first tottering steps of infancy I thought to walk, a sister's hand upheld me, and I was cheered and encouraged by the soft, gentle voice of her I had so early learned to love. I clung to her for support as the ivy clings to the strong oak, or as the dewdrop rests upon the lovely petals of the violet; yet like these we were doomed to part. Time from his grey urn had poured me out sixteen summers when first I began to mark the change.

Oftimes as she thought of parting with friends of leaving the bright smiles of those she loved, a cloud would flit across her fair brow, though 'twas but for a moment; the sweet hope of happiness in that dear *Home* to which she was hastening, would dash the tear-drop from her eye and illuminate her lovely face.

Daily we watched her, and daily the conviction was crowded upon our reluctant hearts that we were to be separated, that her place in our happy circle would soon be vacated. O! the bitterness of such a thought, after all the happy associations of childhood, after all the innocent pleasures we had enjoyed, sporting together upon the green grassy lawn, or resting in each other's embrace, beneath the dark spreading tree, that we must part.

But so it was! She lingered till the breath of early Spring had fanned her fevered brow again, and then she passed away!

'Twas at a lovely evening hour, when with hushed voices and shuddering hearts we pressed closer to her side and heard her whisper a last farewell! *My sister was a* BRIDE!!

An old lady, looking at the curiosities in Barnum's Museum, came to a couple of large sea dogs, and after gazing at them with wonder, inquired of a wag near by, if they ever barked? "No, Madam," replied he, "not now—their bark is on the sea."

☞ Never be ashamed of confessing your ignorance, for the wisest man upon earth is ignorant of many things, insomuch that what he knows is a mere nothing in comparison with what he does not know. There cannot be a greater folly in the world, than to suppose that we know everything. Even an editor doesn't know *everything*.

A gentleman finding his servant intoxicated said, "What, drunk again, Sam? I scolded you for being drunk last night, and here you are drunk again." "No, massa," replied Sam "same drunk, same drunk, massa!"

☞ When you have anything to do, go ahead and do it. A man who has the option of two roads, either of which will take to his journey's end, must not stand too long in considering which to take.

☞ "Massa says, kin you pay dis bill?" "Your master is in a great hurry—I am not going to run away." "No, but I golly, ole massa's gwine to run away heself."

DERIVATION OF BUSS.—Buss—to kiss.—Rebus—to kiss again. Blunderbuss—two girls kissing each other. Omnibus—to kiss all the girls in the room.

☞ The Russians never laugh; when they feel "funny," they double up, squeeze their victuals, and give their moustaches a duced twist. Queer dogs are those bears.

☞ The young lady who let down the window curtain to keep the man in the moon from seeing her in her night clothes, has been seeu at Church with a hole in her stocking.!

A man complaining of being turned out of a concert-room, said he was fired with indignation. "If you were fired," remarked a bystander, "perhaps that was the reason they put you out."

☞ "Out West," and in California, newspaper publishers have added a new feature to their records; for, besides "Marriages and Deaths," "Divorces" are made regular mention of.

☞ "Why does father call mother honey?" asked a boy of his elder brother. "Can't think, 'cept its because she has a large *comb* in her head."

Dr. Franklin says that "time is money." This may account for the fact that persons, when most in need of money, *ask for time*.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1854.

A Plurality of Wives.

It is not strange that men may be found who are sensual enough to advocate a system of polygamy, but how females, endowed with feelings common to their sex, can come forward to the support of such a system, it is difficult to conceive. Men are by nature beastly; women angelic, and this wide difference between the two renders it more surprising that the latter should advocate a practice which degrades and sinks them to a level with the brute. Yet we find in one of the deluded females of a Mormon harem, a wife who comes boldly before the world, and holds up polygamy as a holy, christian institution. She goes back to the days of the patriarchs, to the time of Abraham, for examples to sustain the ground she has taken. She writes as follows to her friends in New Hampshire:

"Dear, dear Kindred:—Remember, according to the New Testament, and the testimony of an ancient Apostle, if you are ever saved in the Kingdom of God, it must be by being adopted into the family of polygamists—the family of the great patriarch Abraham; for in his seed, or family, and not out of it, 'shall all the nations and kindreds of the earth be blessed.'

You say you believe polygamy is 'licentiousness'—that it is 'abominable,' 'beastly' &c., 'the practice only of the most barbarous nations, or of the dark ages, or of some great or good men, who were left to commit gross sins.'

Yet you say you are anxious for me to be converted to your faith, and that we may see each other in this life, and be associated in one great family in that life which has no end.

Now, in order to comply with your wishes I must renounce the Old and New Testament—must count Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, and their families, as licentious, wicked, beastly, abominable characters—Moses, Nathan, David, and the prophets no better! I must look upon the God of Israel as partaker in all these abominations, by holding them in fellowship, and even as a minister of such iniquity, by giving king Saul's wives into king David's bosom, and afterwards by taking David's wives from him, and giving them to his neighbor.

I must consider Jesus Christ and Paul, and John, as either living in a dark age, as full of the darkness and ignorance of barbarous climes, or else wilfully abominable and wicked in fellow-worshipping polygamists, and representing them as fathers of the faithful and rulers in heaven.

I must doom them all to hell with adulterers, fornicators, etc., or else, at least, assign to them some nook or corner in heaven, as ignorant persons, who, knowing but little, were beaten with few stripes.

While by analogy I must learn to consider the Roman Popes, clergy, and nuns, who do not marry at all, as foremost in the ranks of glory, and those Catholics and Protestants who have but one wife, as next in order of salvation, glory, immortality, and eternal life.

I have a good and virtuous husband, whom I love. We have four little children, who are mutually and inexpressibly dear to us.—And besides this, my husband has seven other living wives, and one who has departed to another world. He has in all upwards of twenty-five children. All these mothers and children are endeared to me by kindred ties—by mutual affection—by acquaintance and association, and the mothers in particular, by mutual and long-continued exercises of toil, patience, long-suffering, and sisterly kindness."

The language of the above sounds very well, but the logic is altogether too absurd to meet with favor. If polygamy is a principle of Christianity, we have serious doubts of its saving qualities.

JUNE.—A June sky, a June rose, and a June landscape are objects celebrated by poets and painters, and admired by everybody. In no other month of the year is there such serene, perfect, indescribable beauty exhibited in the great panorama of nature.—The fields now wear a freshness which is equaled in no other part of the season, and the flowers are more numerous and seem to be more beautiful than at any other time.—The foliage of the forest lies in dark, massive folds against the hill-side, waving fields of grain enchant the sight; the shadows of the trees seem to possess an unusual coolness; the distant mountain rises in a shroud of blue; the silvery lake sleeps in beautiful serenity, mirroring in its tranquil depths the bright sky and brighter sun above.

With the burning heats of July, this exquisite loveliness of nature will disappear.—The parched earth, brown grass, and withered leaves will mar the beauty of the scene.—A scorching sun and a sultry air will make us sigh in vain for

"The leafy month of June,"

when love and moonlight made delightful its evenings, and refreshing fields and cool breezes rendered charming its days.

THE NOTORIOUS LOLA.—The fair and famous Lola Montez is at present sojourning at Grass Valley, in the State of California.—The poor creature has got into trouble, latterly, with a shocking bad husband, whom she foolishly married last summer in San Francisco. She is trying to get a divorce from him, and will probably succeed. She has a very comfortable cottage establishment and lives well—though with a shrewd eye to the main chance. She knows the value of money. She has got several pets to console her, under present circumstances, viz: Five dogs, a horse, a grizzly bear, and other smaller quadrupeds. The bear is the same who came very near devouring her a few months ago, when she tried to make him carry a cane.

☞ The Washington *Union* of Friday morning states, that the difficulties between this government and that of Spain, are not adjusted, and that the policy of the American administration remains unchanged.

Another Brooklyn Riot.

The "angel Gabriel" and other street-speakers, held forth in Brooklyn last Sunday, and the Irish turned out with the determination of putting down the meetings. An extra number of policemen were on duty, and several military companies were held in readiness to quell any disturbance that might arise.

The police arrested several Irishmen, who were in the act of throwing stones, whereupon other Irishmen attempted to rescue their countrymen. Stones were thrown and shots were fired by the Irish, but the special police drew their revolvers and fired back.—They continued firing until they had gone over a block. During the melee Mr. F. Stedmore, special policeman, was prostrated by a stone, and his jaw fractured; an Irishman was shot in the head, the ball grazing the back part of the skull; it is reported that this man was shot while being rescued by an Irishman, who aimed at a special policeman. Another man had a part of his jaw shot off; it is probable that more are wounded; fifteen or twenty shots were fired at the time, but it was concluded by the groups who remained on the ground afterwards, that the policemen must have fired upwards, else ten or twelve would have been killed, as the street was thronged by the crowd; they fired to deter those who were pursuing and stoning them, and to show they were prepared for the worst. It was reported that a boy was also shot.

Soon afterwards a *posse* of the 2nd district, police, who were passing through State st. were assailed with stones and fired upon by the residents of Blake's building, so called. There were 200 Irishmen and boys in this attacking party, but they were soon put to flight, and one of their number arrested. They fired six or seven shots towards the police one of whom was struck by a stone and considerably injured.

Several isolated instances of outrage occurred in the afternoon; many persons were knocked down and beaten in the streets.—Early in the afternoon Mr. Edward Pepper, a reporter of the *Daily Times*, was in the vicinity of South Ferry, Stone st., a place chiefly inhabited by Irishmen, where a cry arose among a crowd of them 'this is one of them, a Know Nothing' &c., and he was knocked down with a loaded whip-handle, beaten severely about the head and body, and would have been killed, had it not been for the exertions of some fifteen policemen.

A CALIFORNIA AUCTIONEER recently got off the following on the wharf at San Francisco. It equals anything which auctioneers in the Atlantic States can get off:

"Next is two shirts—made of fine cotton; white as an Alderman's liver, and as nicely done up as the Senatorial question; the collar is as stiff as the steamboat combustion, and the tail is as wide as some holes in the streets; they are made to fit everybody, like a barber's chair, and the taxation laws, and you can get into 'em as easy as a Chinese lady gets fined, and out of 'em as easy as Mary Blane don't; they will bast as long as your own skins, if they're not washed oftener, and won't get dirty till they're soiled. Who says four dollars? three dollars? two dollars?—gone!

I now put up a sleek, shining, splendid beaver hat, made of rabbit skin, bran new; genteel enough to make a gentilogue look like a gentleman, and to enable a sponge to get his lunch on tick; sun proof, sweat proof, and rain proof; it will keep you as shady as honest men have kept in the Councils, and as dry as——in the morning; has a nap as long as Rip Van Winkle's; and a rim as broad as Squibob's wit. Who says ten dollars? eight dollars? five dollars?—gone at four dollars."

☞ THE CHINESE IMMIGRATION.—The San Francisco Sun expresses much uneasiness in view of the increased immigration of Chinese to California. It says under date of May 19th. "Already over three thousand of these people have been added to our population within six weeks, and we are threatened with another invasion of over five thousand additional, to arrive in six weeks more, making a grand total of over eight thousand in less than three months." It says further that "at the rate in which they have arrived within the past three months, we shall have an addition of thirty-six thousand within the year," and expresses an apprehension that when the ports of Japan are opened to the world the overcrowded population of that empire will pour immense numbers into California. The Sun, in view of the present and prospective evils resulting from the presence of so undesirable a class of immigrants, advocates legislation to meet this evil.

BLOODY WARS IN TEXAS!—Advices from Texas to the 31st ult., state that the recent threat of the Indians, to wage a desolating war against the whites, is being fearfully executed. Indians to the number of 500 had rallied under Wild Cat, the noted chief and commenced a slaughter upon the white inhabitants. When about thirty miles west of Victoria they met a company of 25 soldiers, every one of whom they killed, with the exception of two. They next attacked a party of Mustangees, traders, and citizens, killing 86 of their number, among whom were 30 Mexicans and 6 Americans. When the express left, the fighting was still being carried on desperately, and the Indians had been heard to say that they would desolate the whole country to the Rio Grande. The express rider had his horse shot under him by a ball from one of the Indians, but he succeeded in securing one of their horses, and made his escape.

ESCAPE OF A FUGITIVE SLAVE.—Two persons arrived at Manchester, N. H., at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning, from Lowell, and said that a slave-owner was in that city inquiring for a colored barber named Edwin Moore, who once kept a shop there, and who, they alleged, ran away from his master in Virginia, twelve years ago. The same Moore had worked in Manchester about four months. He has a wife and children. A purse was made up for him by his friends, and by noon he was on the underground railroad for Canada, where he will probably rest in security.

☞ The Springfield *Republican* says that the alumni of Williams College, has erected a monument to Col. Ephraim Williams, founder of that institution, on the place where he was killed, in a conflict between the English under Gen. Johnson, and the French, and Indians, in 1755.

Great Fire at Worcester!

A destructive fire broke out in T. Merrifield's machine works, at Worcester, on Wednesday noon, destroying that extensive establishment, and fifteen or twenty other buildings.

The streets immediately contignons were closely lined with wooden buildings among which were several livery stables, and to these the fire communicated with great rapidity. Allen & Thurber's pistol manufactory, with Bemis' stables and a large number of dwelling-houses were on fire at the same time.

Merrifield's establishment was situated on Union, Exchange, and Cypress streets, occupying three sides of the whole square, was built of brick, and four stories high. The entire building was destroyed. The fire crossed Union street, and entirely destroyed the large buildings occupied by Allen & Thurber, pistol manufacturers, and by Thayer, Haughton & Co., extensive manufacturers of machinery. It then spread north and east, consuming twelve or fifteen other buildings. Nearly three acres of the most thickly settled portion of the city were swept clean by the conflagration.

The loss is estimated at nearly half a million of dollars, and the calamity has thrown about fifteen hundred persons out of employment. Several persons were injured by jumping from the buildings, or by being overheated.

INTERESTING FROM JAPAN.—The correspondent of the London *Times* writes from Hong Kong, April 12th, as follows:

"The most prominent and interesting news we have to communicate by the mail is the authentic accounts of the successful negotiation of Commodore Perry, of the U. S. Navy, in Japan, and there is great reason to suppose we may shortly have the particulars of the treaty, and that the ports are to be opened. On the 27th of March, Commodore Perry was to have a grand meeting near Jeddo, with the Prince and Minister of Japan, for the consideration and conclusion, and most probably the ratification of the treaty. From all we learn, there can be no doubt that Japan will be opened to all nations, and each have the facility of making a treaty.—The report given of the Russian admiral having made a treaty with the Emperor turns out to be unfounded."

THE OLD PARTIES.—The Chicopee *Journal*, a Whig paper, uses the following language, in speaking of the organization of a Northern party:

"The old issues are dead, buried, and sleeyed. The graves of the bank, tariff, and sub-treasury are seldom visited by their former most enthusiastic friends. The slave question is now the only one of any importance; the South has heretofore triumphed because the North never has been able to present an unbroken front; and if the old party organizations are kept up, such will always be the case. The great body of Southern Whigs have sold out their stock to the administration, enlisted under the banner of slavery propagandism, and are now marching to the tune of the Nebraska quick-step; they have deserted their former friends in the hour of their greatest need—shall not the Northern Whigs now pay them in their own coin, and join with the friends of freedom?"

Which of the parties is, or has been, composed of the "friends of freedom," Mr. Journal?

POETICAL.—The editor of the N. Y. *Mirror*, who has recently visited the Falls of St. Anthony, gives the following description of his first impressions of the magnificent Lake below the Falls:

"The night was clear and calm, and the Lake as smooth as a mill-pond. The sunrise this morning was a miracle of splendor. The 'King of Day' rose up through the liquid emerald floor of the Lake, looking like a globe of gold, and seeming so near, that our first impulse was to lower a boat and *row around it.*"

THE ELOQUENCE OF DISTRESS.—A Western editor appeals, in the following eloquent language, to the sympathies of his delinquent subscribers:

"We cannot help thinking how much easier an editor's life might be made if his generous patrons could only hear his 'better half' scraping the bottom of the flour-barrel! A man who can write editorials with such music sounding in his ears can easily walk the telegraph-wires, and turn somersets in the branches of a thorn-bush."

AMHERST.—In the *Express* we find a suitable obituary to the memory of "Sambo," an old negro, who has for a long time lived in Amherst, and who died a few days since. He was once a slave in the town of Rhinebeck, N. Y., and a preacher of the Methodist persuasion to his brethren in bondage, but for the last 20 or 25 years a favorite and faithful *attache* of the students at Amherst College, whom he has served in various useful capacities.——James Humphrey of N. York, has presented to the Amherst College library a portrait of Galileo, a copy from Sustermans, (who painted from life,) in the Royal Gallery at Florence.

BALLOON ASCENSION.—Mr. Wyse made his balloon ascension from the Crystal Palace at N. Y. on Friday afternoon. When descending near Flushing, he was thrown out, falling a distance of 40 feet, but sustaining only slight bruises and the loss of a tooth. The wind was high, and the balloon afterwards went rapidly eastward, coming down at Eastford, Ct., Sunday forenoon, having gone 150 miles from its starting point.

TURKEY HILL.—The large rock on Turkey Hill, in Belchertown, was christened with appropriate services, on Tuesday of last week, by the students of Amherst College. About four hundred persons were present, and the ceremonies were quite interesting.—W. W. Fowler of Amherst, delivered an address, in which he pronounced the place "ROCK RIMMON." This is a scriptural name.

CHOLERA.—According to the official report, there were twenty-five deaths from cholera in New York last week.

A Mob of Women.

What won't the weaker sex do next? They are making rapid strides towards acquiring all that is claimed for them in their "Bill of Rights," and we are not sure but they will take to themselves "rights" which neither law or gospel guarantics to men. But our ladies of Massachusetts don't seem to keep up with the women out West in point of public spirit. We have more talk than action here; it is not so there. The women in the Western States tear up railroads, demolish bridges, whip their drunken husbands, and what is more commendable, break open liquor shops and pour out the liquor found in them. At Baraboo, Wis., a demonstration of the latter kind recently occurred, which is worth relating:

It seems that the sale of liquor had grown into a monstrous nuisance, and led to frequent difficulties, and abuse in families. At length the women called a secret meeting of their own sex, and laid plans for a general destruction of the liquor in the village. Accordingly, about 10 o'clock one morning, a procession of some fifty females was seen issuing from in and about the Court House.—In a very short time after, a number of excited women were seen bringing forth barrels of beer, rum, brandy &c., emptying it into the streets, amid the hurras and shouts of a hundred spectators. This job finished they proceeded to the saloon on the opposite side of the square, and emptied the ale and beer there contained in double quick time. The procession then wended its way to the saloon of French Peter, followed by the shouting populace. They here found the door fastened, and were informed by the owner's wife, that a determined resistance would be offered, and that they would not be allowed to enter the house unmolested.—A group of women were holding a consultation on the piazza, when the muzzle of a gun was thrust through a light of glass, and such a scattering "you never did see."

By this time the women were joined by a party of men, and the rumseller was re-inforced by a gang of his customers. For a while a general fight was expected, but after a few shirts and dresses had been torn, and a few hands had received slight scratches, the sheriff appeared, and after calling aloud for silence, read the riot act, which was heard and received by repeated shouts from more than two-thirds of the people present. The majority then dispersed, and the ladies retired after they had received assurances that their wrongs would be redressed.

A meeting was called at 7 o'clock in the evening, and a committee appointed to take into consideration the best means to put an end to the liquor traffic in the village.

WAR WITH SPAIN.—The N. Y. Evening *Post* of Saturday, has a warlike despatch from Washington, the gist of which is, that preparations for war with Spain, if she will not sell Cuba, will go on steadily and firmly, military and naval stores being collected in large quantities. All vessels of the war and naval stations are undergoing thorough inspection. All vessels of war are detained in port. All ideas of reducing the surplus in the Treasury by reducing duties is given up. Dallas and Cobb are to go to Madrid to bring back Cuba or war.

LAST OF HIS RACE.—The remains of Judah Touro of New Orleans, whose liberal bequests for various benevolent and religious purposes are still fresh in public recollection, were brought North by steamer, a few days since, and have been interred at Newport, R. I., the funeral services taking place in the synagogue in which his father ministered more than eighty years ago. After the coffin was lowered into the grave, a quantity of earth sent from the Holy Land, to be used on this occasion, was sprinkled upon it, and when the grave closed upon Judah Touro, it closed upon the last of his family, and his name is now extinct.

ACQUITTED.—Benjamin Simondson, who brutally killed his wife, in the town of Tyrone, Stuben county, about a year since, was acquitted at the recent session of the Circuit Court at Bath. He successfully pleaded insanity. It will be recollected that he chopped off the head of the deceased, and coolly partook of his breakfast, while his bleeding victim lay struggling in the agonies of death by his side.

STRAWBERRIES.—On Friday, the Keyport steamer carried to New York, the enormous quantity of *Sixty-eight thousand and one hundred baskets* of strawberries. This delicious berry sells in New York for five cents per basket—a moderation in price which would truly delight the people here-abouts, where they sell readily at 12 1-2 cents per qt.

SUICIDE.—Allen E. Aynesworth committed suicide by taking laudanum in Charlestown last week. He said that he was tired of life—belonged every where—had lived with the Niskayuna Shakers—had lived in New Bedford, Fall River and Providence—was in the Mexican war—had three sons, two in California and one in Philadelphia, and lost his wife two years ago.

☞ The jury in the case of James Antoni, an Italian, charged with murder at Brooklyn, N. Y., brought in a verdict of not guilty.—Antoni was then discharged, but as he was leaving the court room, two New York officers arrested him on a bench warrant, charging him with having committed a murder in New York.

FOOLISH FELLOW.—William McCarroll, a young druggist of Nashville, fearing that he had symptoms of cholera, prepared for himself as a remedy, if he should need it during the night, *a tumbler full of laudanum*, and went to sleep in the same bed with a small lad.—In the morning the entire contents of the glass were exhausted, and the foolish man was dead.

☞ Cholera and small pox prevail so among the emigrants at Staten Island, that the Board of Health has been obliged to take the government warehouses to accommodate their patients.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM HANGING.—The graves of three negroes were dug and their shrouds were prepared in Northumberland county, Va., and their execution was about to take place, when a reprieve or pardon arrived from Gov. Johnson. He had been delayed by high water and other obstacles, and on the morning of the intended execution-day was twenty-five miles from the place where the gallows was erected—just an hour and a half before the ropes were to be adjusted. They had been convicted of an attempt to poison their master.

THE BIGGEST SNAKE STORY.—According to the Richmond Bulletin, Mr. Wm H. Cole, of Caroline county, Va., lately killed in his field a huge black snake, and upon cutting the reptile open found snugly stowed away in the stomach five young hares. But the most wonderful part of the story yet remains to be told. One of the hares, which must have been but recently swallowed, revived shortly after it was taken from the body of the snake, *and ran away into the bushes.*

A "HAPPY FAMILY."—One John Carey was brought before the Police Court in Worcester on Friday, on the charge of keeping a disorderly house. Although it was shown, says the Worcester Transcript, that Carey, his wife, six children, two colored women, two pigs, three dogs, four puppies, and several hens, all lived in one kitchen and bedroom, there was no proof that the charge was true, and the defendant was allowed to return to the embrace of his "happy family."

A SALT LAND.—Prof. Loomis, late of Waterville College, now in Peru, writes to the New York *Courier*, that on a salt plain which he traversed, the houses are all built of salt—their bedsteads consist of an elevation of part of the room two feet higher than the rest of the floor, and that is a wall of salt. Their wells are dug in this salt, and they never find water anywhere else.

DIVING FOR GOLD.—The Worcester Spy states that Mr. C. B. Pratt, the diver, left that city on Tuesday, with his assistants, to renew his search after the treasure of the British ship of war Huzzar, which was wrecked near Harigate, in seventy feet of water, during the revolutionary war. About a million of dollars were on board at the time, which were destined to pay off the troops of the British army, then in the Highlands.

☞ On Friday afternoon last week, Rev Thomas W. Higginson of Worcester was arrested on a warrant from Boston, charging him with participation in the late attack upon the court house in that city for the rescue of Burns. He was taken to Boston, arraigned in the police court, waived an examination, and gave bail in the sum of $3000 for trial in the municipal court.

☞ A few days since, a young man from one of the northern states, named Richard Norris, an employe on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, was brought before the Mayor of Lynchburg, on a charge of having publicly uttered sentiments of an abolition and incendiary character, in one of the hotels of that city. After a full hearing of the case, the prisoner was recognized in the sum of $200 to appear for further trial at the next term of the circuit court.

CHOLERA.—The Nashville (Tenn.) Banner of 3d inst., reports three fatal cases of cholera the preceding day. This disease is also prevalent on the plantations on the Black and Kansas rivers, in Louisiana. Cholera cases to the number of thirteen, occurred at Portsmouth, Ohio, during week before last, of which eight or nine proved fatal.

☞ John W. Sullivan, Esq., a merchant on Long Wharf, has sought redress of the city for the damage done him by the interruption of his business at his store on the day of the rendition of the fugitive Burns. The petition has been referred to the Committee on Claims.

PROSELYTING.—The New Lebanon Shakers have for some time been holding meetings in several towns of Berkshire Co., it being the first movement by this Society for the purpose of disseminating the tenets of their faith, in fifty years. They have been listened to by attentive audiences.

☞ A young girl, named Sarah Caswell, aged 17, employed in the Ida Hill Carpet Factory, at Troy, N. Y., drowned herself in the Beestenkill on Saturday last. She had been discharged from the factory for incompetency, and mortification at this expulsion and probably despair, led her to commit the fatal act.

☞ The fact that the Washington Union and the Washington Sentinel, the government organ and sub-organ, failed to excite a mob against Senator Sumner, is another evidence that the influence of the Administration is declining with the masses, however much it is increasing in Congress.

HANGING BUSINESS.—Three murderers were sentenced at New Orleans during the week ending June 3, two of them for murdering their wives. Patrick Finn and Maria Arguillo were sentenced to the penitentiary for life, and Frank Smith to be hung.

POISONED.—Four or five children were poisoned in Pittsburg a few days since, by putting in their mouths pieces of glass. The glass was covered with white lead and other substances, used in manufacturing glass, highly poisonous in their effects. Two of the children remain in a dangerous condition.

☞ The milkmen of New Bedford charge six cents a quart instead of five, as heretofore in the summer season.

New Publications.

FLORA LINDSAY; OR PASSAGES IN AN EVENTFUL LIFE. By Mrs. Moodie. De Witt & Davenport, Publishers. Price 50 cents.

This new work of Mrs. Moodie's is truly a delightful one. Under the light veil of fiction, and an assumed name, it is in reality an auto-biography of that amiable and exemplary woman, our authoress herself. The thrilling passages in her eventful life, before starting for the new world. It describes in a life-like and interesting manner the scenes that she passed through, and the characters that she met both before she left England, and also while on a long and perilous passage across the ocean.

This work ends where her former work,—"Roughing it in the Bush,"—commences. As all who have read the former will want this, we predict an immense sale for this book. Those who have not read any of her works, do not know what a treat they have missed.

"TOWER'S FIRST LESSONS IN LANGUAGE, OR ELEMENTS OF GRAMMAR."—This is a work designed for beginners, and from a hasty examination of its pages, we should judge it to be a work of uncommon merit, and one that School Committees would do well to recommend to district schools. It illustrates in an easy and familiar manner the principles of Grammar, and is well calculated to make this dry and ill-understood subject interesting to the learner.

"PETERSON'S MAGAZINE" for June is on our table, and a very good number it is. Peterson gets up one of the best magazines in the country. A new volume begins with July, so that now is the time to subscribe. Terms $2 a year. Published in Philadelphia. For sale in Palmer by Bowles.

"PEOPLE'S JOURNAL."—This illustrated magazine is hardly equalled by any other of a like character in the country It is an illustrated record of Agriculture, Mechanics, Science, and Useful Knowledge—published by Alfred E. Beach, No. 86 Nassau st., N. Y., for $1 a year.

"THE MONTHLY INSTRUCTOR."—This is a new publication designed for boys and girls, and is a very valuable magazine. It is edited by MARK FORRESTER, and published for $1 a year, in Boston, by Wm. Guild & Co.

"JOCELYN'S ELECTROTYPE SPECIMEN BOOK." This is a volume of beautiful specimen cuts manufactured by A. H. Jocelyn, New York It is designed for printers to select from when they may wish to order cuts and ornaments.

"ARTHUR'S HOME MAGAZINE" for July is received. This number commences a new volume. It is well illustrated, and filled with useful and entertaining matter. Terms $2 a year. For sale by Bowles.

FATHER MATHEW is afflicted with the palsy, in Ireland. His physicians advised him to try the climate of Madeira; but he has not means sufficent to carry him there. His pension of £300 a year, is nearly all spent in payment of a debt contracted in the cause of temperance.

☞ An altercation occurred at Manchester, N. H., on Sunday evening, between John Marshall, keeper of a livery stable, and Michael Callahan, when the former inflicted a blow upon the latter with a carriage wrench, which caused his death in six hours. Marshall has been arrested.

THE CHINESE.—The Chinese immigrants into Batavia, for the purpose of digging in the gold mines there, have been strong enough to resist the Dutch, and attempt to make themselves independent. This is very plucky and praiseworthy. We hope they wont "try it on" in California.

WORCESTER COUNTY.—In the case of John Moore, who has been on trial in Worcester the last week for dangerously stabbing constable Adams, of Spencer, the jury could not agree. Moore subsequently came into Court, plead guilty, and was sentenced to one year in the House of Correction.

☞ A writer in the last Piedmont *Virginia Whig* calls for a "convention of farmers to be held in Warrington, at an early day after the harvest, for the purpose of consulting upon the measures to be pursued against the common enemy—the joint-worm—and for securing joint action in their persecution."

RUSSIA is the greatest unbroken empire for extent that ever existed. It occupies vast regions of Europe and Asia, and forms nearly one-sixth of the habitable globe. It is forty-one times the size of France, and 138 times that of England.

☞ The *St. Louis Herald* of Wednesday last says:—It is said "Old Bullion" has had to knock under, and receive as well as send letters through the Post Office Department.

☞ Mr. Leonard, the individual who was blown out of his bed-chamber by the explosion of gas in Nashua, last spring, has obtained $433 33 damages from the Gas Company. The case was decided by reference.

☞ The Pope of Rome has published a rescript, calling on the priests of Ireland to have nothing to say to the politics of the country, and mind nothing but their breviaries.

DEAD.—Capt. Barclay, the great Scotch pedestrian, who was the first to walk 1,000 miles in 1,000 hours, has died at his residence, at Ury, aged 75.

HOGS FIRM!—A reporter of the Cincinnati market states that "hogs are firm." That is stating the fact a little too mildly; the firmness of the porcine animal amounts to awful obstinacy.

COMMENDABLE.—The ladies in Lyons, Iowa, by needle work and assiduous labor, have earned money enough to buy a bell for the schoolhouse in that flourishing town, and they now propose earning a school library.

LOCAL MATTERS.

GABRIEL IS PALMER.—The "Angel Gabriel" stopped over one train, on Monday, while on his way to Boston from Brooklyn, where he had been to stir up the people against Catholicism. He blew his trumpet at the depot, and quite a crowd gathered to get a view of the notorious individual, and hear him speak. He went on with a disconnected rigmarole, giving a history of his adventures in Boston, Worcester, and New York, closing off with a blast from his bugle, which he carries at his vest. His hat is labelled with mottoes, his beard is long and black, and his hair flows in profuseness upon his shoulders. He is a very eccentric person, wild and fanatical upon the subject he preaches about, and we should sooner take him for "Satan let loose" than the "angel Gabriel."

SABBATH SCHOOL CONVENTION.—The Sabbath School Convention connected with the Sturbridge Association, will hold its next annual meeting with the Baptist Church and Sabbath School at Three Rivers, on Tuesday next, at 10 o'clock A. M. The Secretary's Report will be presented during the morning session, which will be followed with general remarks. In the afternoon the Sabbath Schools will be addressed by gentlemen from abroad. The public are invited to attend, and a special invitation is extended to the Sabbath Schools in this town to be present during the afternoon session, which will commence at 1 o'clock.

THE first Annual Report of the Secretary of the Board of Agriculture is just published, and copies are furnished DR. HOLBROOK, Sec. of the E. Hampden Agricultural Association, with instructions to distribute them among the members of this Society, and all who wish to become members thereof. It is a valuable report, and ought to be in the hands of every farmer.

"KNOW NOTHINGS."—It will be seen by a notice among our advertisements, that there will be a meeting in this village on Monday evening, to take preliminary steps for the organization of a "Know Nothing" society in Palmer. Quite a number of our citizens feel a lively interest in the matter, and we shall be disappointed if there is not a good attendance.

SOLD.—On Thursday, the old Church, which has been the subject of much dispute, at Palmer Centre, was sold at auction to Gamaliel Collius for $600. It is probably purchased for the Catholics.

SMALL POX.—There is one case of small pox at the State Alms House. The patient is a man who was brought from Springfield on Sunday afternoon. He is kept in a house away from the other paupers.

PREPARATIONS are being made for a Sabbath School Celebration in Ludlow, on the Fourth of July.

BAPTISED.—Eleven more persons were baptised in the pond at "Silver Street," last Sunday.

REV. THOMAS WILSON will preach at the Congregational Church in this village next Sabbath.

☞ As an omnibus was passing along the streets of Chicago a few days since, some young men who were exercising an engine, mischievously turned the stream of water full upon the horses. The animals became frightened and unmanageable, the coach was overturned, and the driver so badly injured as to cause his death.

BURGLARS IN SPRINGFIELD.—The Republican states that several attempts have been made to enter the drug store of D. C. Segur in that city. The burglars made out to abstract a bottle of bitters through a broken pane of glass, and fled at the approach of dogs.

YOUNG VICTIM.—On the 18th ult., a little son of Wm. Taylor of Randolph county, Indiana, aged four years, died of delirium tremens. It was horrible to see the little fellow scream ing at, and jumping from the snakes that he thought he saw. The father of the boy was intemperate.

☞ Wm. E Roberts, a young man of genteel appearance from Pennsylvania, has been convicted of arson at New Orleans, in setting fire to his store, the contents of which were valued at $206, and on which he had an insurance of $4000. The punishment is imprisonment in the penitentiary for life.

☞ Dr. Martin, an American, is in China, fighting with the rebels. He has a leading position in the army of insurgents, and though several times wounded, seems to have escaped all serious harm. He says he was a physician in Carthage, Ohio, and took a hand in the Mexican war.

☞ We learn from Lyons that Giraud, the well sinker, who was rescued from the well of Eculty after being buried in it up to the arms for nineteen days, died soon afterward. The gangrene had already reached higher than the place at which his foot was amputated.

ATTEMPT TO KILL.—An athletic negro in Lenox attacked a man with an ax, but was immediately saved the committal of murder by being knocked down with a club in the hands of his intended victim.

☞ The operatives in the factories at Blackstone, who are out on a "strike," evincing a determination not to yield, have been told by the proprietors that the mills will suspend operations for three months for the purpose of repairs.

☞ Mr. Noble Butler, in a letter to that journal, thanks the *N. Y. Times* for its efforts in his behalf, and states that by the aid of citizens in Louisville he is placed beyond the need of pecuniary assistance.

DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE FROM SING SING PRISON.—On Friday morning, last week, much excitement was caused in the State Prison at Sing Sing, consequent upon the attempt of a desperate character, named Samuel Murray, to murder one of the keepers, and make his escape from prison. Murray was sentenced in New York, four years since, for the term of ten years, on a conviction for highway robbery. George T. Herwood, the keeper, received several bad wounds, inflicted with a razor, and it is feared will not survive. Murray was subsequently secured.

LOSS OF LIFE BY DROWNING.—The Maunch Chunk (Pa.) Gazette of the 9th inst., gives the particulars of the drowning of four Irishmen, by a dirt scow being precipitated over a dam. They were all active and enterprising men.

The Springfield (Tenn.) Intelligencer records the death by drowning of three young ladies—Misses Adams, Madden, and Picket—by the upsetting of a boat.

☞ The Northampton Courier, a leading Free Soil journal in Western Massachusetts, gives assurance that the Free Soilers are ready to relinquish their organization and act with any men, or any party, regardless of names, who will heartily oppose the aggressive schemes of the slave power, and faithfully uphold the rights of the North.

☞ At Philadelphia on Monday, a desperate attempt was made by about a dozen men, with masks on, to rescue a woman from the officers who were conducting her into the Court House for trial. The officers were badly beaten, although victorious; the woman fainted, and the rescuers escaped.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Samuel Cross of Blandford, 61 years of age, while at work upon the highway last week, was suddenly stricken down with disease of the heart, and died in fifteen minutes.

☞ Mrs. Dennistown, daughter of ex-Presi. Tyler, and wife of Rev. Mr. Dennistown, Rector of St. Paul's Church in Louisville, died on Thursday, after a short illness.

☞ The southerners are already beginning to send their slaves to Nebraska and Kansas.—A number of gangs are reported as having been seen on the way to those territories.

☞ The Louisville *Courier* says that a party of 10 Coolies, from China, have come into Kentucky to work in the iron mills on the Cumberland River, for a term of years.

DROWNED.—In Savoy on the 6th inst., two sons of Orrin Tower, while bathing in a pond, were drowned.

☞ Grasshoppers have appeared in swarms at Cumberland, Md., and are doing a vast amount of damage to the vegetation.

ROOM TO SPARE.—On Monday last the Jail in Salem contained only five prisoners. One of these was a debtor, and another under sentence from the United States Court.

☞ Miranda Smith, a widow of 40, attempted to commit suicide in Springfield, on Thursday, by cutting her throat with a razor. She lost two quarts of blood, but it is thought she will recover.

☞ Gorden M. Fisk Esq., of the Palmer Journal, has been elected one of the School Committee of Palmer. He is the same man who paid $3 for the privilege of kissing a baby.—*Westfield News Letter.*

And the same one who wanted the baby show postponed a year, for reasons that have not yet been made apparent to the public.—Pass him round.—*Springfield Republican.*

Do be patient, gentlemen; "things is workin'."

Holloway's Pills, an excellent Remedy for Sickness of the Stomach, Loss of Appetite, and General Debility.—The wife of Mr. Thomas Ransom, boot maker, of 14, Maxey-road, Plumstead, suffered for more than seven years from sickness of the stomach and loss of appetite, and was so debilitated as to be compelled to keep her bed. She had been to the hospitals for advice, and under different medical men, but without any benefit, and at this time her life was despaired of. As a last resource, Holloway's Pills were tried, and to the astonishment of all her friends, they produced immediate relief, and restored her to sound and robust health.

"I DIGEST!"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figure of the Ox, in another part of the paper.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that "*the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him*," and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

DR. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY-WINE BITTERS have been sustained through more than one entire generation, and with a liberality unknown to any other medicine; and an instance is not known by the proprietor where they have not been of benefit to those using them for the cure of complaints as recommended. In not the long continued, unwavering support, by the public, of the Sherry Wine Bitters, sufficient evidence of its superiority over every other medicine offered for sale? It is manufactured precisely the same, and the component parts are the same as they were at its first introduction. It contains no mineral substance whatever; and the public may be assured that it is the same *Richardson's Bitters* which, throughout the New England States, the present rising generation have heard their fathers and mothers so often speak in praise.—For sale by Dr. Wm. Holbrook, and D. A. Calkins, Palmer, and by Druggists generally.

MARRIED.

In this town, (Thorndike) 13th inst. by A. R. Murdock Esq, Abraham Lemay and Eliza H. Jacques, all of T.

In Belchertown, May 11th, by Rev. J. M. Rockwood, Leonard Barrett of B. and Ruth Thompson of Pelham.

At Amherst, 4th, Henry S. Haskins and Alvira M. Gray; 7th, A. C. Lindsay of Yanceyville, N. C., and Harriet H. Merrick of A

In Springfield, Edward Adams Jr. and Margaret N. Mixter, both of Wilbraham.

DIED.

In Monson, June 4th, Naomi Warriner, 66.

At Wilbraham, 12th, George Ingraham, infant son of Rev G. Haven.

At Amherst, 2d, William Kellogg, 70.

At Enfield, Mass., 11th, Juliet, 42, wife of Dr. E. H. Rockwood.

"Know Nothings!"

ALL persons in favor of organizing a "Know-Nothing" Society in this town are invited to meet at the Vestry of the Baptist Church, on Monday evening next, at 8 o'clock.

Palmer, June 17th, 1854. 8

2000 STONE BEER BOTTLES of superior quality, for sale by

J. HAMILTON,
No. 3 Burt's Block, Springfield.
jn 17 3w8

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last Will of Catharine Snow, late of Ludlow, in the county of Hampden, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

DAVID TENNEY, Executor.
June 6th, 1854. 8

HAMPDEN SS. At a Court of Probate holden at Monson, within and for the Co. of Hampden, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1854.

On the petition of Chauncey D. Brewer administrator, with the Will annexed of Ira Morse, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell the homestead of said deceased, containing about ninety acres, being the whole of the real estate of said deceased, for payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law.

Ordered, that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said county, on the 1st day of July next, at 10 o'clock a. m., then and there to be heard and decided upon, and that the said administrator give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in The Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same

OLIVER B. MORRIS, Judge af Probate.

Copy—Attest—
HENRY SMITH, Register.

Wanted Immediately!

300 bushels RYE, for which the highest market price will be paid.

O. H BIDWELL.
Palmer, June 10th, '54. 7tf.

More Beauties!

FOR Dress Goods on our counters, come and see them.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Parasols.

WE have received a large lot of Parasols, that we can sell cheap.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

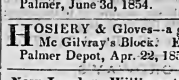
Bargains!

OUR Store is light enough to show you what you buy. Please examine styles and qualities, and hear prices. We will try to please you

M. W FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, June 3d, 1854. 6

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.



Commencing 25 May, 1854.

LEAVE PALMER at 7.50 a. m., or on arrival of train from Springfield. Connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with steamers for Stonington and Greenport.

3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE NEW LONDON at 7.15 a. m., connecting at Willimantic with a train for Hartford and Bristol, and at Palmer for Amherst, Springfield, Albany and the express train reaching Worcester at 11.20 a. m., and Boston at 12.45 p. m.—11.15 a. m. for Norwich.

3.00 o'clock p. m., connecting with trains for Hartford, Amherst, Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

No passengers will be allowed to ride on the Freight Trains.

Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from New London, (Cabin)	$3,00.
" " (Deck)	2,60.
Stonington,	2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.
New London, May 25th, 1854.

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by

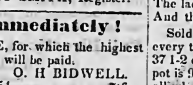
24 E. B. MILES, Agt.

W. J. Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Amherst & Belchertown R. R.



Summer Arrangement, Commencing May 22, 1854.

Leave Amherst for Palmer at 9 00 a. m., and
" 5.00 p. m.
" Belchertown " " 9.30 " "
" 5.30 p. m.
" Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 p. m. "
" 8.10 p. m.
" Belchertown for " " 2.50 " "
" 8.40 p. m.

The 9 o'clock train from Amherst connects with the 9.45 a m. train from Springfield for Boston, and with the first train from Boston for Springfield, New York and Albany. The 5 o'clock train connects with the 4 o'clock Express Train from Boston, for Hartford, New Haven and New York, and the 4.30 Accommodation Train for Springfield and Albany.

The 2.20 p. m. train from Palmer will leave on the arrival of the Accommodation Train from Albany and Springfield, and passenger from New York, New Haven, and Hartford, will leave Springfield at 1.50 p. m. The 8.10 p. m. train will leave on the arrival of the Express and Accommodation trains from Boston, the afternoon train from New London, Norwich and Willimantic, and the 5 o'clock train from Springfield.

Stage connections at Belchertown and Amherst for Enfield and Greenwich, North Hadley and Amherst.

N. D. POTTER, Sup't.
May 22nd, 1854. 5

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE!

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters!!

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD." Langley's Compound Dock Root, Sarsaparilla Prickley Ash, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Mandrake and Rhubarb "Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters." There can be no better medicine for any one who is troubled (as nearly all people are in the Spring) with Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Weakness, Loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Headache, and bad humors in the blood and skin, and for nervous debility, Costiveness and Piles, this compound is the best thing in the world, as by it nature is assisted in her operations, purifying the blood and removing diseases.

Is your *Liver* disordered? Is *Jaundice* your foe? Then Langley will deal both the monsters a blow;

Do you suffer from *Headaches*—twill give you relief.

For *Piles* his of all cures, acknowledged the chief;

The motto of "Buy me and I'll do you good,"

The test of experience has easily stood—

And many unto it this truth will append,

That the Root and Herb Bitters is every one's friend.

Is your Appetite gone? then the Root Bitters take,

And you'll heartily relish your chop or your steak;

The blood it will purify—redden your cheeks—

And strengthen your frame, should it ever grow weak;

The ladies declare no such remedy's known,

And the sale is immense to the fair sex alone!

Sold by merchants and dealers in medicine in every town and village, for 25 cents a pint and 37 1-2 cents for a quart bottle. Wholesale depot is 99 Union st., Boston. Sold in Palmer by all who sell medicines. my27 5

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,

Importers, and Jobbers

—OF—

English, Scotch, French, and German

DRY GOODS.

—ALSO—

Dealers in American Goods, in great variety.

Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.

47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street,

BOSTON.

my 13 tf3.

STuart's Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Notice Extraordinary.

JUST received, at the famous Emporium, at LYON'S block, Main st., first door west of the Post Office, WARE, Mass., a large and extensive assortment of

Millinery, Summer and Dress Goods, Fashionable Bonnets, all prices, Lawn Bonnets, Silk and Crape.

A large assortment of

Mantillas & Visites, White Crape & Black Silk Shawls.

We shall offer, just for the fun of it, goods at the following prices:

Lawns and Muslin, good styles, at 6 1-4 cts.
Poplins, " " 12 1-2 "

A large assortmnet of

Fancy and Black Silks, Changeable Plaid and Striped,

BEBAGES, Plain & Figured, all Colors,

FRINGE & LACE for MANTILLAS, TRIMMINGS, Rich Embroideries, PARASOLS & FANS.

It is useless to name all the goods on hand, as almost everybody knows our prices are a little lower than any body's else.

To Milliners in adjoining towns, we would say, that we guarantee our prices to be as low as any responsible house in the place.

5 J. H. STORRS.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &c., by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

N. S. BARNES, PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House. Office 2 doors south W. R. Bridge.

Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by

M. W. FRENCH.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excruciating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.
Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 25,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures. In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain*.

CURTIS & PERKINS,
Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Bilious and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system.

Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, bilious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by

O. H. BIDWELL.
Apr 1st, 1854. 50

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),

—DEALERS IN—

Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,

44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by

J. A. HALL.
Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

REMOVAL.

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Manger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by

J. A. HALL.
Apr 22, '54. 52.

STACY & ALLEN,

—DEALERS IN—

Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS.

Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.

GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.
my 13 3tf

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain till the 1st of July in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Miniatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.

Children taken at any age. Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.

No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.

Palmer, June 10th, 1854. 3tf2

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines, new styles just received by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 61

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by

E. B. MILES, Agt.
Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

MARRIAGE, HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the causes of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have been spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still, most interred, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And so her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily desolating upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that experience which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sick-room and poor-house bounds. In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her suffering, &c. be the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all price—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., pp. 250. *Price, 50 cts.*

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriage, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain unfortified upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Titlepage and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing post-paid, as herein.

When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be ignorant.

☞ On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition extra binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*mail of course*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 1224, New York City. Publication Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Brears, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T. Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S. Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Court St.; Redding & Co., 18 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 128 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags.

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.
Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the NEW STORE.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.
Palmer, May 20th, 1852. 4tf

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab, brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also, Panamas, Leghorn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞ Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.

AT J. BOWLES,
tf48. Nassowanno Block

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at

t50 CONKEY'S.

Home.

Here is one of Montgomery's delightful creations—a fit subject for reflection in this age of artificialities. Read it, ye who seek in vain abroad for those unalloyed pleasures which are found alone amid the genial influences of the home circle :—

There is a spot of earth supremely blest,
A dearer, sweeter one than all the rest :
Where man, creation's tyrant, casts aside
His sword and sceptre, pageantry and pride,
While in his softened look benignly blend
The sire, the son, the husband, father, friend.
Here woman reigns, the mother, daughter, wife,
Strews with fresh flowers the narrow way of life;
In the clear heaven of her delightful eye,
An angel guard of love and graces lie :
Around her knees domestic duties meet,
And fire side pleasures gambol at her feet,
Where shall that land, that spot of earth be found?
Art thou a man ? a patriot ? look around ;
Oh thou shalt find, howe'er thy footsteps roam,
That land thy country, and that spot thy home.

A Gem.—Who wrote the following epitaph upon an infant ? It speaks to the heart :—

Beneath this stone in sweet repose,
Is laid a mother's dearest pride ;
A flower that scarce had waked to life,
And light, and beauty, ere it died.
God in his wisdom has recalled
The precious boon his love had given ;
And though the casket moulders here,
The gem is sparkling now in heaven.

Mind your own Business.

What are another's faults to me?
I've not a vulture's bill,
To pick at every flaw I see,
And make it wider still!

It is enough for me to know
I've follies of my own—
And on my heart my care bestow,
And let my friends alone!

☞ If you would be happy, take the papers. We never knew a man out of humor, cash or diet, who had the latest news on his shoulders. Newspapers and happiness are brothers and sisters.

Happiness is as a butterfly, which, when pursued, is always just beyond your grasp, but which, if you sit dow quietly, may alight upon you.

The woman who umlertok to scour the woods, has abandoned the job, on account of the scarcity of sand and the high price of soap.

If you wish to obtain a good wife, make no presents that cost more than a kindly expression or a modest smile.

☞ The following question was decided a week ago last October—"which is the oldest berry ?" We attach the answer : "The Elderberry."

☞ There are ten or twelve frightful cases of lip, tongue, and face cancer in the London cancer hospital, all resulting from excessive smoking.

——It is said of the celebrated writer, Bayle, that when his mother desired to received his portrait, he sent her a picture of his *heart*.

☞ When men try to get more good than comes from well doing, they always get less.

☞ He who would acquire fame, must not show himself afraid of censure. The dread of censure is the death of genius.

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(*Nassowanna Block.*)
A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.
Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and bnsiness in the Probate Courts.
Offices in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.
Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS.
15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.
An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,
SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞ Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Grenite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order
jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!
All kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Snbscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May 22 1853. 6tf

Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V Manew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the carr will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omn busses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf51

Wooden Ware !
FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Grass Seed !
CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

INSURANCE.
Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
——AND——
ÆTNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
—ALSO FOR THE—
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield,
will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S
HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN
Are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases :
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains
ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.
Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professors Valentine Mott, Van Buren, Post, Cainochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain. and also furnish any one (grat's) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256. Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!
THE Snbscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

Dentistry.
J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞ Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.
CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently curing the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country. Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.
THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with New Goods, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of
Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers; White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes; Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.; Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portfolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each; All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books; Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases; Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes; Farina's Unrivaled Cologne; Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets; Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys; Pearl & Ivory Tablets; Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls; Games too numerous to mention; Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns; Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases; Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands; All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights; Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses; Thermometers and Barometers; Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Domiuoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers; Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents; Penknives, Scissors and Shears; A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases; Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills; Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles; The best of Wax, warranted to burn free; Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box; Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes; Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates; A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general; Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks; Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities; Patent Blot Pads; Diaries; Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c. Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c. Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink; Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers; Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers; Newspaper Files and Wires; Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks; Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks; Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.
All of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the Paper and Envelope Trade, at 10 State Street, Hartford, Ct., by ELIHU GEER.
☞ Every kind and style of Job, Card and Book Printing, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of New Type and Machinery are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 State st.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.
THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.
Certificate.
I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to prononnce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.
Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!
IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
——AND——
Blood Purifier.
DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by Dr. Kelley, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for
Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.
The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint — The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after rying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.
For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.
Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver, opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease
FOR DYSPEPSIA.
A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.
For Cancerons Humors,
It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.
FOR COSTIVENESS.
One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.
For Kidney Difficnlties,
It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Puirifier. For Chills and Fever, Murcurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled; sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that, the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.
Full Directions on the Bottle.
☞ *PRICE* $1,00.
HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,
Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure
☞ Price 25 Cents a Bottle.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.
This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.
☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

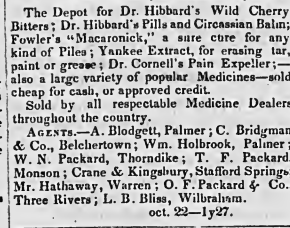
DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Destroyer.
This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most o which have not heretofore been united and compounded into their present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.
☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.*
Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.
ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook ;—Monson, Timothy Packard ; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane ; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton ;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney ; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde ; Belchertown, H. A. Longley ; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard ; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

CARPETINGS!
W. P. Tenny & Co.,
RAILROAD HALL,
Haymarket Square, Boston Ms,
Importers of
ENGLISH CARPETINGS,
OF THE FOLLOWING DESCRIPTIONS, VIZ—
Superior and medinm Velvet Pile,
" " Brussels,
" " Tapestry Brussels,
" " Kiddermaster,
Floor Oil Cloths, Rugs, Mats, &c.
We have in store a great variety of choice patterns for Spring, also, American carpeting, Biglow Brussels, Lowell 3 ply and Ingrains, and almost every description to be found in the market, at the lowest price. mch18 3 m48.

Flour and Grain!
50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

Salt! Salt!!
50 SACKS Liverpool, Fine and Coarse-Fine Salt. 150 Bags good Rock Salt—or sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!
AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the
SOVEREIGN REMEDY!
This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will in any case where lungs sufficient are left to ustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "and nothing but the truth."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.
The Depot for Dr. Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macaronick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
Agents.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S


THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.
Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations* Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
Agent.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!
THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any mineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *J. L. SCOFILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bondsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Coffins.
THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 10, 1850. tf 29

THE FAR-FAMED MEDICINE!
HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.
The Pills being composed entirely of medicinal herbs are of a most harmless nature, while the extraordinary virtues they possess have rendered them universally popular in nearly every part of the world. The immense success they have met with throughout the States is most extraordinary, owing, it is presumed, to their wonderful efficacy in the cure of Billious complaints and disorders of the Liver and Stomach. Persons who persevere in using them in accordance with the directions, seldom fail in being restored to health.
WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,—RESTORATION TO HEALTH OF A GENTLEMAN, AGED 45, WHEN AT DEATH'S DOOR.
Copy of a Letter from the Rev. Charles Smith, dated Newton, St Phillips, near Bath, Somersetshire, 17th August, 1853.
To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—A Mr. Joseph Purton, formerly a resident of this place, had been in a declining state of health for upwards of three years, gradually wasting away to a shadow by nightly perspirations and want of appetite, which caused great uneasiness to his friends, as he had consulted various medical men in Bath, without effect. He at last used your Pills, and under providence was restored to health by their means. He lately emigrated to New York, and has just written to say, that he was never better in health, and desired me to acquaint you with the circumstance. I ought also to mention, that my wife has derived great benefit from the use of your Pills.
I remain, Sir, yours respectfully,
CHARLES SMITH, Dissenting Minister.
A PERMANENT CURE OF A DISEASED LIVER OF MANY YEARS' DURATION.
Copy of a Letter from Mr. Gamis, Chemist, Yeovil, to Professor Holloway.
Dear Sir —In this district your Pills command a more extensive sale than any other proprietary medicine before the public. As a proof of their efficacy in Liver and Billious Complaints I may mention the following case :—A lady of this town with whom I am personally acquainted, for years was a severe sufferer from disease of the Liver and digestive organs; her medicinal attendant assured her that he could do nothing to relieve her sufferings, and it was not likely she could survive many months. This announcement naturally caused great alarm among her friends and relations, and they induced her to make a trial of your Pills, which so improved her general health that she was induced to continue them until she received a perfect cure. This is twelve months ago, and she has not experienced any symptoms of relapse, and often declares that your Pills have been the means of saving her life.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly.
July 23d, 1853. (Signed) J. GAMIS.
These celebrated Pills are wonderfully efficatious in the following complaints :—
Ague, Asthma, Billious Complaints, Blotches on the Skin, Bowel Complaints, Colics, Constipation of the Bowels, Consumption, Debility, Dropsy, Dysentery, Erysipelas, Female Irregularities, Fevers of all kinds, Fits, Gout, Headache, Indigestion, Inflammation, Jaundice, Liver Complaints, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism Retention of Urine, Scrofula, or King's Evil Sore Throats, Stone and Gravel, Secondary, Symptoms, Tic Douloureux, Tumors, Ulcers, Venereal Affections, Worms of all kinds, Weakness, from whatever cause, &c., &c.
Sold at the Establishment of Prof. Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, Eng., and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed "T. Holloway, New York," will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Boxes at 37 1 2 cents, 87 cts. and $1,50 cts. each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Box.
For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm Holbrook.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!
MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas
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Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
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One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
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Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours. I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. Have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
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THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
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J. A. HALL.
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THE PALMER JOURNAL;
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

GORDEN M. FISK,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

OFFICE CORNER OF MAIN AND FURNACE STS.

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The Journal has a larger circulation in Eastern Hampden and vicinity than all other papers. It is, therefore, for the interest of those who wish their advertisements read and circulated in this section, to publish them in the Journal.

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Of every description neatly and punctually executed at this Office.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to.

Agents for the Journal.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

CLAUDE MELNOTTE;
—OR—
The Lady of Lyons.

DURING the early years of the first and most brilliant successes of the French Republic—a period when society in France was in a general ferment, and ranks were equalized—Claude Melnotte, the son of a gardener, lived with his widowed mother, in a small cottage in the neighborhood of Lyons. In that picturesque city lived Pauline Deschappelles, the only daughter and heiress of a wealthy merchant. She was endowed with so much beauty, and so many accomplishments, that everybody—old, young, rich, and poor—paid homage to her. Among her admirers there was no one that entertained such ardent feelings for her as Claude Melnotte. During the life-time of his father, he had worked in the garden of Monsieur Deschappelles, and while tending the flowers had seen Pauline. He saw her a spirit of bloom and joy, and freshness; the passionate feelings of man entered the breast of the wild, dreaming boy, and from that hour he grew—what to the last he was—her adorer. This love, vain and frantic as it seemed, became to him a fountain of ambition and bright hope. He thought of the tales he had heard gossips tell by the winter hearth, how maidens sprung from kings, had stooped from their high sphere; how love, like death, levels all ranks, and lays the shepherd's crook beside the sceptre. With his high-placed love, his restless feelings, and his brilliant hopes, he made his home in the soft palace of a fairy future. His father died, and he became his own master, whereupon he sought to raise himself above his low condition. Pauline's bright image, glassed in his soul, lured him on to those inspiring toils by which man masters man. He grew a midnight student over the dreams of sages; he sought to borrow from every grace and every muse the attributes that lend ideal charms to love. He thought of Pauline, and passion taught him poetry; he thought of her, and the life of beauty grew on the canvas of the painter. His companions called him vain, mad; and he heeded not, but still toiled on, hoped on, for it was sweet, if not to win, to feel more worthy of the dear object of his exalted passion. At last, in a mad hour, he sent a tribute of song to Pauline—some verses which he had written of the idol of his heart, to show it what bright things it had created. Instead of feeling proud of the present, Pauline scorned it, though there was not a line that a serf might not have written to an empress;—the letter was tossed into the mire by the lackey, who swore that his lady and her mother never were more insulted, and Claude's messenger, Gasper, was driven from the house with blows.

From that hour the love of Claude Melnotte turned to wrath, almost resembling hatred. But he was not the only one who had been made miserable by Pauline. Monsieur Beauseant, a rich gentleman, and whose family had been enrolled before the revolution, had been refused by her for no other reason than, as he believed, because she would not marry a commoner. His friend, Glavis, was also a rejected lover of her, and he was vain enough to think he had been refused for the same reason.

These two friends, in a perfect fever of mortification and rage, and to consolate themselves in their heartache, were proceeding to spend a day or two at Beauseant's chateau, when they stopped to bait the horses and rest an hour at the Golden Lion, a small village inn, a few leagues from Lyons. They were standing on the lawn with the landlord and his daughter, looking over the bill of fare, when they heard shouts without of, 'Long live the prince!' 'Long live the prince!'

'The prince!' exclaimed Beauseant.—'What prince is that? I thought we had no princes left in France.'

'The lads, sir,' replied the landlord, laughing, 'always call him prince. It's the pride of the village, Claude Melnotte, the son of old Melnotte, the gardener.'

'And why do they call him prince?' inquired Beauseant.

'Partly,' replied the landlord, 'because he is at the head of them all, and partly because he has such a proud way with him, and wears such fine clothes—and, in short, looks like a prince. But the revolution that turns us all topsy-turvey, has turned his brain. I mean, sir, the revolution of love!'

'Romantic young Corydom!' sneered Beauseant. 'And with whom is he in love?'

'I hear from his mother, good soul,' said the landlord, 'that it is no less a person than the beauty of Lyons, Pauline Deschappelles.'

Both Beauseant and Glavis here burst into a loud fit of laughter, and ascertaining from the landlord that Pauline had never even condescended to look at Claude, and did not know him by sight, an idea entered Beauseant's head of revenging himself on Pauline, by marrying her to Claude Melnotte, after making him pass off as a foreign prince—a character that he was well enabled to support, being a perfect Admiral Crichton in learning, and in such accomplishments as fencing, dancing, music, and painting. As to the expenses necessary to maintain the rank, Beauseant and his friend Glavis expressed their willingness to lend him money, clothes and equipages. In a short time they had left the inn behind them and turning down a lane, struck across a common, and came in sight of widow Melnott's cottage. They saw Claude, and finding him all that he had been represented, Beauseant wrote this letter to him:

"Young man, I know thy secret—thou lovest above thy station: if thou hast wit, courage and discretion, I can secure to thee the realization of thy most sanguine hopes; and the sole condition I ask in return is, that thou shalt be steadfast to thine own ends. I shall demand from thee a solemn oath to marry her whom thou lovest; to bear her to thine home on thy wedding night.

'I am serious—if thou wouldst learn more, lose not a moment, but follow the bearer of the letter to thy friend and patron,

CHARLES BEAUSEANT.'

With his whole soul made a chaos by the disdain of Pauline, Claude Melnotte found himself a ready tool for the revenge of his tempters. Pauline had trampled upon him as on a worm—as a worm he now turned to sting her. He accepted the bargain offered him by Beauseant; and in due time was introduced to the pompous mother, and the scornful daughter, as His Highness the Prince of Como. It was all over with them—he came—he saw—he conquered; and not many days after his arrival, he was already promised the hand of Pauline.

In the family there was a cousin of Madame Deschappelles, Colonel Damas, a man as brave in action as he was rude in speech. One day, in conversation with Pauline, Claude heard that she was proud of her connexion with this relative, howbeit that Damas was a soldier of fortune—one who owed his position to merit not birth—one who had risen (and in two years,) from the ranks to his present grade. Taking advantage of the opportunity, Claude was endeavoring to instil into the mind of Pauline the old and classical sentiment, that virtue is nobility, when she observed to him fondly:

'I cannot forego pride when I look on thee and think that thou lovest me. Sweet prince, tell me again of thy palace by the Lake of Come; it is so pleasant to hear of thy slendor, since thou didst swear to me that they would be desolate without Pauline; and, when thou describest them it is with a mocking lip and a noble scorn, as if custom had made thee disdain greatness.'

Evading the request of Pauline, Claude proceeded to describe a home, which he did not say he possessed.

'Nay, dearest, nay,' said he, 'if thou wouldst have me paint the home to which, could love fulfil its prayers, this hand would lead thee—listen! A deep vale shut out by Alpine hills from the rude world; near a clear lake; margined by fruit of gold and whispering myrtles; glassing softest skies as cloudless, save with rare and roseate shadows, as I would have thy fate,'

'My own dear love!' murmured Pauline.

'A palace,' Claude continued, 'lifting to eternal summer its marble walls, from out a glossy bower of coolest foliage musical with birds, whose songs should syllable thy name. At noon, we'd sit beneath the arching vines, and wonder why earth could not be happy, while the heavens still left us youth and love! We'd have no friends that were not lovers; no ambition, save to excel them all in love; we'd read no books that were not tales of love—that we might smile to think how poorly eloquence of words translates the poetry of hearts like ours. And when night came, amidst the breathless heavens, we'd guess what star would be home when love becomes immortal; while the perfumed light stole through the mists of alabaster lamps, and every air was heavy with the sighs of orange groves and music from sweet lutes, and murmurs of low fountains that gush forth in the midst of roses! Love,' he said, dost thou like the picture?'

'Ah! exclaimed Pauline, softly, 'as the bee upon the flower, I hang upon the honey of thy tongue. Am I not blest? And if I love too wildly, who would not love thee like Pauline?'

'Oh! false one!' exclaimed Claude, bitterly. 'It is the *prince* thou lovest, not the *man*. If, in the stead of luxury, pomp and power, I had painted poverty, toil and care, thou hadst found no honey on my tongue. Pauline, that is not love.'

'Cruel prince,' said Pauline, 'thou wrong'st me. 'Tis true I might not at first been won, save through the weakness of a flattered pride; but now—oh!—trust me—couldst thou fall from thy power and sink——'

'As low,' inquired Melnotte, eagerly, 'as that poor gardener's son, who dared to lift his eyes to thee?'

'Even then,' said Paluine, 'methinks thou wouldst be only made more dear by the sweet thought that I could prove how deep is woman's love! We are like the insects, caught by the poor glittering of a garish flame; but ah! the wings are scorched—the brightest star lures us no more, and by the fatal light we cling till death!'

'Angel!' murmured Melnotte. Conscience stung him for the treacherous part he was playing. Her love had given a torture worse than her hate.

He lost no time in seeking out Beauseant and Glavis, and desired them to release him from his oath. He said he was not in his senses when he had sworn to them to marry Pauline. Instead, however, of complying with his request, Beauseant replied that the invention he had planned to bring about the marriage immediately, was ripe for execution. In great excitement he went to the Deschappelles, and pretended that he had just received from a friend at Paris—a member of the directory—a letter, stating that the prince was suspected of designs against the republic; that he must quit Lyons immediately, or he would be arrested—thrown into prison—perhaps guillotined. Horses are ordered to the carriage immediately, and the prince was to fly to Marseilles, and then to take ship to Leghorn.

Unwilling that the prince should depart without her daughter, Madame Deschappelles was anxious that the marriage should take place at once; the settlement was arranged by proxy: and before the ceremony was over, the carriage was at the door, and Pauline—as she and her parents thought—was carried home the bride of an illustrious prince. But what a fearful reality it was to her, to find herself in less than half an hour, surrounded by the rude walls of widow Melnotte's cottage! The blood almost froze in her veins when she discovered that she was the wife of a peasant—the son of peasants—a young man of poor though honest parents. At first she thought it all a jest—a horrid dream—and was amazed beyond measure to hear that the deep wrong of this most vile revenge had proceeded merely from the slight which she—a poor powerless girl—had shown Claude by not accepting his verses. But Claude repenting what he had done, was ready to lay at her feet a husband's rights; as by the laws of France, a marriage thus unholy and unfulfilled could be made void and null, he begged her to sleep that night in peace, for that the law would do her justice and restore her to the right to bless another with her love.

'And when thou art happy,' continued Melnotte, 'and hast half forgotten him who so loved—so wronged thee, think, at least, Heaven lost some remnant of the angel still in that poor peasant's nature.'

Pauline, in her solitary chamber, passed the whole, long desolate night in sobs, while Claude sat down and wrote a letter to Pauline's father, which he sent off at daybreak, begging him to come and receive into his hands his consent to the divorce.

On rising in the morning Pauline found Claude absent, but she saw his mother. In a conversation with the widow, she found out that she had been loved—idolized by Claude for three years; that he had learned to paint, that he might take her likeness; and that, three years ago, he had saved up all his money to buy a real Seive China cup, merely because the name of *Pauline* was inscribed on it. Pauline was weeping and grieving that Claude was not something better than a gardener's son—that he was but a poor gentleman—when Beauseant made his appearance not so much to exult in her humiliation as to offer to lay his fortune at her feet, and to bear her to a home more suitable for her reception—a home of wealth, luxury, and station. She was begging him to respect her anguish, when Melnotte opened the door silently, and perceiving Beauseant addressing Pauline paused at the threshold, and looked on in silence. But when he beheld Beauscant, is spite of Pauline's entreaties, attempting to clasp her in his arms, he sprang forward and dashed him to the other end of the room. Enraged, Beauscant levelled a pistol at him.

'Oh! spare him; spare my husband!' shrieked Pauline. 'Beauseant—Claude—no, no—' and she fell fainting into the arms of Claude.

On recovering she found herself alone with her husband.

'All gone—all calm—' she exclaimed, looking around her. 'Is everything a dream? Thou art safe, unhurt—I do not love thee,' she added tenderly; 'but I am woman, and—and—no blood is spilt?'

'No, lady, no,' replied Melnotte, 'my guilt hath not deserved so rich a blessing as even danger in thy cause.'

They were here interrupted by the enterence of widow Melnotte, who came in to tell them of the approach of Pauline's parents.

'Ah! madam,' she continued, addressing Pauline, 'do not let them injure him—if you knew how he doted on you!'

'Injure him!' exclaimed Pauline' 'no, ma'am, be not afraid.'

On the entrance of her parents, Claude renounced all pretensions to her person, by giving his consent to a divorce, and fully confessing the fraud which annulled the marraige.

'Your daughter, sir,' said he, handing the paper to Monsieur Deschappelles, 'has been foully wronged—I grant it, sir; but her own lips will tell you, that from the hour in which she crossed this threshhold, I returned to my station, and respected her's. Pure and inviolate, as when yester-morn you laid your hand upon her head, and blessed her, I yield her back to you. For myself, I deliver you for ever from my presence. An outcast and a criminal, I shall seek some distant land, where I may mourn in sin, and pray for your daughter's peace. Farewell—farewell to you all, forever.'

* * * * * *

Two years and a half had rolled on since the incidents related above, when one day there marched into the streets of Lyons a regiment fresh from the army in Italy, and under the command of Colonel—now General—Damas. In this corps there was a young officer, who, in those two years and a half, had risen to a colonel's rank, was the hero of Lodi, and altogether a most mysterious person. His fellow officers knew him by the name of Morier; and his constant melancholy—the loneliness of his habits—his daring valor—his brilliant rise in the profession—the friendship of his general, and the favors of his commander in chief—all tended to make him as much the matter of gossip as of admiration. It is almost unnecessary to say that it was Claude Melnotte, who had gone to Italy with General Damas, he had placed himself where a foe was most dreaded—wherever France most needed a life—there was no forlorn hope without him. But, instead of meeting death, he distinguished himself by brave deeds; he was a thrifty, economical man, and managed to find Italy a second Mexico to him; for he had saved something very handsome. On his arrival in Lyons, he asked every one—who could know anything of her—about Pauline; and was amazed to hear that she had consented to a divorce from him—from her husband Claude Melnotte; and on that very day she was to authorize the necessary proceedings of annulling her present illegal marriage, and signing a contract which was to make her Beauseant's wife within one week. Not that she was false to Claude—no—her heart was still devotedly attached to him; but she alone could be the means of saving her father from bankruptcy, by procuring a large sum to meet demands that could not be denied nor delayed, and which she could only obtain by giving her hand to Beauseant, who, on that condition, would advance the money.

As the clock struck one, the hour fixed for the annulling of the contract, General Damas, accompanied by Claude Melnotte, as Colonel Morier, entered the room in the house of Monsieur Deschappelles, where the contract was to take place, and where Pauline in great dejection sat with her parents. On seeing her cousin enter, Pauline implored him to save her.

'I can not help you,' was the reply, 'I am too poor; but hold,' continued the general, 'you see my friend, Morier. Melnotte is his most intimate friend—fought in the same fields—slept in the same tent. Have you any message to send to Melnotte? Any word to soften this blow?'

She approached Melnotte, but, with a stern air, he turned away from her. She spoke to him, and, as he heard her voice, the old time came o'er again.

'Tell Melnotte,' she said, 'that for years I never nursed a thought that was not his—or that on his wandering way, daily and nightly, poured a mourner's prayers. Tell, e'en now, that I would rather share his lowest cot—walk by his side an outcast—work for him—beg for him—live upon the light of one kind smile from him, than wear the crown the Bourbon's lost!'

Almost maddened with the joy that these sweet words produced.

'You loved him thus,' exclaimed Melnotte, in a beautiful tone, 'and yet deserted him?'

'Say, that, if his eye,' continued Pauline, 'could read this heart—its struggles—its temptations—his love itself would pardon that desertion! Look on that poor old man—he is my father; he stands on the verge of an abyss—he calls his child up to save him! Shall I shrink from him who is my father?—withhold my hand and seo a parent perish? Tell me this, and say—that we shall meet again in heaven!'

Here the voice of Beauseant, who was standing at the table on which the papers were scattered, was heard exclaiming to Pauline:

'The papers are prepared—we only need your hand and seal.'

'Stay, lady,' exclaimed Melnotte, detaining Pauline, with anxiety, 'one word more. Were but your duty with your faith united, would you still share the low-born peasant's lot?'

'Would I!' exclaimed Pauline. 'Ah! better death with him I love, than all the pomp, which is but as the flowers that crown the victim.'

She turned to take the contract from the notary, when Melnotte seized it, and tore it to fragments.

'Are you mad?' said Beauseant.

'How, sir! exclaimed Monsieur Deschappelles, what means this insult?'

'Peace, old man,' said Claude, 'I have a prior claim. Before the face of man and heaven, I urge it. I outbid you sordid huckster for your priceless jewel. There is the sum twice told!' he continued, handing a pocket-book. 'Blush not to take it; there's not a coin that is not bought and hallowed in the cause of nations with a soldier's blood!'

'That voice!' exclaimed Pauline, breathless with amazement; 'thou art—'

'Thy husband!' exclaimed Melnotte, as Pauline rushed into his arms.

That was a blessed hour! What sweet and holy tears Pauline wept on the bosom of her husband! Monsieur Deschappelles was happy to see his daughter's welfare entrusted to a man who had so nobly worn both love and honor; and as to Madame Deschappelles, she had no objection to have Claude Melnotte for a son-in-law, for though she had thought him an ugly miserable wretch, when he was a gardener's son, she observed a wonderful improvement in him now that he was a Colonel and a Hero.

☞The annual report of the New York Washing and bathing Association states that the receipts during the last year amounted to $7,019 72,—expenses $6,900. The number of bathers were 80,000, of whom 5000 were women.

☞Capt. Blank has contracted with the colonial government to import 10,000 coolies into Martinique in four years, for 2500 a year.

☞It is said there is not a single Jew in the United States engaged in agriculture. Most of them are traders.

——Bacon says justly, the best part of beauty is that which a picture cannot express.

——The good things which belong to *prosperity* are to be wished, but the good things that belong to *adversity* are to be admired.

——Flowers are one of the many beautiful gifts of God to man.

A Western Love Letter.

1000 eight hundred and 50 fore

MY DEER HENRY:—I embrace this here opporchunity to let you knough na how I had a spell of digor, and I hope theas lines may find yew enjoying the same God's Blessin! Why dont yew onley rite a sweate line to tell sufferin Kathrun all about her sweate Henry.—Oh! my sweate Henry—my turtle dove—my pidging—my deer, deer Henry—how my poor sole is longin for to heer yer sweate voyce. I think I heer him singin Yanky Dudle as he cums from his plow now. Oh, my Henry, do cum out and let's get married. So no more at present, but remane yer lovin

KATHRUN AN TILDEN.

To my sweate Henry.

P. S.—Part sekkund.

Jeem Blaslcet has razed a nue house, and Sally does live so snug, she fites him sumetimes when he's a little antony over. My sweate Henry let us keape house, and if yew luv me I wont whip you indeed; nor I wont look at nobody else, so I wont. Daddy says as how I must git married, because I have run 2 long already. So no more at present.

K. A. T.

P. S. Part thurd.

my pen is bad, my inck is pale,
my luv to yew shall never fale,
for henry is my own true luv,
my pidging, duck and tirtle duv.

so no more at present.

K. A. TILDEN.

P. S.—Noty Beeny—Muthurs ded and Thimothy are got the fever.

So no more at present from yer lovin

KATHRUN AN.

Noty Beeny 2—I forgot to say as how that are korn on my big toe dont hurt as it used to did. So wonce mour yer wife as is to bee, cends 2 kisses and sez fare wel. Yours, til deth do us part.

K. A. T.

Molly's Advice to the Girls.

Now girls what's the use of making such an awful fuss because a man has deceived you? Hav'nt all celebrated divines told you "that man's heart is deceitful above all things?" And has'nt the prince of modern poets said:

"Man's love is of man's life, a thing apart."

And hav'nt you read that, "were man but constant, he were perfect?" &c. And now can't you believe what everbody, ancient and modern, Jew and Gentile, Christian and Heathen, men and women, heroes, statesmen, sages, divines, philosophers, and a host of others tell you? It really is strange!

Then he has proved false, has he? What more could you expect? I'm sure I should have been disappointed if he had'nt.

Do use as much as a spoonful of common sense. Be kind and sensible, and not get so many romantic notions into your head, and then, if your true-love does tell you just before you get to the altar, "that he won't marry you, do you suppose I'd rave and tear my hair, or swoon, and go into hysterics, or do any other such marvellous things? No, indeed! not I. But I'll tell you what I would do. I'd jump up and down for joy, to think I had found him out before the slipping noose got around my neck. Hearts were not made to break—and if you can keep it from getting jammed and bruised, well and good. But few can do even that long; and when it comes in contact with such hard substance as a deciful man's heart, if the collision is very unexpected, it may prove dangerous, but bandage it tightly with the icy chain of indifference and my word for it, it will not be fatal.

If I was only young again, wouldn't I show you? Do you suppose I would trust a man that had deceived another, if I knew it, as some of you do? If he has broken one engagement, he may two, and I think with a certain old maid, that "you should never believe a man before marriage, nor trust him afterwards." Suppose he should tell me that "he loved me better than any one else on the face of earth," do you think I'd believe him? Don't he tell every girl the same thing? and is'nt one's lips just as sweet for him as another's? Phew! what does a man know about love, till he gets a good wife to teach him?

☞The *Richmond Enquirer* recommends to the Southern people to manufacture their own shoes. Not only should they do that, but if we are obliged to run down their fugitives they ought to make ours also.

"SHALL we have a North?"—(Brattleboro' Eagle.

As long as we have, in this region, as Baron Steuben used to say we had "Nine months winter and three months d—d cold weather," we probably *shall* have a North.—(Vermont Patriot.

A GREAT BARN.—The Enfield Shakers are building a granite barn for their cows. It is to be two hundred and fifty feet in length, fifty feet wide, and will probably cost fifteen thousand dollars.

FAST.—It is said that a steamship is now in course of construction in England, on the hydraulic pressure principle, which it is calculated, will run fifty miles per hour.

THE JOURNAL.

PALMER, MASS.

SATURDAY, JUNE 24, 1854.

Chances of Getting Married.

Every marriageable lady will, of course, read this article with no little interest. The subject is one which maiden ladies like to talk, read and think about, it being an innate passion of their hearts to live and love for matrimony.

It is shown by facts that are indisputable, that in the country the chances for getting married are much greater than in cities and large villages. In the latter places the number of females is much larger than the number of males, while in the country the number of males exceed that of females, and the average of the whole United States gives but ninety-seven females to every hundred males, making the females in cities and villages about twelve per cent more numerous than in the country. A large number of the fair sex in our cities and factory villages are, therefore, doomed to a life of "single blessedness," simply because there is a scarcity of the opposite sex in their locality, and in the country a large number of "old bachelors" spring up for the same reason.

From all statistics published in this country, it appears that a woman's chances for getting married are best between the ages of 18 and 24. In England, the disposition of the people somewhat alters these chances.—Mr. Finlaison has prepared a table and published it in the London papers, showing to a fraction what a woman's chances are for every year of her life. Of one thousand married women, taken without selection, it was found that the number married at each age after puberty was as follows:

Age.	*Chances.*	*Age.*	*Chances.*
14 to 15	32	28 to 29	45
16 to 17	101	30 to 31	18
18 to 19	219	32 to 33	14
20 to 21	233	34 to 35	8
22 to 23	165	36 to 37	2
24 to 25	102	38 to 39	1
26 to 27	60		
	1000		

From the above statistics it seems that the great harvest time of matrimony is apparently between the ages of 17 and 25. After the latter age there is a great falling off of chances, notwithstanding the increased efforts put forth by the ladies to appear attractive. Silks, laces, rouge, and false teeth are of little avail; the chances will continue to decrease until at the age of 38 there is but one chance in a thousand of a woman's marriage. Having passed the period of life when the affections of the heart are most easily wrought upon, the desires for marriage gradually become less until, with many, a total indifference is felt in regard to the subject. Men lose their desire for matrimony earlier than women.—Unless they become united to some fair being while in the heat and ardor of youth, they generally wait till the cares of life good them to seek a companion to cheer their spirits and share their fortunes. At the age of 29 men stand upon the threshold of "bachelorship," and at 26 unmarried ladies often receive the title of "old maids."

DESTRUCTIVE THUNDER SHOWER.—On Monday, powerful thunder showers visited many places to the south and east of here, and the damage by lightning was considerable. At Kingston the spire of the Unitarian Church was struck and completely demolished, the damage done to the edifice being about $500. The houses of Col. Thomas, widow Lucretia Chandler, and Capt. James Fulton were also struck, and somewhat damaged. Providentially the inmates escaped unharmed.

At Duxbury, a man named Bradford was struck, and remained insensible for two hours, Dr. Nichols of Kingston, five miles distant, coming in the meantime to attend him. At North Bridgewater, a young man 22 years of age was instantly killed. His name is said to be Reynolds, a barber by trade. The importance of applying cold water to persons struck by lightning should ever be remembered.

Mrs. Shaw, wife of Josiah Shaw, Esq., of Abington, was well, and at her work all day, but at the time of the shower was very greatly alarmed. She soon retired to bed, but rising again, was crossing the room, when she fell and died instantly. Her death was probably the result of fright.

The dwelling house of Mr. Lake Perkins in Rochester, was struck by lightning, set on fire, and considerably shattered. The flames were extinguished. Mr. Perkins, who was standing in the door, was prostrated by the shock, and remained senseless for some time.

CHOLERA.—This fearful epidemic is already exhibiting itself in nearly all of our large cities, and if the summer should prove dry and hot, it will undoubtedly prevail to an alarming extent in many parts of the country. Persons living in locations where filth and rubbish render the atmosphere unwholesome should use timely precautions.

☞ A railroad is now completed from the termination of the carriage road on Mt. Holyoke, to the summit of the mountain, a distance of 200 feet. For those who choose to walk, a flight of 475 stairs has been erected.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—On Saturday of last week, a daughter of Capt. Warren, of Westford, Conn., attempted to commit suicide by cutting her throat. The wound was dressed by physicians at hand, thus saving her from death. We do not learn that any reason is assigned for the act.

☞ At Northampton, James Donnelly has been sentenced to five years hard labor in the State Prison, and four days solitary confinement, for attempting to burn the Gazette Office.

DEADLY WEAPONS IN CONGRESS.—Another display of Southern chivalry recently took place in Congress, in a fiery debate between Messrs Cullom and Churchwell of Tenn.—The first went against a repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the latter was for it. In a debate on Tuesday, in regard to granting aid to Minnesota, to enable her to construct certain railroads, Mr. Churchwell accused his colleague of uttering a falsehood.

Mr. Cullom here leaped over the desks which separated him from Mr. Churchwell, and rushed towards him. He was immediately seized by the surrounding members, and while they were holding him he made the most violent efforts to get free, shaking his fists at Churchwell, exclaiming: '*You're a liar!—damned liar!—damned scoundrel!*'—Great confusion ensued. The Sergeant-at-arms went with his mace towards Churchwell, but it was sometime before order could be restored. Mr. Churchwell during the affray drew a pistol and cocked it.

Such shameful exhibitions in Congress are most certainly a disgrace to our nation, and the more so, for the reason that they are allowed to occur so often and are passed over so lightly. An exhibition of deadly weapons in a street would warrant the arrest of the person carrying them, and his imprisonment; but in the legislative halls of Congress, persons are allowed to go armed, and to exhibit their murderous propensity without being subject to the penalty which a similar demonstration would be greeted with outside the Capitol. It is high time these cowardly exhibitions were prohibited, and they can be if Congress will only take the matter in hand. Let the member who shows a disposition to play the bully be arrested, and served as bullies ought to be, and if this dose don't tame his chivalric spirit, let an expulsion from Congress immediately follow. At every session two or three feints at duelling are generally made, and then follows explanations &c., taking up the time which ought to be devoted to other purposes. Respect for American principles, American government and common decency ought to prevent such occurrences, but men in high stations seem to lack as much in this qualification as those in the lowest ranks of society.

SOLOMON AND DR. ADAM CLARKE ON CALIFORNIA.—"As a bird that wandereth from her nest, so is a man that wandereth from his place."—*Prov.* 27, 8.

"*To a bird that wandereth from her nest*, leaving her own brood, places of retreat, and feeding-ground behind, and going into strange countries, where she is exposed to every kind of danger; so is the man who leaves his family connections and country, and goes into strange parts, to find employment, better his circumstances, make a fortune &c. I have seen multitudes of such *wanderers from their places* come to great misery and wretchedness. God's general advice is. 'Do good and dwell in the land, and verily thou shalt be fed.'"—*Clark's Commentary, vol.* 3, *p.* 778.

The Doctor talks as if he had lived in California for the last four years.

RIOT AT POTTSVILLE, PA.—A despatch from Philadelphia, June 18th, states, that an affray occurred at Pottsville, on the previous evening, growing out of the Know Nothing excitement. Thomas Keann, an American, was found dead in the street, terribly cut and gashed about the body. John Mann was also cut and bruised. John Dougherty, an Irishman, was also stabbed, but was to be arrested on suspicion of killing Keam. Much mystery prevails about the bloody affair, and great excitement exists.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.—At New Boston, Ct., on Monday, lightning struck the house of Mr. Amasa Copeland, knocking down Mrs. Copeland, burning her face, neck and one side, and rendering her insensible. Cold water was applied and she recovered her senses, but she remains in a very critical condition, and if she recovers it is feared her eyesight cannot be restored. Others in the house were much shocked, and a large willow tree near the house was struck by a portion of the destructive thunder-bolt.

AN M. C.—Whoever attains to the position of Member of Congress cannot be a mere 'common man.' His district has a population of some 70,000. Among that population there are lawyers, physicians, divines, and gentlemen of fortune, leisure, and education. There are orators, logicians, savans, philosophers, and men deeply learned in the abstract and exact sciences. There are at least a score of these who are anxious for the seat he occupies—who have worked for it, who have toiled for it, who have talked for it, who have written for it, who have made their money flow for it, who have bamboozled, humbugged, and lied for it—and yet were beaten by this *common* looking man.

THE WAY THEY DO IN FRANCE.—Two surgeons were recently condemned to pay a nominal fine for allowing a patient to die under the effects of chloroform. The Court sustained the following allegations, and hence its decision: 1st, that chloroform was unnecessarily administered, as the operation to be performed was not of sufficient magnitude to justify its employment. 2nd, that the room was not sufficiently ventilated. 3d, that no provision had been made against accident.

ANOTHER VIEW OF THE WOMEN'S RIGHTS MOVEMENT.—A correspondent at Chicago estimates, that if the women achieve their 'rights,' and establish an equality with man, it will add 10,000,000 to the number of taxable polls. This estimate of the number of females over age in the United States is too large; but assuming the number to be 6,000,000, we have a taxable basis of polls equal to $9,000,000. Although this sum is worth having, yet there are thousands and tens of thousands who would consider their political rights as dearly bought by the payment of this tax from their hard-earned wages.

☞ At Jackson, Miss., on the 1st instant, they had ripe pears and apples. Considerably in advance of New Orleans.

TERRIBLE TRAGEDY AT BLACKSTONE.—On Saturday evening, Alexander Hewitt, a resident at Blackstone, had a quarrel with his wife—both of them somewhat addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors—and the wife fled for refuge to the house of a neighbor named Orin Brown. She was followed by her husband, who, upon being refused admittance at the door, proceeded to a window, where, seeing Mr. Brown within, he drew a revolver and shot him dead. He then fired at his wife, but missed her, and she endeavored to make her escape by the back door. He pursued her, however, and having overtaken her, held her at arms length while he discharged two bullets at her head, both of which took effect, one of them passing entirely through, and the other lodging within. These wounds were not, however, attended with an immediate fatal result. The unfortunate victim was still alive on Monday morning, but without any prospect of recovery.

After these terrible deeds Hewitt fled to the woods. At an early hour on Monday morning, however, he returned, and delivered himself up to the officers of justice, saying that he might as well be arrested as not, for he had taken a strong dose of poison and could live but a few minutes. Shortly after his surrender, the effects of the poison began to be manifest, and the murderer staggered, reeled, and died.

THE CUBAN EXPEDITION.—The Washington correspondent of the N. Y. *Courier and Enquirer* writes, that a conservative member of Congress from Georgia, has recently related as a fact of which he was personally cognizant, that 2000 men were armed and organized in his district awaiting the signal from Washington for a descent upon the Island of Cuba. They expect to receive the authority of the government for their enterprise, and to be aided by its co-operation, but they are none the less resolved to act if they do not obtain its sanction.

Gen. Quitman has sent a telegraphic despatch to one of his friends in Congress, declaring that he had not authorized the disclaimer of filibustering interventions, which some persons had published in his behalf in the *Union*. The despatch further announced that he is proceeding in organizing his force, and shall take Cuba whether the government oppose or assist his design.

THE BIBLE QUESTION.—At a very large meeting of the citizens of Hollistón, held on Monday, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That it be the sense of this meeting, that while no blame attaches to the School Committee in regard to the reading of the Bible in our Schools, yet, in view of the fact that the Bible furnishes the only safe foundation of moral instruction, and in view also of the repeated encroachments of the *Catholics* in various parts of our country, as well as in our own town, in regard to Schools, we deem it the duty of our Committee to direct, under all circumstances hereafter, that the Bible be uniformly read in all our Schools by all the scholars thereof of sufficient acquirement to read the same intelligibly.

A COOL PIECE OF RASCALITY.—The New Haven *Palladium* says, that a few days since a thief stole a cow belonging to Mr. Hezekiah Hubbell of Fairfield, Ct., and while driving it off met two sons of that gentleman, and in answer to their inquiries told them he had bought it. Upon reaching home they discovered the theft, and on pursuing the rogue soon found that the cow had been "sold" as well as themselves, and the rascal had escaped with twenty dollars which he had received for the animal from a farmer on the way.

☞ A young lad in Baltimore was shot on Thursday by the accidental discharge of a pistol in his pocket. The ball was extracted from his abdomen, and it is thought he will recover. He said he carried the pistol because it was the custom for young men to do so. He is about *twelve years of age*.

LET IT COME.—The Washington *Star* asserts that the European republican leaders are about to issue from London, a public manifesto, taking grounds against political abolitionism in America, and declaring that their original expressions of sympathy with the opponents of slavery were caused by their want of proper knowledge of the politics of the United States.

A LARGE LUMP.—A large lump of gold weighing 1486 pennyweights, and worth $1410 70 has been taken from the McCorwick mine, Columbia Co., Ga., after two weeks' labor. It was extracted nearly from the surface of the earth, from a vein of great depth and thickness.

THE LIQUOR LAW.—About half the business of our Courts is in relation to liquor prosecutions. About a dozen cases came before the recent criminal term of Court at Northampton. Lawyers will make about as much out of the sale of liquor as the liquor sellers themselves. It is poor business all around, and we don't believe it pays.

NEW VEHICLE.—A new made steam carriage, invented by J. R. Fisher, the artist, made a trial trip in New York on Thursday night, from 20th st., near North river, down to Liberty st., on Broadway, traveling at the rate of six miles an hour on the common pavement, and at the rate of twelve miles an hour on the Russ pavement.

SERVED HIM RIGHT.—In Sumter Co., Ala., Richard M. Eskridge has been senteneed to the Penitentiary for eleven years for shooting his slave woman in the knee, rendering amputation necessary. The man was intoxicated when he committed the act.

☞ The Doctors of Hampshire county have struck for higher wages. They ask 25 per cent more for ordinary visits, and double the old fees for night visits. Guess folks won't be sick quite so much in Hampshire county.

BALLOONING AT THE EAST.—A man named Knight, recently made a balloon ascension at Bombay, but on reaching the upper air, being ignorant of all principles of aerostation he lost the command of his balloon, and after being driven about at random for several hours, was finally gently deposited in the cool waters of the Arabian Sea, at a distance of ten miles from the land. Fortunately for the daring æronaut, he was discovered, and picked up by a steamer and carried into Surat.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.—It is said that common soda-water will instantly relieve the most violent cases of this disease. We suppose, however, that the efficacy of this remedy depends on the cause of the complaint. When it arises from affection, vulgarly called love, soda-water is of no avail; nothing but a parson and ring will cure it.

THE AMERICAN LOCUST.—The first account found of this insect is in "Secretary Morton's Memorials;" in which, "there was a numerous company of flies, which were like, for bigness, unto humble-bees, and which appeared in Plymouth in 1663. They came out of the earth in little holes, and did eat up the green things, and made such a constant noise as made the woods ring of them and ready to deafen the hearer." The Rev. Mr. Goodin, of Sandwich, Cape Cod, eighteen miles from Plymouth, says he never saw them eat, their entire action being procreation." This insect, though called a locust, is not so in fact, being of the genus *cicada* (four winged insect) and not of the stock *locusta*.

DREADFUL ACCIDENT AT SEA.—A letter to the Journal of Commerce, from Lima, May 11, says:—"A large armed ship belonging to the Peruvian navy, called the Mercado, had been to a small port three leagues north of Callao, to bring troops. The steamer Senac was sent with orders to tow the Mercado back to Callao. The tow lines broke, and the ship drifted against a rock, where she bilged, and swinging clear, sunk, carrying down with her 820 men, 731 of whom perished, the captain and most of the officers among them."

FREAK OF LIGHTNING.—A house near Vicksburg, Miss., was struck by lightning on the 9th inst., and pretty much demolished. A loaded gun was fired off and broken to pieces, and a cask containing powder exploded: a keg of powder had two hoops knocked off it, but did not explode. Six persons were sleeping in the house, none of whom were injured.

A STARTER.—During the thunder storm of Tuesday last week, a building in Somerville was struck by lightning, and one of the rafters was forced through the roof making only an aperture large enough for the purpose; and, what is more singular, no further trace of the timber has been found. It is supposed that the rafter was set on fire by the lightning and completely destroyed.

FATAL CASE OF LOCKJAW.—At Watertown, Saturday night last, a young man in the employ of Mr Coolidge died of lockjaw, in consequence of having a portion of his hand crushed by a barrel of flour falling upon it. For some time before his death his jaws were so firmly set together that it was necessary to break out a tooth in order to give him nourishment.

LOVE HERE AND THERE.—While the Mormons of Utah require a number of wives, and each female Utah-mite is thus content with a fraction of a love, the plurality in France seems to be quite the other way. In a new book, that is making quite a stir in Paris, for the keen sagacity and wit of its sayings and maxims, occurs the following passage:

Man will sacrifice, willingly, the love of all other women, for love of one only. Woman, on the contrary, never thinks herself well loved, unless she is loved by everybody.

DOES WAR CHEAPEN FOOD?—At Widdin, the seat of war in Turkey, provisions are sold at the following prices—a curious contrast to our markets here; Wine, 2 cents per quart: bread, 2 cents per loaf of 2 3-4 lbs.; best beef, 2 cents per lb.; eggs, half a cent each; a fat duck, 16 cents; a chicken, 6 cents; a goose, 12 cents; a 7 lb. turkey, 25 cents; a roasting pig of 15 lbs., 62 cents; and other things in proportion.

LOCUSTS.—The seventeenth-year locusts make their periodical visit this season in several sections of the country, and already they are beginning to appear in great numbers in and about Rockford, Illinois. In some gardens the ground is literally perforated in all directions with holes about half an inch in diameter and four inches deep, out of which they crawl in the form of a beetle, cast off their jackets, take wings and fly away.

A SICKLY PLACE.—The town of Rutland, Vt., sold $3000 worth of liquor in four months, all for medicine. What an unhealthy place! Nothing like rum for a fever or cold, a toothache, a toe sprain, mumps, musquito bites, and every other affection of man or beast. So the world goes, and—so the Maine Law goes, in some places.

ORGANIZATION OF THE SPIRIT RAPPERS.—The leading members among the spiritualists held a Convention at New York last week, and formed themselves into a Society for the diffusion of spiritual knowledge. Judge Tallmadge was chosen President.

TOO GLAD.—Four convicts actually died of joy in Dublin, lately, on being informed they had got the benefit of a free discharge from penal service.

☞ The Springfield people have decided *not* to have a Fourth of July Celebration this year.

☞ EXPLOSION AT WARE.—On Sunday, four young Irishmen belonging to Ware, discovered a keg containing eight pounds of powder, which had been left by the workmen on Saturday night, on the new road between that place and West Brookfield. They took it off with them, and about 9 o'clock in the evening commenced a division of the spoils by candle light, when a spark from the candle fell into the powder, and the explosion which followed burnt three of the men very severely, and blew the other out of the second story window, injuring him so badly that he is not expected to recover.—The explosion, fire and smoke produced an alarm which called out the fire department. —*Republican.*

POOR GIRL.—In Darbyville, Pickaway county, Ohio, Miss Fuller, a victim of misplaced affection, drowned herself because her lover sent her a note stating his intention not to marry her. She threw her arms around the neck of the faithless one, kissed him and in a few minutes after plunged into the water and was a corpse.

KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—George Whitney of New London, aged 20 years, was killed by lightning, in Wilmot, N. H., June 14. He had been pealing bark, had made a roof of bark to shelter him from a shower, and was under the shelter when a tree was struck by lightning. The lightning followed a root of the tree to him, scorching and killing him.

STRONG ROPE.—Messrs. Wright, of Birmingham, England, have recently patented a rope constructed of the best hemp and galvanized wire, spun together by machinery; and a rope so manufactured, four and a half inches in circumference, was found on trial capable of drawing three hundred tons weight, which required two engines to propel it.

STRINGENT LIQUOR BILL.—The liquor bill has passed the Connecticut House of Representatives, by a vote of 142 to 60. The law is more stringent than any yet passed, as it includes beer, cider, ale, porter, large beer, etc. It is expected to pass the Senate.

THE CITY OF GLASGOW.—All hope of any tidings ever being heard from this ill-fated steamer are now given up. She was probably overwhelmed in the ice, and with her, nearly four hundred souls on board were immediately destroyed.

DEATH FROM CHLOROFORM.—Mrs. Amasa W. Richardson of N. Adams, came to her death on Thursday, from inhaling chloroform administered by a physician in the extraction of a tooth.

"UNITED STATES MAGAZINE."—This is the title of a new and valuable publication just started in New York, by A. Jones & Co. The first number is well illustrated with wood engravings, and contains articles of a high order. Terms per year only $1,00.

☞ At the contemplated celebration in Ware village, on the approaching national anniversary, a military company of 60 men representing the "Old Continentals" will form an attractive feature.

SUBMARINE ARMOR.—At Marseilles, lately, Dr. Payerne and three sailors went under water in a curious locomotive, and making their way to a ship of war, rose and climbed into her open port holes.

HONOR AMONG POLITICIANS.—The Sheriff of Fluvana Co., Virginia, in a close and doubtful contest, had the misfortune to lose his house by fire, whereupon his competitor generously withdrew in his favor.

Twelve millions galls. of whiskey are sold annually, in Cincinnati, and sent thence to all parts of the Union. Thus corn to the value of two millions of dollars is annually melted into alcohol.

STRIKE.—The dirt-cart-men of New York have struck for an advance of pay, from $2, 25 to $2 50 per day. Some of the employers have conceded to the demand.

Horace Bugbee, who was indicted for the murder of Jonathan Gunnett, of Bethel, Vt., in January, 1853, had his trial at Woodstock on Friday and Saturday of last week, and was acquitted.

☞ Those who possess a fear of thunder and lightning had better emigrate to Sacramento, Cal. The State *Journal* of that city says but three thunder showers have occurred there since 1849.

SAVING EGGS.—The Exchange Hotel at Louisville, Ky., was burned on the 11th inst., at which time a barrel of eggs was thrown from an upper window on to the pavement for the purpose of *saving* them.

FORTUNE IN A FARM.—The *Albany Atlas* says that about thirty years ago Gen. Cass owned a farm in what is now the heart of Detroit, and, by simply "holding on," he has become the possessor of a fortune estimated at three millions of dollars.

☞ In his inauguration address, Judge Conrad, the new Mayor of Philadelphia, said he should not appoint any naturalized citizen to office. He has about 800 appointments to make. He also says that his first official act shall be to close all taverns on Sundays.

PRINTER MAYORS.—It appears there have been six gentlemen elected to the Mayoralty of Washington, at different periods, who were printers by profession. Their names are Roger C. Weightman, Daniel Rapine, Joseph Gales, W. W. Seaton, Peter Force and John T. Towers.

ANTHONY BURNS.—Burns, the fugitive slave, has arrived in Richmond, where he was committed to Jail to await the disposition of his owner, Col. Suttle.

VISIBLE MEANS OF SUPPORT.—New Orleans has always been considered a pretty considerable of a city, in which to see life in all its various phases; but we do not remember ever before to have seen a case reported similar to the following, which we find among the public items of the *True Delta:*

NO MEANS OF SUPPORT.—Miss Mary Killiwee was called up, and informed by the Recorder that an affidavit had been made against her, in which she was charged with having no "visible means of support." "No *visible* means of support!" echoed Mary; and, thereupon, she drew up her nether garments, so as to expose a well-developed limb, and triumphantly exclaimed, "Don't you call that a visible means of support, Mr. Recorder?"—We need hardly add that the Recorder blushed, and summarily sent Mary to the work-house for thirty days.

STRONG MINDED AND STRONG-HANDED WOMEN.—In Buffalo, a few days since, a gentleman temporarily residing there was flogged in a restaurant by a lady who charged him with making a disturbance in her family, promising to marry sundry young ladies, he being a married man all the while. She warned her victim that if she ever caught him again, he should receive another instalment of the hide. The Rochester *Advertiser* tells of another case where a citizen of that city proposed to wind up a spree with a ride in the country. His wife declined to accompany him because, as she said, he was too drunk. At this he became enraged and proceeded to abuse her, whereupon she seized his whip and gave him a good wholesale flogging. Then wending her way to the police office she procured an officer to take him in custody for his conduct.

A GREAT FORGERY.—A man named St. John, charged with forgery and bigamy, was arrested at Beren. He was in bed, his wife and two children occupying the same room. Some five thousand dollars in money, the product of the forgery, and two valuable gold watches were found upon his person. His wife, to whom he has been married eight years, the greater part of which time has been passed by him in absence from home, is a most estimable woman and devotedly attached to him. He has another wife at Davenport, and still another at Indianapolis, a young lady of nineteen, to whom he was married in January last.

OUTRAGE.—A horrible outrage was committed upon the person of a young white girl, near Gretna, La., by a negro, who has been arrested, and is now in Jail at Carrollton. It seems this act of violence was perpetrated in presence of the girl's mother, and one or two other ladies, while out on a blackberrying excursion. They attempted to save the poor girl, but were prevented by the negro drawing a long knife and threatening to kill them.

SINGULAR.—Considerable excitement has been created among the medical profession in London, so says the *Morning Advertiser* of that city, on account of the hands of a young lady having become so firmly clasped together as to require great force to separate the fingers, and then only for a moment, from the palms of her hands. The phenomenon occurred while she was trying the table-moving experiments, and since then she has lost the use of her hands.

TO THE LADIES.—The self-expanding petticoat is meeting with considerable fashionable attention abroad. It receives its appearance by inflation with air, and can be reduced or extended at will. Swelling or collapsing thus at the plesure of the wearer, producing at once rotundity or meagreness, it seems admirably adapted for wearing in omnibuses.

☞ The *Nashville Whig* says: "A warrant was issued in New Orleans last Thursday for the arrest of a free colored woman, named Marguerite Perons, who was alleged to be in the habit of using instruments of torture in the punishment of her slaves."

☞ Miss Heron, the actress, recently threw a bouquet to Mr. Baker, a young and promising actor in Stockton, Cal., in which was a note for $50, made payable to the young man's mother in N. York whom he supports.

HIGH BIRTH.—Mrs. Robinson, the woman who killed a man in Troy, N. Y., and who is to suffer death for the crime, is said to be grand-child to the Duke of York—her father, Mr. Wood, of Quebec, having been considered the son of his Royal Highness.

☞ The jury in the case of Simmons, the watchman, indicted for shooting Rooney, in Utica, N. Y., last December, brought in a verdict of not guilty, and blamed him for not firing sooner.

SHEEP.—S. E. Tilley, of Middletown, R. I., has kept on his farm the last year, thirty-one sheep only, and from them has raised the present season *fifty-nine lambs*, all of which he sold for slaughter at $5 each, amounting to $295.

☞ In China, if a young man is not married by the time he is 20, he is drummed out of town. No place for bachelors among the *fum fums*.

☞ Matt. F. Ward, the murderer of Professor Butler, has sought refuge from the public scorn by going to the Hot Springs of Arkansas, his health being very bad.

SAD LOSS.—Wm. Collis, a resident of Philadelphia, lost his wife, seven children, and upwards of twenty thousand dollars, in the steamship City of Glasgow. All his property was in the steamer.

☞ The man who was arrested and held to bail for his attack on Richard H. Dana, has absconded and left his surety to pay the amount of his bail. He was one of the guard that assisted in carrying off Burns.

☞ Hon. John C. Park is to deliver the oration at the celebration to be given in Southbridge on the Fourth of July.

LOCAL MATTERS.

CELEBRATION OF THE FOURTH AT BELCHERTOWN.—The Belchertown people propose having a real old fashioned Celebration on the Fourth of July. A procession will be formed at 10 o'clock, which will proceed to the Church, where an Oration will be delivered. In a large bower near by tables will be set for a thousand persons, and besides the good things which will be offered to refresh the body, we are promised good speeches, good toasts, and good music to refresh the mind and enliven the soul. H. A. Longley is to be the Chief Marshal. In the evening a display of Fireworks will take place. If trains on the Amherst & Belchertown Railroad should run to accommodate persons from this way, on that day, we presume a large number will go up to participate in the exercises.

STATE ALMS HOUSE.—On Monday two hundred paupers were transferred from the Alms House at Tewksbury to the Alms House in this place. One hundred and fifty of them were boys, gathered from the lowest haunts of poverty in and about Boston.—They formed in a procession at the depot, and to the music of a fife and drum, and under the shadow of the American flag, marched over to the Alms House in military order. They were nearly all of a size, and had on blue frocks and palm-leaf hats. The other fifty were men and women, mostly invalids. A detachment of twenty-nine boys was recently sent here from Rainsford Island, so that now the number of boys in the establishment is about two hundred, and the whole number of paupers about four hundred.

SOLD TO THE CATHOLICS.—The old Church in the Centre has been deeded to the Catholic Bishop at Boston. The slip owners forbade the Congregational Society at Thorndike selling their property, but the Society had the slips appraised and now offer pew holders the value set upon them. The School-house in the Centre district stands upon the ground sold with the Church, thus increasing the prospect for more trouble concerning the old edifice. More work for lawyers; more materials for another chapter of chroniclers.

THE "KNOW NOTHING" MEETING.—Quite a full house answered to the call for a "Know Nothing" meeting last Monday evening. The meeting was organized by the choice of a chairman and secretary, and a respectable number gave their names as friends of such an order, if one could be started. The order is said to be a very secret one, and if one should be started here, we presume our citizens will "know nothing" about it. There is said to be an order of this kind already organized in another part of the town.

MONSON.—A semi-centennial celebration of the graduates of Monson Academy will be held at Monson, on the 19th of July next. Addresses will be delivered by Charles Hammond of Groton, and Rev. R. S. Storrs Jr., of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Simeon Colton, the first principal of the Academy, will be present.

BOQUET.—We write this in presence of the most splendid boquet that ever graced our table. It was arranged and sent us by MRS. FRANKLIN MORGAN, who is entitled to our thanks for the same.

THE line of Stages between Enfield and Palmer has been discontinued. Stages now run from the Belchertown depot to Enfield.

A DOZEN or fifteen French families (comprising about sixty persons) from Canada, arrived in town on Thursday. They will locate at Three Rivers and Duckville.

THE Spiritualists held a crowded meeting at Union Hall last Sabbath. We understand they intend to hold meetings regularly every Sunday in this place.

TWO Silver Street Bloomers, with high-heeled boots on, appeared in our streets the present week.

BRAKEMAN KILLED.—A brakeman named John Hopkins, on the Albany express train, was instantly killed near West Brookfield. Tuesday morning, his head coming in contact with a bridge, while he was imprudently leaning over the platform of the car. He had been on the road but a few days. Such was the force of the blow that his head stove in the panel of the car against which it was thrown. He belonged in Springfield.

NEW RAILROAD BRIDGE.—The rebuilding of the Western Railroad Bridge over the Connecticut River, opposite Springfield, is now commenced. The work is proceeding with perfect success, and is to be wholly accomplished by removing old timbers and replacing them with new, part at a time, so as not to endanger or interrupt the passage of a single train. When completed, the new bridge will be a model in its department of architecture.—*Rep.*

☞ Advices from Barbadoes of May 30th, states that the cholera was raging there to a considerable extent, confined principally to the colored population. On the previous Sunday there were 20 burials in one grave yard.

☞ On Wednesday morning Adams & Co.'s office at Worcester was broken open.—The safe was opened and treasure to the amount of about one thousand dollars was stolen therefrom. The robbers have been arrested.

GOOD.—In the House of Representatives on Tuesday, Hon. Thomas D. Eliot gave notice of his intention of introducing a bill for the repeal of the Fugitive Slave Law.

CONSCIENCE.—The National Fire Insurance Company in New York has received, through the medium of a Roman Catholic clergyman, the sum of two thousand, two hundred and eighty-nine dollars, from some person unknown, who accuses himself of having defrauded the company to that amount, and desires to make restitution.

FIRE AND LOSS OF LIFE.—A large cotton and woolen mill at Kensington, Philadelphia, was totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday afternoon, caused, it is said, by friction of the machinery. About 300 persons, mostly females, were employed in the building, and their only means of escape was by falling, and several are reported to have perished in the flames.

☞ Samuel W. Winslow, aged 25 years, was drowned while bathing at Greenfield on Wednesday last. He was from Putney, Vt.

☞ On Monday afternoon the New York Express train ran over a cow near Charlton, making mince-meat of her in a twinkling.

Beware of Counterfeits!!! *DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S SHERRY WINE BITTERS* has induced several persons, who do not possess the least medical knowledge, to assume the title of Doctor, and put before the public an article in imitation of my medicine, which they call Sherry Wine Bitters, and attempt to palm them off under the pretence that I have retired from business, and also that they manufacture an improved article of the same name.

I would say to those in pursuit of health, to be sure that you obtain the REAL article, which may be known by the Fac Simile of my signature upon the outside wrapper, covering each bottle, and also by the copyright border of the same covering,

Sold wholesale and retail at my office, No. 51 Hanover st., Boston, and by all dealers in medicine in every city, town, and village, throughout the New England States.

N. B. *OTIS MORTON Jr.*, is my sole traveling Agent for the N. E. States. 9.

"I DIGEST"—Such is the true meaning of the word "PEPSIN," or of the two Greek words from which it is derived. This is the significant and appropriate title of the *true Digestive Fluid*, or *Gastric Juice*, prepared by *Dr. J. S. Houghton*, of Philadelphia, from the fourth Stomach of the Ox, for the cure of Indigestion and Dyspepsia. It is Nature's own remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It renders *Good Eating* perfectly consistent with *Health*. See the figureof the Ox, in another part of the paper.

Devines' Compound Pitch Lozenge is, beyond doubt, the cheapest and most efficient medicine ever offered to the public; and should be constantly kept on hand by every family—*especially for children to use*—for colds, coughs, &c. One man remarked, after having been kept awake all night with his children, who were sick with colds, that *"the first box he used was worth a five dollar bill to him,"* and, reader, it only cost him 25 cents, and $5 would buy twenty-five boxes, or more.

Why remain sinking, day by day, to an untimely grave, when hope promises so faithfully? Almost guilty of suicide in neglecting to use this simple and pleasant "Pitch Lozenge," which is curing so many, and cannot possibly harm any one. See Advertisement in another column.

BORN.

At Northampton, 19th, a son to H. S. Gere, editor of the Northampton Courier.

At Holland, 12th, a son to George L. Webber.

MARRIED.

At Boston, 15th, by Rev William Rice, Charles M. Warriner of Wilbraham, and Elizabeth C. Hale of B.

At Albany, N. Y., Joseph C. Clark of Northampton, Mass., and Lydia A Burt of A.

DIED.

At Warren, 6th, Adelphia, 21, only daughter of John A. Powers, and late prncipal of Antrim female seminary, Ohio.

At Granby, Mass., 16th, Fanny, 22, daughter of Levi Smith.

In Springfield, 22d, at Fuller's Hotel, Indian Orchard, Samuel F. Chickering, 24.

ENGINE MEETING!

THERE will be a meeting at Nassowanno Hall this evening, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing the Deluge Engine Company.

Let there be a full attendance, and see if we cannot have as good a company as there is in Eastern Hampden. Turn out, one and all!

Palmer, June 23th, 1854.

Scythe Stones and Haying Tools.

25 BOXES of Rhoades & Abel's extra emery grit Scythe Stones, a superior article. Haymakers have only to try them to be satisfied they are the best Stones in use. Every Stone is warranted. For sale to the trade at manufacturers' prices.

Also Nova Scotia Grindstones, with friction rollers; patent Arbors and Frames complete, Scythes and Snaiths, Forks, Rakes, in great variety—for sale at low rates by

E. BROWN.

Palmer, June 24th, 1854. 9

NOTICE.

THE 1st Congregational Society in Palmer give notice that the Slips or Pews in the old meeting-house in Palmer Centre, have been appraised by a Committee chosen by said Society for the above purpose. The Slip and Pew holders can have the amount due them on the appraisal, by calling upon W. N. Packard, the Society's treasurer.

FREEMAN S. FOSTER, GEORGE MOORES, ROZEL S. HASTINGS, } Prudential Committee.

Palmer, June 24th, 1854. 9

Commissioners' Notice.

HAMPDEN SS. Whereas the estate of Thomas Rood, late of Palmer, in said Co., deceased, has been represented insolvent, and the subscribers having been duly appointed by the Judge of Probate for said county, Commissioners of said estate, hereby give notice, that six months from the 6th day of June current, has been allowed for the creditors to bring in and prove their claims against said estate, and, that they have assigned Saturdays, the 8th day of July and 2nd day of December next, at 2 o'clk in the afternoon of each of said days, at the time and the office of James G. Allen, in said Palmer, at the place, when and where creditors may be present and prove their claims against said estate.

JAMES G. ALLEN, SETH A. STIMPSON.

Palmer, June 19th, 1854. 3w9

Grand Union Celebration!!

The Citizens of BELCHERTOWN

WILL Celebrate the coming Fourth of July in a appropriate manner. The day will be ushered in by a National Salute, ringing of bells &c. At 10 o'clock a. m., a procession will be formed, with music, and proceed to the Church, where an Oration will be delivered, with other services suitable to the occasion, after which the procession will form, proceed to a large Bower, where Dinner will be provided for 1000 persons, which will be enlivened by Speeches, Toasts, and Music.

A general invitaiton is cordially extended to the Citizens of adjoining towns, to join in this Celebration of our Nation's Independence, on which occasion a general good time may be expected by all.

H. A. LONGLEY, Chief Marshal of the day.

☞ There will be a grand display of

Fire Works!

in the evening.

Per Order of Committee of Arrangements.

Belchertown, June 24th, 1854. 9

Notice to Peddlers.

J. HAMILTON, No. 3, Burt's Block, has lately received 84 packages of Glass Ware, bought at auction, containing Tumblers, Goblets, Oil and Fluid Lamps, Preserve Dishes, Butter do., Spoon Holders, Salt Stands, Candy Jars, and very heavy Kitchen Lamps &c., which he offers for sale to Peddlers at very low rates for cash, or in exchange for old broken glass, old pewter, copper, or brass.

J. H. would also invite the attention of storekeepers in the neighboring towns to this stock of Glass Ware, and can assure them they will find a first-rate assortment, and at quite low prices. 3w9

2000 STONE BEER BOTTLES of superior quality, for sale by

J. HAMILTON, No. 3 Burt's Block, Springfield.

jn 17 3w8

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed executor of the last Will of Catharine Snow, late of Ludlow, in the county of Hampden, deceased, and has taken upon himself that trust, by giving bonds as the law directs. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to the said estate are called upon to make payment to

DAVID TENNEY, Executor.

June 6th, 1854. 8

HAMPDEN SS. At a Court of Probate holden at Monson, within and for the Co. of Hampden, on the 13th day of June, A. D. 1854.

On the petition of Chauncey D. Brewer administrator, with the Will annexed of Ira Morse, late of Wales, in said county, deceased, praying to be empowered to sell the homestead of said deceased, containing about ninety acres, being the whole of the real estate of said deceased, for payment of his just debts and incidental charges, in manner prescribed by law.

Ordered, that the consideration of said petition be referred to a Probate Court to be holden at Springfield, within and for said county, on the 1st Tuesday of July next, at 10 o'clk a. m., then and there to be heard and decided upon, and that the said administrator give notice to all persons interested therein by causing an attested copy of this order to be published in The Palmer Journal, printed in Palmer, three weeks successively previous to said day, at which time and place they may be heard concerning the same

OLIVER B. MORRIS, Judge af Probate.

Copy—Attest—

HENRY SMITH, Register.

Wanted Immediately!

300 bushels RYE, for which the highest market price will be paid.

O. H BIDWELL.

Palmer, June 10th, '54. 7tf.

More Beauties!

FOR Dress Goods on our counters, come and see them.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Parasols.

WE have received a large lot of Parasols, that we can sell cheap.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Bargains!

OUR Store is light enough to show you what you buy. Please examine styles and qualities, and hear prices. We will try to please you

M. W FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, June 3d, 1854. 6

HOSIERY & Gloves—a good assortment at Mc Gilvray's Block. E. B. MILES, Agt

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854. 52

New London, Willimantic and Palmer RAILROAD.

Commencing 25 May, 1854.

LEAVE PALMER at 7.50 a. m., or on arrival of train from Springfield. Connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol, at Norwich for Worcester and Boston, and from Worcester, and at New London with steamers for Stonington and Greenport.

3,00 *P. M.* Willimantic, 4,30 and Norwich, 5,20 P. M., connecting at Willimantic with train from Hartford and Bristol and for Hartford, and at New London for New Haven and New York, and with Steamers for New York.

LEAVE NEW LONDON at 7.15 a. m., connecting at Willimantic with a train for Hartford and Bristol, and at Palmer for Amherst, Springfield, Albany and the express train reaching Worcester at 11.20 a. m., and Boston at 12.45 p. m.—11.15 a. m. for Norwich.

3.00 o'clock p. m., connecting with trains for Hartford, Amherst, Springfield, Albany, Worcester and Boston.

No passengers will be allowed to ride on the Freight Trains.

Through Tickets to New York *via* Steamers from New London, can be had at all Ticket Stations.

A discount from the fare is made to passengers purchasing Tickets.

Tickets are good only for the day and Train for which they are sold.

Through Tickets,

From Palmer to New York via Steamer from New London, (Cabin) $3,00.
" " (Deck) 2,60.
Stonington, 2,50.

WM. R. STORRS, Supt.

New London, May 25th, 1854.

A Little Money

BUYS a great many goods, such as Gloves, Hosiery, Shawls &c., &c., of

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

ALL WOOL Cotton and Wool, and Painted Carpets, just received by

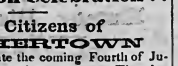
52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FEATHERS, a prime article just received by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, 1854, 52.

Amherst & Belchertown R. R.



Summer Arrangement, Commencing May 22, 1854.

Leave Amherst for Palmer at 9.00 a. m., and 5.00 p. m.
" Belchertown " " 9.30 " "
5.20 p. m.
" Palmer for Amherst at 2.20 p. m. "
8.10 p. m.
" Belchertown for " " 2.50 " "
8.40 p. m.

The 9 o'clock train from Amherst connects with the 9.45 a. m. train from Springfield for Boston, and with the first train from Boston for Springfield, New York and Albany. The 5 o'clock train connects with the 4 o'clock Express Train from Boston, for Hartford, New Haven and New York, and the 4.30 Accommodation Train for Springfield and Albany.

The 2.20 p. m. train from Palmer will leave on the arrival of the Accommodation Train from Albany and Springfield, and passenger from New York, New Haven, and Hartford, will leave Springfield at 1.50 p. m. The 8.10 p. m. train will leave on the arrival of the Express and Accommodation trains from Boston, the afternoon train from New London, Norwich and Willimantic, and the 5 o'clock train from Springfield.

Stage connections at Belchertown and Amherst for Enfield and Greenwich, North Hadley and Amherst.

N. D. POTTER, Sup't.

May 22nd, 1854. 5

THE GREAT SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINE!

Dr. Langley's Root and Herb Bitters!!

"BUY ME AND I'LL DO YOU GOOD." Langley's Compound Dock Root, Sarsaparilla Prickley Ash, Wild Cherry, Dandelion, Mandrake and Rhubarb "Root and Herb Jaundice Bitters." There can be no better medicine for any one who is troubled (as nearly all people are in the Spring) with Liver Complaints, Jaundice, Weakness, Loss of appetite, Dyspepsia, Headache, and bad humors in the blood and skin, and for nervous debility, Costiveness and Piles, this compound is the best thing in the world, as by it nature is assisted in her operations, purifying the blood and removing diseases.

Is your *Liver* disordered! Is *Jaundice* your foe? Then Langley will deal both the monsters a blow;

Do you suffer from *Headaches*—'twill give you relief.

For *Piles* 'tis of all cures, acknowledged the chief;

The motto of "Buy me and I'll do you good," The test of experience has easily stood—

And many unto it this truth will append, That the Root and Herb Bitters is every one's friend.

Is your Appetite gone? then the Root Bitters take,

And you'll heartily relish your chop or your steak; The blood it will purify—redden your cheek,

And strengthen your frame, should it ever grow weak;

The ladies declare no such remedy's known, And the sale is immense to the fair sex alone!

Sold by merchants and dealers in medicine in every town and village, for 25 cents a pint and 37 1-2 cents for a quart bottle. Wholesale depot is 99 Union st., Boston. Sold in Palmer by all who sell medicines. my27 5

Mc Gilvray, Wyman & Co.,

Importers, and Jobbers

—OF—

English, Scotch, French, and German

DRY GOODS.

—ALSO—

Dealers in American Goods, in great variety.

Carpetings, Mattings, Oil Cloths, &c.

47 and 49, Federal st., near Franklin street, BOSTON.

my 13 tf3.

STUART'S Steam Refined Syrup, Howell's do. at BIDWELL'S.

Notice Extraordinary.

JUST received, at the famous Emporium, at LYON'S block, Main st., first door west of the Post Office, WARE, Mass., a large and extensive assortment of

Millinery, Summer and Dress Goods, Fashionable Bonnets, all prices, Lawn Bonnets, Silk and Crape.

A large assortment of

Mantillas & Visites, White Crape & Black Silk Shawls.

We shall offer, just for the fun of it, goods at the following prices:

Lawns and Muslin, good styles, at 6 1-4 cts.
Poplins, " " 12 1-2 "

A large assortmnet of

Fancy and Black Silks, Changeable Plaid and Striped,

BERAGES, Plain & Figured, all Colors,

FRINGE & LACE for MANTILLAS, TRIMMINGS, Rich Embroideries, PARASOLS & FANS.

It is useless to name all the goods on hand, as almost everybody knows our prices are a little lower than any body's else.

To Milliners in adjoining towns, we would say, that we guarantee our prices to be as low as any responsible house in the place.

5 J. H. STORRS.

Clothing!

ADAPTED to the times—whether thermometer tells at zero, or 96 in the shade—on hand and for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Cheap Enough!

20 lbs. good, clean sugar is given for $1 by—

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Provisions.

HAMS, Dried Beef, Pork, Lard &c. &c., by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

N. S. BARNES, PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Has located in this village, for the practice of his profession.

Rooms at the Nassowanno House. Office 2 doors south W. R. Bridge.

Palmer, May 13th, 1854. 3tf.

A. N. Invoice

OF those blk. Silks, that give so good satisfaction just received by

M. W. FRENCH.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, a good assortment at low prices.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Thirty Years' Experience of an OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW would call the attention of the Ladies to her Soothing Syrup, for children teething. It will give immediate relief, reduces all inflammation, making the process of teething easy, and is *positively sure* to cure the dysentery and diarrhœa. Immense quantities are sold all over New England.

Testimony of a lady of the first Respectability:

Dear Sir:—I am happy to be able to testify to the efficacy of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and to the truth of what it is represented to accomplish. Having a little boy suffering greatly from teething, who could not rest, and at night by his cries would not permit any of the family to do so, I purchased a bottle of the Soothing Syrup in order to test the remedy; and when given to the boy according to the directions, its effect upon him was like magic; he soon went to sleep and all pain and nervousness disappeared. We have had no trouble with him since; and the little fellow will pass through with comfort, the excrutiating process of teething, by the sole aid of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.—Every mother who regards the health and life of her children, should possess it.

H. A. ALGER.

Lowell, Mass., May 20, 1853.

Proof Positive.—We have sold very large quantities of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup during the six years past, and over 20,000 bottles the last year. We believe it the best medicine in the world for children teething, or for the cure of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or any other cause. It gives universal satisfaction—never heard a complaint from any one using it—never sold a medicine so universally successful in relieving pain and effecting cures. In all cases above stated, if taken in season, relief is *immediate*, and *absolutely certain*.

CURTIS & PERKINS,

Druggists, No. 40, Cortlandt st, New York.

Sold at wholesale by Weeks & Potter, Washington st., and Henshaw, Edmands & Co., India st., Boston, and Boyd & Paul, No. 40, Courtland st., New York.

Agents.—Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; A. H. Longley, Belchertown; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Wm. H. Sessions, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham, and for sale in nearly every town in the State.

☞ Price 25 cents per bottle.

Also for sale as above, **Curtis & Perkins' Wild Cherry Bitters,** for the cure of Billions and Jaundice complaints and General Debility. They quicken the blood, and give new life and energy to the whole system. Price only 25 cents in pint bottles.

CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER!

The world is astonished at the wonderful cures performed by the Cramp and Pain Killer, prepared by Curtis & Perkins. Its equal has never been known for removing pain in all cases; for the cure of spinal complaints, cramp in the limbs and stomach, rheumatism in all its forms, billious cholic, chills and fever, burns, sore throat and gravel, it is decidedly the best remedy in the world. Evidence of the most wonderful cures ever performed by any medicine are on circulars in the hands of Agents. You may be positively sure of relief if you use it. Millions of bottles of this medicine have been sold in New England the past six or eight years.

For sale by the above named Agents.

N. B. Be sure and call for CURTIS & PERKINS' CRAMP AND PAIN KILLER. All others bearing this name are base imitations. Price 12 1-2, 25, 37 1-2 cents per bottle, according to size. nov. 12—1y.

Grass Seed!

A general assortment—for sale by

O. H. BIDWELL.

Apr 1st, 1854. 50

J. PARKER, & CO.,

(SUCCESSORS TO A. & S. TOMLINSON),

—DEALERS IN—

Foreign and American Marble,

MANUFACTURERS of Marble, Granite and Freestone Monuments and Posts, Marble Head Stones and Furniture Tops of Superior quality and Style of finish; Patent Cast Iron Fence for Cemetery Lots—opposite North Church, Main st.,; also at Tomlinson's old Stand, corner South Main st. and Wm. st.,

44tf. SPRINGFIELD, MASS.

Peas! Peas!!

MARROWFAT, Early White and Field Peas, for sale by

J. A. HALL.

Palmer, Apr. 15, 1854. 51

3000 Rolls Paper Hangings just received to sell from 6 to 7 cents per roll.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

Carpetings!

ALL WOOL, Cotton and Wool, Cotton and Painted Carpetings for sale by

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

REMOVAL.

J. W. ELLIOTT has removed his office from Munger's Block, to Strong's building, a few doors east of his late location. 50tf.

Lime!

A superior quality of Lime for sale at wholesale and retail, by

J. A. HALL.

Apr 22, '54. 52.

STACY & ALLEN,

—DEALERS IN—

Tin, Copper, Sheet-Iron Ware, Cooking and Parlor Stoves, Furnaces, Garden Engines Force and Lift-Pumps, Lead Pipe, &c.

STRONG'S BLOCK, PALMER, MS

Job Work and Tin Roofing done to order.

Old Iron, Pewter, Copper, Brass, and Rags, taken in exchange for the above goods.

GEORGE M. STACY, LAMBERT ALLEN.

my 13 3tf

PLAID, Striped and Figured De Laines, new styles just received by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

FRENCH, English and American Prints for sale, from 7 to 14 cts. per yard, by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52

DRESS GOODS, Striped and Figured Silks, handsome styles, and very cheap.

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

BURNING Fluid, Camphene and Oil, for sale by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 22, '24. 52

FLOUR, from the highest to lowest grades, by

22 E. B. MILES, Agt.

W. I. Goods, and Family Groceries, a fine Stock constantly on hand and for sale at low prices, by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, 1854. 52.

BOOTS and Shoes of all kinds, for sale by

52 E. B. MILES, Agt.

A CARD.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Palmer and vicinity, that he remains at the old stand, Mc Gilvray's Block, where he can, and will, at all times, show as large a stock and good assortment of all kinds of goods usually kept at a country store *and at as low prices* as at any other store in this vicinity.

Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, Apr. 15th, 1854. 51

BROWN and Bleached Sheetings, Drills, Table Linen, Embossed Table Covers, Diaper, Crash, Ticking and Denims, at very low prices, by

E. B. MILES, Agt.

Palmer Depot, April 22, '54. 52.

MARRIAGE,

HAPPINESS AND COMPETENCE.

WHY IS IT?

That we behold many females, scarce in the meridian of life broken in health and spirits with a complication of diseases and ailments, depriving them of the power for the enjoyment of life at an age when physical health, buoyancy of spirits, and happy serenity of mind, arising from a condition of health, should be predominant.

Many of the agonies of her sufferings at first—perhaps years before, perhaps during girlhood, or the first years of marriage—were in their origin so light as to pass unnoticed, and of course neglected.

IN AFTER YEARS,

When too late to be benefitted by our knowledge, we look back and mourn, and regret the full consequences of our ignorance.

What would we not often give to possess, in early life, the knowledge we obtain in after years! And what days and nights of anguish we might not have spared, if the knowledge was timely possessed. It is

MELANCHOLY AND STARTLING

To behold the sickness and suffering endured by many a wife for many years, from causes simple and controllable, easily remedied—or better still,—not learned, if every

WIFE AND MOTHER

Possessed the information contained in a little volume, (with in the reach of all) which would spare to herself

YEARS OF MISERY,

And so her husband the constant toil and anxiety of mind, necessarily devolving upon him from sickness of the wife, without giving him the opportunity of acquiring that competence which his exertions are entitled, and the possession of which would secure the happiness of himself, wife, and children.

SECURE THE MEANS OF HAPPINESS

By becoming in time possessed of the knowledge, the want of which has caused the sickness and poverty of thousands. In view of such consequences, no wife or mother is excusable if she neglect to avail herself of that knowledge in respect to herself, which would spare her much suffering, by the means of happiness and prosperity to her husband, and confer upon her children that blessing above all prize—healthy bodies, with healthy minds. That knowledge is contained in a little work entitled

THE MARRIED WOMAN'S Private Medical Companion.

BY DR. A. M. MAURICEAU,

PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF WOMEN.

One Hundredth Edition. 18mo., *pp.* 250. *Price,* 50 cts.

[ON FINE PAPER, EXTRA BINDING, $1 00.]

First published in 1847, and it is not

SURPRIZING OR WONDERFUL,

Considering that EVERY FEMALE, WHETHER MARRIED OR NOT, can here acquire a full knowledge of the nature, character and causes of her complaints, with the various symptoms, and that nearly

HALF A MILLION COPIES

should have been sold.

It is impracticable to convey fully the various subjects treated of, as they are of a nature strictly intended for the married, or those contemplating marriages, but no female desirous of enjoying health, and that beauty, consequent upon health, which is so conducive to her own happiness, and that of her husband, but either has or will obtain it, as has or will every husband who has the love and affection of his wife at heart, or that of his own pecuniary improvement.

UPWARDS OF ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND COPIES

Have been **SENT BY MAIL** within the last few months.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC.

BE NOT DEFRAUDED!

Buy no book unless "Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, 129 Liberty Street, N. Y." is on the title page, and the entry in the Clerk's Office on the back of the title page; and buy only of respectable and honorable dealers, or send by mail, and address to Dr. A. M. Mauriceau, as there are spurious and surreptitious infringements of copy-right.

LET EVERY WIFE AND HUSBAND PONDER!

No excuse for Ignorance, when Ignorance is Misery to those we hold near and dear, and when to dispel our Ignorance is within our reach.

To enable every one to decide upon the *indispensable necessity* of possessing a copy, and that no wife, or mother need remain uninformed upon the many causes, which, sooner or later, are destined to make fearful ravages upon her health, unless guarded against, and that no considerate and affectionate husband have cause to upbraid himself with neglect of the welfare of his wife—a pamphlet of thirty-six pages, containing *full Title-page and Index of Contents*, together with extracts from the book, will be sent *free of charge* to any part of the United States, by addressing, post-paid, as herein.

When Knowledge is Happiness, 'tis culpable to be Ignorant.

☞ On receipt of One Dollar (for the fine Edition extra binding) "THE MARRIED WOMAN'S PRIVATE MEDICAL COMPANION" is sent (*mailed free*) to any part of the United States. All letters must be post-paid, and addressed to Dr. A. M. MAURICEAU, Box 3234, New York City. Publishing Office, No. 129 Liberty Street, New York.

For Sale by—M. H. Tyler, Greenfield; J. Breare, Marblehead; Bullard & Messenger, Clinton; H. T. Babbit, Holyoke; A. B. Jacques, Haverhill; M. Bessey and E. Dickenson, Springfield; E. Porter, Westfield; J. W. Davis, Lowell; J. S. Adams, Amherst; G. L. Ford, Gloucester; J. P. Hussey, Nantucket; J. Nayson, Amesbury; S. A. Howland, Worcester; J. Knowles, Yarmouth Port; A. J. Barker, Taunton; C. Holbrook, Dedham; [Hotchkiss & Co., 13 Cort St.; Redding & Co., 18 State St.; Wm. V. Spencer, 138 Washington St.—Boston, Mass.]

Groceries,

FRUIT, CONFECTIONERIES &c, Books, Stationery, Paper Hangings, Curtains, Fancy Goods, Jewelry, Toys &c., Pictures, Picture Frames and Glass,

for sale low for Cash, Farmers Produce, or Rags

Papers and Magazines furnished at Publisher's prices.

Books not on hand will be procured at short notice, if requested. E. L. PRATT.

Three Rivers, April 22, 1854. tf52.

More New Ones!

NEW Dress Goods weekly received at the NEW STORE.

M. W. FRENCH & CO.

Palmer, May 20th, 1852. 4tf

Summer Hats.

JUST received, a full and complete assortment of summer Hats, such as drab, brown, silk, and drab soft hats, a very desirable article; also Panamas, Leghorn, and various kinds of Straw hats that will be worn this coming season.

☞ Call and see at the North end of Nassowanno House.

CHARLES M. GARFIELD.

Palmer, May 20th, 1854, 6w4

Just Received,

A large assortment of Ladies' and Gents' Congress Gaiters—new styles for Spring and Summer wear. Misses' and Children's of all kinds.

AT - - - J. BOWLES,

tf48. Nassowanno Block

LONG MITTS, Cotton Hose, Gloves, Linen Floss, French Working Cotton and Blk. Lace Edging—a good assortment to be found at tf50 CONKEY'S.

GO AHEAD.

Go ahead—and do not tarry,
Nought is gained by standing still;
What though you at times miscarry,
Let not fears your bosom fill.
Search the causes of your errors,
Gather wisdom from the past,
To the wind give the terrors,
And you'll get ahead at last.

Go ahead—in useful doings
Let your motto be "I'll try;"
He whoever is despairing,
Bankrupt hearts and hopes are nigh.
What though you and wealth be strangers—
Onward, onward be your aim,
And those real or fancied dangers
Soon you'll put to flight or shame.

Go ahead—the world reforming,
In civil, moral, freedom's name;
All those forts and outposts storming,
Which your enemies may claim.
Yield no bulwark, take no quarter,
Compromise no cherished right,
Freedom's treasure never barter,
But stand from them with all your might.

Go ahead, then—don't defer it,
Life's short span soon floats away;
If you'd finish aught of merit
You must ply your task to day.
Set the ball in instant motion,
To keep it going strain each nerve,
Nor doubt that ultimate promotion
Will yield the laurels you deserve.

If a buggy meet a buggy
Coming down the street,
Is it right to run together
When these buggies meet?
Every driver has his failings,
They're but men at last,
But comin' up or going down,
Should they drive so fast?

When a buggy meets a buggy
Should these buggies race?
And run over civil footmen
In a public place!
Let the driver speak like lightning
Lashing neck and flank.
But let them mind that human flesh
Aint covered o'er with plank.

MORAL SUASION ON A RAM.—When a friend of ours, whom we call Agricola, was a boy, he lived on a farm in Berkshire county the owner of which was troubled by his dog Wolf. The cur killed his sheep, knowing, perhaps, that his master was conscientiously opposed to capital punishment, and he could devise no means to prevent it.

"I can break him of it," said Agricola, "if you will give me leave."

"Thou art permitted," said the honest farmer; and we will let Agricola tell the story in his own words.

"There was a ram on the farm," said Agricola, "as notorious for butting as Wolf was for sheep killing, and who stood in as much need of moral suasion as the dog. I shut Wolf up in the barn with this old fellow, and the consequence was, that the dog never looked a sheep in the face again. The ram broke every bone in his body, literally. Wonderfully uplifted was the ram aforesaid by his exploit; his insolence became intolerable; he was sure to pitch into whomsoever went nigh him. "I'll fix him," said I, and so I did. I rigged an iron crowbar out of a hole in the barn, point foremost, and hung an old hat on the end of it. You can't always tell when you see a hat, wether there is a head in it or not; how then should a ram? The ram made at it full but, and being a good marksman from long practice, the bar broke in between his horns, and came out under his tail. This little admonition effectually cured him of butting."

BUSINESS CARDS.

L. A. BAILEY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Nassowanno Block.)

A rich and varied Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, constantly on hand. All orders executed with neatness and dispatch.
Palmer, Oct. 5, 1853.

JAMES G. ALLEN,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law.

Particular attention paid to the collection of debts, and business in the Probate Courts.
Office in Strong's Block, over Bailey's Stove Store.
Palmer, Mass., 1853. nov. 5—3m.

STEPHEN NEEDHAM,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
(Successor to T. C. Denecke,)
MONSON, MASS.

Garments made in the best manner, with the utmost despatch, and all work warranted to give satisfaction. Cutting done at short notice. A good assortment of Ready Made Clothing constantly on hand.
May 28. 1y5

H. F. MILLER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Shop in Barton's Block,
MONSON, MASS. 15tf

F. T. WALLACE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Office in Munger's Building.
April 1, 1852. 50tf

F. J. Wassum,
DRAPER AND TAILOR,
No. 4, Hall and Valentine's Block.

An excellent assortment of Cloths and trimmings, constantly on hand. Cutting done to order.
Palmer, July 30, 1853. 14tf.

L. S. LEONARD, & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Foreign and American Marble,
PALMER, MASS.,

SHOP about half a mile east of Palmer Depot.
☞ Tombstones, Monuments and Table Tops, made to order at short notice.
Granite, Marble and Freestone Posts, Chain and Iron Fence for Cemeteries furnished to order.
jan. 14, 30tf.

Carriage Repairing!

ALL kinds of Carriage Repairing done at short notice and on reasonable terms at the Steam Shop of the Subscriber, a few rods South side of the railroad Bridge.
GEORGE E. WINSLOW.
Palmer, May, 28 1853. 6tf

Livery Stable.

THE Subscriber having purchased the LIVERY STABLE of Mr. J. V. Mathew at Palmer Depot, would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to furnish the very best of teams, on reasonable terms.
Travelers wishing to be carried from the cars will find good teams always in readiness at his Stable.
Parties of Pleasure will be furnished with Omn busses and faithful drivers, at short notice.
By furnishing good horses and carriages, and by a system of fair dealing, he hopes to give satisfaction to the public. Try him and see.
HENRY G BAGG
Palmer, April 15th, 1854. tf51

Wooden Ware!

FOR sale at BIDWELL'S.
Feb. 4.

Grass Seed!

CLOVER, Red Top and Herds' Grass Seed, for sale low, by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, April 15, 1854.

INSURANCE.

Applications for insurance in the
HAMPDEN STOCK & MUTUAL
INSURANCE CO., OF SPRINGFIELD,
APPLETON MUTUAL, OF BOSTON,
—AND—
ETNA, a Stock Co., of Hartford,
—ALSO FOR THE—
MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE Company of Springfield,
will be received by J. G. ALLEN, who is agent for the above Companies, for Palmer and vicinity.
Palmer, April 29th, 1854. 1

Horse Shoeing.

THE Subscriber is prepared to shoe horses in the best manner, at short notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
Also, other kinds of Blacksmithing done as usual, at his shop near the Furnace.
DAVID PARSONS.
Palmer, 1854. tf51.

IMPORTANT TO THE INVALIDS OF PALMER.
PULVERMACHER'S

HYDRO-ELECTRIC VOLTAIC CHAIN are for the first time presented to the people of Palmer, as the most scientific mode yet discovered for producing *instant relief* from pain and a *permanent cure* of the following diseases:
Rheumatism, Painful and Swelled joints, Pain in the Back, Neuralgia of the Face, Deafness, Blindness, Paralysis, Sciatica, Palpitation of the heart, General Debility, Female Diseases, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Nervous Headache, Uterine pains

ALL NEURALGIC DISEASES.

Long advertisements we dislike, and so do our readers, and we only offer you as evidence that *Pulvermacher's* Electric Chains, certainly perform what they are advertised to do. More well authenticated certificates of cure, from both *intelligent patients and Scientific Physicians*, than can be produced from any other source. They are highly recommended by Professor Valentine Mott, Van Bureu, Post, Carnochan, &c., of New York. And are also in daily use in every Hospital in that City.
Price of Chains $3 to $5, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country, DR. WM. HOLBROOK, is the only agent for Palmer and vicinity, and will explain the mode of using the Chain, and also furnish any one (gratis) with a pamphlet of 36 pages, which has more than 200 certificates of permanent cure, of the diseases already mentioned. DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
Agent for Palmer Depot and vicinity.
JOSEPH STENERT, General Agent, 256, Broadway, N. Y. sept24 1y23.

Fire! Fire!!

THE Subscriber is Agent for some of the best Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, and will take risks on the most favorable terms.
GEORGE W. RANDELL
Three Rivers April 24th.

Dentistry.

J. W. Elliot, having located himself in Palmer, has fitted up a suit of rooms in Strong's Block, where he will devote himself to his business in all its branches.
In offering his services to the public as a scientific and practical Dentist, he is confident that he can serve them in a manner satisfactory to themselves, and equal to any of his profession.
His full sets of Teeth adhere to the mouth in a firm yet easy manner, and give a full and natural expression to the face. For parts of sets, Teeth are selected with the utmost care to correspond with the natural teeth, and to avoid the appearance of their being artificial.
The filling of Teeth is considered by all practical Dentists to be the most difficult. In this branch his universal success recommends him, even in the most critical cases.
☞ Dentists in neighboring towns can be supplied with mineral teeth of every variety, and gold and silver plate rolled to any thickness desired. sept 17 22tf.

PULVERMACHER'S
Hydro-Electric Voltaic Chains.

CONSTRUCTED to be worn next to the skin, by simply being moistened with common vinegar, a constant current of uninterrupted Electric Magnetism, is produced, which never fails to cure the most acute pains instantly, and permanently curing the worst nervous diseases.
The Chains will last for years, with proper care—can be used by either grown persons or children. Are always ready for use, and can be sent by mail to any part of the Country. Price of Chains, $3 to $5, and can be had in all the principal cities in the United States. See pamphlet to be obtained (gratis) of
DR. WM. HOLBROOK,
only Agent for Palmer
sept 24. 1y23

STATIONERY,
BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS,
ENVELOPES & PAPER
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION;
TOYS, PERFUMERY, BRUSHES,
ALSO,
FANCY GOODS,
in great variety, for sale by
ELIHU GEER,
10 State St., Hartford, Conn.

THE Store of the Subscriber will be weekly replenished with NEW GOODS, from the New York, Boston and Philadelphia Importing Houses, and from all the principal American manufacturers. Among his extensive assortment may be found all kinds of

Letter, Cap, Drawing, Note and Fancy Papers;
White, Buff & Enameled Envelopes;
Papier Mache, Rosewood, Mahogany & Leather Writing Desks, Work Boxes, &c.;
Cloth, Leather and Papier Mache Portefolios, From 37½ cts. to $8.00 each;
All styles of Card Cases and Porte Monnaies; Wallets and Pocket Books;
Steel, Silk and Kid Purses; Bankers' Cases;
Lubin's Celebrated Genuine Perfumes;
Farina's Unrivaled Cologne;
Bridal, Glove & Handkerchief Perfumed Boxes, Building Blocks, Wood Alphabets;
Velvet, Iron, Tin and India Rubber Toys;
Pearl & Ivory Tablets;
Crying Babies; China, Wax and Rubber Dolls;
Games too numerous to mention;
Magnets, Masks, & Magic Lanterns;
Hair, Cloth, Hat, Tooth, Nail & Lather Brushes, Gentlemen's Dressing Cases;
Shell and Horn Dressing Combs; Ivory Combs; Ladies' Companions, Spool Stands;
All kinds Rubber Balls; Vesta Lights;
Harmonicans, Pickwicks, Sand Toys, Tea Bells
Opera Glasses, Toilet & Traveling Glasses;
Thermometers and Barometers;
Tooth Powder, Hair Oils, Toilet & Shaving Soaps, Chessmen, Dominoes, Back Gammon Boards, Chessboards; Dice; Checkers;
Sewing Birds, six kinds, from 37½ to 62½ cents;
Penknives, Scissors and Shears;
A splendid assortment of Gold Pens, in Gold and Silver Cases;
Steel Pens, Fifty Styles; Pen Nibs and Quills;
Letter Seals or Stamps, all styles;
The best of Wax, warranted to burn free;
Water Colors, from 6 cents to $4.00 per box;
Fancy Paper and Glass Boxes;
Transparent, Porcelain and Paper Slates;
A large assortment of Visiting & Wedding Cards: Stationery Articles in general;
Every kind of Legal & Probate Blanks;
Wedding Stationery and "Fixins," best qualities;
Patent Blot Pads; Diaries;
Ledgers, Day & Cash Books, Journals, &c.
Blank Notes, Drafts, Orders, Due Bills, &c. &c.,
Letter Copying Presses, Books & Ink;
Mathematical Instruments; Blotting Papers;
Paper Folders and Paper Weights; Erasers;
Newspaper Files and Wires;
Mouth Glue & Mucilage; Indelible Inks;
Black, Blue, Red & Violet Inks;
Inkstands, of One Hundred different varieties.

ALL of the above described articles can be found in greater profusion and variety than elsewhere in New England, besides other articles too numerous to mention. Call and see for yourself. They will be sold at the lowest prices, either at wholesale or retail. ☞ Particular attention given to the PAPER and ENVELOPE TRADE, at 10 STATE STREET, HARTFORD, CT., by ELIHU GEER.

☞ Every kind and style of JOB, CARD and BOOK PRINTING, by Steam, executed as heretofore. Large additions of NEW TYPE and MACHINERY are being made this year, to the already most extensive Printing Establishment of
ELIHU GEER, 10 STATE ST.
May, 1853. Hartford,

Time is Money.

THUS said Doct. Franklin, and it is as true now as ever that, "He who saves time saves money."
Money and time are both saved in the use of the KAOLEAN SOAP, an article heretofore but little known in this vicinity, but nevertheless an article which is working its way into every community, and when once known, is used in preference to almost any other soap, and is recommended to the public as having among others, the following superiorities over most soap.
1st It requires no more than half the quantity to do the same work.
2d It saves nearly half the time and labor in washing.
3d It costs no more than the best family soap.
4th Nothing enters into its composition that will injure the most delicate fabric.
5th It does not chap or injure the hands like many soaps, but on the contrary is softening and healing and will cure cracked or chapped hands. One trial will convince the most skeptical of its superiorities.
This soap is manufactured in Palmer, (Depot village) and is for sale by the box at the Factory, and at retail in most of the Stores in this vicinity, and is known as the "Kaolean Soap," or "McCord's Family Soap." Made by
W. McCORD & CO.,
Palmer, Mass.
Factory near the Church.

Certificate.

I have examined McCord's Kaolean Soap *practically*, and am well acquainted with the properties of the ingredients used in its manufacture, and do no not hesitate to pronounce it superior for washing to any other soap now in use. It contains nothing that will injure the most delicate fabric.
SAMUEL TRUESDELL, Chemist,
New York City.
Person wishing to purchase the right to manufacture the above soap, should address S. H. Hall, Palmer, Mass., who is fully authorized to make sales of territory and execute all needful papers.
W. McCORD, Patentee.
Palmer, June 4. 7tf

Try it! Try it!!

IT is said that "McCord's Kaolean Soap, is the best soap in the market." Try it, ladies, and judge for yourselves. It is sold by A. C. Billings and C. C. Shaw, of this village, and also by the box at the Manufactory, near the Congregational Church.
Also, for sale a superior article of soft Soap, by the gallon or barrel.
KAOLEAN SOAP CO.
Palmer, July 23, 1853 14tf.

DR. ORDWAY'S
Humor Discovery,
—AND—
Blood Purifier.

DR. ORDWAY has been using his Blood Purifier, in his practice for the last 7 years with great success. He has often been urged by his friends and those who have tried it, and know its efficacy, to put it within the reach of all. He has now added to it an Herb, discovered in California, by DR. KELLEY, which makes it the most wonderful remedy for

Humors, of all Kinds,
Liver Complaints and Chronic Diseases.

The virtues of this Herb were first made known to Dr. Kelley by an Indian, while attending a patient, sick with that terrible disease, the California Erysipelas and Liver Complaint—The effect was miraculous—curing the man in a few days. The natives, when bitten by a rattlesnake, or rabid animal, resort to this Herb for a cure. Hundreds are taking this medicine, after trying in vain other remedies, and say that the half was never told them.
If you have Erysipelas, 3 to 5 bottles will cure it.
If you have Scrofula, 3 to 7 bottles will cure it.
Three to six bottles will cure Salt Rheum.
One or 2 bottles will cure Pimples on the Face.
Two or three bottles will cure Scaly Eruptions and Scald Head.
One to 3 bottles will cure Nursing Sore Mouth.
One to 3 bottles will cleanse the system of Biles
Two to five bottles will cure Rheumatism.
Three to four bottles will cure old running Sores and Ulcers.
One or two bottles will cure Barber's Itch.
One to three bottles will cure Canker in the mouth and bowels.

For Liver Complaints and Jaundice.

Its effects are new and wonderful, removing obstructions from the Liver; opening the pores of the skin, carrying off the morbid matter, relieving the Side, and all-gone feelings of the stomach; and removing low spirits and despondency, which is the result of this disagreeable and often fatal disease.

FOR DYSPEPSIA.

A fair trial will convince you that there is nothing like it.

For Cancerous Humors,

It is the surest remedy ever offered. One widow lady in Lawrence, has been troubled with cancer for years, by taking two bottles says she is now quite well.

FOR COSTIVENESS.

One gentleman says that it was the only medicine which cured him.

For Kidney Difficulties,

It is spoken of in the highest terms. A young man was sick so much with Asthma that he had to leave college; three bottles cured him, and he has now resumed his studies. One lady in Salem was perfectly cured of *PERIODICAL SICK HEADACHE*, by the use of two bottles. Mr. Williams of Lawrence, had humors in his eyes for years, and was cured by the use of the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier. For Chills and Fever, Mercurial diseases, Taints in the System, it stands unrivalled: sometimes where the system is much deranged it will cause disagreeable feelings at first, but continue its use as indications favorable. It is purely vegetable and its compound and proportions are such that, the effect is perfectly satisfactory and safe.

Full Directions on the Bottle.

☞ *PRICE* $1,00. ☜

HE HAS ALSO A HUMOR SALVE,

Unsurpassed for external humors, which, if used in connection with the Humor Discovery and Blood Purifier will much facilitate a cure

☞ PRICE 25 CENTS A BOTTLE. ☜

DR. ORDWAY'S
Cough Destroyer.

This invaluable Cough Remedy is for the complete cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Influenza, Whooping Cough, pains in the side and breast, hacking or tickling at the throat, spitting blood, tightness across the Lungs and Chest and all Lung Complaints leading to Consumption.
No medicine yet discovered has that decided effect in curing Bronchial affections as the Cough Destroyer. It can be taken by all ages and classes, from a child six months old to the oldest man or woman, with the most happy results.

☞ *PRICE 50 CENTS A BOTTLE.*

DR. ORDWAY'S
Pain Destroyer.

This preparation is composed of a great variety of extracts, Gums, Essential Oils, most of which have not heretofore been united and compounded into this or present form. It will cure attacks of Cramps of the Stomach, Spasms, Convulsions, Faintings, Pain in the Stomach, Bowels, Side, Back, Limbs, and a great variety of other difficulties. It is also invaluable as an external remedy. It will be found to contain nearly double the strength of any similar article, and possesses properties heretofore unknown. No family should be without it for a single day.

☞ *Price 25, 37 1-2 and 50 cts. a Bottle.* ☜

Full directions for the above medicines, on the Bottles. Orders should be accompanied with full directions how it should be sent.
ORDWAY & WADLEIGH, Lawrence, Mass.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS.

For sale in Palmer by Dr. Wm. Holbrook;—Monson, Timothy Packard; Stafford Springs, L. W. Crane; West Stafford, J. R. Whiton;—Stafford, C. H. Grout & G. H. Pinney; Staffordville, E. G. Hyde; Belchertown, H. A. Longley; Thorndike, Wm. N. Packard; Three Rivers, O. F. Packard & Co.; Wilbraham, R. R. Wright. jan. 28 41.

Flour and Grain!

50 bbls. E. S. Beach & Co.'s *double extra* Flour,
100 bbls. T. Kempshall, " "
250 " Extra and superfine Ohio and Genesee,
1000 bush. Corn,
30 bbls Pittsfield Lime, also an assortment of Salt, Meal, Feed &c—all of which will be sold at low prices for cash, at Hall & Valeine's old stand. J. A. HALL.
Palmer, July 16, 1853. 13tf.

New Carpets!
WILSON & CO.

ARE now receiving their Spring Stock of **CARPETINGS,** and offer the largest assortment in this city or county. Purchasers from abroad are invited to examine this Stock.
N. B. New Spring Goods now opening at
WILSON & CO.'S
Great Dry Good Store, Opposite Hampden Hall
mch 11 6teow 47. Springfield.

Daguerreotypes!

THE subscriber, having decided to remain till the 1st of July in Palmer, would respectfully solicit the patronage of those who may desire Minlatures. Having every facility for obtaining correct Likenesses, we believe we risk nothing in warranting perfect satisfaction to all who may favor us with a call.
Children taken at any age Sick or infirm persons taken at their residences.
No person is expected to take a picture from the gallery, that is not, in every respect, satisfactory. N. M DENNIS.
Palmer, June 10th, 1854. 3tf2

"A Splendid Remedy."
DEVINES' COMPOUND
PITCH LOZENGE!
The Wonder of the World!
The Great Remedy is at Last Discovered!
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED!!

AND Coughs and Colds, the parents of that fell disease that so often brings woe to the homes of our land, vanish as if by magic, before the

SOVEREIGN REMEDY!

This is that which has been so long sought for, and is in full faith offered to the public as a *certain cure* for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Costiveness and Consumption, and will in any case where lungs sufficient are left to sustain life, check the ulceration and raise the patient to health.
Certificates of cures, to be relied on, found in the circulars left with the agents—and the public may be assured we shall never publish anything we do not believe entitled to the fulest confidence, as truth "AND NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH."
When the Lozenge is soft like a paste, it is then preferable for use, and acts beneficially on every part of the system and makes strength and vigor take the place of weakness and debility, and is admitted to be the cheapest, most efficient and pleasant remedy ever offered to the afflicted. Try it faithfully. Safe for the Infant or the Invalid to use.
S. D. FULLER & CO.,
3 Tremont Temple, Boston, Proprietors.
The Depot for Dr. Hibbard's Wild Cherry Bitters; Dr. Hibbard's Pills and Circassian Balm; Fowler's "Macaronick," a sure cure for any kind of Piles; Yankee Extract, for erasing tar, paint or grease; Dr. Cornell's Pain Expeller;—also a large variety of popular Medicines—sold cheap for cash, or approved credit.
Sold by all respectable Medicine Dealers throughout the country.
AGENTS.—A. Blodgett, Palmer; C. Bridgman & Co., Belchertown; Wm. Holbrook, Palmer; W. N. Packard, Thorndike; T. F. Packard, Monson; Crane & Kingsbury, Stafford Springs; Mr. Hathaway, Warren; O. F. Packard & Co., Three Rivers; L. B. Bliss, Wilbraham.
oct. 22—1y27.

GREAT CURE FOR
DYSPEPSIA!
DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S

THE TRUE
DIGESTIVE FLUID,
OR, GASTRIC JUICE.

Prepared from *Rennet*, or the fourth *Stomach of the Ox*, after directions of *Baron Liebig*, the great Physiological Chemist, by *J. S. Houghton, M. D.*, Philadelphia, Pa.
This is *Nature's own remedy* for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no *Alcohol, Bitters, Acids*, or *Nauseous Drugs*. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of *Drugged Imitations* Pepsin is *not a Drug*.
Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of *Scientific Evidence*, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion, &c.
AGENT.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer, wholesale and retail agent.

Great Cough Remedy.

FOR THE COMPLETE CURE OF
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Bronchitis, Spitting Blood, Asthma,
AND ALL OTHER LUNG COMPLAINTS
TENDING TO
CONSUMPTION!

THE above Expectorant, prepared by an experienced Physician and Chemist, has now become a standard Preparation, and is offered for the *COMPLETE CURE* of those diseases of the *THROAT* and *LUNGS*, which, if neglected, usually terminate fatally in *CONSUMPTION*. It contains no *Opium, Calomel*, or any inineral whatever, but is composed entirely of those *Roots, Herbs* and *Vegetable Substances* which have a specific influence upon the Lungs and their connected organs. Its immediate effect is to allay all irritation, and gently remove the phlegm and other morbid secretions from the throat and air-passages, thus relieving the Cough, by subduing the inflammation and other causes which give rise to it. It is approved of and recommended by Physicians of the highest standing, and may be given with perfect safety to the youngest child or the most delicate female.
Prepared by *A. L. SCOVILL & CO.*, Gothic Hall, No. 316 Broadway, New York.
NEW ENGLAND DEPOT.—BURR & PERRY, No. 1 Cornhill, Boston, Mass.
Sold in Palmer Depot by John Bowles; Three Rivers, Packard & Co.; Bendsville, C. E. Bond; Thorndike, W. N. Packard; Brimfield, J. T. & G. A. Brown; Monson, T. Packard; Wilbraham, L. B. Bliss, and by Druggists generally. 6m36.

Coffins.

THE Subscriber keeps constantly on hand a good assortment of Mahogany, Black Walnut, White Wood and Pine Coffins, which he will furnish with shrouds and plates, if desired, and will deliver them if wished.
J. S. LOOMIS.
Palmer, Oct. 19, 1850. 1f29

THE RENOWNED REMEDY
HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

This extraordinary Ungent is composed of the most healing Balsams, and when used in accordance with the directions which accompany each pot, will insure cures when all other means fail. Cases of the most desperate Skin diseases readily yield to its efficacy. It is famous when used in cases of Gout, Rheumatism, Contracted or Stiff Joints. In Asthma it will do wonders if well rubbed into the Chest.

A MOST ASTONISHING CURE OF SCROFULOUS ULCERS—A CASE CERTIFIED BY THE MAYOR OF BOSTON, ENGLAND.

Copy of a Letter from J. Noble, Esq., Mayor of Boston, Lincolnshire.

To Professor Holloway,
Dear Sir:—Mrs. Sarah Dixon of Liquorpond Street, Boston, has this day deposed before me that for a considerable period she was severely afflicted with Scrofulous Sores and Ulcers on her arms, feet, legs and other parts of her body; and although the first of medical advice was obtained, at the cost of a large sum of money, she obtained no abatement of suffering, but gradually grew worse.
Being recommended by a friend to try your Ointment, she procured a small pot, and a box of the Pills, and before that was all used, symptoms of amendment appeared. By persevering with the medicines for a short time longer, according to the directions, and strictly adhering to your rules as to diet, &c., she was perfectly cured, and now enjoys the best of health.
I remain, Dear Sir, yours truly.
Dated Aug. 12, 1853. J. NOBLE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY AND RAPID CURE OF ERYSIPELAS IN THE LEG, AFTER MEDICAL AID HAD FAILED

Copy of a Letter from Mrs. Elizabeth Yeates of the Post Office, Aldwick Road, near Bognor, Sussex, dated Jan. 12, 1853.

To Professor Holloway,
Sir:—I suffered for a considerable period from a severe attack of Erysipelas, which at length settled in my leg, and resisted all medical treatment. My sufferings were very great, and I quite despaired of any permanent amendment, when I was advised to have recourse to your Ointment and Pills. I did so without delay, and am happy to say the result was eminently successful, for they effected a radical cure of my leg, and restored me to the enjoyment of health. I shall ever speak with the utmost confidence of your medicines, and have recommended them to others in the neighborhood similarly afflicted, who derived equal benefit.
I am, Sir, your obliged and faithful Servant.
(Signed) ELIZABETH YEATES.

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases:
Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Burns, Bunions, Bite of Moschetoes and Sand Flies, Coco bay, Chiego foot, Chilblains, Chapped hands, Corns (Soft) Cancers, Contracted and Stiff Joints, Elephantinsis, Fistulas, Gout, Glandular Swellings, Lumbago, Piles, Rheumatism, Scalds, Sore Nipples, Sore Throats, Skin diseases, Scurvy, Sore heads Tumors, Ulcers, Wounds, Yaws.
Sold at the Establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London, and also at his House in New York. Orders for Medicines in the States, addressed 'T. Holloway, New York,' will receive due attention.—Sold also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United States, in Pots at 37 1-2 cents, 87 cents and $1,50 each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union.
☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.
N. B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.
Dr. WM. HOLBROOK, agent for Palmer.

THE GREATEST
Medical Discovery
OF THE AGE!!

MR. KENNEDY of Roxbury, has discovered in one of our common pasture weeds, a remedy that cures *every kind of Humor*, from the worst Scrofula, down to a common Pimple. He has tried it in **1100** cases, and never failed except in two cases, (both thunder humor). He has now in his possession, over 500 certificates of its value, all within twenty miles of Boston.
Two bottles are warranted to cure a nursing-sore mouth.
One to three bottles will cure the worst kind of pimples on the face.
Two or three bottles will clear the system of biles.
Two bottles are warranted to cure the worst canker in the mouth and stomach.
Three to five bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of erysipelas
One to two bottles are warranted to cure all humors in the eyes.
Two bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and blotches among the hair.
Four to six bottles are warranted to cure corrupt and running ulcers.
One bottle will cure scaly eruptions of the skin.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the worst case of ringworms.
Two or three bottles are warranted to cure the most desperate cases of rheumatism.
Three or four bottles are warranted to cure the salt rheum.
Five to eight bottles will cure the very worst case of scrofula.
A benefit is always experienced from the first bottle.
Nothing looks so improbable to those who have in vain tried all the wonderful medicines of the day, as that a common weed, growing in the pastures, and along old stone walls, should cure every humor in the system; yet it is now a fixed fact. If you have a humor it has to start.—There are no ifs nor ands, hums nor ha's about it suiting some cases but not yours: I peddled over a thousand bottles of it in the vicinity of Boston. I know the effect of it in every case. It has already done some of the greatest cures ever done in Massachusetts. I give it to children a year old; to old people of sixty. I have seen poor, puny, wormy looking children, whose flesh was soft and flabby, restored to perfect health by one bottle.
DONALD KENNEDY, Proprietor, Roxbury, Mass.
AGENTS.—Dr. Wm. Holbrook, Palmer Depot; T. Packard, Monson; L. W. Crane, Stafford Springs; C. F. Wood, Enfield; Ira Haskell, Greenwich; H. A. Longley, Belchertown; L. P. Bliss, Wilbraham; A. & S. E. Blair, Warren.

Whale Oil.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, of their own import, Whale Oil of superior quality—for sale by the bbl. or larger quantity, on favorable terms.
WILLIAMS & HAVEN.
New London, Apr. 1st, 1854. 4m50.

Corn! Corn!!

800 bushels good Northern Corn just received, and for sale by
J. A. HALL.
Palmer, May 20th, 1854. tf1.

Salt! Salt!!

50 SACKS Liverpool Fine and Coarse Fine Salt 150 Bags good Rock Salt—or sale by J. A. HALL.
April 22nd, 1854. 52.